

# Perspectives of QCD at Fermilab

- **Fermilab:** Tevatron, **CDF, D0, MIPP, BTeV**
- Comments on **QCD in Hadron Collisions**
- **Run II Results:** CDF and D0 (from hard to soft)
- The **Future** of QCD at the Tevatron

CDF

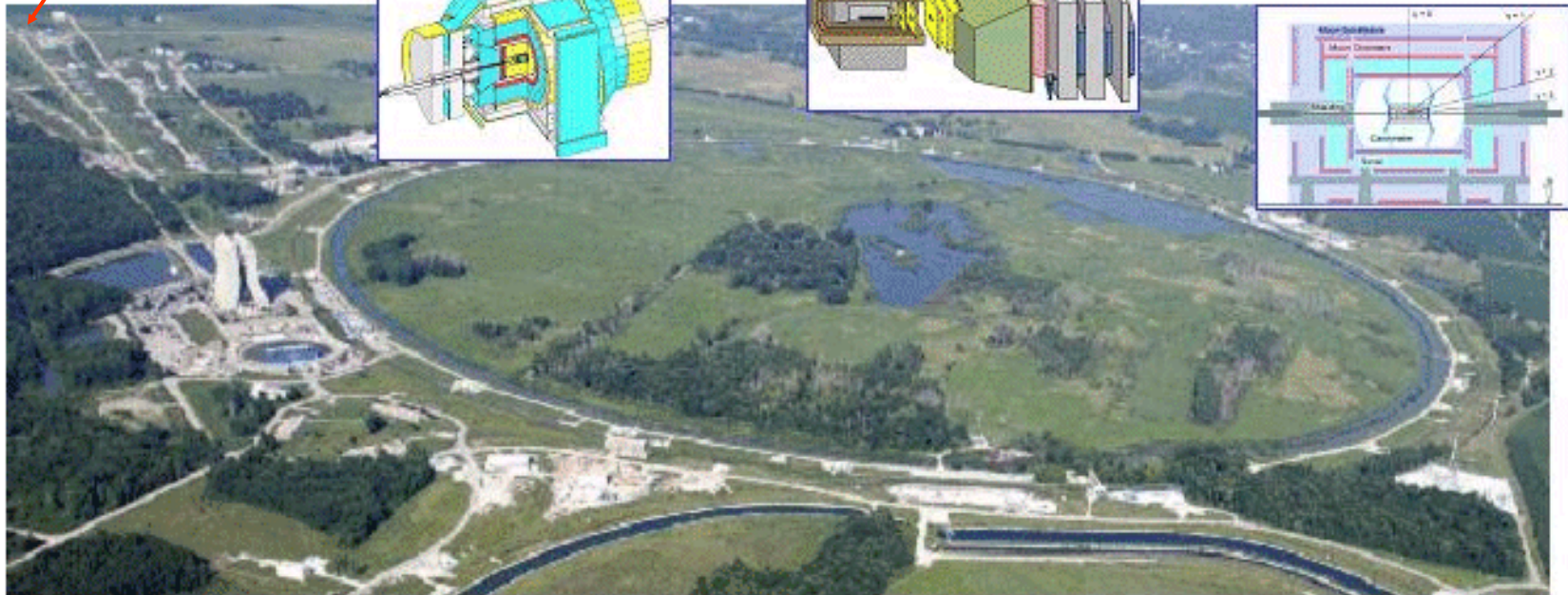
BTeV

MIPP

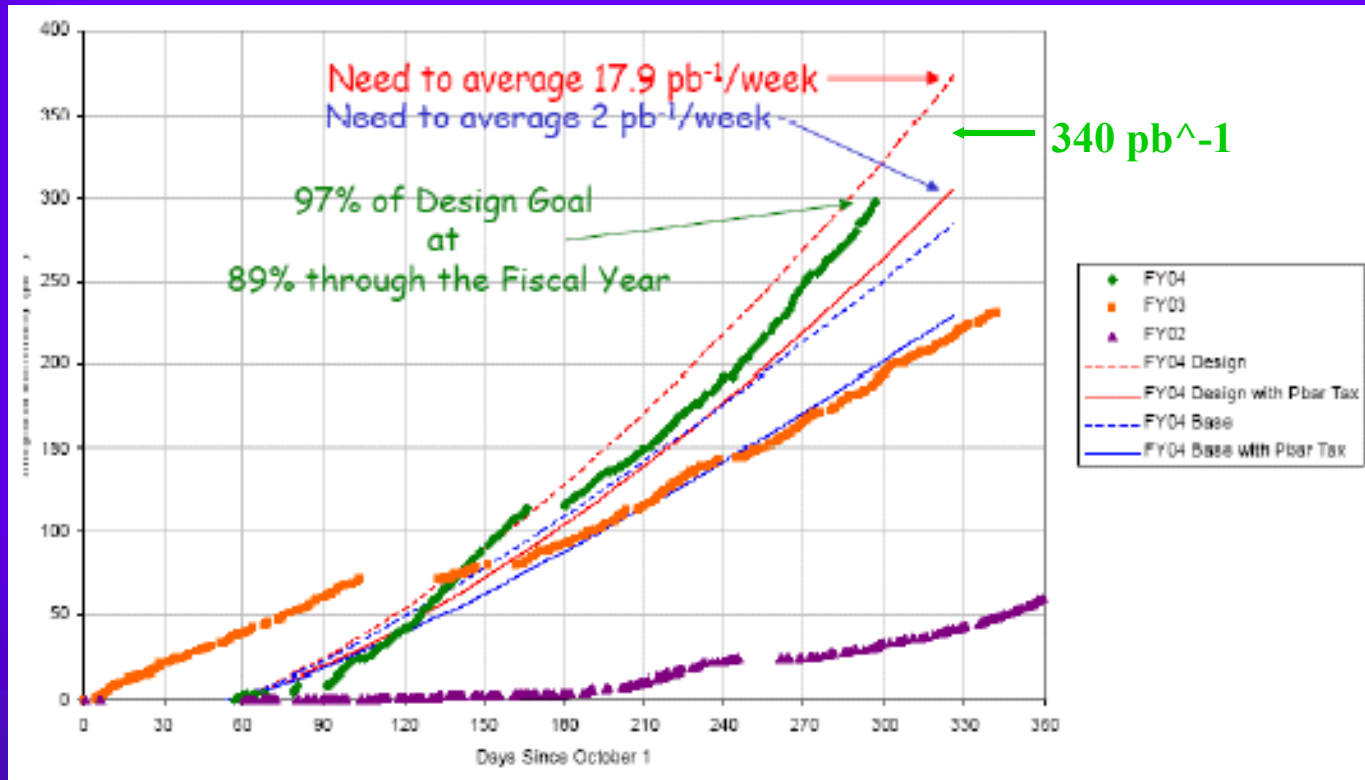
~~BØ~~

~~CØ~~

~~DØ~~



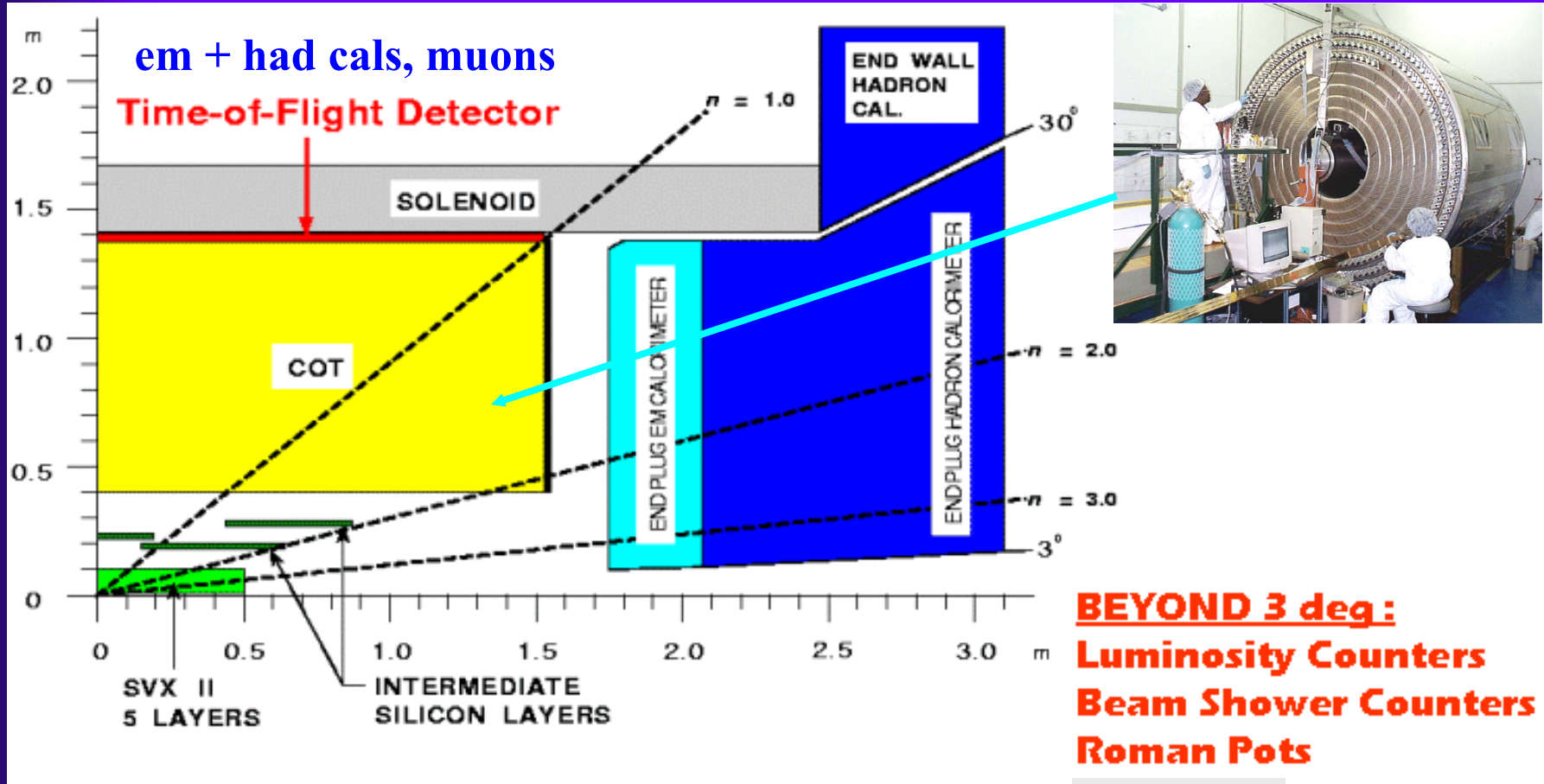
