

PHYSICS OF EXTRA DIMENSIONS

V. Rubakov

INSTITUTE FOR NUCLEAR RESEARCH
OF THE RUSSIAN ACADEMY OF SCIENCES,
MOSCOW

- Motivation from string / M - THEORY:
 - SUPERSTRINGS MOST EASILY CONSTRUCTED IN $(9+1)$ DIMENSIONS
 - M - THEORY : $(10+1)$ DIMENSIONS

EVEN WITHOUT STRINGS, INTERESTING TO UNDERSTAND PROPERTIES OF THEORIES WITH EXTRA DIMENSIONS.

- WHY EXTRA DIMENSIONS HAVE NOT BEEN OBSERVED?

A1: EXTRA DIMENSIONS COMPACT
KALUZA - KLEIN PICTURE

A2: WE LIVE ON 3-BRANE

A3: BOTH.

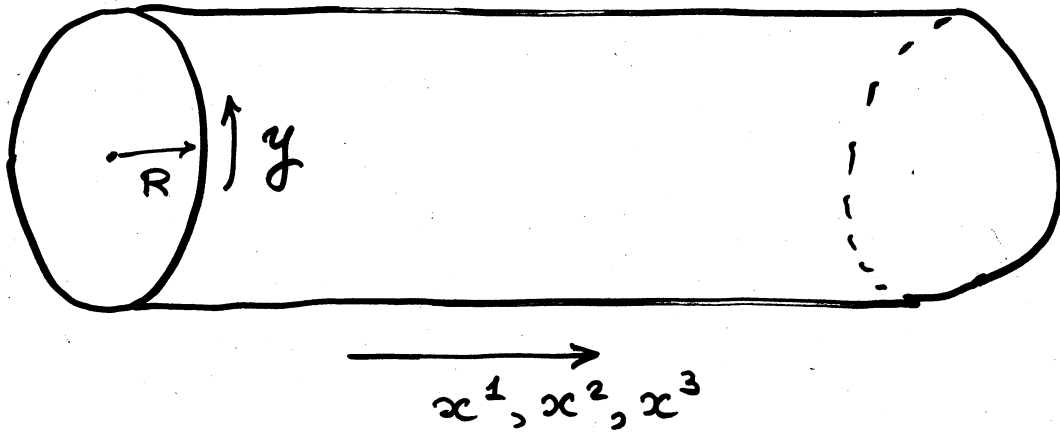
NB: IN THESE LECTURES, EXTRA DIMENSIONS ALWAYS SPACE-LIKE.

ONE TIME.

KALUZA - KLEIN PICTURE:

COMPACT EXTRA DIMENSIONS

$$\eta_{\mu\nu} = +1, -1, -1, \dots, -1; \quad \square = \partial_t^2 - \vec{\partial}_x^2$$



(4+1) - Dim. THEORY WITH COMPACT
5TH COORDINATE y

MASSLESS SCALAR FIELD:

$$\square^{(5)} \phi \equiv (\partial_\mu \partial^\mu - \partial_y^2) \phi = 0 \quad \mu=0,1,2,3$$

ϕ periodic in y WITH PERIOD $2\pi R$

⇓

SOLUTIONS $\phi(x,y) = e^{ip_\mu x^\mu} e^{in \frac{y}{R}}$

$n = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots =$ angular momentum

$$p_\mu p^\mu = \frac{n^2}{R^2}$$

$n = 0$: HOMOGENEOUS MODE, PROPAGATING
along x^1, x^2, x^3 WITH SPEED OF
LIGHT \Rightarrow (PROTOTYPE OF) KNOWN PARTICLES

$n \neq 0$: 4D MASSIVE PARTICLES, K-K MODES.

