



# Certification and Beyond – DINI Open Access Activities in Germany

Susanne Dobratz & Frank Scholze

DINI Electronic Publishing Working Group

OAI4 Workshop CERN 21. October 2005



## ToC

1. About DINI and activities
2. Goals of DINI certification
3. Experiences with previous certification work
4. How to support Open Access with a certificate
5. Conclusion



# DINI

Deutsche Initiative für Netzwerk Information  
(German Initiative for Networked Information)

- Coalition of German Infrastructure- or Service-Institutions:
  - Libraries
  - Computing Centres
  - Media Centres
  - Learned Societies



## DINI primary objectives

- What?
  - Creating recommendations for standardised and interoperable information services and communication networks in and between universities
  - Structuring and construction of networked digital publication possibilities
  - Development of archiving services
- How?
  - Evaluation and dissemination of good or best practices
  - Initiation and intensification of regional, nationwide and international collaboration
  - Advice and recommendations for funding bodies, e.g. DFG
- ! Develop and support infrastructure



## DINI Electronic Publishing WG

- Active since start of DINI (2000)
- Participants from German Universities and Higher Education Institutions
  - Speakers:
    - Susanne Dobratz (Humboldt-University)
    - Frank Scholze (Univ. Library Stuttgart)
- Workshops
  - 2003: OAI Tutorials in Germany
  - 2004: Implementation of digital repositories (Frankfurt)
  - 2005: Open Access Symposium (Göttingen)



## Motivation for a Certificate

- Since 1997 development of digital repositories in Germany
- 2003: Survey of German University Repositories
  - Very dissapointing use of standards
- Key Issues:
  - Document formats
  - Metadata: DC, ETD-MS, qualified DC (DL Meta)
  - Interfaces: promote OAI PMH, web services
  - Cataloguing, subject cataloguing: MAB2, DDC
  - Visibility of repositories within universities



# DINI Certificate for Document- and Publication Repositories

- Certificate launched in 2003 by Electronic Publishing working group
- Introduced quality control for Document- and Publication Repositories for the first time
- Defines a set of minimum requirements for a repository and its operator(s) mandatory for modern scholarly communication
- Recommends foreseeable developments that might turn into future requirements



# DINI Certificate

Requirements and Recommendations cover:

- Server Policy / Guidelines
- Authors support
- Legal issues
- Authenticity and integrity
- Cataloguing
- Access statistics
- Long term availability

For details see Peter Schirnbacher's presentation at OAI 3





## DINI-Certificate / Evaluation



- Proposal by Web-questionnaire
- Evaluation of minimum standards by two experts
- Legitimacy to use the DINI-certificate-logo
- A fee is charged

	Nonprofit	Profit – Organisation
DINI-Member	50,00 €	150,00 €
Non-Member	100,00 €	250,00 €

[http://www.dini.de/zertifikat/dini\\_certificate.pdf](http://www.dini.de/zertifikat/dini_certificate.pdf)



## Certification in practice

- 13 Services certified / 2 in progress
- Common issues
  - policy
  - persistent identifiers
  - documentation
- Certification as development of the service
  - common experience
- Certification as marketing action
  - experiences range from very good results (e.g. Chemnitz) to no effect at all



# Other Repository Certification Activities in Germany

## DINI

Institutional document and publication servers

- Quality of Service
- Visibility
- Interoperability
- Usage of Standards

*DINI: German Initiative for Networked Information*

## Nestor

Digital repositories in libraries, museums, archives, data centres

- Long term preservation
- Trustworthiness of digital repositories
- Criteria catalogue

*Nestor: Network of Expertise in Long-Term Storage of Digital Resources*



# Other Repository Certification Activities in Germany

## DINI

- Soft certification
- Aim: coaching
- Marketing idea
- Support open access

<http://www.dini.de>

## Nestor

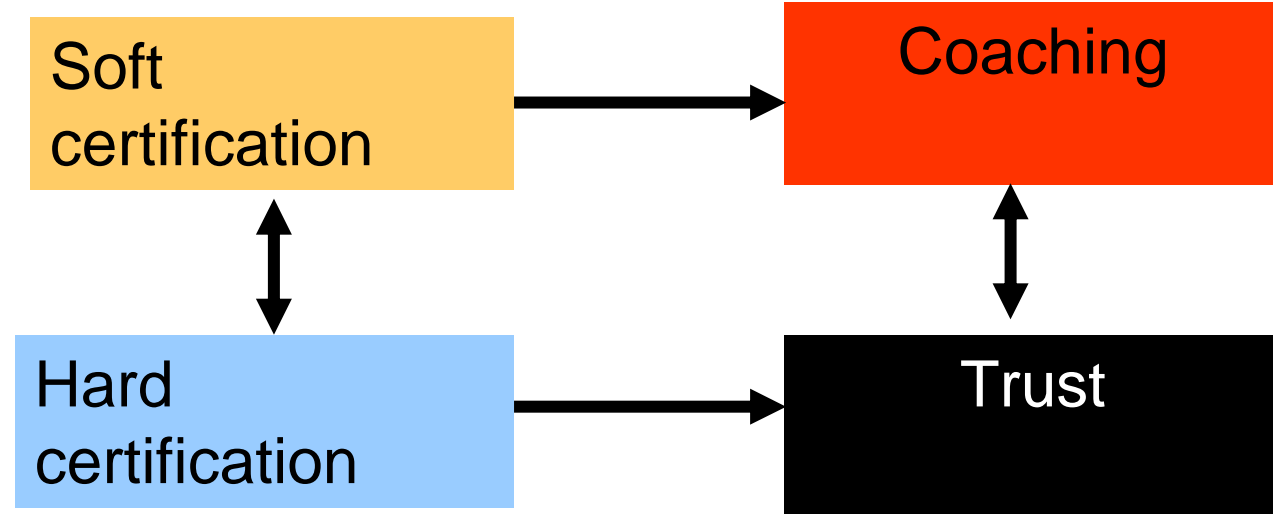
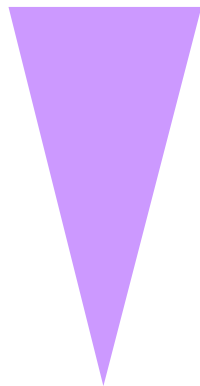
- Hard certification
- Establish trust
- Guidelines for product specification & software development

<http://www.longtermpreservation.de>



# Certification Activities - the complementary perspective

Number of services





## Certification and Open Access

- Universities need guidance for installing Institutional Repositories
- Enhance visibility of the service „Institutional repository“
- Promote the quality and add-on functionalities that can be reached by using an Institutional Repository instead of a personal home page



## Which quality and add-on functionalities?

- Defining an Open Access Policy
- Information space / support for post- and preprint issues (mainly copyright)
- Self-Upload for authors
- Self-Cataloguing by authors (with links to journals)
- Authenticity and integrity (technical, organisational and policy aspect)
- Access statistics as key issue for visibility and first step to alternative metrics of impact



## Conclusion

- Certification enhances the quality of service of IRs
- Is thus an important step to increase the visibility of standardisation and interoperability
- Standardisation and interoperability are still badly needed to built service layers on top of IRs
- Certification can promote the acceptance of Institutional repositories
- Can thus be a vital part of OA advocacy





Thank You!

<http://www.dini.de>

Susanne Dobratz: [dobratz@cms.hu-berlin.de](mailto:dobratz@cms.hu-berlin.de)

Frank Scholze: [frank.scholze@ub.uni-stuttgart.de](mailto:frank.scholze@ub.uni-stuttgart.de)