

OGSI and GT3 Initial Experiences



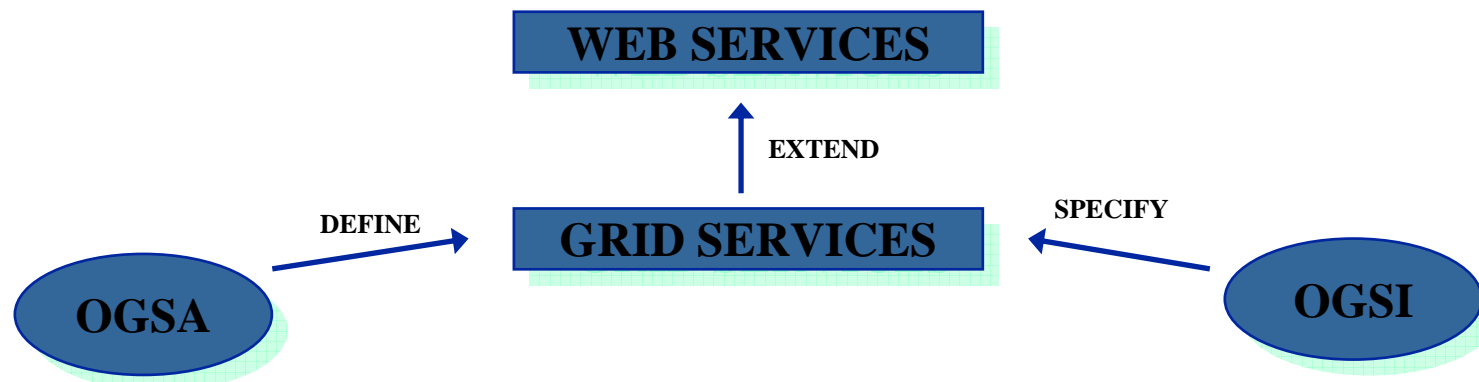


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Understanding OGSA/OGSI

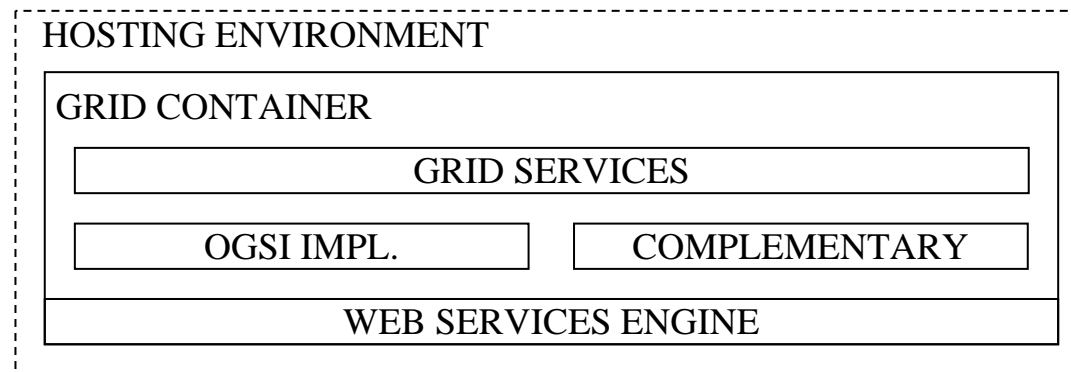
- ◆ Web Services
 - Provide interoperability for services interaction
 - XML, SOAP, WSDL
- ◆ Open Grid Service Architecture
 - Integrates grid technologies with Web Services
 - Defines the key components of the grid
- ◆ Open Grid Service Infrastructure
 - Formal and technical specification of the services described in OGSA
 - Defines interfaces for interaction with and between Grid Services



