# perfSONAR Monitoring Update

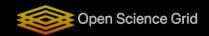
### Shawn McKee / U Michigan, Marian Babik / CERN on behalf of WLCG Network Throughput WG 2024 At the #52 LHCOPN/LHCONE Meeting, Catania, Italy https://indico.cern.ch/event/1349135/











# Outline

- Infrastructure Status and Updates
- DC24 Review
- Network Analytics





### perfSONAR News

- perfSONAR 5.0.8 is the latest release
  - Number of bug-fixes since 5.0
  - Weekly meetings with the developers
  - Update campaign in WLCG
    - Various issues, mostly archiving, but also e.g. legacy limits configuration (<u>fix</u>)
  - Toolkit support for latest CC7 and Alma/Rocky 8 and 9 compatible systems (Alma).
    - Sites should plan to update by June (end-of-life for CentOS7)

### 5.1 Beta Release

- New Grafana interface replacing toolkit and maddash graphs
- Threaded iperf3 support
- Enhanced instrumentation, better troubleshooting of archiving issues
- OS support: Alma/Rocky 9, Debian 11/12, Ubuntu 20/22 (updated docker), No support for CentOS 7, Debian 10, Ubuntu 18





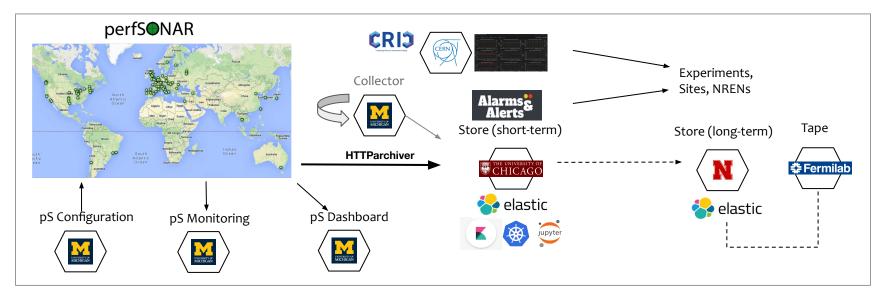


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### **Network Measurement Platform Status**

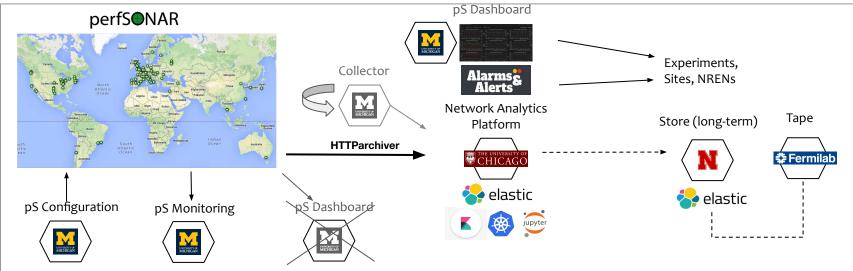
- Our platform collects, stores, configures and transports all network metrics
- Evolution based on the perfSONAR 5 already partially implemented.
  - Now directly publishing results from perfSONARs to ES@UC
  - Collector used only as a fallback;
  - WLCG CRIC now used for topology



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### **Network Measurement Platform Plans**

- Evolution based on the perfSONAR 5 already partially implemented.
  - Forwarding to UNL and backup to FNAL still to be implemented Ο
  - **pS Monitoring** update to latest Checkmk and enable SSO authentication Ο
  - **ps Dashboard** integrate with Analytics Platform/Grafana (retire maddash) Ο
  - **ps Configuration** clarify development roadmap and support Ο



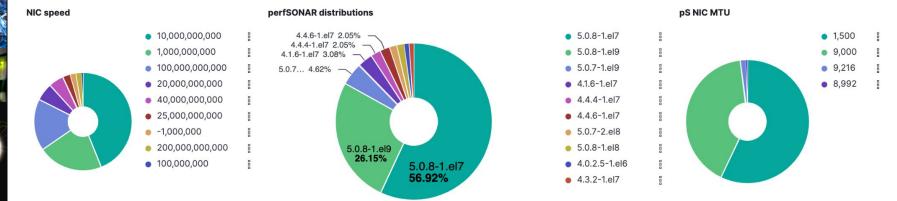
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### perfSONAR Infrastructure

Active perioditiana



- Core deployments are still on 10Gbps, we have about 17% with 100Gbps
  - For WLCG/OSG testing purposes 10Gbps is still sufficient
  - Important to refresh HW along with the update to 5.1
- Most of the infrastructure is on 5.0.8, but significant fraction still on CentOS 7
- MTU around 40% on jumbo frames (9000), rest is on standard frames (1500)
- We have small testbed with about 10 perfSONARs with BBRv3 enabled
  - Enabled testing TCP congestion algorithm benefits and jumbo frame trade-offs
  - Open for participation

6

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## WLCG DC24

WLCG Data Challenge 2024 took place in Feb 2024; targeting 25% of HL-LHC Our DC24 plans included the following:

- Update and utilize **perfSONAR** to clean up links and fix problems before DC24.
- Instrument and document **site networks**, for at least our largest sites.
- Network planning: we need to make sure our sites and their local and regional networks are aware of our requirements and timeline and are planning appropriately
- **IPv6** should be enabled everywhere not just because of packet marking, but because it will allow us to get back to a single stack sooner!