KK TOWER OF PARTNERS
(EXCITED ELECTRONS, PHOTONS, ETC.)

$$m_n = \frac{|n|}{R}$$

ACCEPTABLE \downarrow $R \lesssim (\text{TeV})^{-1} \sim 10^{-17} \text{ cm.}$

CHANCE TO DISCOVER EXTRA DIMENSIONS
IFF $R \sim (\text{TeV})^{-1}$

NO HOPE FOR NATURAL (?) $R \sim M_{pl}^{-1}$

NB: MORE THAN ONE EXTRA DIMENSIONS \Rightarrow
MORE K-K MODES.

E.G. y_1, \dots, y_N ALL COMPACTIFIED
TO CIRCLE OF RADIUS R_1, \dots, R_N

$$\phi = e^{ip_\mu x^\mu} \Downarrow e^{in_1 \frac{y_1}{R_1}} e^{in_N \frac{y_N}{R_N}}$$

$$m_{\{n\}}^2 = \sum \frac{n_i^2}{R_i^2}$$

One homogeneous \Leftrightarrow MASSLESS MODE.
MANY KK MODES. BELOW CERTAIN MASS.

EFFECTIVE 4D DESCRIPTION:

Quadratic (free) 5dim ACTION

$$S^{(2)} = \int d^4x \int_0^{2\pi R} dy \frac{1}{2} \partial_A \phi \cdot \partial^A \phi$$

$$= \int d^4x \int_0^{2\pi R} dy \frac{1}{2} (\partial_\mu \phi \cdot \partial^\mu \phi - \partial_y \phi \partial_y \phi)$$

NB: DIMENSION $[\phi] = M^{3/2}$

PLUG IN KK DECOMPOSITION

$$\phi(x, y) = \sum_n \psi_n(x) e^{in \frac{y}{R}}$$

\Downarrow

$$S^{(2)} = \int d^4x \sum_n (2\pi R) \left[\frac{1}{2} |\partial_\mu \psi_n|^2 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{n^2}{R^2} |\psi_n|^2 \right]$$

\uparrow
VOLUME OF EXTRA DIMENSIONS

Free 4d action of infinitely many 4d fields.

Canonically normalized 4d fields:

$$\hat{\psi}_n(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi R}} \psi_n(x) \quad [\hat{\psi}_n] = M \text{ as usual!}$$

\Downarrow

$$S^{(2)} = \sum_n \int d^4x \left[\frac{1}{2} |\partial_\mu \hat{\psi}_n|^2 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{n^2}{R^2} |\hat{\psi}_n|^2 \right]$$

Sum of standard 4d actions

INTERACTIONS:

5 Dim INTERACTION

$$S_{int} = \int d^4x \int_0^{2\pi R} dy \lambda^{(5)} \phi^4$$

NB: $[\lambda^{(5)}] = \frac{1}{M}$

5 Dim THEORY STRONGLY COUPLED AT HIGH ENERGIES

$$E_{STRONG} \sim \frac{1}{\lambda^{(5)}} \equiv M^{(5)}$$

PLUG IN FOURIER DECOMPOSITION IN y ,
WITH CANONICALLY NORMALIZED FIELDS



ZERO MODE ONLY, $n=0$ ("OUR" FIELD)

$$S_{int} = \int d^4x \underbrace{(2\pi R)}_{\int dy} \frac{\lambda^{(5)}}{(2\pi R)^2} \hat{\phi}_0^4(x)$$

↑ normalization

$$\lambda^{(4)} = \frac{\lambda^{(5)}}{(2\pi R)} \leftarrow \text{FUNDAMENTAL}$$

EFFECTIVE
4D COUPLING

LESSON # 1:

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4D COUPLINGS ARE EFFECTIVE, RELATED TO FUNDAMENTAL COUPLINGS OF ORIGINAL, HIGHER-DIM. THEORY THROUGH VOLUME OF EXTRA DIMENSIONS.

$$\lambda^{(4)} = \frac{\lambda^{(5)}}{(2\pi R)}$$

WEAKLY COUPLED 4D THEORY:

$$\lambda^{(4)} \ll 1$$

$$R \gg \lambda^{(5)} \equiv \frac{1}{E_{\text{STRONG}}} \equiv \frac{1}{M_{(5)}}$$

SIZE OF EXTRA DIMENSIONS LARGE COMPARED TO (ENERGY SCALE)⁻¹ OF HIGH-DIM. THEORY

LESSON # 2.

