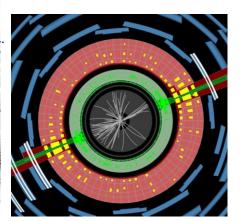
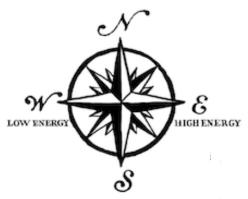


Constraints On New Theories Using Rivet



a tool for reinterpreting particle-level measurements.

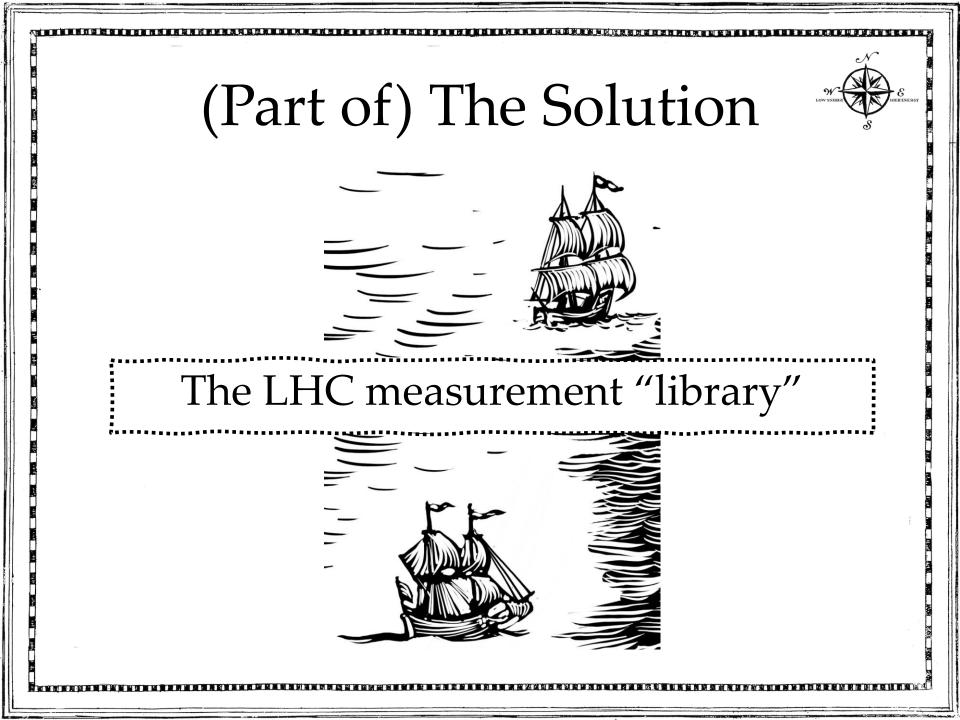


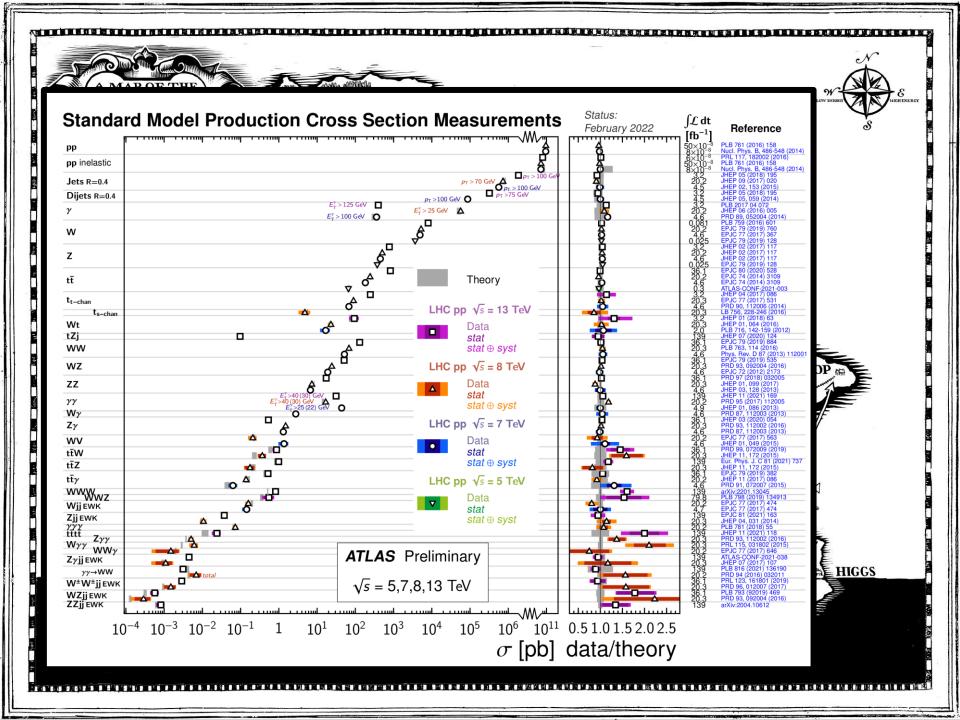
17/5/2024 HSF Workshop Hamburg Jon Butterworth

