

# A Program of Hadron Spectroscopy with STAR

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<http://www.phy.bnl.gov/~e852/reviews.html>

# Plan of Talk

- Introduction:

A brief overview of exotic mesons( $J^{PC} = 1^{-+}$ )

- Current Status of the Photon-Pomeron Fusion Process

$Au + Au \rightarrow Au^{(*)} + Au^{(*)} + \rho^0, \quad \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$

“4-prong” trigger  $X(J^{PC} = 0^{+-}, 2^{+-}) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

## Future Plans

- Roman Pots for Double-Pomeron Fusion Process

$p + p \rightarrow p + p + X, \quad X(J^{PC} = 1^{-+}, 3^{-+}) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

## A Preliminary Conceptual Design

- Conclusions and Future Prospects

# Definition: Exotic Mesons

- Conventional  $q\bar{q}$  mesons

$$\vec{J} = \vec{L} + \vec{S}, P = (-)^{L+1}, C = (-)^{L+S};$$

Forbidden  $J^{PC} = 0^{--}, 0^{+-}, 1^{-+}, 2^{+-}, 3^{-+}$ , etc.

- Exotic mesons:

$n\bar{n} + g$ ,  $n = \{u, d\}$ , mass  $\sim 1.9$  GeV with  $J^{PC} = 1^{-+}$  as the lightest meson

$n\bar{n} + n\bar{n}$ ; 4-quark exotics

- Notation for Exotic Mesons: The key determinant is  $\{PC\}$ , e.g.

$I^G(J^{PC})$	$1^-(0^{-+})$	$0^+(0^{-+})$	$1^-(1^{-+})$	$0^+(1^{-+})$
Name	$\pi$	$\eta$	$\pi_1(1400)$	$\eta_1(1400?)$

$I^G(J^{PC})$	$1^+(1^{+-})$	$0^-(1^{+-})$	$1^+(2^{+-})$	$0^-(2^{+-})$
Name	$b_1(1235)$	$h_1(1170)$	$b_2(1900?)$	$h_2(1900?)$

# Exotic Meson (BNL E-852):

Reaction:  $\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta \pi^- p$  at 18 GeV/c,  $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ,  $\sigma(\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \sim 30$  MeV  
 $\sim 47\,200$  events