# Tevatron Run II Performance



Total Run II  
 ~ 440 pb<sup>-1</sup>  
 on tape per  
 experiment  
 so far

Best peak luminosity =  $1.03 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$   
 Expect at least  $4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  by Summer 2009  
 $8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  appears possible

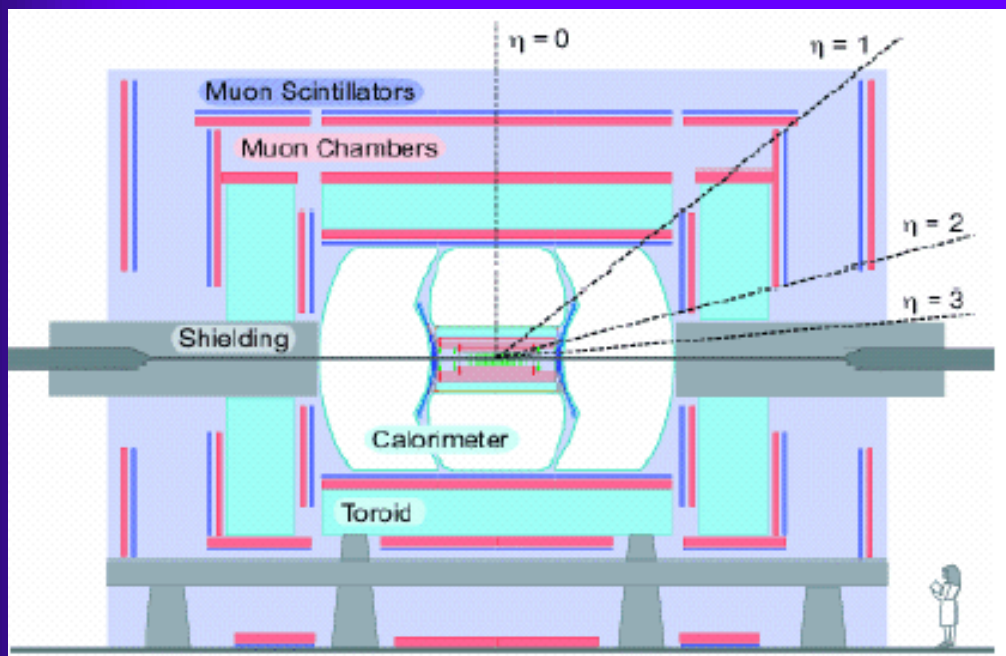