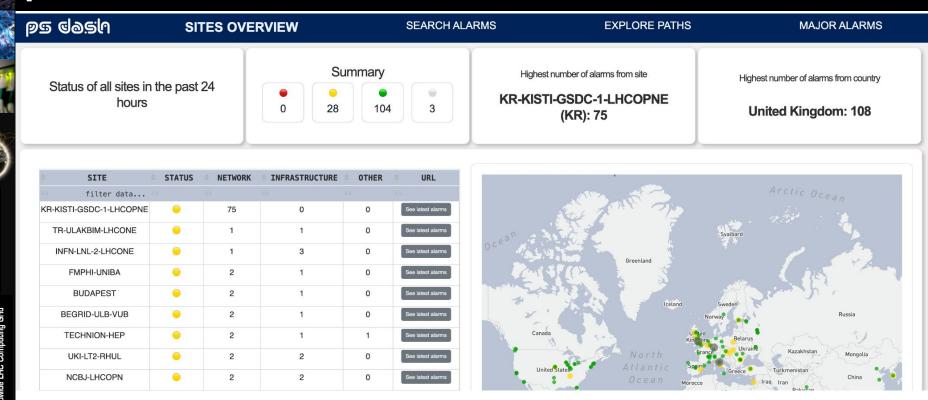
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### psDash Network Status

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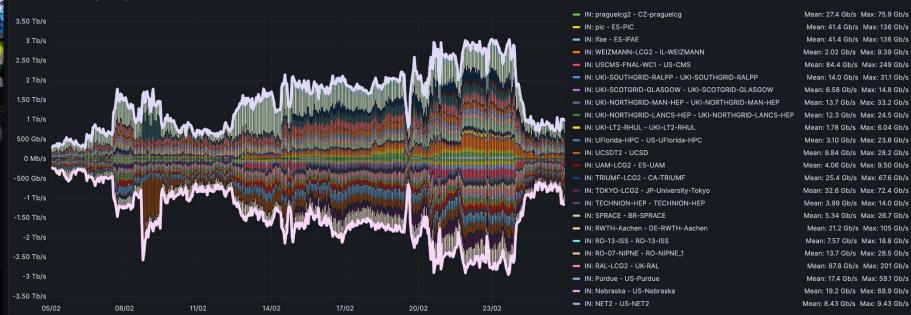
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Network Status dashboard - part of Network Analytics platform - shows network performance based on perfSONAR measurements. Status (ok/warning/critical/unknown) aggregates network and infrastructure metrics.

### **Site Network Utilisation**





Site Network Utilisation - computed from aggregated utilisation (SNMP counters) provided by sites via simple API. Screenshot shows network utilisation during DC24 as seen by the sites.

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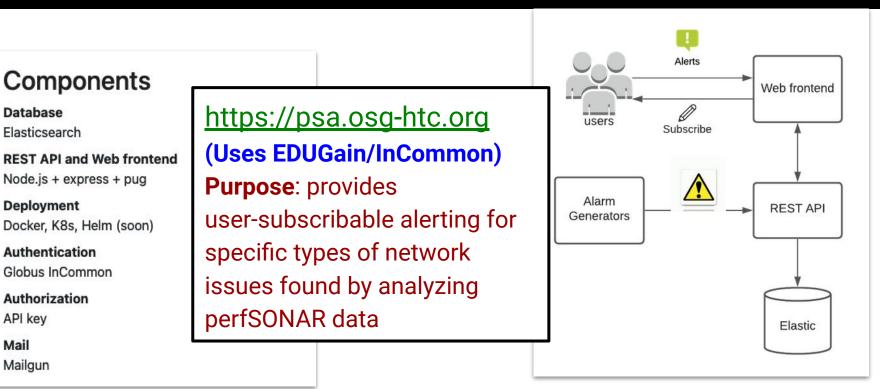