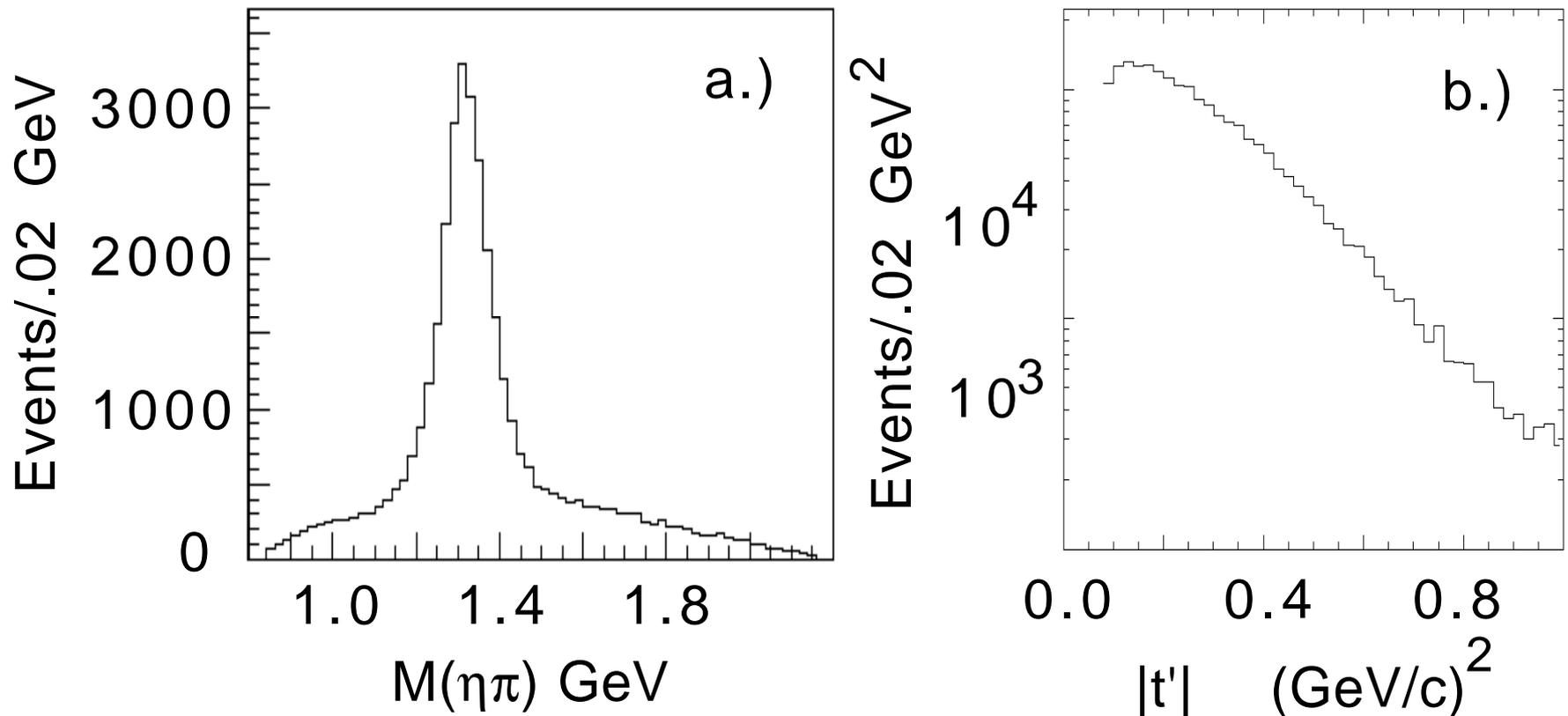


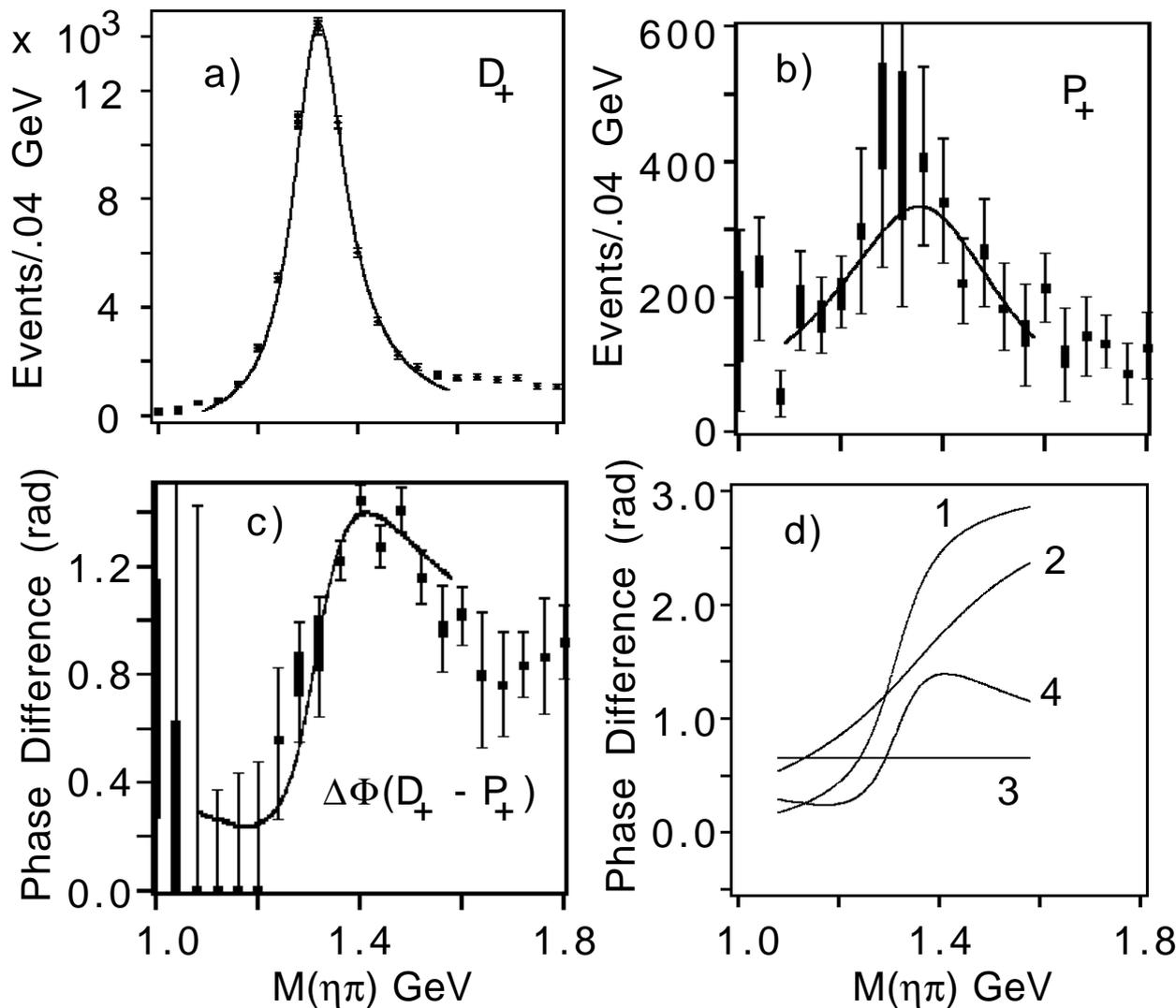
Figure 1

# Exotic Meson (BNL E-852): $\pi_1^-(1400) \rightarrow \eta\pi^-$

Reaction:  $\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta\pi^- p$  at 18 GeV/c,  $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$   
 $\sim 47\,200$  events

$$1^- + 1^+ \eta [{}^P_0] \pi \rightarrow P_+$$

$$2^{++} + 1^+ \eta [{}^D_0] \pi \rightarrow D_+$$



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} M(P_+) = 1370 \pm 16^{+50}_{-30} \\ \Gamma(P_+) = 385 \pm 40^{+65}_{-105} \end{array} \right.$$

PRL 79, 1630 (1997)

PRD 60, 092001 (1999)

Figure 3

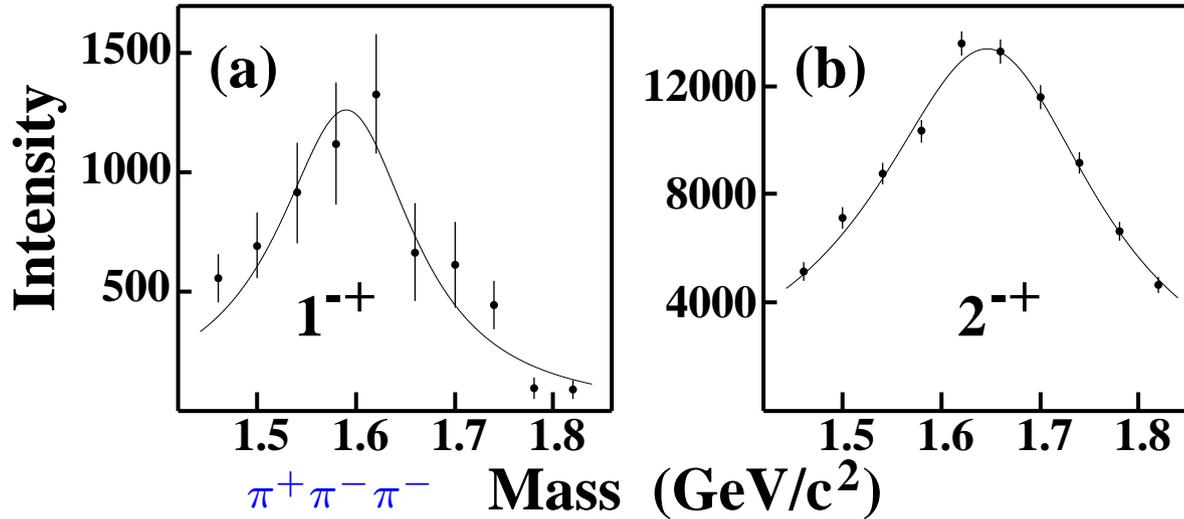
# Exotic Meson (BNL E-852): $\pi_1^-(1600) \rightarrow \rho^0(770)\pi^-, \rho^0(770) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$

Reaction:  $\pi^- p \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^- p$  at 18 GeV/c  
 $\sim 250\,000$  events

