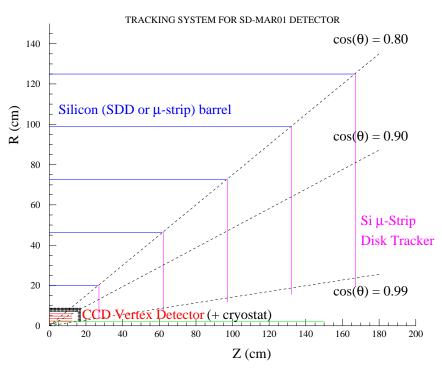
#### Pattern Recognition Studies for a Silicon Outer Tracker

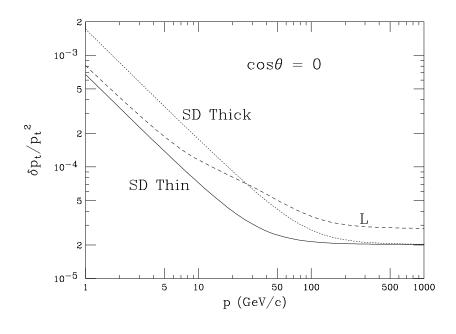
Steve Wagner, SLAC

- One version of the SiD barrel outer tracker has 5 single-sided layers of Si  $(R_i=(20,\,46.25,\,72.5,\,98.75,\,125)$  cm) in 5 Tesla field
- I call this the SOD, mostly to keep people from confusing it with other versions of the SiD outer tracker which have  $some_{\varkappa}^{\circ}$  100 z information, ranging from almost as good as the  $r\phi$  measurement (Si drift, z strips) to good-but-not-great (smallangle stereo)



## Why a Si Outer Tracker?

- The version of the SOD I've done the most studies on has long ladders. Each barrel is split at z=0 and read out at each end
- The driving force for this detector is excellent momentum resolution for charged tracks (see plot below and various talks by Bruce Schumm)
- But to many people this seems like too minimal an outer tracker
- Backgrounds and other tracks pile up, making pattern recognition problematic. I said I'd spend some time and see if the problem was tractable
- A new variant of the SOD has recently appeared. Each 10 cm long wafer on a ladder is readout separately

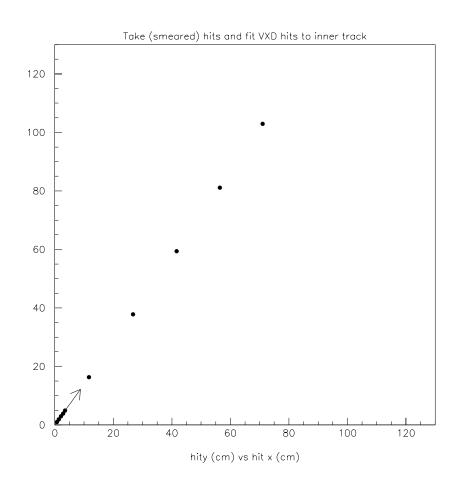


#### What's been done so far?

- All other SiD studies I know of have been done for 3D outer detectors
- Vladimir Rykov at the Santa Cruz workshop (outer tracker similar to a 5-layer Si drift detector)
- Norman Graf at September 26, 2002 SLAC LC meeting (inner CCD detector and tracks projected out to outer, 3D endcap detector)
- I've been working for  $\sim 6$  months (part time). Started out learning java, writing stand-alone pat rec, finding  $K_s^0$  in (pristine) SOD
- Was convinced more immediate problem was just extending inner tracks into fully occupied SOD
- I'm don't have a huge amount of time to sink into writing pat rec for a detector that may never be built (steal or reuse as much as possible)
- Report to the SLAC 2PM Friday SiD Tracking meeting about once a month. All trivial first steps, mistakes can be found at http://www.slac.stanford.edu/~stevew/nlc.html
   Will not repeat most of that here

