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New Experiences with the ALICE High Level Trigger **Data Transport** Framework





- Overview ALICE / High Level Trigger (HLT)
- Overview Framework / Components
- Benchmarks & Tests
 - Framework Interface Benchmark
 - HLT Data Challenge
 - **TPC Beamtest Experience**
- Summary & Conclusion

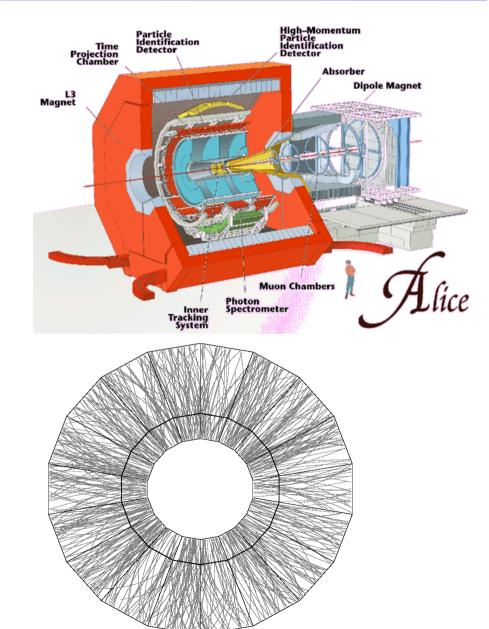


Overview - ALICE



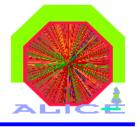
ALICE High Level Trigger

- ALICE: A Large Ion Collider Experiment
- Heavy-lon Mode:
 - Up to 15000 particles in event
 - Max. event size >70 MB
 - Max. input rate from TPC: 200 Hz
 - Input data stream: \leq 25 GB/s
 - Output data stream: ≤ 1.2GB/s
- Proton-Proton Mode:
 - Max. input rate from TPC: 1kHz
 - Event size ~3 MB
- See also Talk by M. Richter



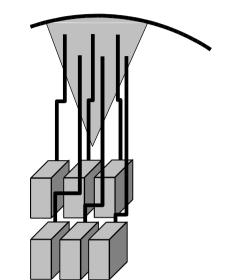


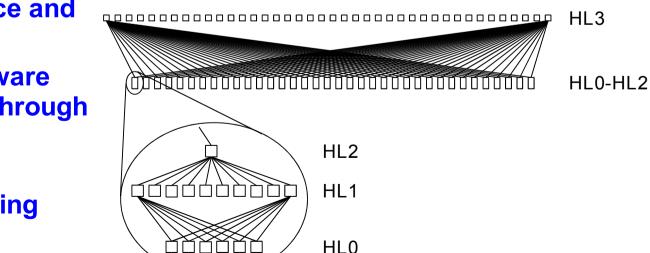
Overview - HLT



ALICE High Level Trigger

- Processing in several steps from raw detector data to full event reconstruction
- Large PC cluster
 - Initially ~400-500 nodes
 - Arranged in hierarchy levels (HL) that match detector layout and analysis steps





- Exact processing sequence and hierarchy not known
- Flexible and efficient software needed to transport data through cluster
- Framework consisting of independant, communicating components







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 Framework consisting of independent components

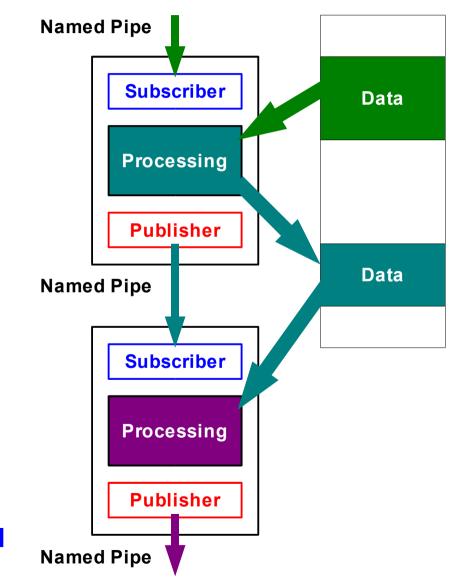
- Communicating via publisher-subscriber interface
 - Data driven architecture
 - Components receive data from other components
 - Process received data
 - Forward own output data to next component
- Named pipes used to exchange small messages and descriptors
- Data is exchanged via shared memory