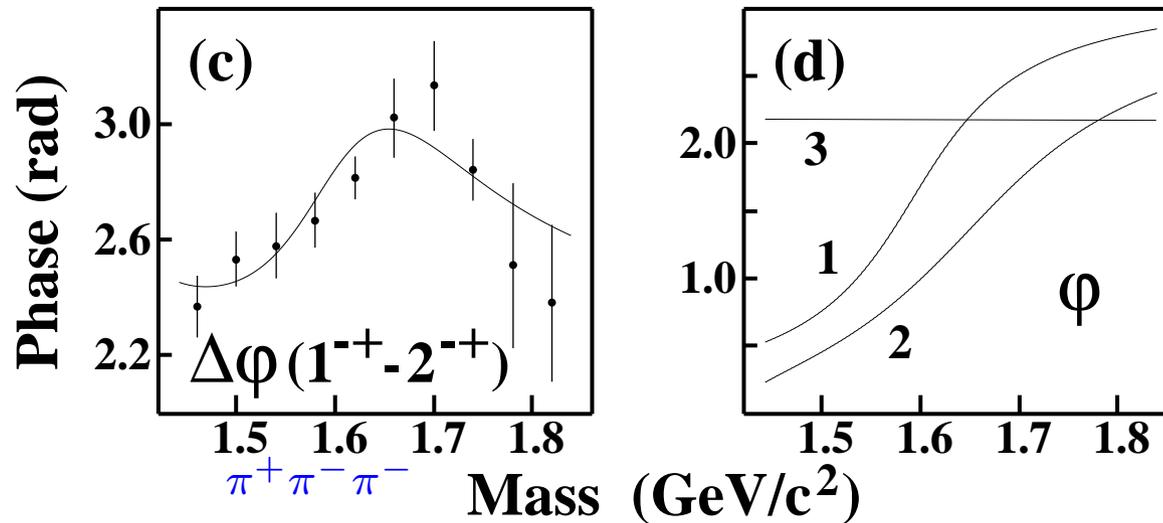
$$1^{-+} 1^+ \rho [P] \pi$$

Partial waves:  $1^{-+} 1^+ \rho(770) [P] \pi, \quad 2^{-+} 0^+ f_2(1270) [S] \pi$

$$2^{++} 0^+ f_2 [S] \pi$$



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} M = 1593 \pm 8 \begin{array}{l} + 29 \\ - 47 \end{array} \\ \Gamma = 168 \pm 20 \begin{array}{l} + 150 \\ - 12 \end{array} \end{array} \right.$$



PRL 81, 5760 (1998)  
 PRD 65, 072001 (2002)

# Exotic Mesons

Three Exotic Mesons from BNL-E852:  $I^G(J^{PC}) = 1^-(1^{-+})$

1.  $\pi_1(1400)$ :  $M \sim 1370$  MeV,  $\Gamma \sim 400$  MeV

$\rightarrow \eta\pi$

$\not\rightarrow \eta'\pi, \rho\pi?, f_1(1285)\pi, b_1(1235)\pi$

$\Rightarrow$  If  $10 \oplus \bar{10}$ , then predict no  $\eta_1(1400)$  partner but  $\rho(1400)$

S. U. Chung, E. Klempt and J. G. Körner,  
Eur. Phys. J. A 15, 539 (2002)

2.  $\pi_1(1600)$ :  $M \sim 1590$  MeV,  $\Gamma \sim 300$  MeV

$\not\rightarrow \eta\pi$

$\rightarrow \eta'\pi, \rho\pi, f_1(1285)\pi, b_1(1235)\pi$

PRL 86, 3977 (2001)

hep-ex/0401004

hep-ex/0405044

3.  $\pi_1(2000)$ :  $M \sim 2000$  MeV,  $\Gamma \sim 300$  MeV (Preliminary)

$\rightarrow f_1(1285)\pi, b_1(1235)\pi$  (Preliminary)