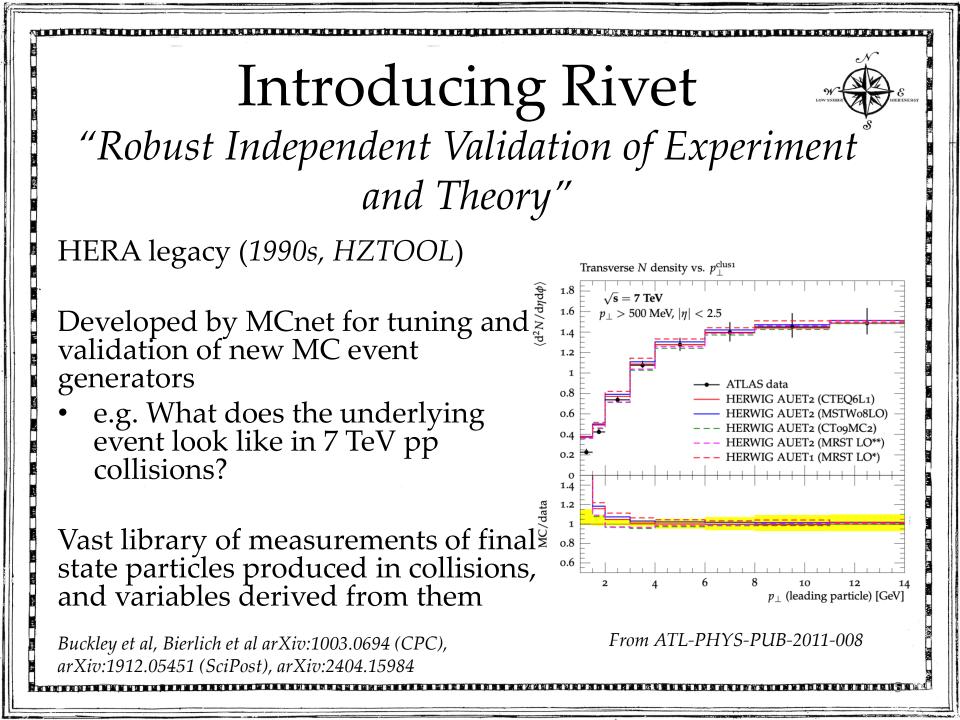
The problem

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副股產業期間以以以以及國利用



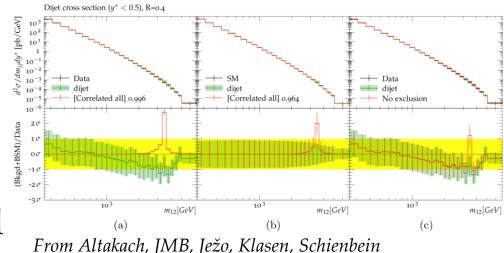




Introducing Contur

Extend the power of Rivet beyond the Standard Model

Signal-injection of final-state particles from BSM physics events on to measured cross sections in Rivet



