

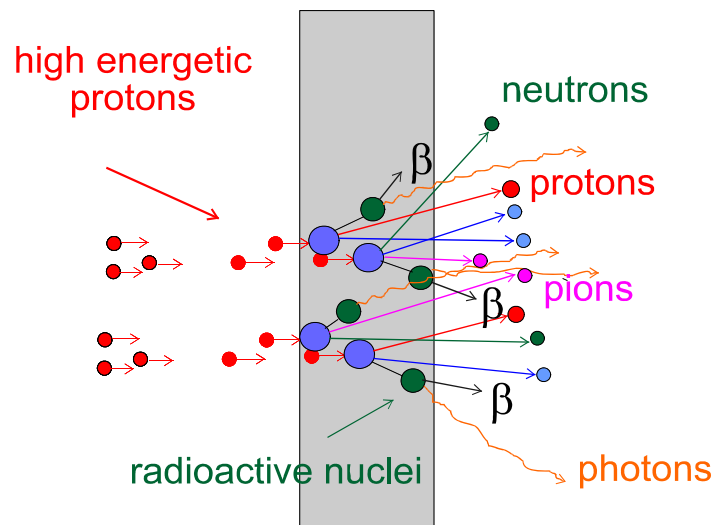
# LHC Power Converters & Radiation

What can we expect during commissioning ?