Grid Services



◆ Core Architecture

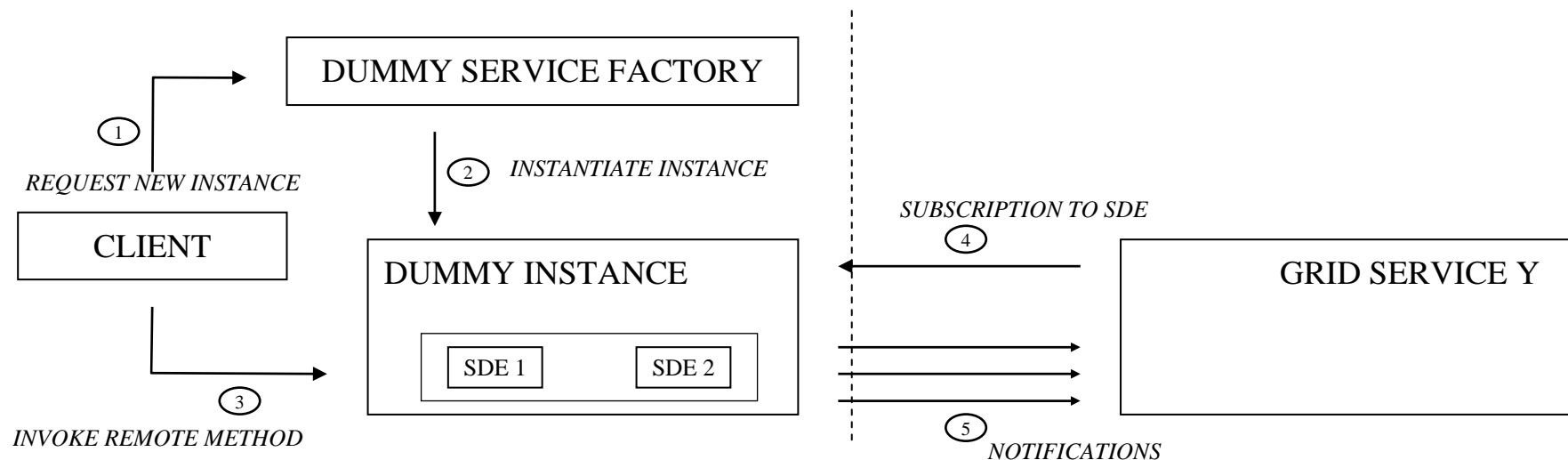


◆ Current options

- Hosting Environments & OGSI Implementations:
 - J2EE Application Servers -> Globus Toolkit 3
 - Microsoft .NET Platform -> OGSI.NET, MS.NETGrid
- Others will appear:
 - Any environment with a Web Services engine available is one step away from providing Grid Services
 - Some efforts started: OGSI::Lite (Perl), pyGridWare (Python)

Grid Services

- ◆ Web Service Extensions
 - Service Data
 - Each Grid Service has a set of Service Data Elements
 - Interface Inheritance
 - Lifecycle Management
- ◆ Services may be persistent or transient
- ◆ Dummy Service example to demonstrate:
 - Factories and Instances
 - Notifications





Globus Toolkit 3

- ◆ Provides complete implementation of the OGSI specification
- ◆ Complementary Services: Security
 - GSI3 – extension of GSI2 providing:
 - Message-Level Security: XML Signature and XML Encryption
 - Transport-Level Security – deprecated
- ◆ Higher Level Services
 - Resource Management
 - MMJFS – GT2 GRAM with a Grid Service interface
 - Data Management
 - GT2 GridFTP
 - Reliable File Transfer Service – RFT
 - Replica Location Service – RLS
 - Information Services
 - MDS3 – information aggregation and registry
 - GT2 MDS2 – ldap interface
 - Although both implementations are offered in GT3, they are independent so one knows nothing about the existence of the other

Globus Toolkit 3



- ◆ Components to deploy a Grid Service
 - Service Interface – GWSDL (WSDL Extended)
 - Manually written or generated from existing Java code
 - Service Implementation
 - Directly extending a basic Grid Service or using delegation
 - Deployment Descriptor
 - Defined in WSDD (Web Service Deployment Descriptor)
 - Build File
 - Used by the Apache Ant tool for compilation (and deployment)

Performance Measurements



- ◆ Hardware: 2 * Pentium III 600mhz processors, 256mb RAM
- ◆ Dummy Service Performance
 - Setup 1
 - Client calls Dummy Service Factory to create a new Instance
 - Client invokes two methods on the instance created
 - Client destroy the instance
 - Setup 2
 - Same as setup one but in the second step each method is invoked 100 times
 - Up to 1000 clients were used from up to 45 different client nodes
 - Security was tried using instructions from the Globus page
 - GSI Secure Conversation with XML Signature

Performance Measurements



◆ Dummy Service Performance

■ Preliminary Results

setup	authentication	service container	saturation throughput	average CPU u+s usage, %
1	-	GT3 standalone	41 services/s	89
1	yes	GT3 standalone	1.3 services/s	88
1	-	Tomcat	60 services/s	89
1	yes	Tomcat	1.2 services/s	88
2	-	GT3 standalone	300 method calls/s	96
2	yes	GT3 standalone	10 method calls/s	72
2	-	Tomcat	290 method calls/s	96
2	Yes	Tomcat	13 method calls/s	79