RECALL $m_n = \frac{|n|}{R} \Rightarrow m_n \ll M_{(5)}$
FOR $n \sim 1$

↓

TRUST KK MODES WITH RELATIVELY LOW n .

LESSON # 3

Interaction of "our" field $\hat{\Phi}_0$
 WITH KK modes $\hat{\Phi}_n$

Also comes from

$$S_{\text{int}} = \int d^4x \int_0^{2\pi R} dy \lambda^{(5)} \Phi^4$$

Decompose:

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi^4 &= \left(\hat{\Phi}_0 + \sum_{n \neq 0} \hat{\Phi}_n e^{in \frac{y}{R}} \right)^4 \frac{1}{(2\pi R)^2} \\ &= \frac{1}{(2\pi R)^2} \left[\hat{\Phi}_0^4 + 4 \hat{\Phi}_0^3 \sum_{n \neq 0} \hat{\Phi}_n e^{in \frac{y}{R}} \right. \\ &\quad \left. + 6 \hat{\Phi}_0^2 \sum_{n \neq 0} \sum_{n' \neq 0} \hat{\Phi}_n \hat{\Phi}_{n'} e^{i(n+n') \frac{y}{R}} \right] \end{aligned}$$

zero in $\int dy$

$$S_{\text{int}} \Rightarrow \int d^4x \cdot 12 \lambda^{(4)} \sum_{n \neq 0} \hat{\Phi}_0^2 \hat{\Phi}_n \hat{\Phi}_{-n}$$

$\int dy \rightarrow \delta_{n+n'}$

- PAIR PRODUCTION OF
 KK MODES

NOT TRUE
 IN BRANE
 WORLD MODELS

CONSERVATION OF ANGULAR MOMENTUM
 ALONG y

- UNIQUE EFFECTIVE 4d coupling $\lambda^{(4)}$

Strong coupling \equiv LARGE CROSS SECTION

AT $E \sim E_{\text{strong}}$: MANY CHANNELS OPEN

(RATHER THAN ENHANCEMENT OF INDIVIDUAL CHANNEL)

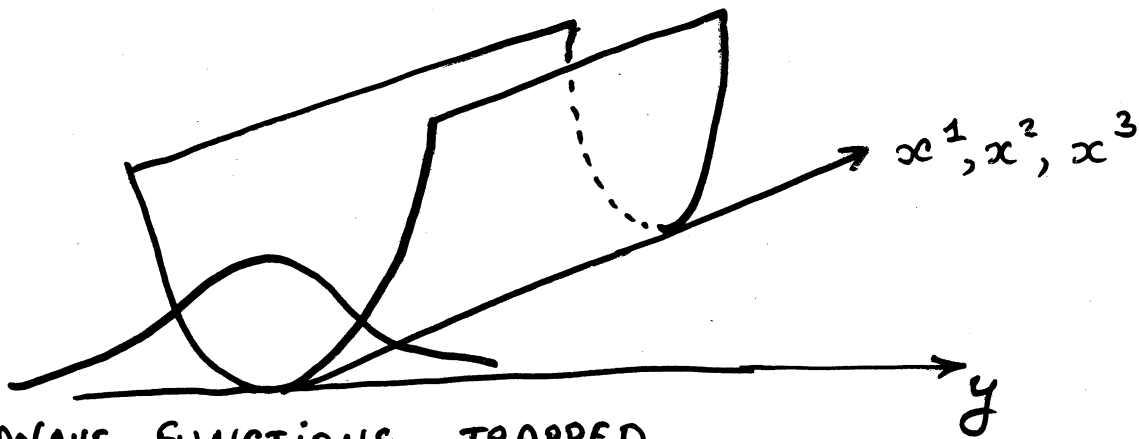
BRANE WORLD

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OUR MATTER LOCALIZED ON 3 dim.
HYPERSURFACE (BRANE) EMBEDDED IN
HIGHER DIMENSIONAL SPACE.