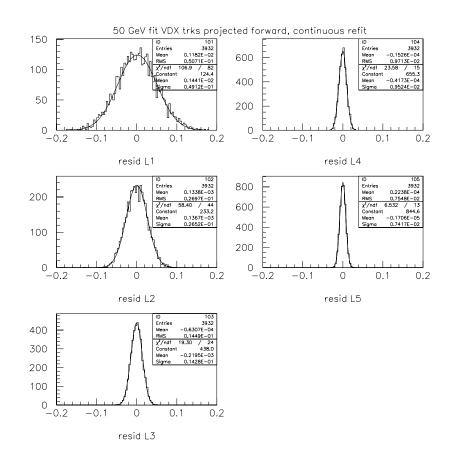
#### $p_T = 50$ GeV Track in Quadrant of SOD

- Working in JAS using SDJan03
  MC data (and just ignoring the z info that's there for SOD hits)
- MC simulation includes resolution, scattering and E-loss (deltas), interactions (inc. calorimeter splash-back), decays
- Take trks found and (helix) fit in VXD and project out to SOD
- Add (closest) hit and refit trk at each SOD layer



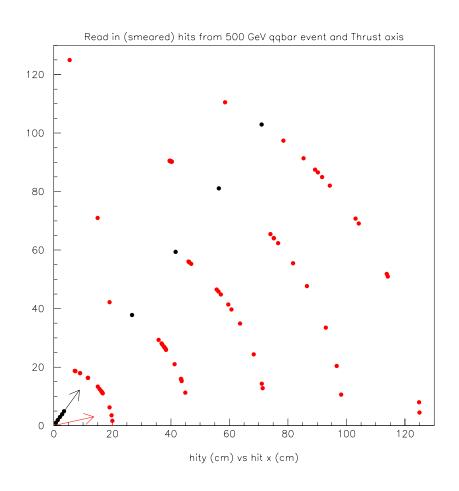
### Adding SOD Hits to Projected VXD Tracks

- 50 GeV/c tracks (shown) gobble up SOD hits, get better as they go out ( $\sigma_{resid}=490~\mu{\rm m}$  at L1 to  $\sigma_{resid}=74~\mu{\rm m}$  at L5)
- Will only get a little better with full Kalman fits
- Run it on clean tracks (1 and 50  $\,$  GeV/c  $\,$   $p_T$ ) projected out and projected back; picks up all hits and fits correctly
- But no one really cares about tracking in trivial evts



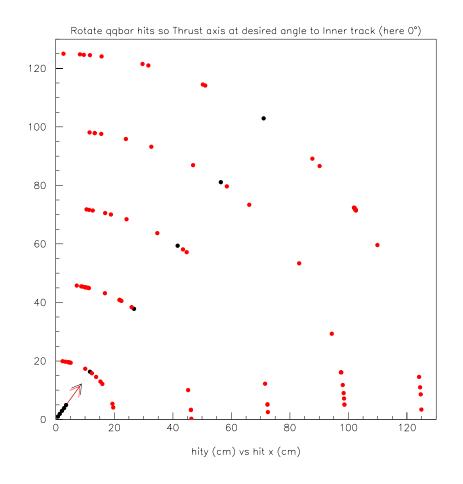
## Mix in Hits from $\sqrt{s}=500$ GeV $q\overline{q}$ Events

- Write out hits and T(hrust) axis for  $\sqrt{s} = 500$  GeV  $q\overline{q}$  evts if T axis of evt in SOD barrel.
- 1810 evts to work with, about
  45 hits in each SOD layer
- ullet Read in hits from  $q\overline{q}$  evts, rotate them in  $\phi$  so T axis is a pre-determined angle from probe track
- Mix together SOD hits for probe trk and  $q\overline{q}$  hits. Probe trk hits flagged, but only inspected after all pat rec is over