# **Alarms & Alerts Interface**



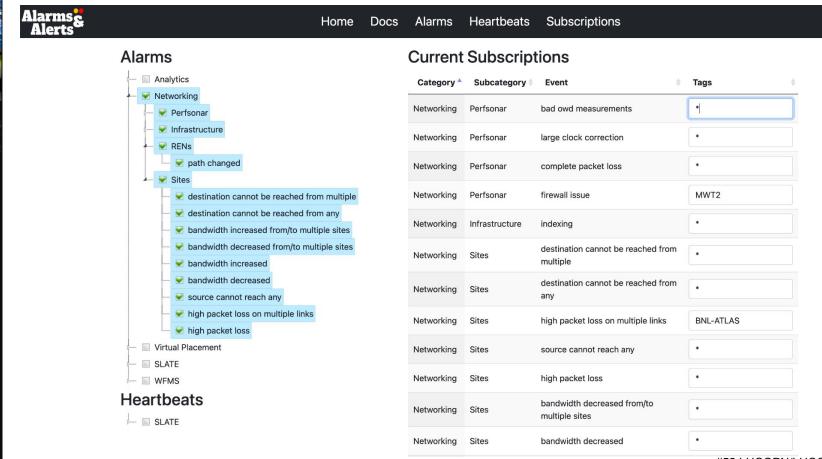
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Mail



Two main improvements needed: Acknowledging alerts that are being worked on and adding user notification mailing lists

## **Subscription Interface**



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Worldwide LHC Comp

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## Alarm Types and Relation to perfSONAR Data

#### All based on perfSonar data

#### **One-Way Delay**

bad owd measurements
 large clock correction

#### Traceroute

- destination cannot be reached
- source cannot reach any

path changed

#### **Packet loss**

complete packet loss
 firewall issue
 high packet loss
 (on multiple links)

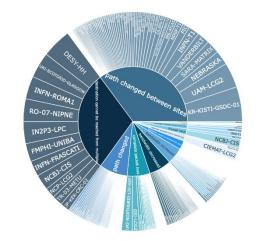
### Throughput

 bandwidth decreased (from/to multiple sites)
 bandwidth increased (from/to multiple sites)



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# psDash Alarms Dashboard



Search & Explore the Networking Alarms	
03/04/2023 O3/05/2023	
Search for a site	Υ.
Search for an event type	•

List of alarms

#### BANDWIDTH DECREASED

¢	from ‡	to ‡	<pre>src_site</pre>	dest_site	ipv	\$ ipv6	<pre>\$ last3days_avg</pre>	¢ %change	alarm_link
	filter data 🔝								
	2023-02-12 04:08	2023-03-05 04:08	AGLT2	RRC-KI-T1	ipv4	false	96	-64	VIEW
	2023-02-12 04:08	2023-03-05 04:08	IN2P3-CC	FZK-LCG2	ipv4	false	1008	-74	VIEW

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### **Network Analytics R&D**

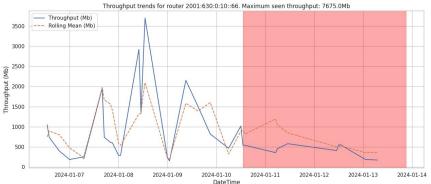
• Investigate ML models/methods to process network measurements

#### Data-preprocessing, e.g.

- Train neural networks to predict network paths, e.g. help us fill the gaps in traceroute(s)
- Build model(s) that represents our network(s)
  - Network measurements are inherently noisy and therefore require robust models
- Use ML models for anomaly detection (for alerts & alarms)
  - Neural networks (which ones ?), Bayesian/probabilistic approaches,
  - Detect anomalies in network paths and bandwidth measurements
  - Compare with the existing heuristic algorithms that we have developed
- Correlate with other data
  - Traceroutes with throughput for example, but also outside of perfSONAR, e.g. FTS
  - New types of data appearing (high-touch, scitags, in-band telemetry, etc.)

# **Plans for the Analytics Platform**

- Production of the anomaly detection based on Bayesian inference
  - Uses RTT, traceroutes, TTLs as input and detects anomalies
- Continue working on the neural network models that correlate throughputs
  and traceroutes
  - Generating real-world model of our entire network (all routers)
  - Not only detecting anomalies, but also trying to pinpoint the location of the issue



- Improve infrastructure alarming to the point where we can reliably differentiate infrastructure and network issues
- Network availability dashboard in production

### Summary

- Updates to perfSONAR and OSG/WLCG network measurement platform
  - perfSONAR 5.1 is coming with new features and will require all sites to update OS.
  - Plan to adapt the network measurement platform to benefit from changes in 5.1
- Ongoing efforts in network analytics and ML methods for our data
  - Focus on pre-processing (gaps, predictive models) and anomaly detection
  - Opportunity to collaborate on models and data sets
  - We are preparing monthly meetings with site network teams:
    - Discuss how sites are deploying, managing and planning for WLCG networking requirements
    - Next meeting April 18th 10am EST (to join mail wlcg-site-net-requests@umich.edu)
- We have to continue to watch our network monitoring infrastructure as it is a complex system with lots of areas for issues to develop.