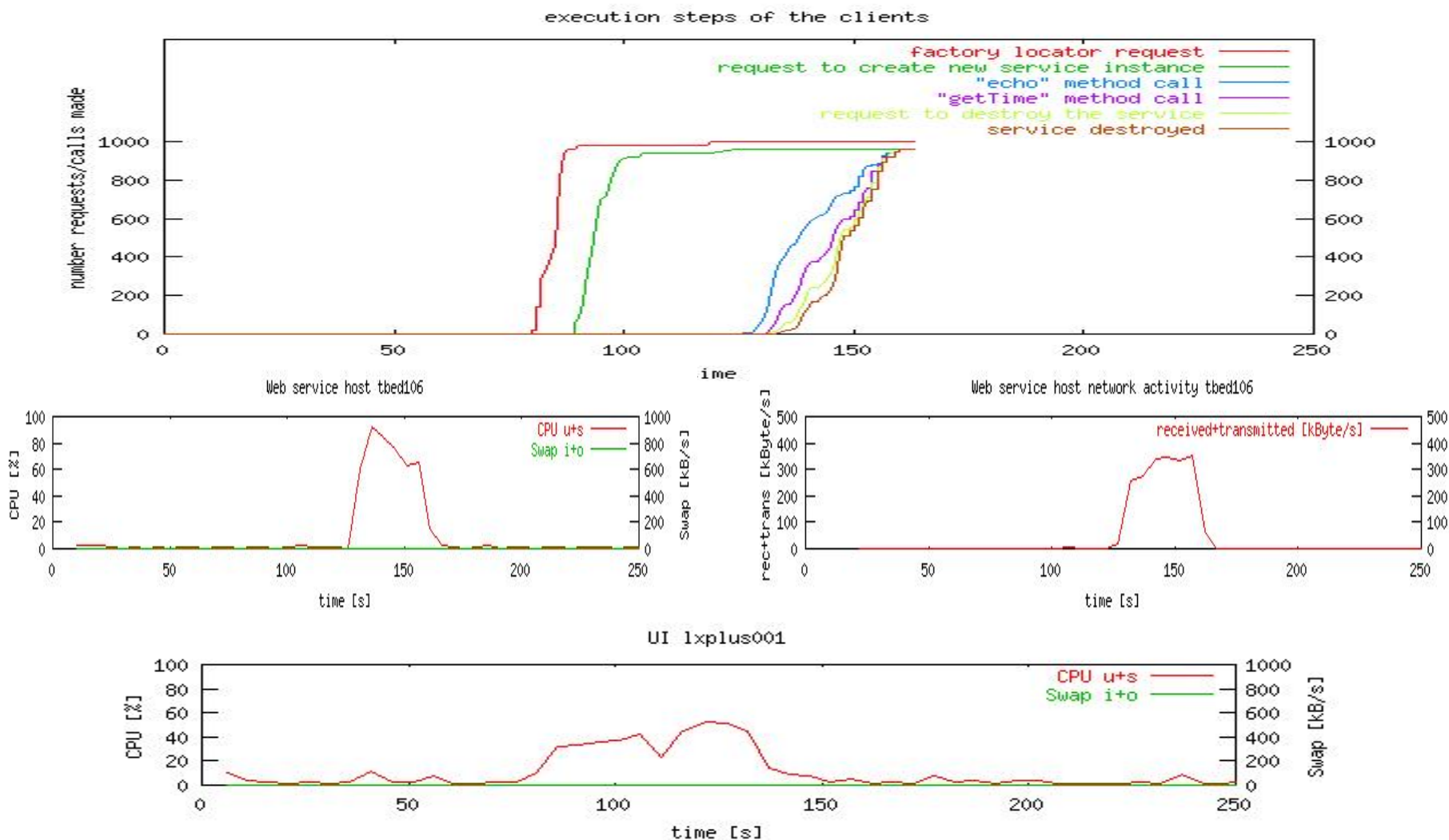
◆ Conclusions:

- Security overhead needs further investigation
- Tomcat can be from a bit slower to 50% faster
- Some additional tests on more powerful machines should be done