## Rotate $q\overline{q}$ hits so Thrust Axis at Set Angle to Probe Track

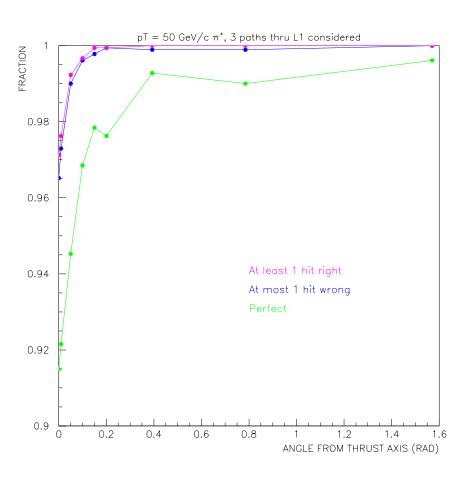
- Allows to scan eff measurement from more problematic regions (T axis approx center of jet) to easiest (90° from T axis)
- Change pat rec algorithm to make 3 trial trks using 3 closest hits in SOD L1. Past L1 the trials pick up closest hit in each layer and continuously refit. Trials often share hits past L1 (no poisoning except in L1)



- Pick final trk on  $\chi^2/dof$
- Also throw preference for more hits into arbitration process (reject L2-L5 duplicates which achieve lower  $\chi^2/dof$  because no additional L1 hits available)

#### Use 3 Closest Hits in SOD L1 for Trial Trajectories

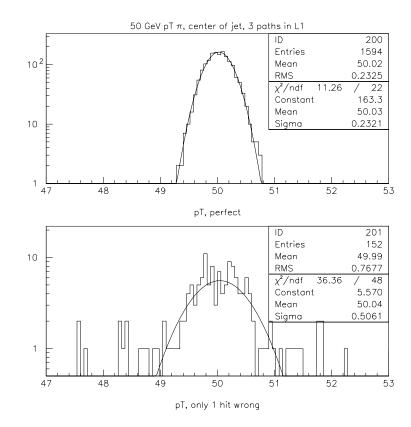
- For green curve, require found trk have all its correct hits (be "perfect")
- The blue curve is where at most 1 hit in SOD is wrong. Often call trks where 1 hit is wrong "close;" blue curve is perfect+close
- Purple curve is trks where at least 1 hit in SOD is right - area above purple curve is fraction at that angle (to T axis) where all SOD hits are wrong



ullet VDX trk has latched onto wrong trk in SOD here. VDX trk (short stub) does not have great momentum resolution for high  $p_T$  trks

## Close Tracks Not Really That Bad

- Tracks with 4/5 SOD hits right still have all 5 VXD hits right
- Momentum resolution for these trks is about a factor of 3 worse if track is high  $p_T$
- ullet These are the sort of occurrences that give us unwanted but always observed "tails" on our measured  $p_T$  resolution, but still usable (and used) trks



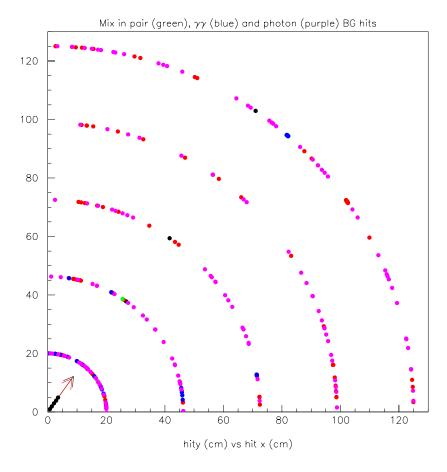
• A  $\chi^2$  comparator to MC truth would consider most of the close trks properly found - I will also, but I won't consider trks with  $\geq 2/5$  SOD hits wrong properly found

# **Future Project: Hit Arbitration**

- And at least so far, there's another real trk that wants (produced) the bad hit on the "close" trk, and the correct hit for this trk is also close by hit can be arbitrated away later in pat rec to lower global  $\chi^2$
- This is also the case where it's latched on to completely wrong trks (1-purple curve); there's another trk that wants all those hits
- Approx 60% of time next best trial to completely bad trk is correct "perfect" trk,  $\chi^2$  a little worse; approx 20% of time next best is correct "close" trk