### **Questions / Discussion?**



We would like to thank the **WLCG**, **HEPiX**, **perfSONAR** and **OSG** organizations for their work on the topics presented.

In addition we want to explicitly acknowledge the support of the **National Science Foundation** which supported this work via:

- OSG: NSF MPS-1148698
- IRIS-HEP: NSF OAC-1836650

## **Useful URLs**

- OSG/WLCG Networking Documentation
  - https://opensciencegrid.github.io/networking/
- perfSONAR Infrastructure Dashboard
  - https://atlas-kibana.mwt2.org:5601/s/networking/goto/9911c54099b2be47ff9700772c3778b7
- WLCG DOMA DC24 plans
  - <u>https://indico.cern.ch/event/1225415/contributions/5155042/attachments/2593516/4476291/Data%20Ch</u> <u>allenge%202024.pdf</u>
- perfSONAR Central Configuration
  - <u>https://psconfig.opensciencegrid.org/</u>
- Toolkit information page
  - <u>https://toolkitinfo.opensciencegrid.org/</u>
- Grafana dashboards
  - <u>http://monit-grafana-open.cern.ch/</u>
- ATLAS Alerting and Alarming Service: <u>https://psa.osg-htc.org/</u>
- The perfSONAR Dashboard application: <u>https://ps-dash.uc.ssl-hep.org/</u>
- ESnet WLCG Stardust Dashboard:

https://public.stardust.es.net/d/XkxDL5H7z/esnet-public-dashboards?orgId=1

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# **Backup Slides Follow**

## **Tools and Applications for Network Data**

- To organize access to all the various resources we recommend using our Toolkitinfo page: <u>https://toolkitinfo.opensciencegrid.org/</u>
- Reminder: we already have Kibana dashboards looking at
  - Bandwidth
  - <u>Traceroute</u>
  - Packetloss / Latency
  - o <u>Infrastructure</u>
- For this meeting we want to update our recent work towards a user subscribable alerting and alarming service
  - User interface to subscribe is **AAAS** (ATLAS Alerting and Alarming Service)
  - Tool to explore alerts is **pS-Dash** (Plotly base perfSONAR dashboard UI tool) #52 LHCOPN/LH

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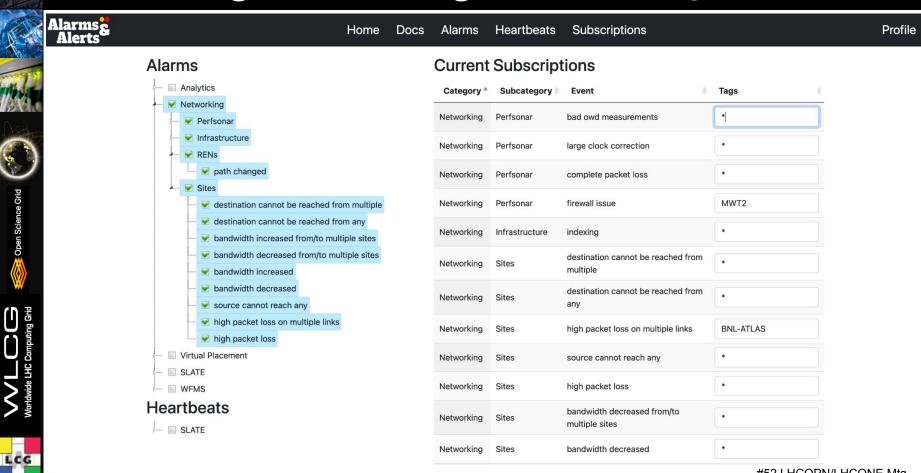
## **Alarms & Alerts Service**

#### https://psa.osg-htc.org

#### (Uses EDUGain/InCommon)

**Purpose**: provides user-subscribable alerting for specific types of network issues found by analyzing perfSONAR data

## The Alerting and Alarming Tools Subscription Interface



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## Alarm Types and Relation to perfSONAR Data

#### All based on perfSonar data

#### **One-Way Delay**

bad owd measurements
 large clock correction

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### Throughput

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# pSDash (perfSONAR Dashboard)





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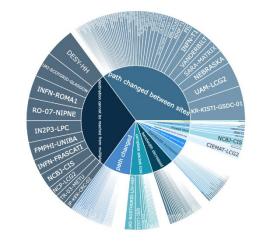


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#### Selected site: UKI-NORTHGRID-LIV-HEP

#### Alarms reported in the past 24 hours (2023-03-05 19:00 UTC)





Search & Explore the Networking Alarms	
03/04/2023 O3/05/2023	
Search for a site	•
Search for an event type	-