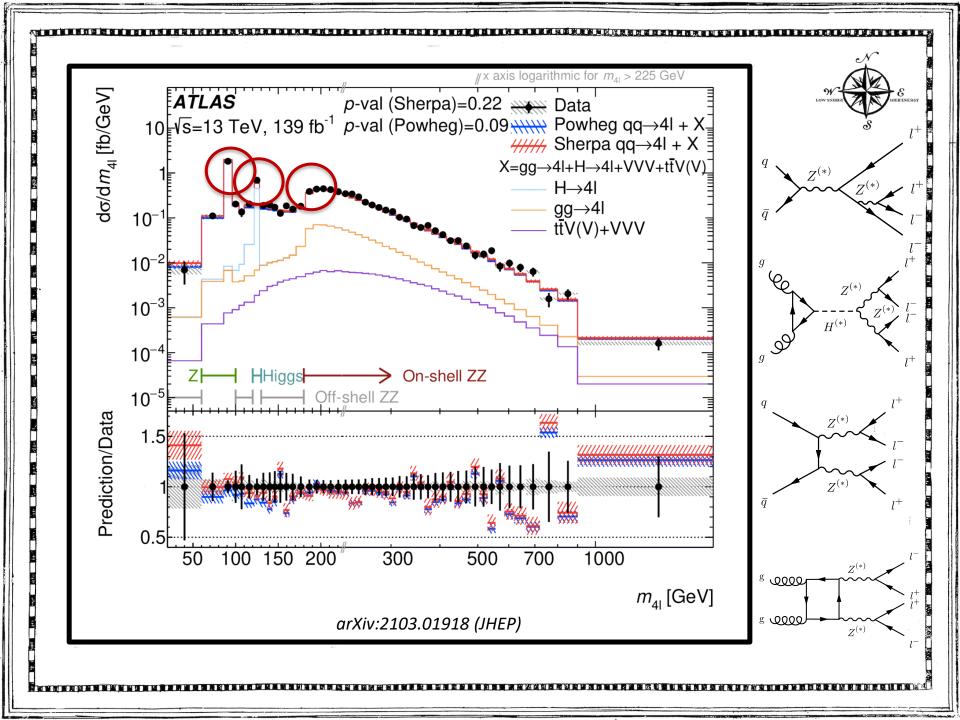
arXiv:2111.15406 (SciPost Core)

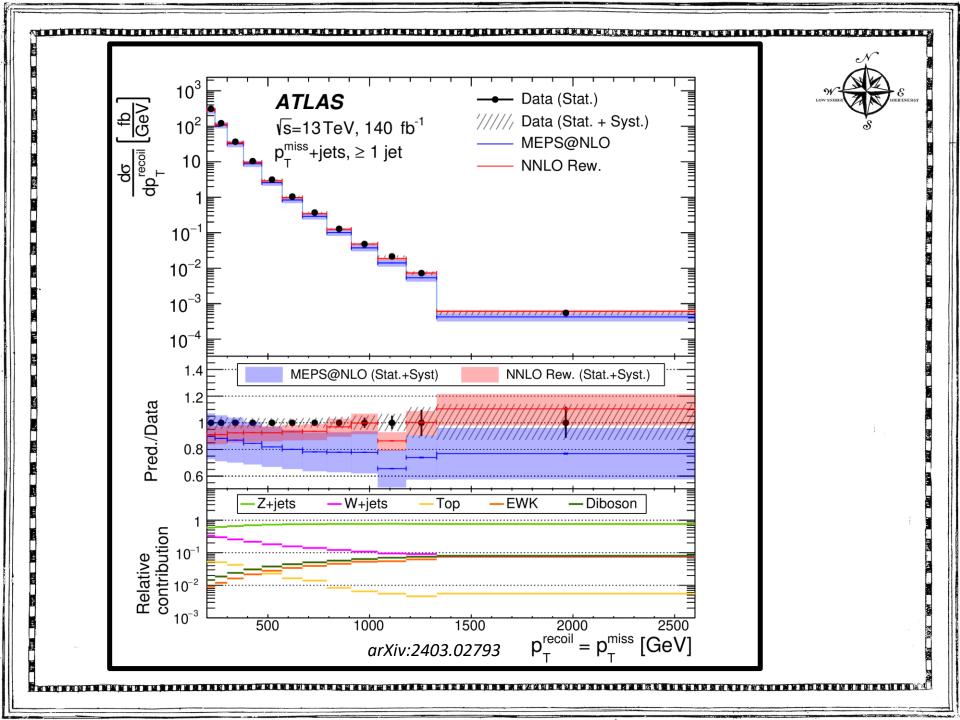
Increasingly precise measurements and SM calculations *together* extend the reach

JMB, Grellscheid, Krämer, Sarrazin, Yallup; Buckley et al arXiv:1606.05296 (JHEP), arXiv:2102.04377 (SciPost)

A Contur-friendly measurement

- Is unfolded to particle-level
- Is defined in terms of the final state, not production process
- Has a fiducial phase space which is as inclusive as possible and reflects the actual selection
 - No hidden vetos
 - Minimal extrapolations
- For example:

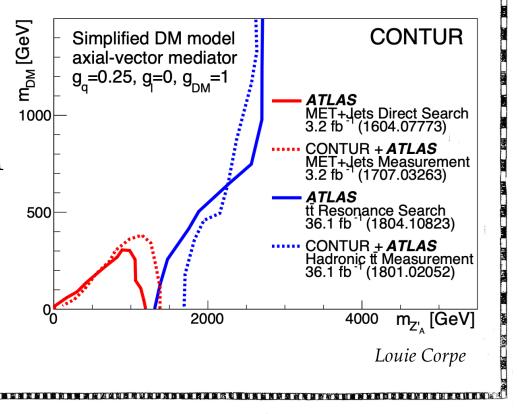




Unleashing the power of high luminosity LHC data (selected example case studies)

- Composite Dark
 Matter
- Dark Matter from Anomaly Cancellation
- Vector-like

Duarks

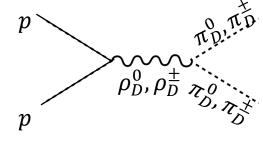


Composite Dark Matter Models

- What if Dark Matter is a composite particle arising from e.g. an SU(4) symmetry which confines at some scale Λ_{dark} ?
- Leads to bound states "dark" mesons and baryons.
 Kribs et al. arXiv:1809.10183 (JHEP)
- Dark fermions transform under electroweak part of the Standard Model: communication with SM
- Dynamics of the theory depend on $\eta = m(\pi_D)/m(\rho_D)$
 - − η >0.5, ρ_D decays to SM fermions → resonant Drell Yan searches (also in Contur)
 - − η <0.5, ρ_D decays to π_D → many different decays to SM particles, depending on mass. No searches*, look at the measurements in Contur

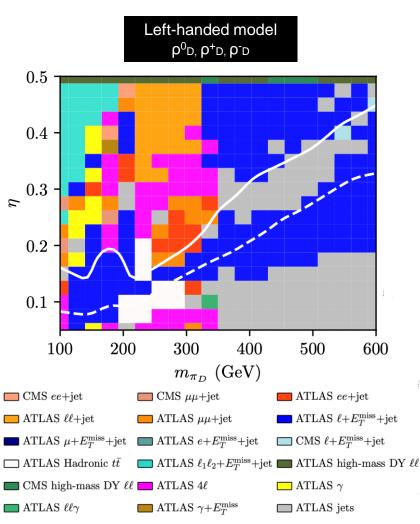
JMB, Corpe, Kong, Kulkarni, Thomas. arXiv:2105.08494 (PRD)

Composite Dark Matter Models



Large areas excluded:

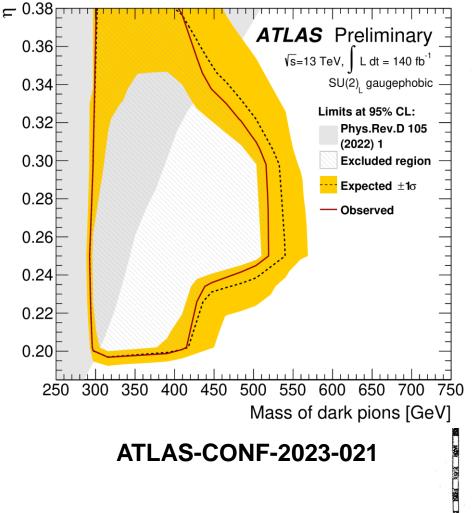
- When pion mass is close to Higgs mass, H→γγ analysis contributes
- Boosted hadron "top" measurements contribute when pion mass ~200 GeV: Pions decay to tb and are boosted from heavy ρ.
- Other sensitivity from Z-pole dileptons, and lepton+missing energy (Z, top, W production in decay chains)