MOTIVATION FROM STRING THEORY: D-BRANES, ...

Overall picture: POTENTIAL WELL IN
EXTRA DIMENSIONS



WAVE FUNCTIONS TRAPPED
EXTRA DIMENSIONS MAY BE OF INFINITE SIZE.

NEED PROPERTIES OF SPECTRUM:

- LOWEST 4 dim. mass ≈ 0

- EXCITED STATES HAVE LARGE

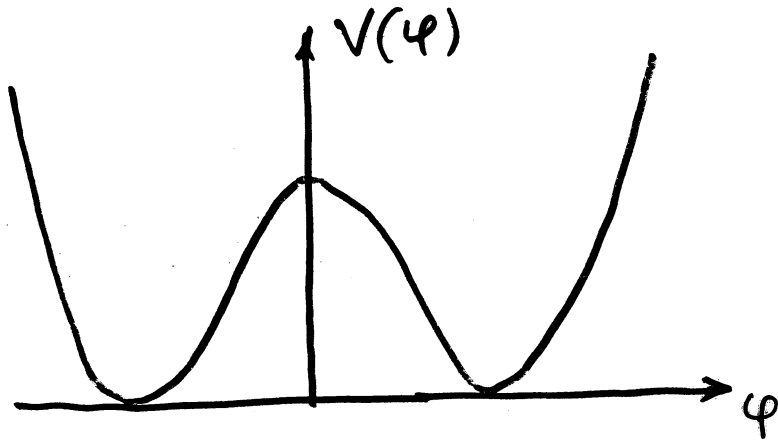
4 dim. masses. \Leftrightarrow NARROW WELL

ARE THESE POSSIBLE/NATURAL?

FIELD THEORY (\equiv TOY MODEL) EXAMPLES:
DEFECTS.

E.G. 5 DIM THEORY OF REAL SCALAR FIELD

$$S = \int d^4x dy \left[\frac{1}{2} \partial_A \phi \cdot \partial^A \phi - V(\phi) \right]$$