List of alarms

#### BANDWIDTH DECREASED

¢	from ‡	to ‡	<pre>src_site</pre>	dest_site	ipv	¢ ipv6	<pre>tast3days_avg</pre>	\$%change	alarm_link
	filter data 🚺								
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	2023-02-12 04:08	2023-03-05 04:08	IN2P3-CC	FZK-LCG2	ipv4	false	1008	-74	VIEW

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### WLCG perfSONAR Path Statistics

### We uniquely identify each traceroute (route **IP** path) with a SHA1 hash.

	route-sha1
count	19995.000000
mean	19.911678
std	43.373343
min	1.000000
25%	2.000000
50%	4.000000
75%	12.000000
max	377.000000

5264 links tested Link="hop" (IP-to-IP)

4415 traversed nodes Node="router"

Statistics on the left concern all the "paths" we are tracking with about 20K unique paths found About 50% of src-dest pairs have 4 or less paths.

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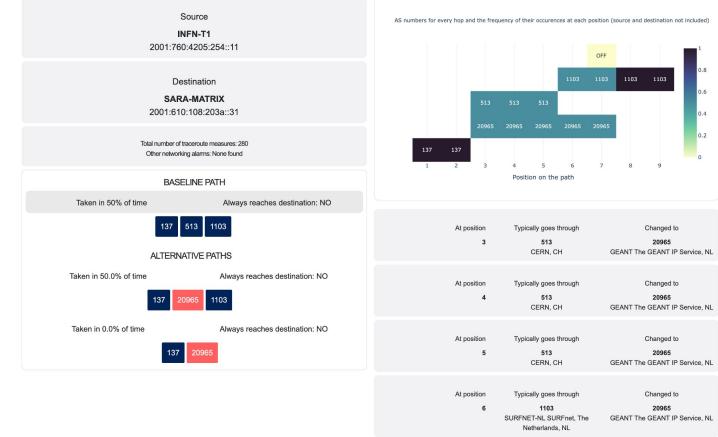
# AS (Autonomous System) Path Changed

NOTE: Paths denoted by route IP are too noisy; instead	use AS number
ASN sequence	Reduced ASNs
[7896, 7896, 293, 293, 293, 293, 293, 293]	[7896, 293]
[7896, 7896, 293, 293, 293, 293, 293, 293, 43]	[7896, 293, 43]
[7896, 7896, 7896, 7896, 57, 57, 57, 293, 293, 293, 293, 293, 293, 43]	[7896, 57, 293, 43]
	Baseline



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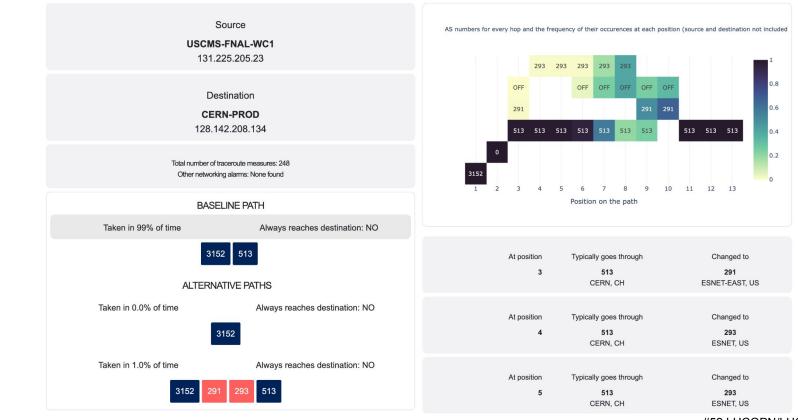
### **Example: LHCOPN/LHCONE Load Balancing**



"----'N/LHCONE Mtg 31

### **Example: LHCOPN Alternate via ESnet**

#### USCMS-FNAL-WC1->CERN-PROD

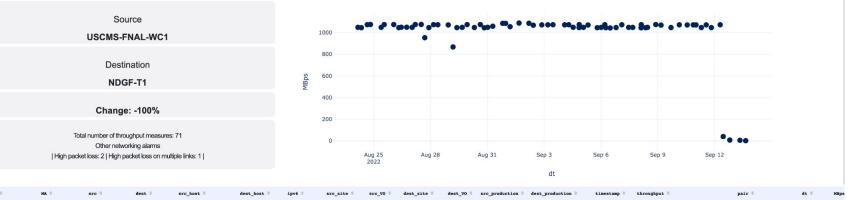


#52 LHCOPN/LHCONE Mtg 32

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### Example: FNAL Incident (BW drop)