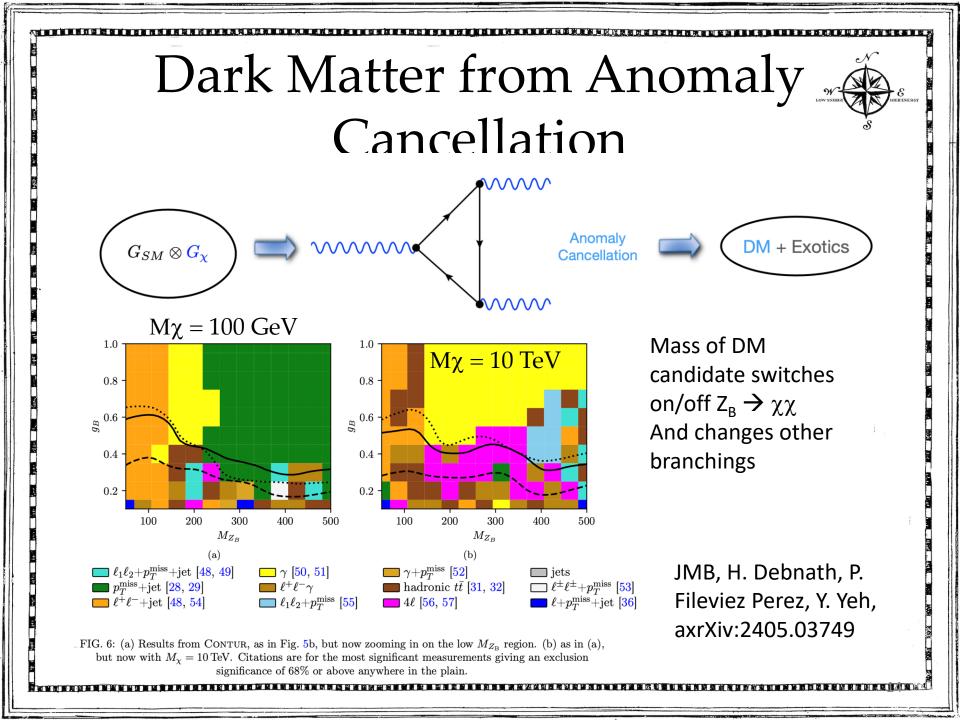


JMB, Corpe, Kong, Kulkarni, Thomas. arXiv:2105.08494 (PRD)

Composite Dark Matter Models

- * Dedicated ATLAS search for same model:
- Focused on top and bottom final states
- Extends the region already excluded by measurements, but doesn't (so far) cover it all





Vector-like Quarks

0.150

0.125

0.100

€ 0.075

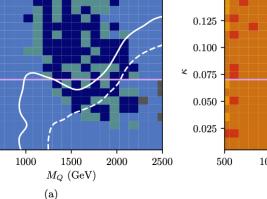
0.050

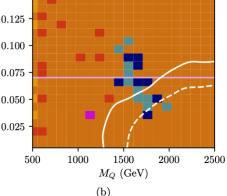
0.025

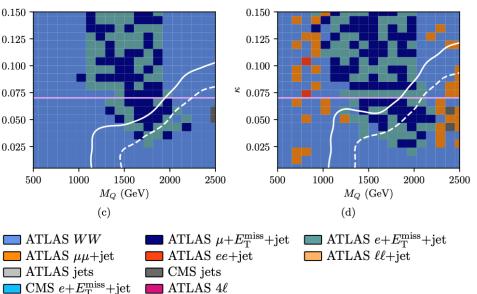
500

- Experimental searches of have focusses on couplings ot 3rd generation
- Coupling to 1st generation.
- Region above line excluded by noncollider constraints
- No LHC search analyses * 0. exist 0.
- Measurements exclude most of the plane.
- Single VLQ production very important at highest masses

Buckley, JMB, Corpe, Huang, Sun arXiv:2006.07172







0.150

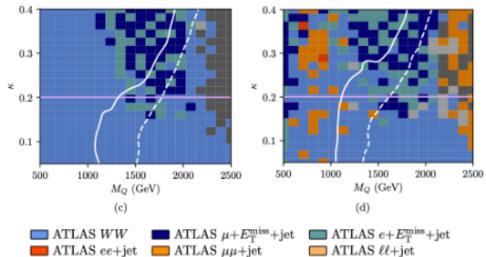
Vector-like Quarks

0.4

- Coupling to 2nd generation.
- Region above line excluded by non-collider constraints
- No LHC search analyses exist
- Measurements exclude significant part of the plane.
- Single VLQ production again very important at highest masses

0.3 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.0 0.1

ATLAS 4ℓ



ATLAS jets

1000

CMS jets

1500

 M_Q (GeV)

2000

2500

Buckley, JMB, Corpe, Huang, Sun arXiv:2006.07172

Vector-like Quarks

1500

 M_O (GeV)