T. Wijnands TS/LEA

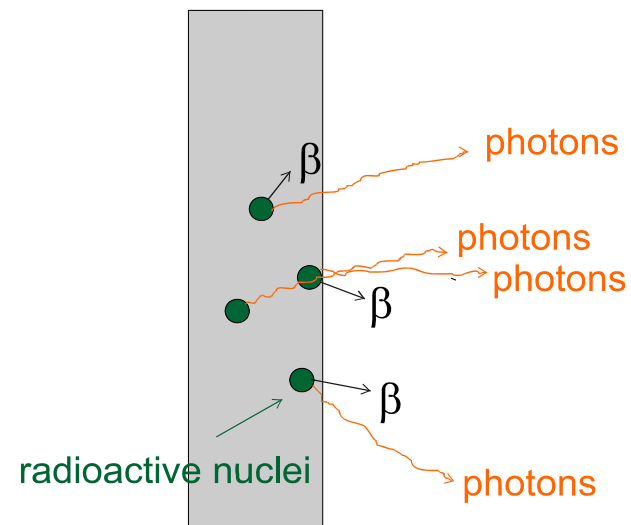
# Origin of Radiation in LHC

beam on



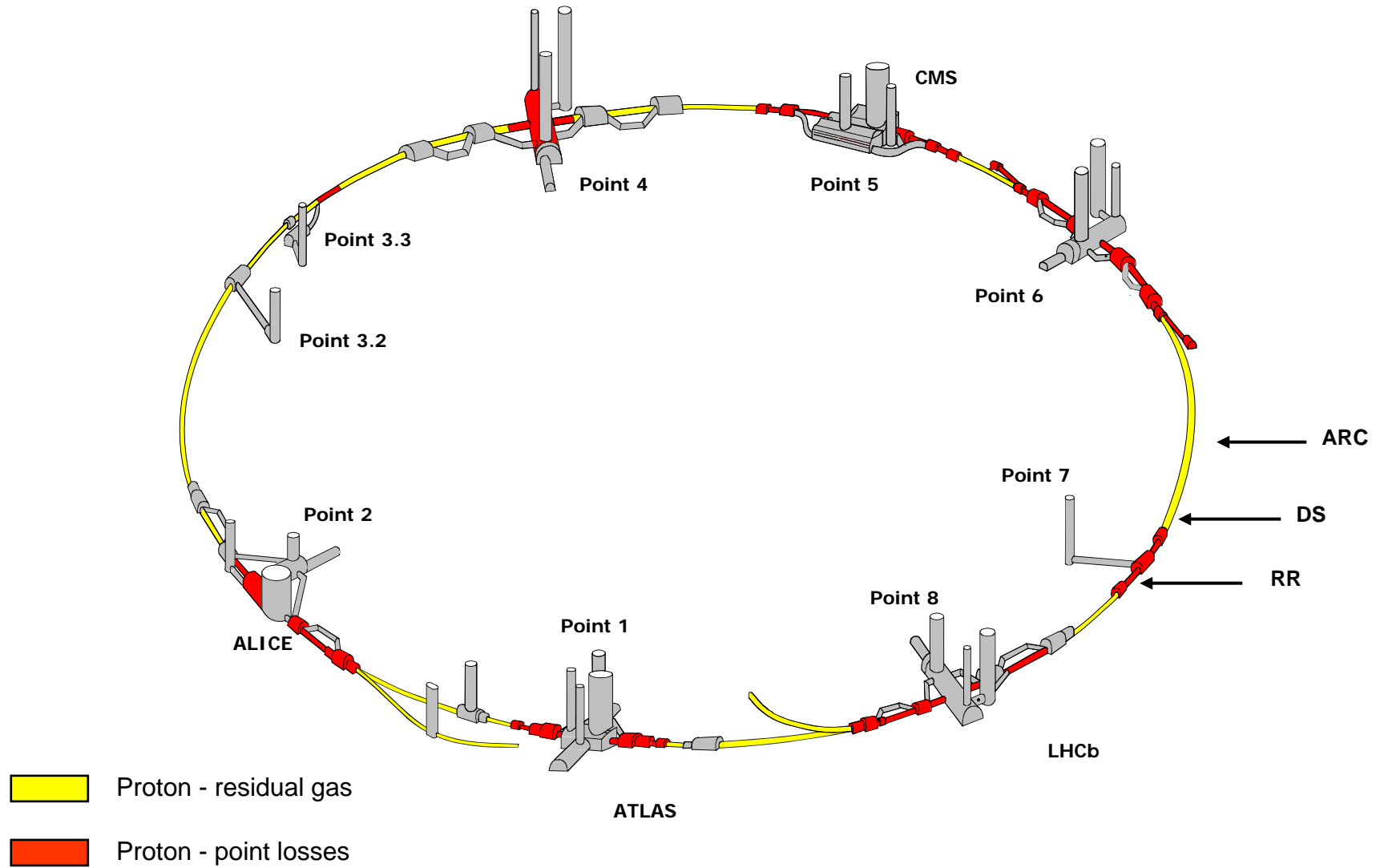
*Beam loss*

beam off



*Decay activated material*

# Radiation levels - global distribution



# Radiation levels & radiation effects



## 3 numbers to work with :

- Total Ionising Dose Unit : Gy
- 1 MeV equivalent Neutrons Unit :  $\text{cm}^{-2}$
- Hadrons ( $E > 20 \text{ MeV}$ ) Unit :  $\text{cm}^{-2}$

## 3 radiation effects to deal with :

- Surface damage starts after  $\sim 5 \text{ Gy}$
- Displacement Damage starts after  $\sim 1 \times 10^9 \text{ cm}^{-2}$
- Single Events starts immediately (on day 1)

# Annual radiation levels LHC



Location	Total Dose [Gy]	Hadron fluence (E >20 MeV) [cm <sup>-2</sup> ]	1 MeV eq. neutron fluence [cm <sup>-2</sup> ]	Source	Shielding
ARC	10	$4 \times 10^{10}$	$5 \times 10^{11}$	Beam gas interactions	no
DS 1,5	100	$1 \times 10^{11}$	$1 \times 10^{12}$	Point Losses	no
RR 77, 73	?	$5 \times 10^8$	$2 \times 10^9$	Collimators	yes
RR 13, 17	0.2	$1 \times 10^8$	$4 \times 10^8$	Collisions ATLAS	yes
RR 53, 57	0.2	$7 \times 10^7$	$3 \times 10^8$	Collisions CMS	yes
DS 3	10	$8 \times 10^9$	$8 \times 10^{10}$	Collimators	maybe
UJ 76	5	$4 \times 10^8$	$5 \times 10^9$	Collimators	yes

# Converters in RR underground areas

Large RR (RR13,17,53,57)



Small RR (RR73,77)



Location	6 kA	4 kA	600 A	120 A
PC Type	4	5	10, 12	14
RR 13	13	2	14	18
RR 17	13	2	14	18
RR 53	13	2	14	18
RR 57	13	2	14	18
RR 73	0	0	24	10
RR 77	0	0	24	10

➔ **Not designed to be radiation tolerant**

... but they contain many radiation sensitive components  
(ADCs, PowerMOS, IGBTs, FPGAs, DSPs,  $\mu$ P, SRAM etc.)