### Mix in Pair, $\gamma\gamma$ and Photon BGs

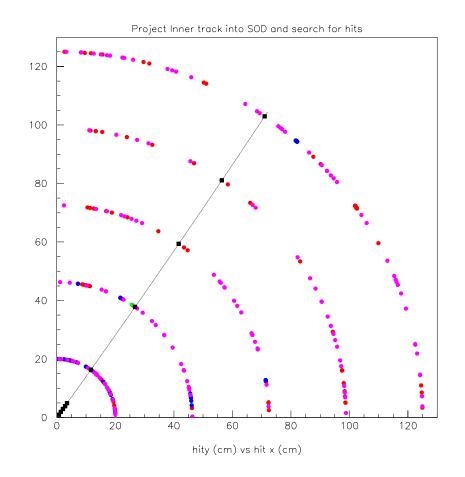
- Hits generated are for 1/2 of barrel - VXD trks have excellent z resolution and know which 1/2 of the SOD they're pointing into
- Take pair and  $\gamma\gamma$  interactions from old files; mix in enough of each to get specific occupancy in L1 correct (as call by Takashi Maruyama and shown by John Jaros Tuesday)



- Add in photons (random salt-and-pepper) and dial in enough to match correct total occupancy in each layer
- Total occ per layer for split SOD is (0.83,0.27,0.15,0.10,0.08)%
- ullet Dominated by photon BGs  $\gamma\gamma$  and pairs only significant in L1

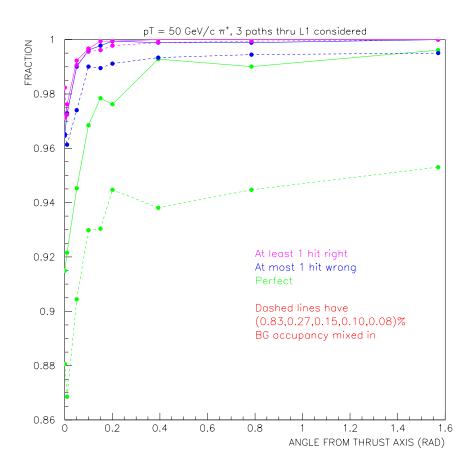
# Project inner trk to SOD and try to pick up correct hits

- Same algorithm as before
- For this evt, it was easy. It's a perfect trk all the way out
- Next best trial trk has  $\chi^2$  factor of  $5\times 10^5$  worse, 2 bad hits (and 3 good ones, shared with best trial track)
- But not all this easy



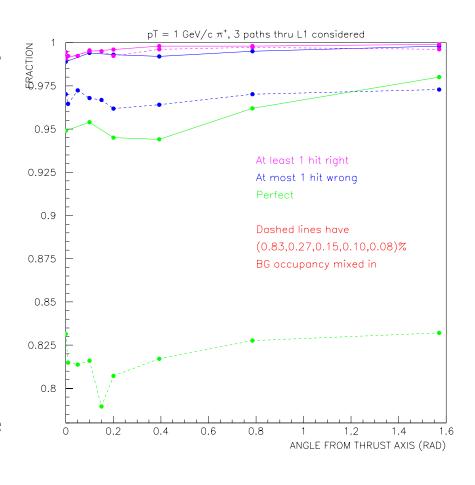
### Effect of Full BGs on 50 GeV Tracks

- Solid curves are for only  $q\overline{q}$  evt overlaid (shown earlier), dashed curves are with full BGs mixed in also
- Noticeable effect on "perfect" eff, but "perfect+close" eff > 99% over most of solid angle; "wrong trk" effect still dominates ineff near jet core



### Effect of Full BGs on $p_T=1$ GeV Tracks

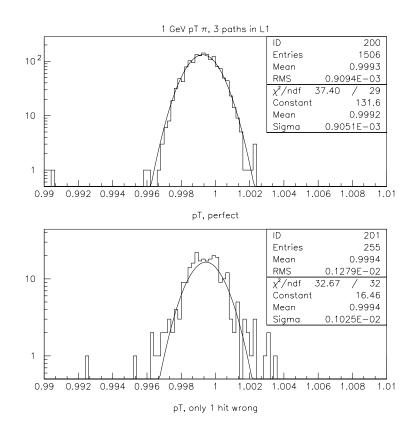
- Eff more uniform for  $q\overline{q}$  evts without BG, but not as high outside jet. May just be an unoptimized windows
- But effect of BG is quite dramatic, especially on "perfect" trks
- Pattern of bad hits is different here (with BGs) than elsewhere. Usually it's L1 bad; here mostly L5 bad