2000

0.8

0.6

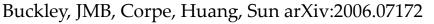
0.4

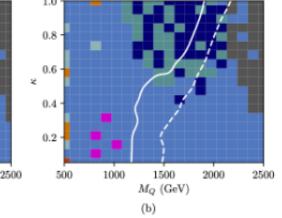
0.2

1000

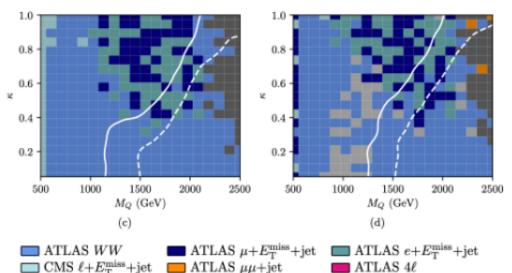
ATLAS jets

- Coupling to 3rd generation.
- No exclusion from non-collider, but there are several LHC searches
- Measurements also exclude significant part of the plane.
- Single VLQ production still significant at highest masses





ATLAS tt hadronic



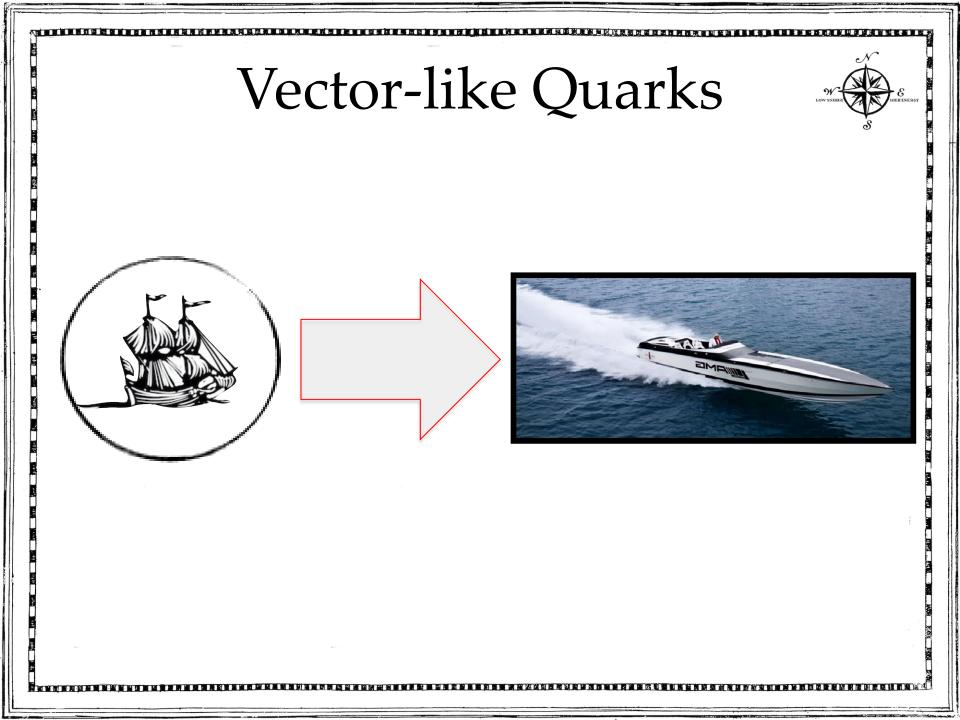
CMS jets