During the first days of operation we will have  
**Single Event Errors in the PCs !**

# SEE – Single Event Errors



## Single Event Error

Hard error

Hardware failure

Change hardware

Soft error

Data corrupted

Change software

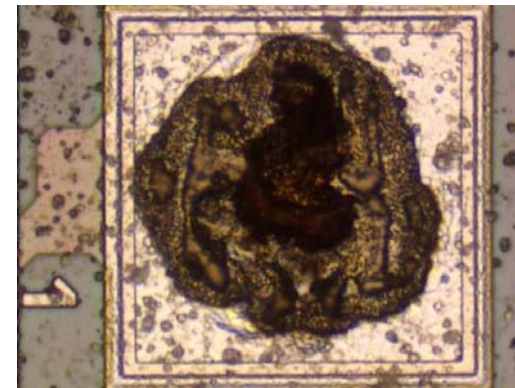
Change hardware

## Hardware failure



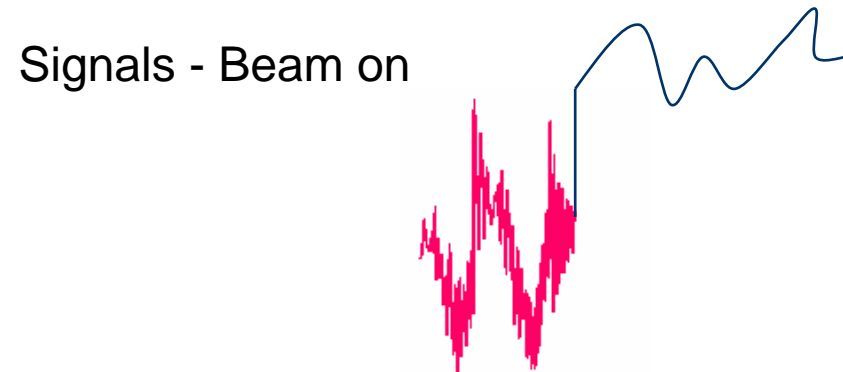
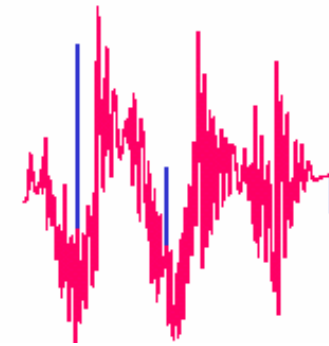
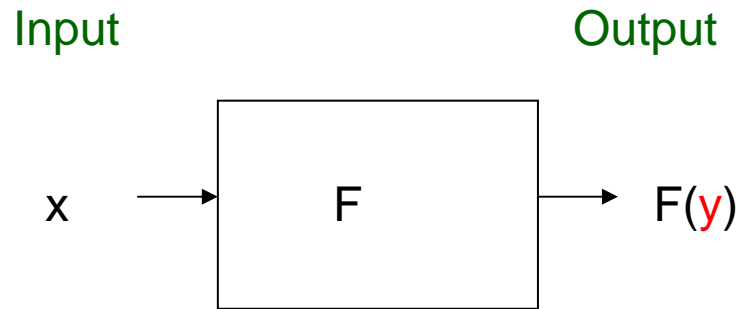
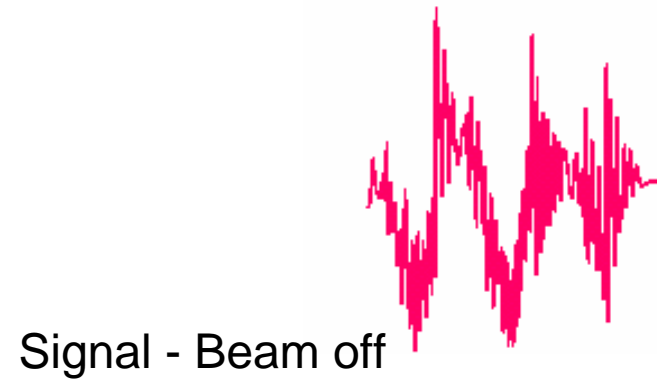
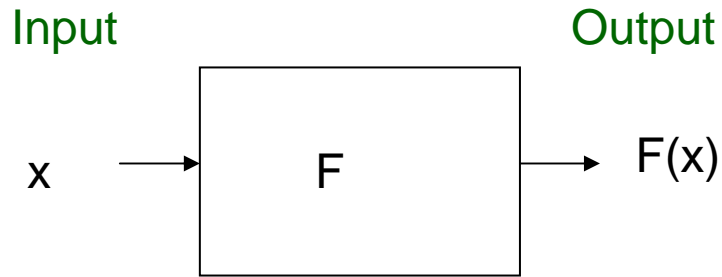
WorldFIP repeater 2.5 Mbit/s :