Major design criteria

- Efficiency: CPU Cycles used for analysis
- Flexibility: Different configurations needed
- Fault-Tolerance: PCs are unreliable

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Overview of the Framework





Shared Memory

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 Accept data and process it, e.g. storing (Data Sink Template)

results (Analysis Template)

• Accept data, process it, publish results (Analysis Template)

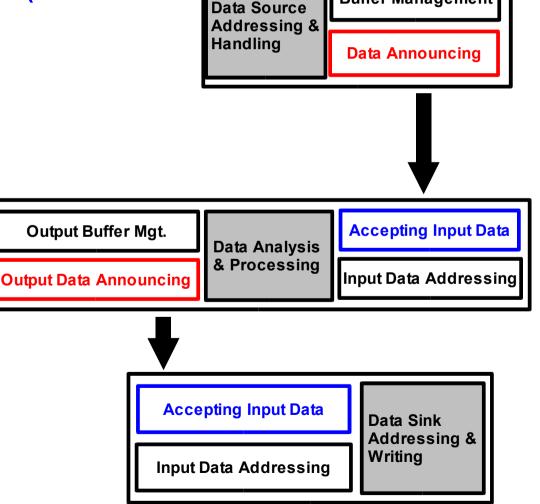
Source Template)

process it, publish





Buffer Management



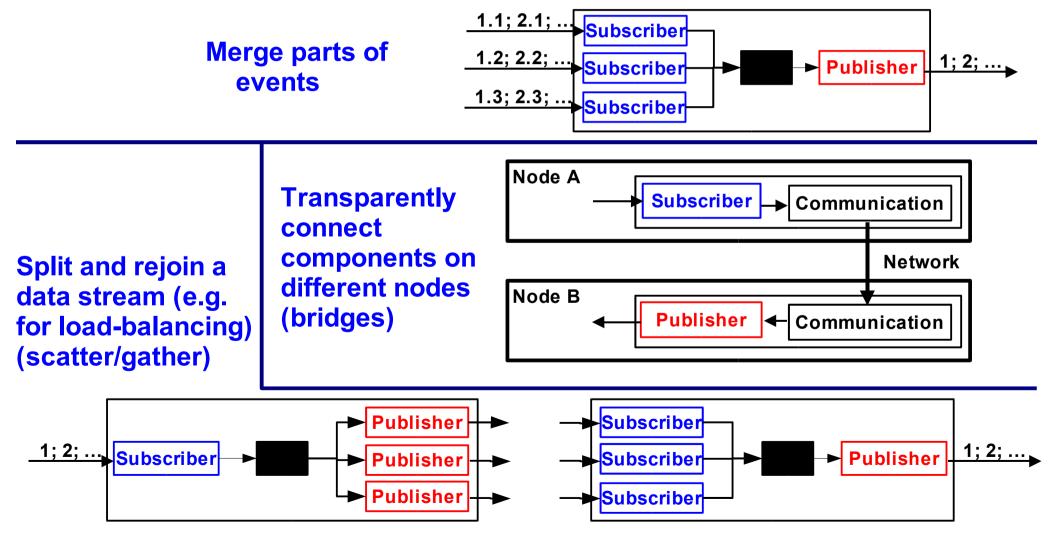


Read data from source and publish it (Data



Framework contains components to shape the flow of data in a cluster

All components use publisher-subscriber interface



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Interface Benchmarks

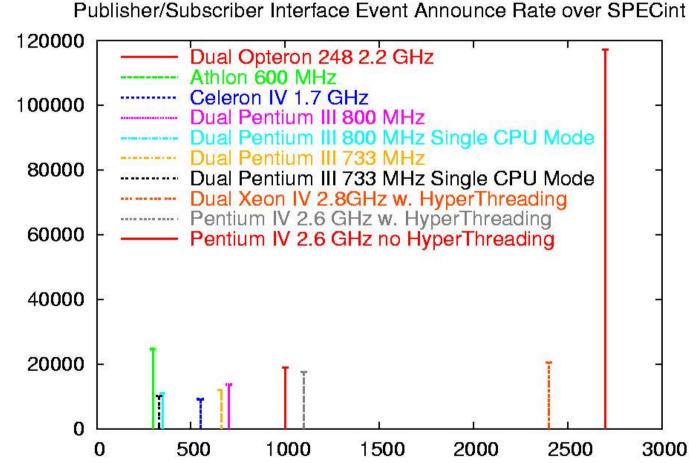


Benchmark of only Publisher-Subscriber Interface No shared memory access or anything else **Benchmarks sensitive** to L1 cache size (P4 family only 8 kB) Maximum rate achieved:

Event Rate/Hz

>110 kHz

(Dual Opteron)



(Approximate) SPECint Rating

Time overhead f. event round-trip: < **18** μ**s** CHEP04 - Interlaken - Sep. 27th - Oct. 1st 2004





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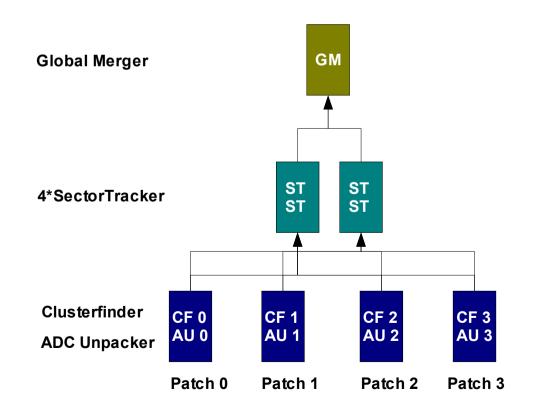
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HLT Data Challenge



- Long time test of framework running on 7 nodes
- 800 MHz Dual Pentium 3 nodes
- No real analysis done, dummy data and dummy processing components used
- All dataflow components utilised
- Simulated reduced TPC sector setup (only 4 "readouts" instead of 6, 2 trackers, and 1 global merger)
- 13 dummy processing components active
- Setup running for one month More than 2*10⁹ events Achieved rate: > 780 Hz