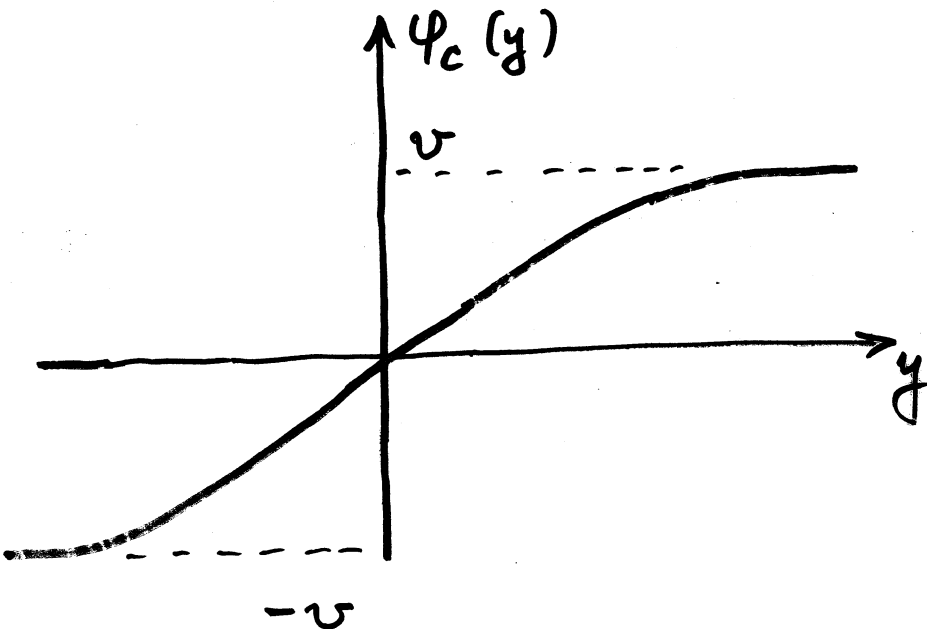
VACUA: $\phi = v$
 $\phi = -v$

$$V(\phi) = \lambda^{(5)} (\phi^2 - v^2)^2$$

FIELD EQUATION: $\partial_A \partial^A \phi + \frac{\partial V}{\partial \phi} = 0$

DOMAIN WALL SOLUTION: depends only on y

$$\phi_c = \phi_c(y) = v \tanh(\sqrt{2\lambda^{(5)}} v y) \quad \text{kink}$$



BREAKS
 TRANSLATION
 ALONG y ;
 DOES NOT
 BREAK 4D
 LORENTZ-INV.

SCALAR MODES:

$$\varphi(x, y) = \varphi_c(y) + \delta\varphi(x, y)$$

LINEARIZED FIELD EQUATION

$$\partial_A \partial^A (\delta\varphi) + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial \varphi^2} [\varphi = \varphi_c] \cdot \delta\varphi = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \Downarrow \\ \partial_\mu \partial^\mu - \partial_y^2 \\ \delta\varphi = e^{i p_\mu x^\mu} \delta\varphi_m(y) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \Uparrow \\ U(y), \text{ POTENTIAL} \\ \text{WELL} \end{array}$$

$$p_\mu p^\mu \equiv m^2 : 4 \text{ dim. mass}$$

$$m^2 \delta\varphi_m = [-\partial_y^2 + U(y)] \delta\varphi_m$$

• Zero mode: $m^2 = 0$

$$\delta\varphi_0(y) = \varphi_c'(y) \propto \frac{1}{\cosh(\sqrt{2\lambda^{(5)}} y)}$$

Our particles localized on a brane,
traveling along the brane with speed of light.

NB: translational zero mode (modulus)



VIBRATIONS OF THE BRANE.

Higher modes

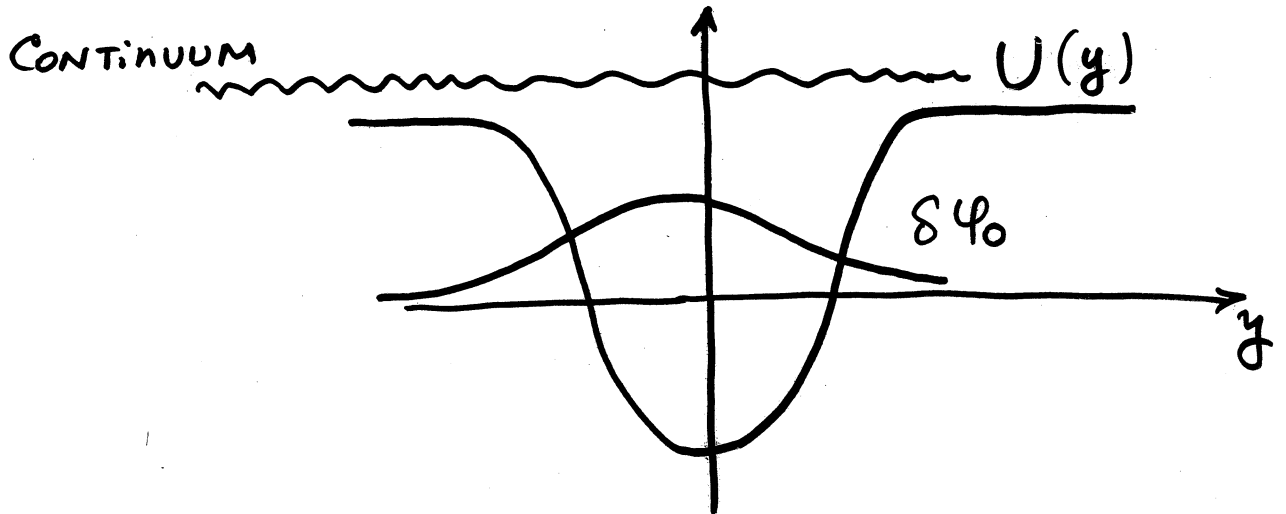
- DISCRETE, $m \sim \sqrt{\lambda^{(5)}} \cdot v$