- 12 Devices “burned out” only **1 s** after switching on the SPS proton beam
- WorldFIP is used to communicate with nearly all electronics in tunnel (~10.000 crates) **including PC for orbit correctors**
- Very Important device – new radiation tolerant design is in progress





# SEE – software error

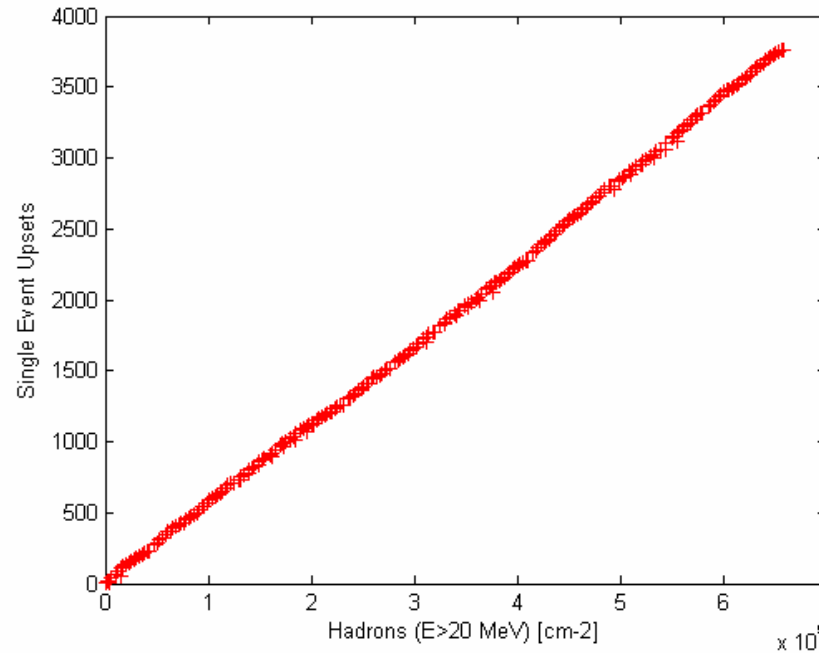


# Single Event Cross Section

4 Mbit SRAM memory



$$\sigma_{\text{SEE}} = \frac{\text{Nbr of Errors}}{\text{Nbr of hadrons [cm}^{-2}\text{]}}$$



SEE Radiation test to :

- Determine cross section (hard/soft)
- Estimate error rate in LHC
- Understand consequences during LHC operation

# Estimate error rate in LHC - RRs



## 4 Mbit SRAM memory



Assume :

- $\sigma_{\text{see}} = 1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ cm}^{-2}$  per device
- 1 SRAM memory per converter in RR
- Total : 256 converters in RRs
- Radiation Level in RR :  
 $1 \times 10^9 \text{ hadrons [cm}^2\text{]} (E > 20 \text{ MeV})$  per year

Expected nbr of single event errors in SRAM :

$$256 \times 1 \times 10^{-7} \times 1 \times 10^9 = 25.600 \text{ errors per year}$$

**To be added :** soft and hardware errors in all other components in a power converter (ADCs, PowerMOS, IGBTs, High Voltage diodes, FPGAs, DSPs,  $\mu\text{P}$ , etc.)

## Situation today



- Reception of series produced power converters (controls and power part) is ongoing
- Some converters are CERN made, others are pure commercial types
- All possibilities to insert shielding have been used
- It is not possible to relocate the equipment at this stage of the project
- Some components for the controls part have been tested
- Some components for the powering part for the converters in the tunnel (i.e orbit corrector power converters) have been tested (but was this test representative ?)