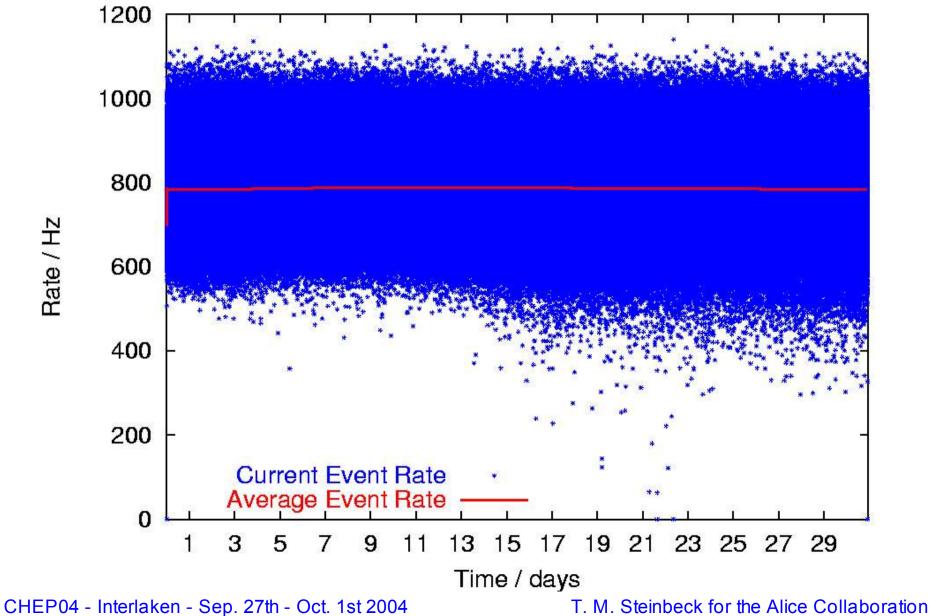




HLT Data Challenge



Event Rate on final merger node measured during runtime of HLT data challenge



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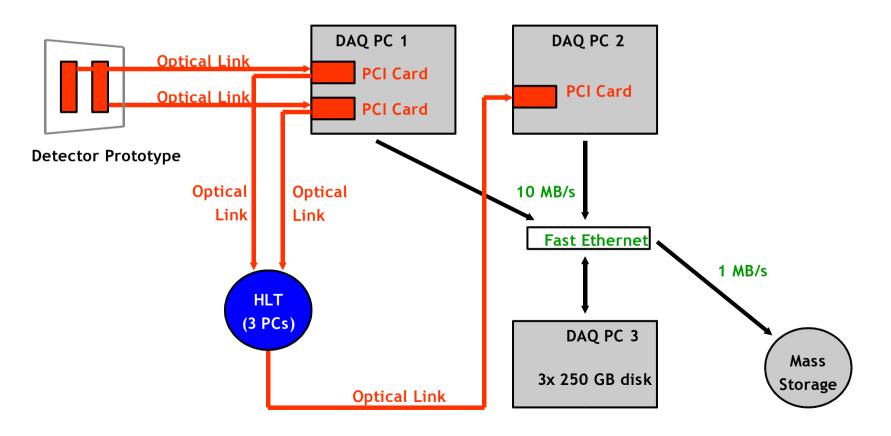
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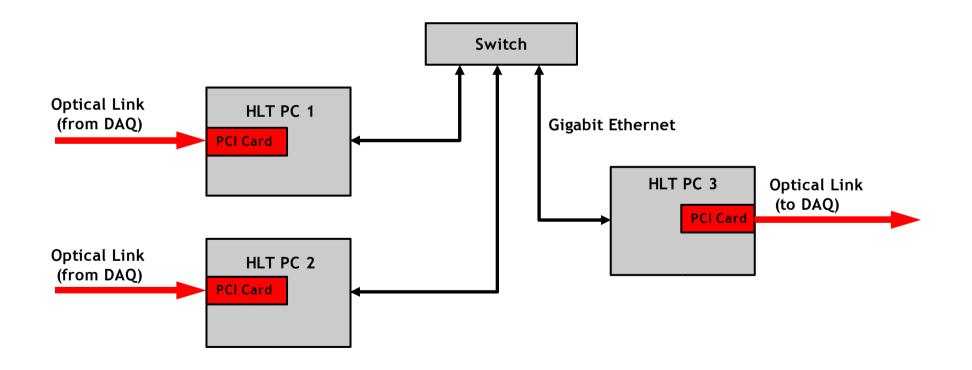
HLT being used during beamtest of TPC sector prototype Main goals:

- Test interfaces between DAQ and HLT
- Obtain some real world operation experience for HLT

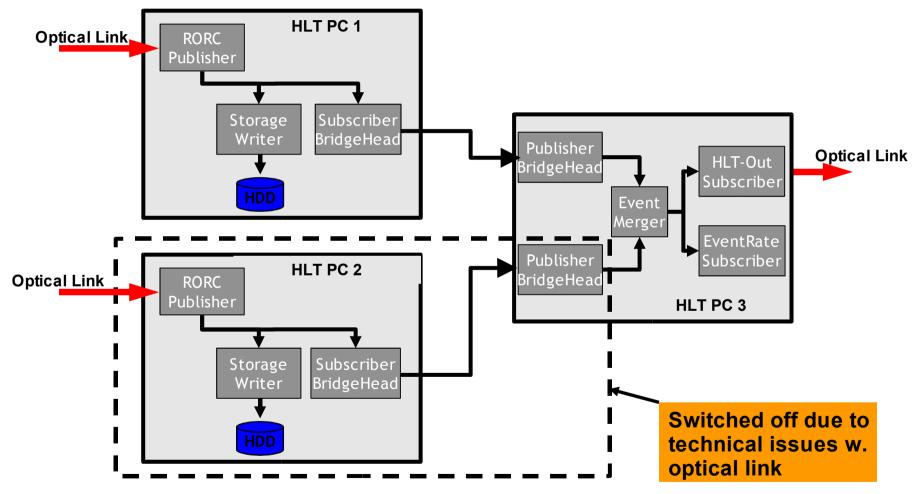




3 Node Mini HLT Cluster used 933 MHz Dual Pentium 3 PCs



HLT Software Setup



- EventRateSubscriber used to measure event rate
- StorageWriter used to save data locally on disc





Beamtest HLT Summary

- Software contained only "data flow" components in order to test the interfaces from/to DAQ
- No online analysis done
- Interfaces to DAQ successfully tested, works

Other Issues (outside HLT scope)

- Event rate < 5 Hz due to trigger system
- Event merging not possible due to technical issues w. optical link during HLT active time

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HLT Summary



HLT Framework is maturing

Can already be used in projects/testbeams/... Has been used in real beamtest

Stable Has been running for a month continously

Performance has improved significantly Enough for Alice HLT already now

Component approach has already been useful Easy to create configurations for short tests Flexible configuration changes during testbeam