"excited electrons", still traveling along the brane

- CONTINUUM: STARTS AT

$$m_{\text{cont}} = \sqrt{8 \lambda^{(5)}} v$$

Particles moving out to $y \rightarrow \pm\infty$



Particles escaping THE BRANE \Leftrightarrow missing energy,

$e^+e^- \rightarrow$ NOTHING

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma +$ NOTHING

\uparrow SINGLE

THRESHOLD EFFECT

APPARENT ENERGY NONCONSERVATION
PARTICLE POSSIBLE TO EMIT INTO BULK

ARRANGE PARAMETERS: $\sqrt{\lambda^{(5)}} v > \text{TeV}$

NO FIRM PREDICTION FOR THRESHOLD ENERGY...

BUT KEEP AN EYE

LOCALIZED FERMIONS

SAME KINK BACKGROUND, BUT INCLUDE
5-dim. FERMIONS

5-dim. gamma matrices Γ^A ,

$$\{\Gamma^A, \Gamma^B\} = \gamma^{AB}$$

Minimal choice: 4×4 matrices,

$$\begin{aligned} \Gamma^\mu &= \gamma^\mu \\ \Gamma^5 &= -i\gamma^5 \end{aligned} \quad \begin{array}{l} \nearrow \\ \searrow \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{4-dim.} \\ \text{4-dim.} \end{array}$$

Fermion = 4-column,
like in 4-dim.

Choose fermion action

$$S_\Psi = \int d^4x dy (i \bar{\Psi} \Gamma^A \partial_A \Psi - h \Psi \bar{\Psi} \Psi)$$

DIRAC EQUATION IN KINK BACKGROUND

$$i \Gamma^A \partial_A \Psi - h \varphi_c(y) \Psi = 0$$

AGAIN, SPECTRUM 4dim. LORENTZ-INVARIANT

4-dim. MASSLESS MODE:

$$i \gamma^\mu \partial_\mu \Psi_0 = 0$$

\Downarrow

$$i \Gamma^5 \partial_5 \Psi_0 \equiv \gamma^5 \partial_y \Psi_0 = h \varphi_c(y) \Psi_0$$

UNIQUE SOLUTION

$$\gamma^5 \Psi_0 = \pm \Psi_0$$

$$\Psi_0 \propto e^{\pm \int_0^y h \psi_c(y') dy'}$$

$$\hookrightarrow e^{\pm h v |y|} \quad \text{as } |y| \rightarrow \infty$$

NORMALIZABLE ZERO MODE: LEFT-HANDED

$$\gamma^5 \Psi_0 = - \Psi_0$$

$$\Psi_0(x, y) = e^{- \int_0^y h \psi_c(y') dy'} \Psi_L(x)$$

↑
 MASSLESS 4-DIM. FERMION
 CHIRAL (BONUS)
 TRAVELS ALONG BRANE.

NO ACCIDENT:

INDEX THEOREMS \Rightarrow CHIRAL FERMION
 ZERO MODES IN BACKGROUNDS OF
 TOPOLOGICAL DEFECTS.