hep-ex/0401004

hep-ex/0405044

# STAR Detector



## Detector (year-by-year)

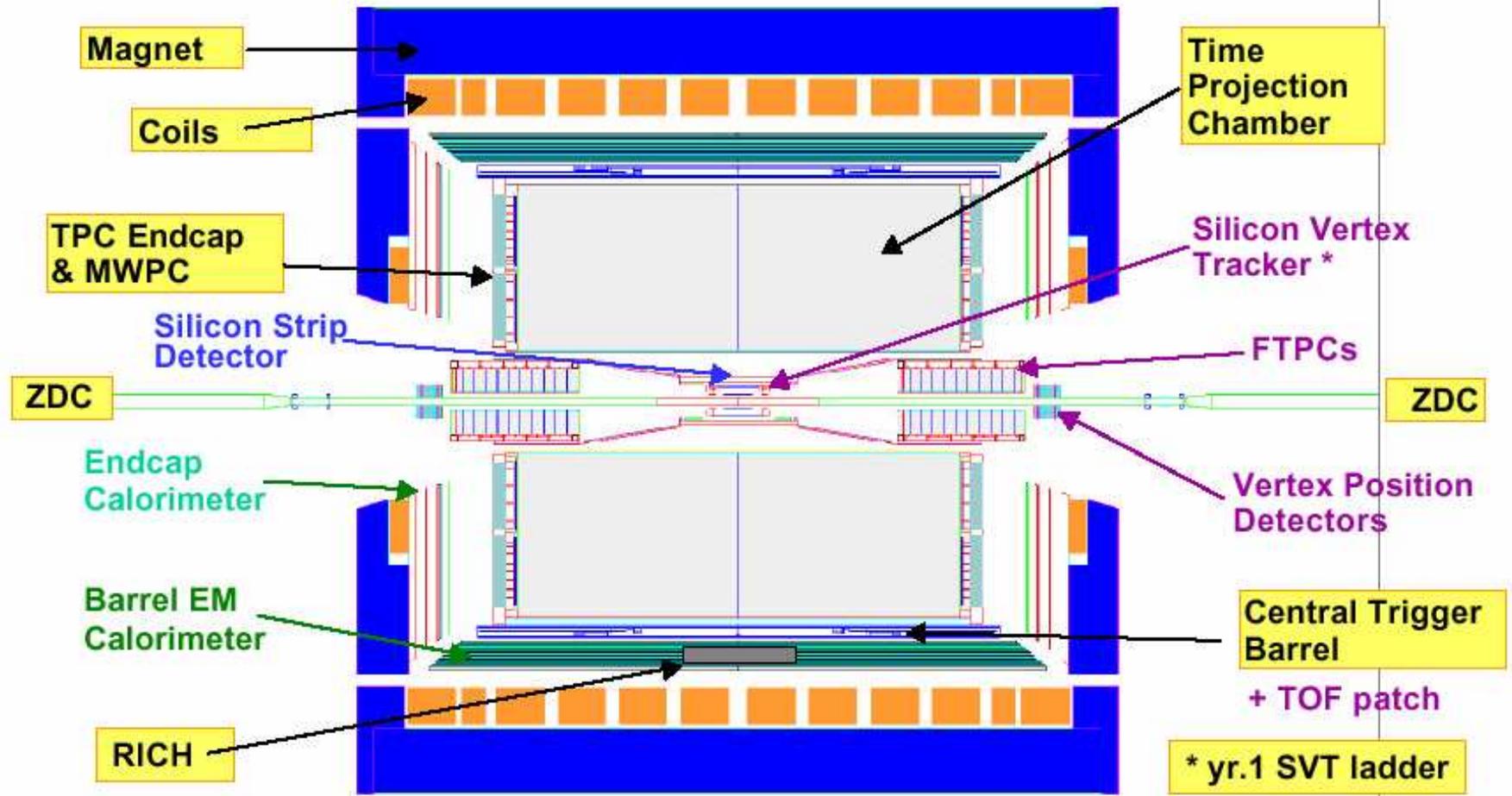
1<sup>st</sup> year detectors

2<sup>nd</sup> year detectors

year-by-year implementation until 2003

installation in 2002

installation in 2003



# Some References of Interest

“RHIC and its Detectors,” Nucl. Instr. and Meth. A 499, 235 (2003)

## A partial list of recent work by the STAR Working Group on ultra-peripheral collisions (the UPC group):

- “Coherent  $\rho^0$  Production in Ultra-Peripheral Heavy-Ion Collisions,”  
nucl-ex/0206004 (2002)  
PRL 89, 272302 (2002)
- “Coherent Vector Meson Production in Ultra-Peripheral Heavy-Ion Collisions  
at STAR,”  
nucl-ex/0210028 (2002)
- “Quantum Interferometry in  $\rho^0$  Production in Ultra-Peripheral Heavy Ion Collisions,”  
nucl-ex/0402007 (2004)
- “Production  $e^+e^-$  Pairs Accompanied by Nuclear Dissociation in Ultra-Peripheral  
Heavy Ion Collisions,”  
nucl-ex/0404012 (2004)

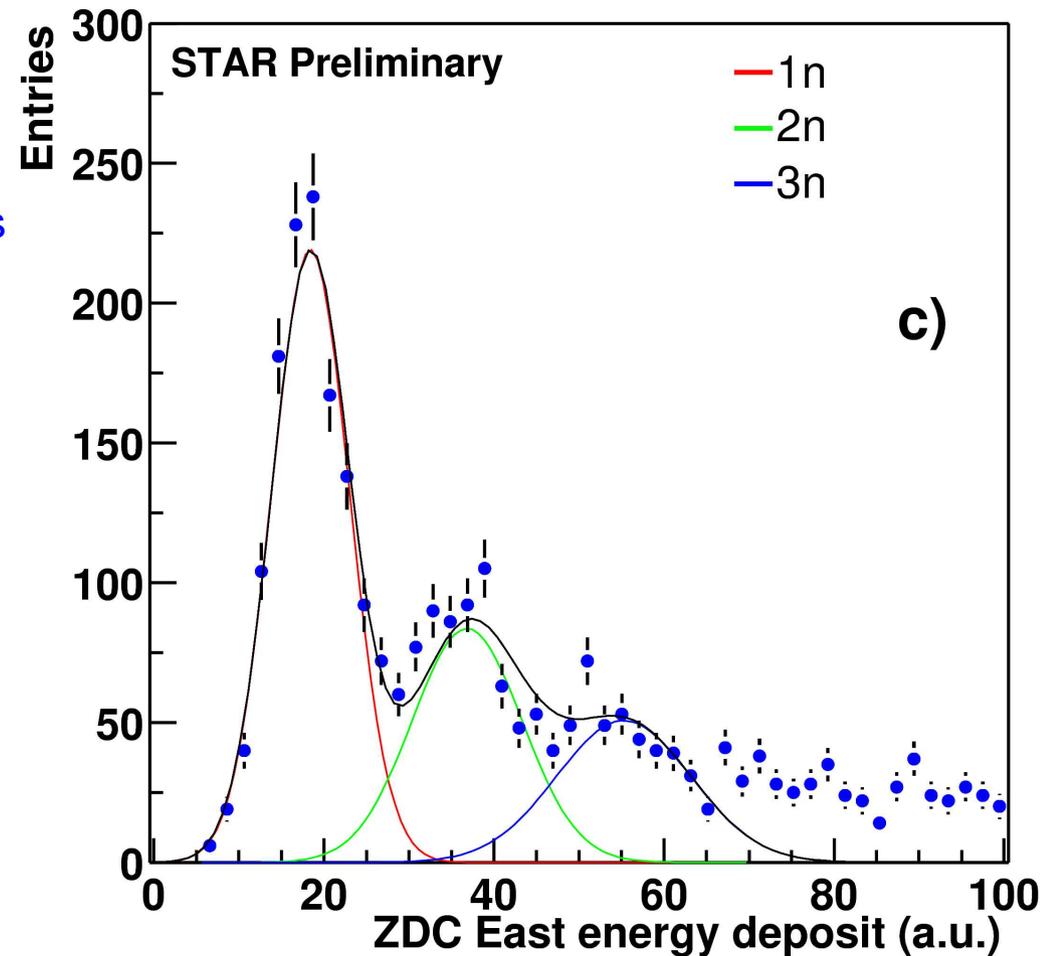
All the figures shown from the STAR data  
have been lifted from the preprints cited above.

# The RHIC zero-degree Calorimeters (ZDCs)

Nucl. Instr. and Meth. A **470**, 488 (2001)

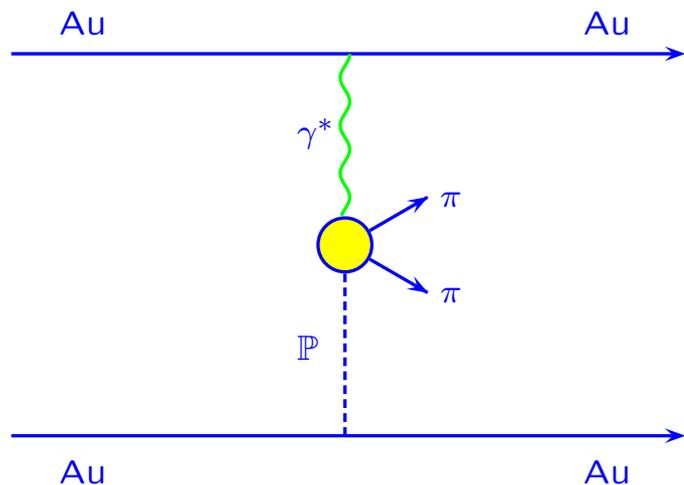
Two calorimeters for each intersection point,  
**18 m** away from the point,  
to detect **neutrons** emitted  
in the beam direction.