- 1 GeV  $p_T$  trks almost don't exit SOD; they enter L5 at a very steep angle, and have lots of BG to pick from in L5
- Here's probably the one place a full Kalman extrapolator, which I haven't written yet, would really help

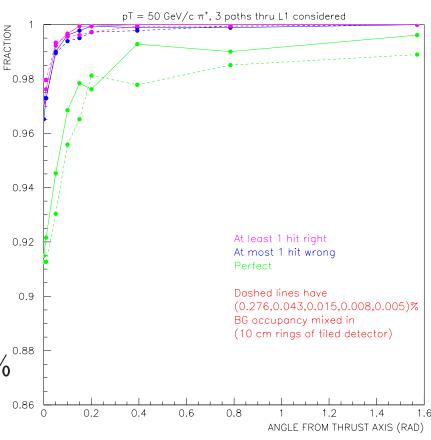
## But Close $p_T = 1$ GeV Tracks are Pretty Good

- ullet Picked-up bad hit (mostly in L5) doesn't effect 1 GeV  $p_T$  trk as much as high  $p_T$  trk
- $p_T$  res only degraded 20-30%, probably worse when full Kalman fit done



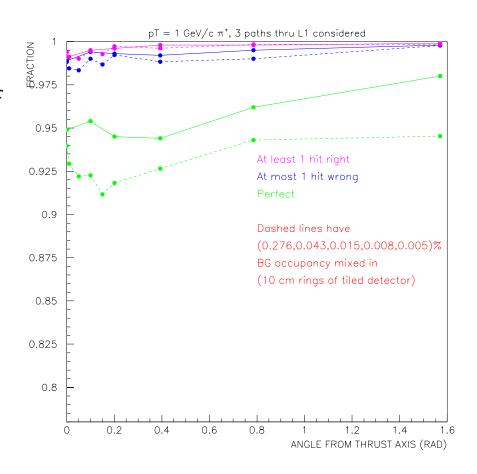
### Effect of Tiling SOD on $p_T=50$ GeV Tracks

- Concept is to read out each 10 cm x 10 cm wafer separately rather than chain them together in half-barrels
- Number of BG hits remains the same, but number of strips really increases
- Occupancy now (0.276,0.043,0.015,0.008,0.005)%
- Effs return to near what they were with only  $q\overline{q}$  hits mixed in



# Effect of Tiling SOD on $p_T=1$ GeV Tracks

- Really helps lower  $p_T$  trks
- Occupancy reduced a factor of 16.7 in L5



# **Conclusions**

- If willing to define eff as  $\geq 9/10$  hits correct (> 90% of trks have ideal res, < 10% slightly degraded), then eff > 98.5% for tiled detector across jet, indep of p, except for high  $p_T$  trks in core of jet (< 50 mrad), where eff drops to > 96.5%
- Timing info (limiting BGs to approx 4 crossings rather than 192) probgets us back near no BG case (or to tiled effs if timing used by no tiling)
- Dip at  $0^o$  to T axis swapping real trk SOD hits (or whole SOD trks) between VXD trks. If carry around multiple viable candidate trks with hits, should be able to arbitrate most/all of effect away (not proven yet)
- Effect overestimated anyway, as probe trk not subject to momentum conservation of entire  $q\overline{q}$  evt not as many dual high  $p_T$  trks near jet core in real world

### **Future Studies**

- Lots more things to try (10 yrs, lots of smart people writing pat rec), but hit adding to inner trks viable with current SOD  $at\ full\ BGs$
- Back to seeing if, once cleaned of SOD hits belonging to inner trks, stand-alone pat rec  $(K_s^0, ...)$  in SOD viable with tiled, timed detector
- Also need to repeat tests with more realistic hit simulation (coming soon)