Performance Measurements



◆ Dummy Service Performance



Performance Measurements



◆ Index Service Performance

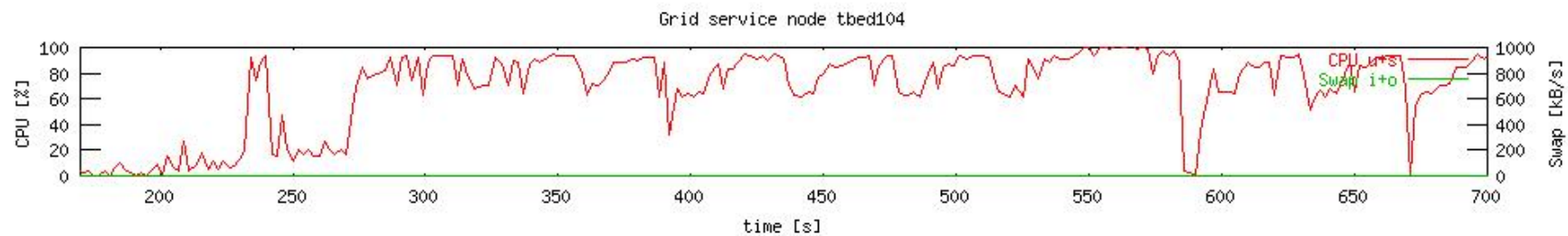
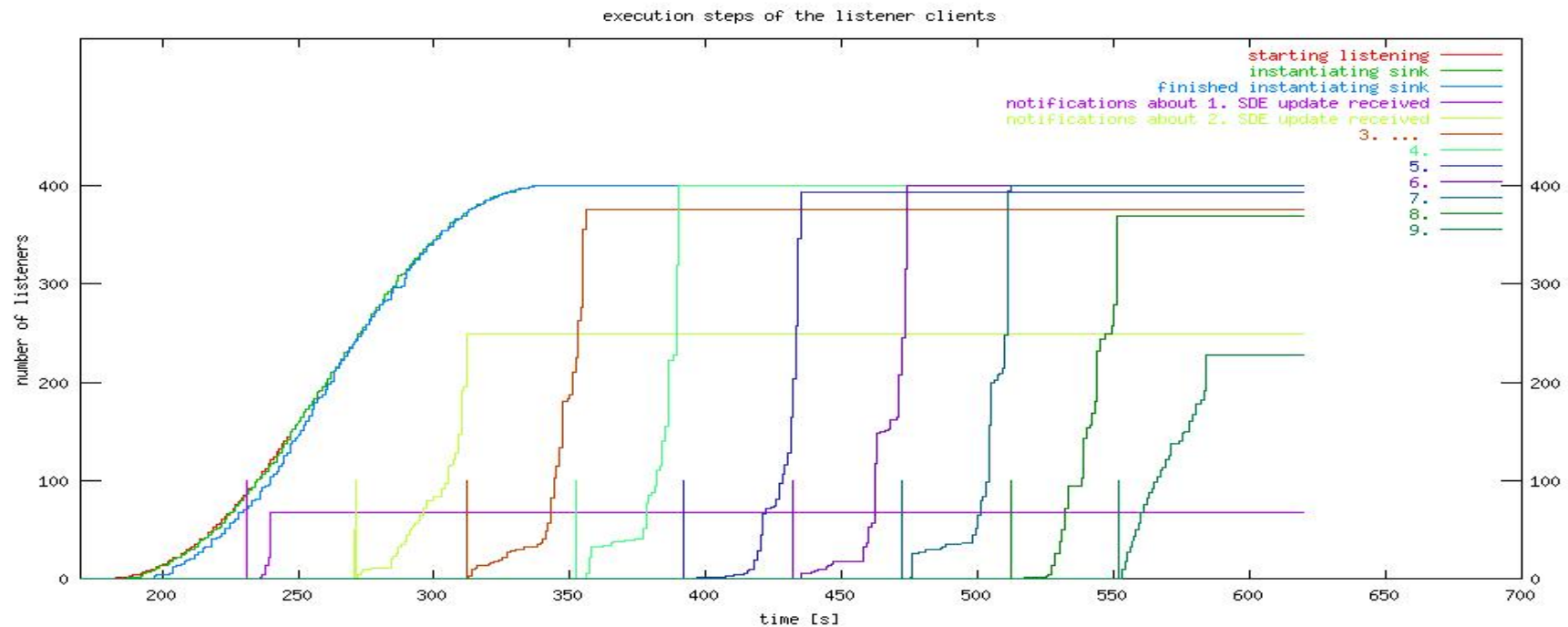
- Setup 1 (push)
 - Notification mechanism is used
 - Index Service acts as a Notification Source
 - Multiple Notification Sinks subscribe to the 'Host' SDE
- Setup 2 (pull)
 - Multiple clients querying the Index Service using ogdi-find-service-data
 - Clients run in parallel
- No security is used in either setup

setup	service container	saturation throughput	average CPU u+s usage, %
1	GT3 standalone	10-15 notifications/s	81 – 87
1	Tomcat	-	
2	GT3 standalone	200 requests/s	88
2	Tomcat	200 requests/s	90

Performance Measurements



◆ Index Service Performance



Conclusions

- ◆ Generally impressed with GT3 and the overall concept
- ◆ Major Issues:
 - Performance
 - Incomplete documentation
 - Several bugs found:
 - Core implementation related – due to framework short lifetime
 - From tools deployed with the framework – hard to solve (e.g. Axis)
 - From the outside – easier to solve (e.g. Tomcat)
- ◆ System architecture must consider performance issues
- ◆ Next Actions:
 - Understand better the performance issues on Security, Factories and Notifications
 - Validate the interoperability claim by trying other toolkits