Each ZDC:  $10\text{ cm} \times 13.5\text{ cm}$   
Tungsten plates + Optical fibers



# Photon+Pomeron $\rightarrow \rho^0$

Pioneering Work by S. Klein, *et al.* (UPC group): RHIC run in 2000 at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$  GeV  
 Central Trigger Barrel (CTB) in quadrants  
 2-prong trigger  $\Rightarrow$  30 000 events

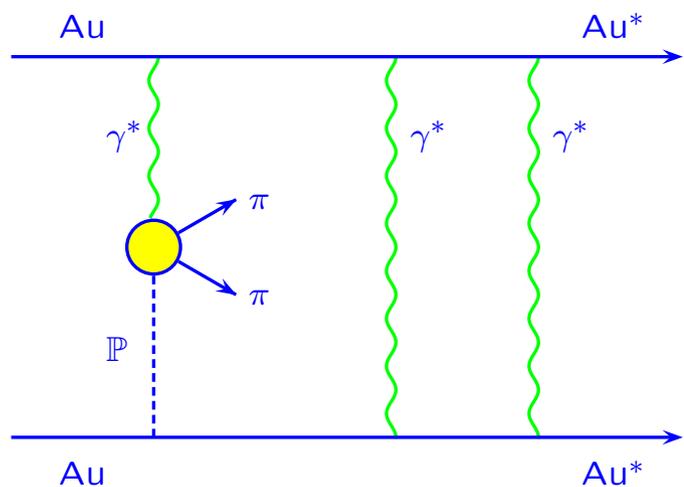


$$\text{Au} + \text{Au} \rightarrow \text{Au} + \text{Au} + \rho^0, \quad \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$$

$$\sigma = 370 \pm 170 \pm 80 \text{ mb}$$

S. Klein, *et al.* (UPC group):

Minimum-Bias Data at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$  GeV  
 Zero-degree Calorimeter (ZDC) in coincidence  
 800 000 events



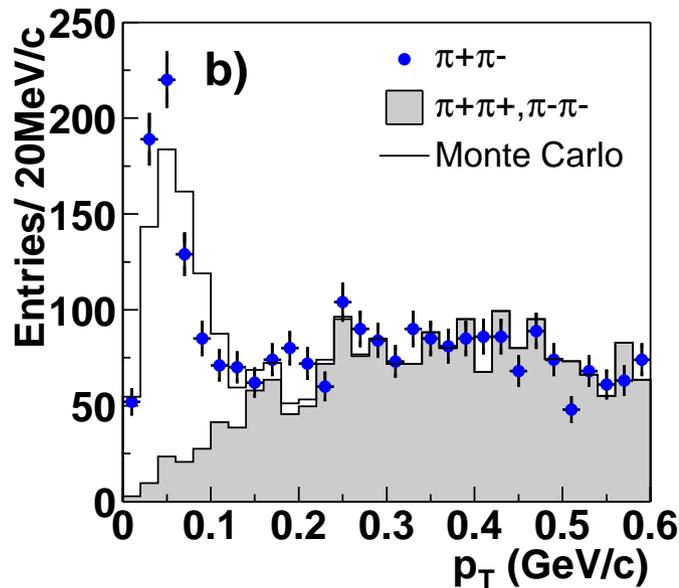
$$\text{Au} + \text{Au} \rightarrow \text{Au}^* + \text{Au}^* + \rho^0, \quad \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$$

$$\sigma = 39.7 \pm 2.8 \pm 9.7 \text{ mb}$$

PRL 89, 272302 (2002)