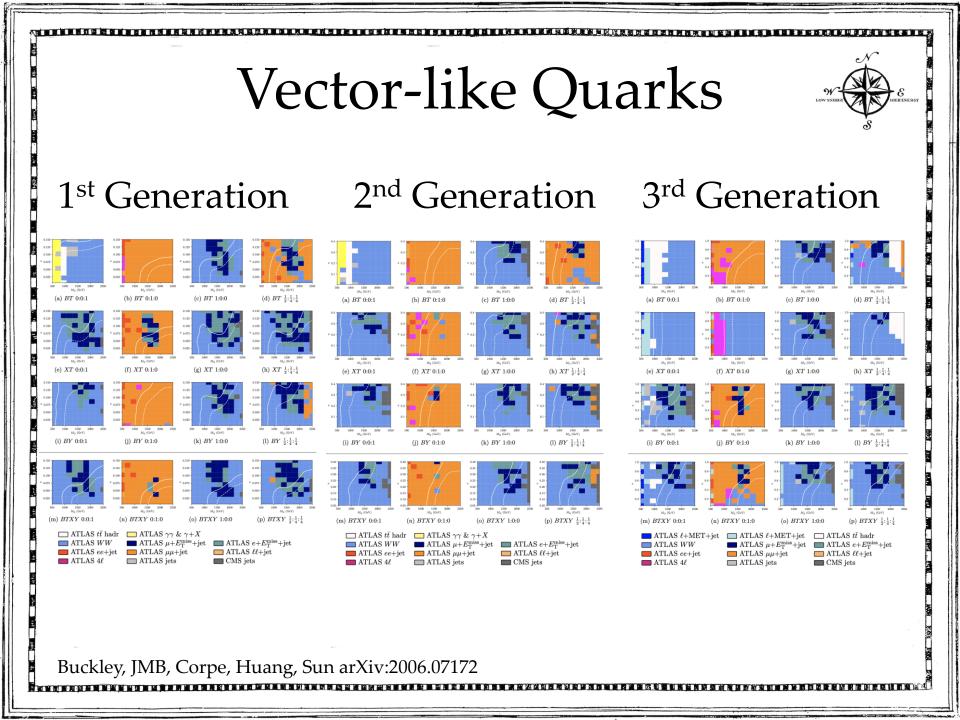
Vector-like Quarks

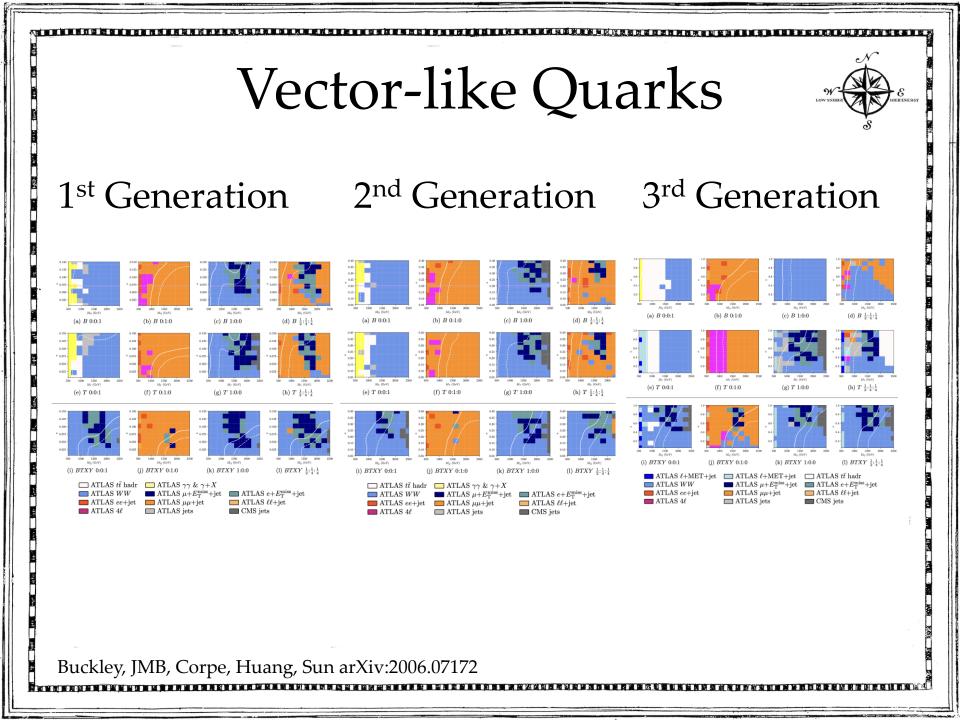
- During journal review, it was pointed out that we'd missed some of the most compelling scenarios, and should instead consider:
 - B, T singlets
 - BT, XT, TY doublets
 - BYX, BTY triplets
- ... for each generational coupling scenario and for four different decay branching benchmarks to W, Z, H.
- i.e. 7 x 3 x 4 two dimensional parameter scans
- Hmm. A challenge for Contur?