#### USCMS-FNAL-WC1 to NDGF-T1



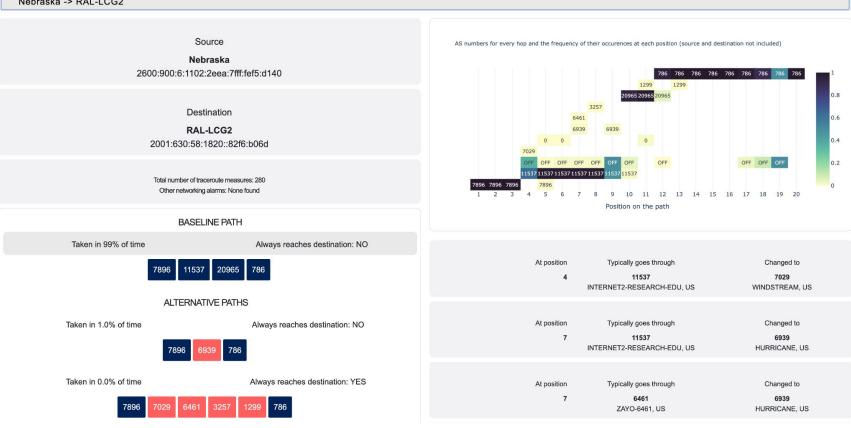
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false	131.225.205.23	131.225.205.23	109.105.124.88	psonar3.fnal.gov	perfsonar-ps2.ndgf.org	false	USCMS-FNAL-WC1	UNKNOWN	NDGF-T1	ATLAS	true	true	1661618925000	952946516	131.225.205.23->109.105.124.88	2022-08-27116:48:45	952.95
false	131.225.205.23	131.225.205.23	109.105.124.88	psonar3.fnal.gov	perfsonar-ps2.ndgf.org	false	USCMS-FNAL-WC1	UNKNOWN	NDGF-T1	ATLAS	true	true	1662626239000	1045220096	131.225.205.23->109.105.124.88	2022-09-08108:37:19	1045.22
false	131.225.205.23	131.225.205.23	109.105.124.88	psonar3.fnal.gov	perfsonar-ps2.ndgf.org	false	USCMS-FNAL-WC1	UNKNOWN	NDGF-T1	ATLAS	true	true	1661678463000	1072068304	131.225.205.23->109.105.124.88	2022-08-28709:21:03	1072.07
false	131.225.205.23	131.225.205.23	109.105.124.88	psonar3.fnal.gov	perfsonar-ps2.ndgf.org	false	USCHS-FNAL-WC1	UNKNOWN	NDGF-T1	ATLAS	true	true	1662439905000	1072905581	131.225.205.23->109.105.124.88	2022-09-06104:51:45	1072.91
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false	131.225.205.23	131.225.205.23	109.105.124.88	psonar3.fnal.gov	perfsonar-ps2.ndgf.org	false	USCHS-FNAL-WC1	UNKNOWN	NDGF-T1	ATLAS	true	true	1662672411000	1074163359	131.225.205.23->109.105.124.88	2022-09-08121:26:51	1074.16
false	131.225.205.23	131.225.205.23	109.105.124.88	psonar3.fnal.gov	perfsonar-ps2.ndgf.org	false	USCMS-FNAL-WC1	UNKNOWN	NDGF-T1	ATLAS	true	true	1662902418000	1071231326	131.225.205.23->109.105.124.88	2022-09-11713:20:18	1071.23
false	131.225.205.23	131.225.205.23	109.105.124.88	psonar3.fnal.gov	perfsonar-ps2.ndgf.org	false	USCHS-FNAL-WC1	UNKNOWN	NDGF-T1	ATLAS	true	true	1662093921000	1085912472	131.225.205.23->109.105.124.88	2022-09-02104:45:21	1085.91
false	131.225.205.23	131.225.205.23	109.105.124.88	psonar3.fnal.gov	perfsonar-ps2.ndgf.org	false	USCMS-FNAL-WC1	UNKNOWN	NDGF-T1	ATLAS	true	true	1662696230000	1068710540	131.225.205.23->109.105.124.88	2022-09-09T04:03:50	1068.71

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### **Example: Fail-over to Commodity Network**