# Photon+Pomeron $\rightarrow \rho^0$

S. Klein, *et al.* (UPC group):



$\rho^0$  candidates for  $|y_\rho| < 1$

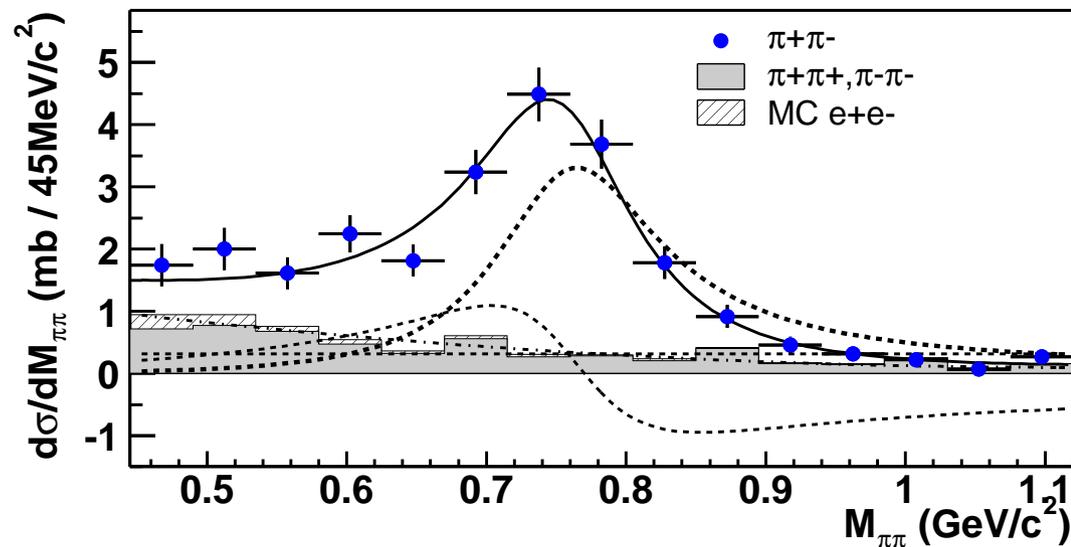
Minimum-Bias Data—(ZDC) Trigger

2-prong trigger similar—not shown

$p_T$  peaked at 50 MeV/c

Like-sign background normalized for  $p_T > 200$  MeV/c

MC  $p_T$  normalized to  $\rho^0$  for  $p_T < 150$  MeV/c



$\rho^0$  candidates for  $|y_\rho| < 1$

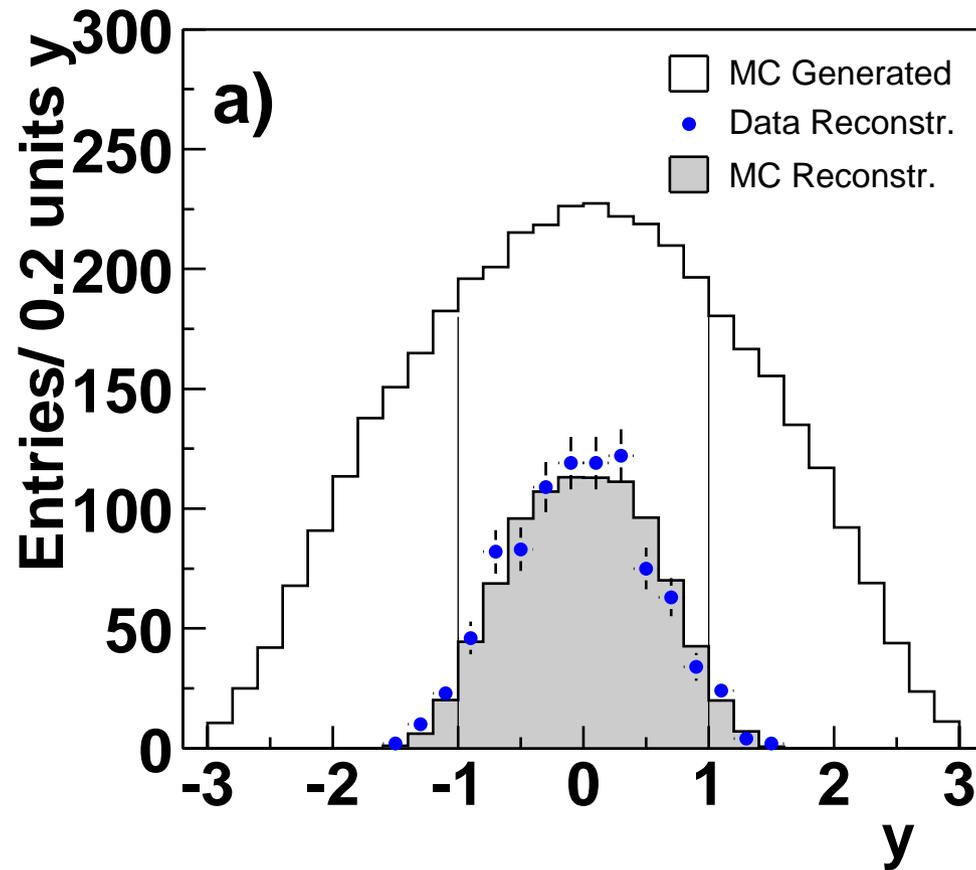
Minimum-Bias Data—(ZDC) Trigger

2-prong trigger similar—not shown

$p_T < 150$  MeV/c

$M$ (MeV)	$\Gamma$ (MeV)
$778 \pm 7$	$148 \pm 14$
$777 \pm 7$	$139 \pm 13$
$773 \pm 7$	$127 \pm 13$

# $\rho^0$ Rapidity Distribution



Minimum-Bias Data—(ZDC) Trigger  
2-prong trigger similar—not shown

# Photon + Pomeron $\rightarrow X \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

$$\text{Au} + \text{Au} \rightarrow \text{Au}^* + \text{Au}^* + X, \quad X \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$$

“4-prong” trigger:

1. Low-multiplicity **neutrons** in the beam line (ZDCs in coincidence)
2. Reject **high-multiplicity** events (with CTB adc)

Total number of triggers (2004) =  $5 \times 10^6$

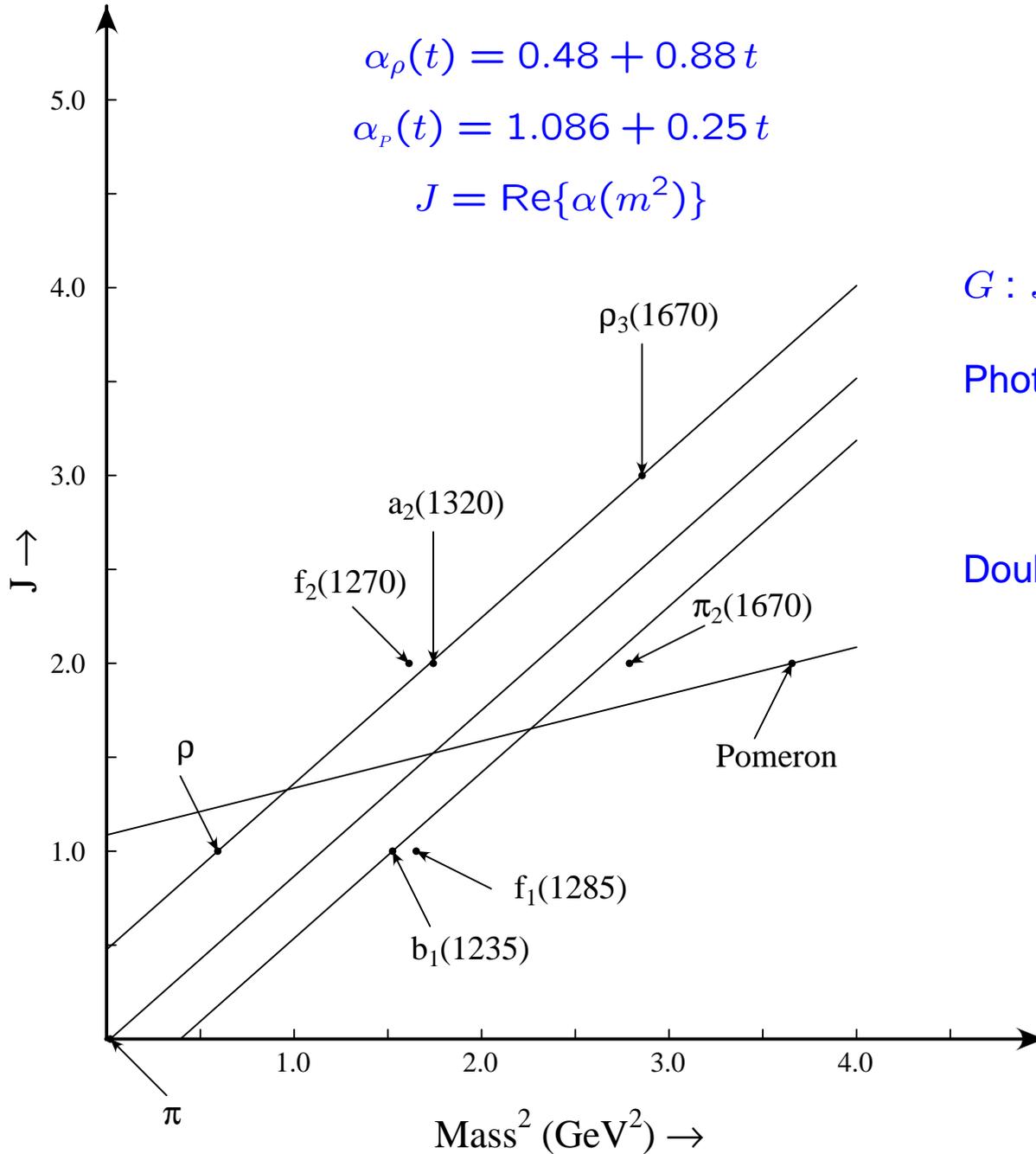
Future: **TOF Pads** for more efficient trigger ?  
**DAQ upgrade** for more efficient data-taking ?