Buckley, JMB, Corpe, Huang, Sun arXiv:2006.07172



Vector-like Quarks 1st Generation 2nd Generation 3rd Generation 1500 200 M_Q (GeV) 1000 1500 2000 M_Q (GeV) 1500 2000 M_Q (GeV) (a) BTX 0:0:1 (b) BTX 0:1:0 (c) BTX 1:0:0 (d) BTX $\frac{1}{2}:\frac{1}{4}:\frac{1}{4}$ (b) BTX 0:1:0 (c) BTX 1:0:0 (a) BTX 0:0:1 (b) BTX 0:1:0 (d) $BTX \frac{1}{2}:\frac{1}{4}:$ (a) BTX 0:0:1 (c) BTX 1:0:0 (d) BTX $\frac{1}{2}:\frac{1}{4}:\frac{1}{4}$ 1000 1500 2000 M_Q (GeV) 1000 1500 200 M_Q (GeV) 1500 M_Q (GeV) (e) BTY 0:0:1 (f) BTY 0:1:0 (g) BTY 1:0:0 (h) $BTY \frac{1}{2}:\frac{1}{4}:\frac{1}{4}$ (e) BTY 0:0:1 (f) BTY 0:1:0 (g) BTY 1:0:0 (h) $BTY \frac{1}{2}:\frac{1}{4}:\frac{1}{4}$ (e) BTY 0:0:1 (f) BTY 0:1:0 (g) BTY 1:0:0 (h) $BTY \frac{1}{2}:\frac{1}{4}:\frac{1}{4}$ (j) BTXY 0:1:0 (k) BTXY 1:0:0 (i) BTXY 0:0:1 (1) BTXY $\frac{1}{2}:\frac{1}{4}:\frac{1}{4}$ (i) BTXY 0:0:1 (j) BTXY 0:1:0 (k) BTXY 1:0:0 (1) BTXY $\frac{1}{2}:\frac{1}{4}:\frac{1}{4}$ (j) BTXY 0:1:0 (k) BTXY 1:0:0 (l) $BTXY \frac{1}{2}:\frac{1}{4}:\frac{1}{4}$ (i) BTXY 0:0:1 \blacksquare ATLAS WW \blacksquare ATLAS $\mu + E_T^{miss} + jet$ \blacksquare ATLAS $e + E_T^{miss} + jet$ ATLAS WW \blacksquare ATLAS $\mu + E_T^{miss}$ +jet \blacksquare ATLAS $e + E_T^{miss}$ +jet ATLAS WW \blacksquare ATLAS $\mu + E_T^{\text{miss}} + \text{jet}$ \blacksquare ATLAS $e + E_T^{\text{miss}} + \text{jet}$ \blacksquare ATLAS *ee*+jet \blacksquare ATLAS $\mu\mu$ +jet ■ ATLAS ℓℓ+jet \blacksquare ATLAS ee+jet \blacksquare ATLAS $\mu\mu+jet$ ATLAS *ll*+jet ATLAS ee+jet \blacksquare ATLAS $\mu\mu$ +jet ATLAS $\ell\ell$ +jet I ATLAS jets I CMS jets ATLAS jets CMS jets \square ATLAS $\gamma\gamma \& \gamma + X$ ATLAS 4ℓ ATLAS jets CMS jets Buckley, JMB, Corpe, Huang, Sun arXiv:2006.07172





GAMBIT Interface

TTP23-009, KCL-PH-TH/2023-21, gambit-physics-23, MCnet-23-05, ADP-23-08/T1217, CERN-TH-2023-043

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Received: date / Accepted: date

Abstract Using the GAMBIT global fitting framework, we constrain the MSSM with an eV-scale gravitino as the lightest supersymmetric particle, and the six electroweakinos (neutralinos and charginos) as the only other light new states. We combine 15 ATLAS and 12 CMS searches at 13 TeV, along with a large collection of ATLAS and CMS measurements of Standard Model signatures. This model, which we refer to as the \tilde{G} -EWMSSM, exhibits quite varied collider phenomenology due to its many permitted electroweakino production processes and decay modes. Characteristic \tilde{G} -EWMSSM signal events have two or more Standard Model bosons and missing energy due to the escaping gravitinos. While much of the \tilde{G} -EWMSSM parameter space is excluded, we find several viable parameter regions that predict phenomenologically rich scenarios with multiple neutralinos and charginos within the kinematic reach of the LHC during Run 3, or the High Luminosity LHC. In particular, we identify scenarios with Higgsino-dominated electroweakinos as light as 140 GeV that are consistent with our combined set of collider searches and measurements. The full set of \tilde{G} -EWMSSM parameter samples and GAMBIT input files generated for this work is available via Zenodo.

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1	Introduction	2
2	Model	ŝ
3	Collider likelihoods	Į
	3.1 LHC searches	Ę

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Contur Software



- Written in Python: <u>https://gitlab.com/hepcedar/contur</u>
- Heavy use of python interface to Rivet, Yoda, and of matplotlib, scipy, numpy and more (including pyslha)
- Rivet, Yoda mainly C++ (all on gitlab)
- Can steer event generators (currently Herwig, Madgraph, Pythia) but can also be run on any existing Rivet (Yoda) output (and Rivet can run on any HepMC events)
- Can also be invoked from inside the Madgraph command-line environment (along with Rivet)
- Nascent GUI and ML add-ons