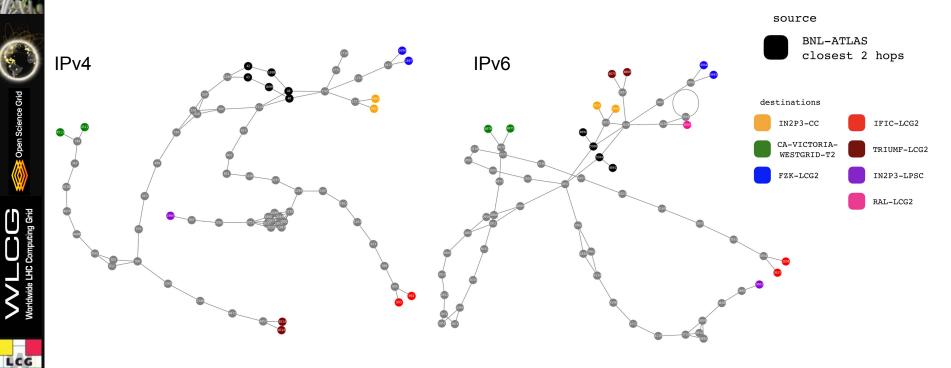
Nebraska -> RAL-LCG2



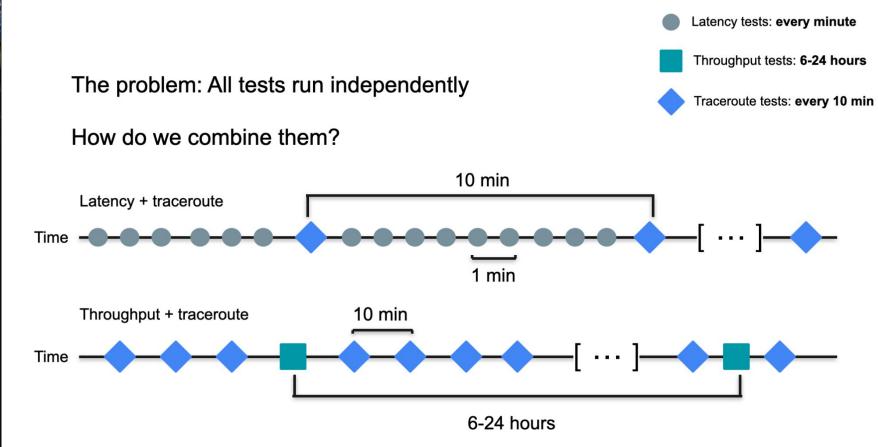
34 #52 LHCOPN/LHCONE Mtg

# Challenges and Ongoing Work

Paths differ significantly

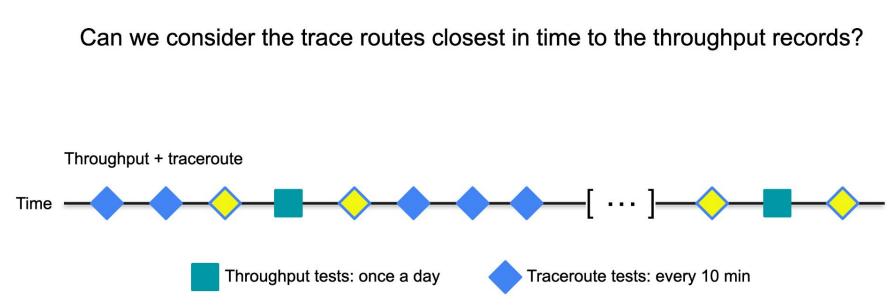


### **Correlating Tests with Paths: Two Timescales**



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# **Connecting Throughput to Traceroute**



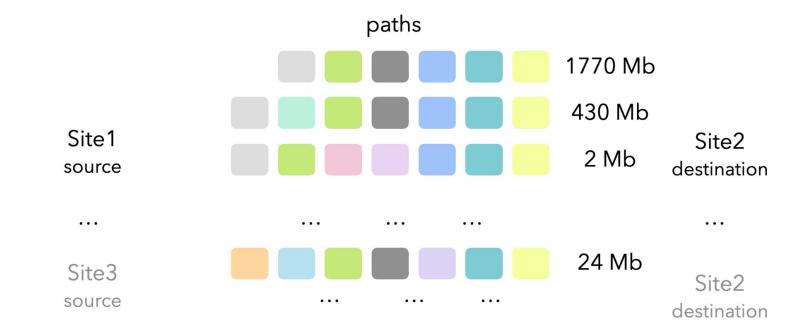
Our starting choice: Use **both** tracepaths (just before; just after) as valid paths and attribute BW to both.

Have to see if this is superior to just using the last measured route before the measurement...