# Regge Trajectories

$$\alpha_\rho(t) = 0.48 + 0.88t$$

$$\alpha_p(t) = 1.086 + 0.25t$$

$$J = \text{Re}\{\alpha(m^2)\}$$



$G : J^{PC} = 2^{++}$  glueball

Photon-Pomeron Fusion Process:

$$\gamma + G \rightarrow X$$

Double-Pomeron Fusion Process:

$$G + G \rightarrow X$$

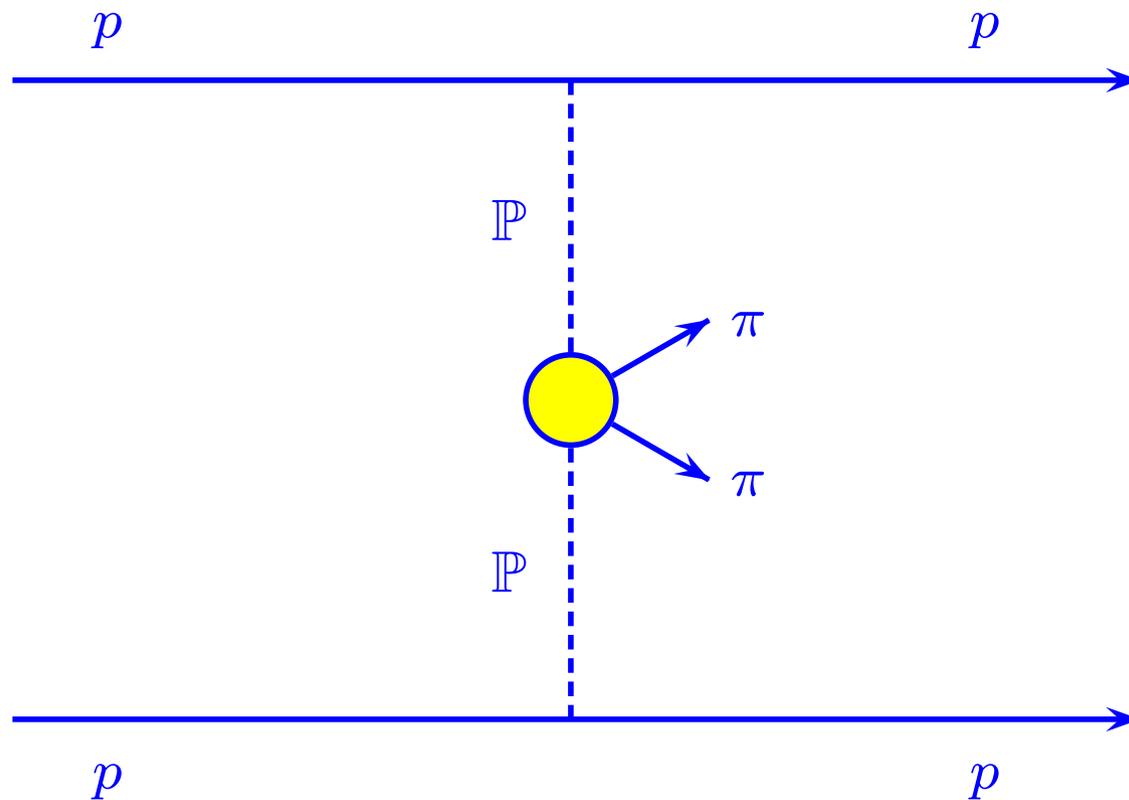
# Allowed Decay Modes of a Meson with $I^G(J^{PC})$

Why Photon+Pomeron  $\rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$  ?

Decay Modes	$I^G(J^{PC})$
$\pi^+\pi^-$	$0^+(0^{++}), 1^+(1^{--}), 0^+(2^{++}), 1^+(3^{--})$
$K^+K^-$	$0^+(0^{++}), 1^-(0^{++}), 0^-(1^{--}), 1^+(1^{--}), 0^+(2^{++}), 1^-(2^{--})$
$\eta \pi, \eta' \pi$	$1^-(1^{-+}), 1^-(3^{-+}), \dots$
$(\rho \pi)^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	$0^-(0^{--}), 1^-(1^{-+}), 0^-(2^{+-}), \dots$
$\rho^0 \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$	$0^+(1^{-+}), \dots$
$\rho^0 f_0(600) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-(\pi\pi)^0$	$1^+(0^{+-}), 1^+(2^{+-}), \dots$
$f_0(600) f_0(600) \rightarrow (\pi\pi)^0 (\pi\pi)^0$	$0^+(0^{++}), 0^+(2^{++}), \dots$

# Pomeron + Pomeron $\rightarrow X \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

$$\begin{aligned} p + p &\rightarrow p + p + X, & X &\rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \\ p + p &\rightarrow p + p + X, & X &\rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$



# Double-Pomeron Fusion Process

If the effective mass of the central system is limited to 1–10 GeV and its rapidity to  $-1 < y < +1$ , then the cross section is estimated to be

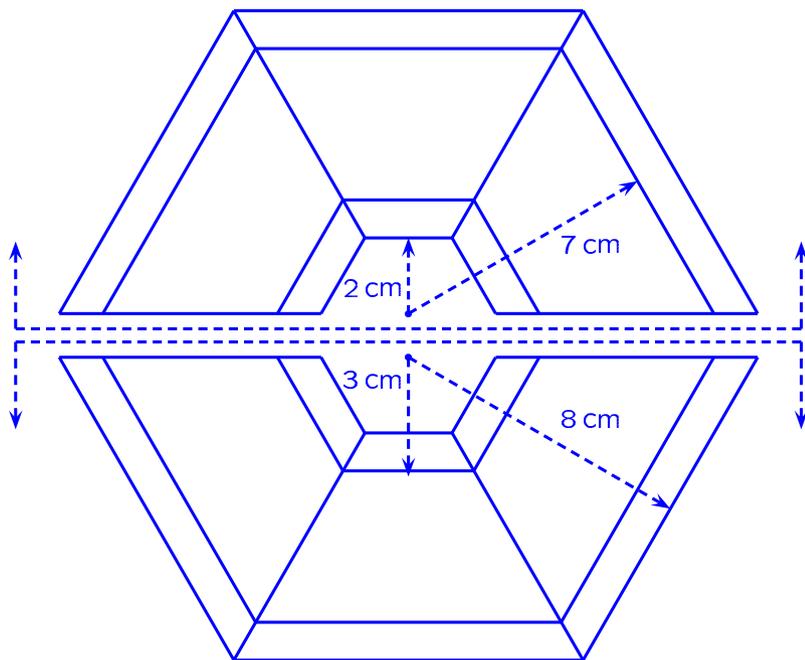
$$\sigma(\mathbb{P} + \mathbb{P}) = 109 \mu\text{b} \quad (2)$$