SCALARS AND FERMIONS ARE EASY
 TO LOCALIZE

MORE THAN ONE EXTRA DIMENSIONS

- ABRIKOSOV-NIELSEN-OLESEN STRING (COSMIC STRING) in (5+1) dim.
- 't Hooft - Polyakov monopole in (6+1)-dim
- NONCOMMUTATIVE SOLITONS, D-BRANES

LOCALIZING GAUGE FIELDS: NOT AS STRAIGHTFORWARD.

Suppose THERE WERE ZERO MODE of gauge field,
 $A^{(0)}(y)$

4-dim. EFFECTIVE INTERACTION WOULD BE
PROPORTIONAL TO OVERLAP

$$\int dy \Psi_0^+(y) A_0(y) \Psi_0(y)$$

Generally, depends on shape of $\Psi_0(y)$



CHARGE UNIVERSALITY NOT GUARANTEED

But NON-ABELIAN GAUGE THEORIES MUST OBEY
CHARGE UNIVERSALITY!

WAYS OUT:

- A. ZERO MODES ALL HAVE SAME SHAPES
 - NONCOMMUTATIVE SOLITONS
 - ⇕
 - D-BRANES WITHIN D-BRANES

B. $A^{(0)}$ INDEPENDENT OF y

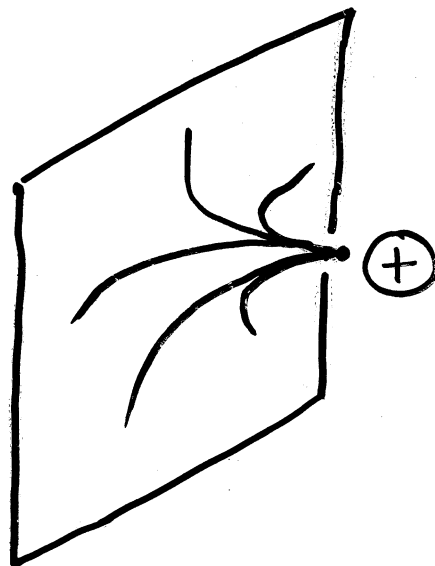
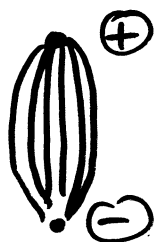
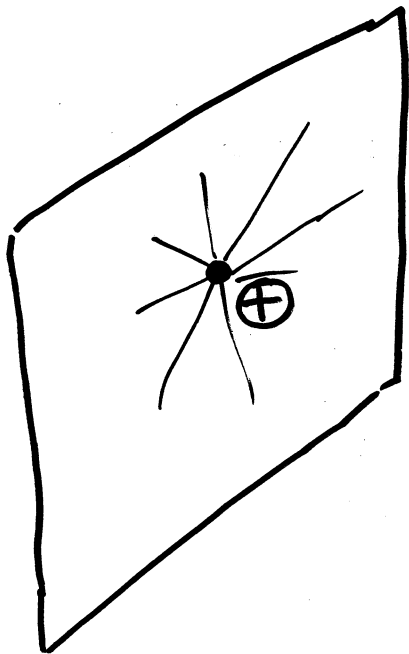
⇓

OVERLAP = $\int dy \Psi_0^+ \Psi_0 = 1$

- WARPED BULK, $A^{(0)} = \text{const}$
NORMALIZABLE

Ⓒ NO GAUGE FIELDS IN BULK
AT ALL

- Confinement in bulk, no confinement on brane



Same Coulomb field on brane, irrespectively of position of charge in bulk.

↓
charge universality.

PHENOMENOLOGY DIFFERENT:

A, Ⓒ: CHARGE CONSERVATION ON BRANE

B: (APPARENT) CHARGE
NON-CONSERVATION FOR
BRANE-BASED OBSERVER.

$e^- \rightarrow$ NOTHING.

Ⓓ GAUGE FIELDS LIVE IN BULK.
BULK IS COMPACT. BACK TO KALUZA-KLEIN.