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# Attaching Throughput Results to Sets of Routers/Links

Each colored box represents a specific router along the path

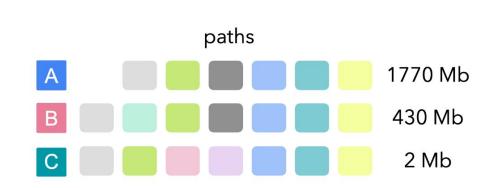


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## **Example Throughput Attribution by Router**

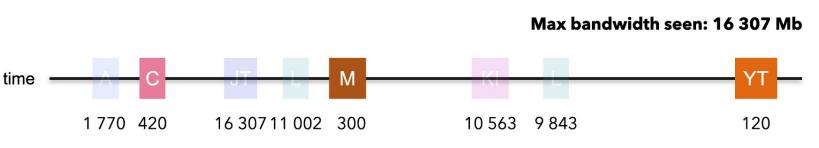


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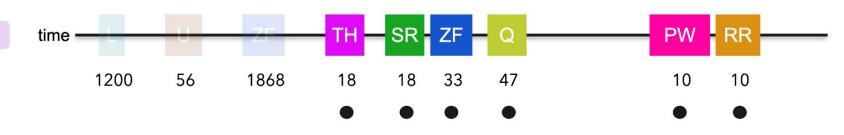


Each router on the path gets the closest (in time) throughput values

### **Checking Router Results vs Time**



#### Max bandwidth seen: 1868 Mb



Look for a down trend (threshold below 10% of the max throughput) Is everything OK with/around that router?

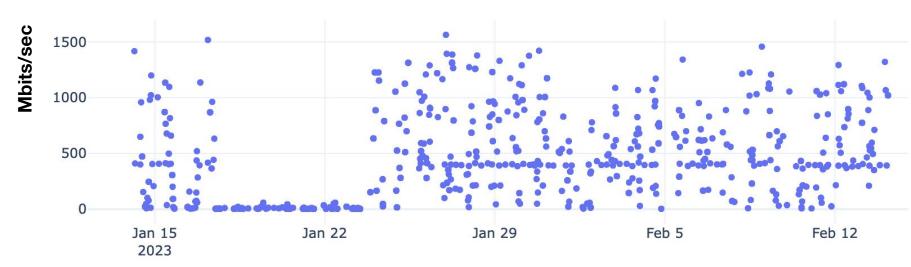
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## Initial Example Result: One Router; Throughput vs Time



2001:630:0:9011::189

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Each **point** represents the throughput values collected when the node was on the path

## **Other Activities / Plans**

Working to organize and annotate our data for ML/AI work (Petya Vasileva)

Working with the RNTWG (see previous RNTWG update talk) on identifying and monitoring network traffic details via the SciTags initiative.

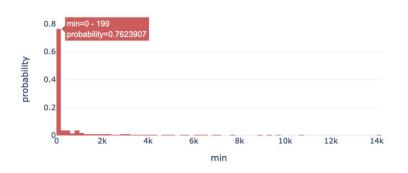
Exploring other network monitoring activities in the perfSONAR space including <u>ARGUS</u>

Planning to augment <u>WLCG-CRIC</u> (yesterday's discussion) network meta data (which paths/networks are LHCOPN / LHCONE / Research&Education / Commercial)

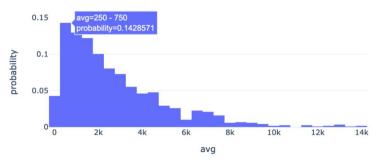
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# **Distributions of Throughput**

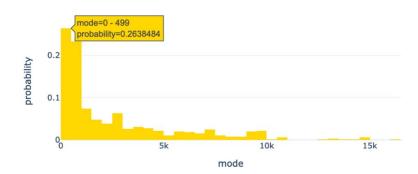
Distribution of the minimum



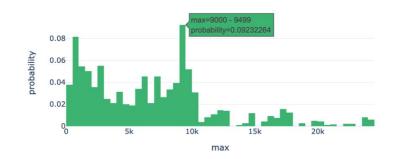
Distribution of the average



Distribution of the mode



Distribution of the maximum



43

# WLCG Network Throughput Support Unit

Support channel where sites and experiments can report potential network performance incidents:

- Relevant sites, (N)RENs are notified and perfSONAR infrastructure is used to narrow down the problem to particular link(s) and segment. Also <u>tracking</u> <u>past incidents</u>.
- Feedback to WLCG operations and LHCOPN/LHCONE community

**Most common issues**: MTU, MTU+Load Balancing, routing (mainly remote sites), site equipment/design, firewall, workloads causing high network usage

As there is no consensus on the MTU to be recommended on the segments connecting servers and clients, LHCOPN/LHCONE working group was established to investigate and produce a recommendation. (See coming <u>talk</u> :) )



### **Importance of Measuring Our Networks**

#### End-to-end network issues are difficult to spot and localize

- Network problems are multi-domain, complicating the process
- Performance issues involving the network are complicated by the number of components involved end-to-end
- Standardizing on specific tools and methods focuses resources more effectively and provides better self-support.
- Network problems can severely impact experiments workflows and have taken weeks, months and even years to get addressed!
- perfSONAR provides a number of standard metrics we can use
  - Latency, Bandwidth and Traceroute
  - These measurements are critical for network visibility
- Without measuring our complex, global networks we wouldn't be able to reliably use those network to do science

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