The counting rate is, assuming the following parameters for a  $p \times p$  run at  $\sqrt{s} = 200 \text{ GeV}$ ,

$$\begin{aligned} & [\mathcal{L} = 10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}] \otimes [\sigma(\mathbb{P} + \mathbb{P}) = 109 \mu\text{b}] \otimes \\ & \otimes [\text{overall acceptance} \sim 0.1\%] \implies IR \simeq 1 \text{ Hz} \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

where the overall acceptance is our rough guess; and the interaction rate ( $IR$ ) does not include the background trigger rate. In a  $p \times p$  run lasting **one month** ( $10^6 \text{ s}$ ), we should accumulate  $\sim 1 \times 10^6$  events.

# Roman Pots



Resolutions:

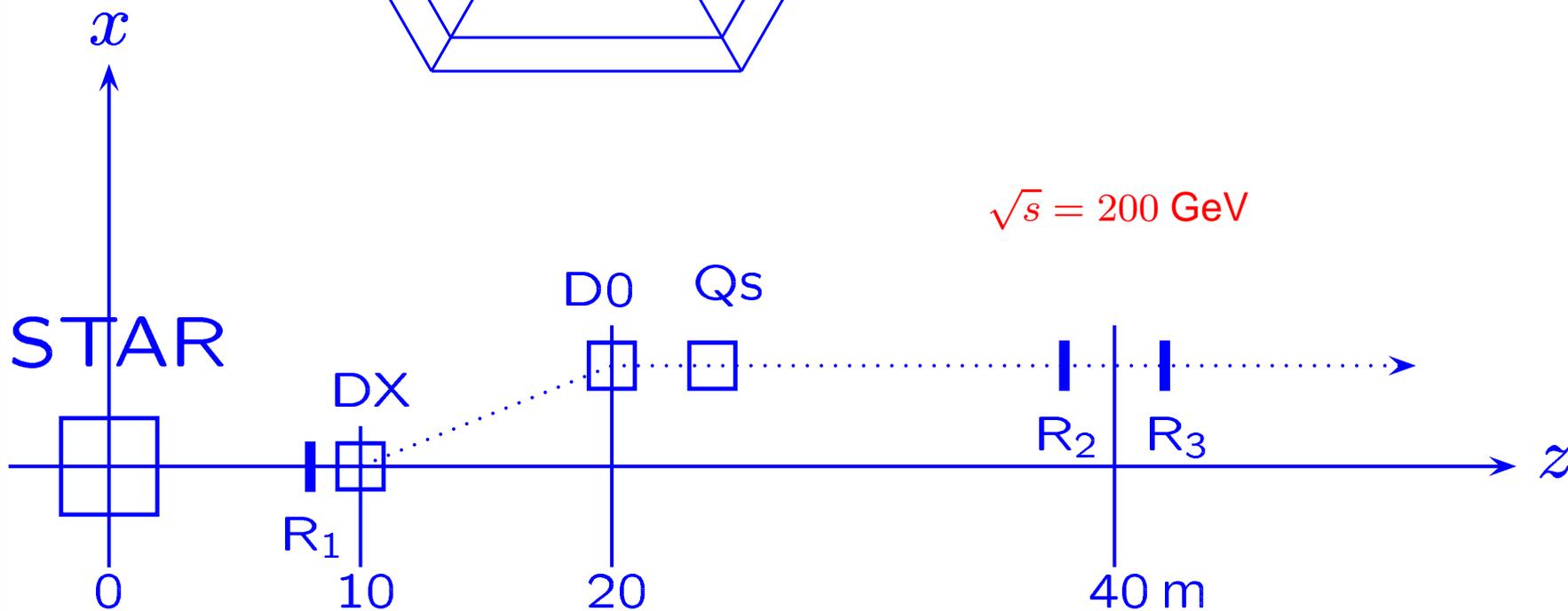
0.2mm (radial)

0.4mm (tangential)

Six Roman Pot Stations:

R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> in front of D0 (A. Bravar)

Total Cost=\$1.0–1.5M ?



# Conclusions and Future Prospects

- Hadron Spectroscopy with STAR:  
An important sector of QCD at RHIC
- Photon-Pomeron Fusion Process:  
 $5 \times 10^6$  triggers on hand  
MC Work on  $X \rightarrow \rho'(1450, 1700) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$  and acceptance studies  
Data processing to start soon
- A more efficient trigger and data-taking for “4-prong events”  
with TOF pads and DAQ upgrade in the future ?

Characteristics of a  $J^{PC} = 0^{+-}, 2^{+-}$  State:

$I^G$	Intermediate States	Final States
$1^+$	$\rho^0(770) f_0(600), a_2^\pm(1320) \pi^\mp$	$\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
$1^+$	$f_0(980) \rho^0(770), f_2'(1525) \rho^0(770)$	$K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
$1^+$	$K^*(890) \bar{K}, K_2^*(1420) \bar{K}, a_2^\pm(1320) \pi^\mp$	$K_S K^\pm \pi^\mp$
$0^-$	$K^*(890) \bar{K}, K_2^*(1420) \bar{K}$	$K_S K^\pm \pi^\mp$
$0^-$	$a_0^0(980) \rho^0(770), a_2^0(1320) \rho^0(770)$	$K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

# Conclusions and Future Prospects

- Double-Pomeron Fusion Process:  
Construct Roman pots in two to three years ?
- Search for  $J^{PC} = 1^{-+}, 3^{-+}$  States:  
Possible Decay Modes:  $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$ ,  $K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-$ ,  $K_S K^\pm \pi^\mp$

## Current and Future Complementary Venue for Hadron Spectroscopy:

- STAR/RHIC/BNL
- COMPASS, IHEP/Protvino, J-PARC (Japan Hadron Facility)
- IHEP/Beijing, BaBar, Belle, CLEO-C, GlueX (Hall D)/JLab
- CDF/Fermilab and D0/Fermilab
- Panda (GSI)/Darmstadt, LHC/CERN