# CDF Detectors



Possible mini-upgrades for diffractive physics:  
Precision roman pots on both beams  
Fully instrument very forward region ( $< 3$  deg)

# D0 Detector

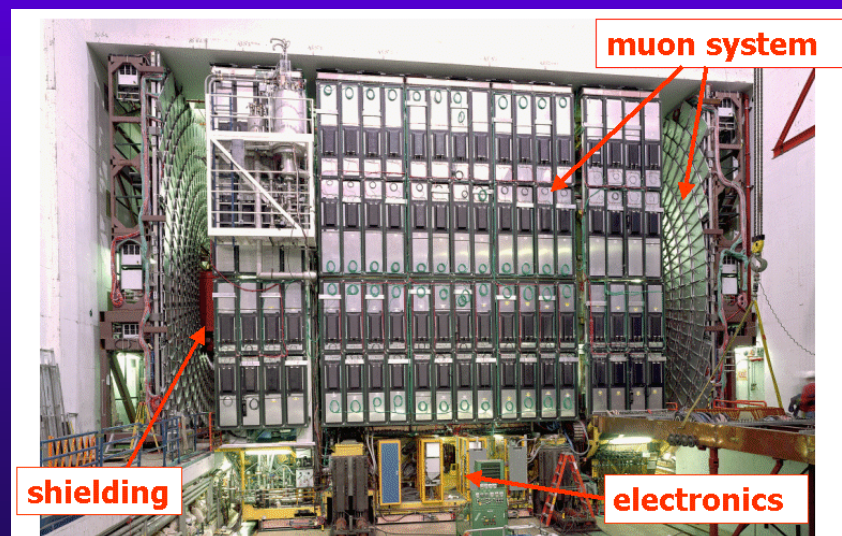
Tracking (incl. muons)  
+ L.A. Calorimeter



For Run II added:

Solenoidal field  
Silicon tracking  
Scintillating fiber tracking  
Roman pots with fibers

Possible mini-upgrade:  
Roman pots beyond dipoles  
on both beams



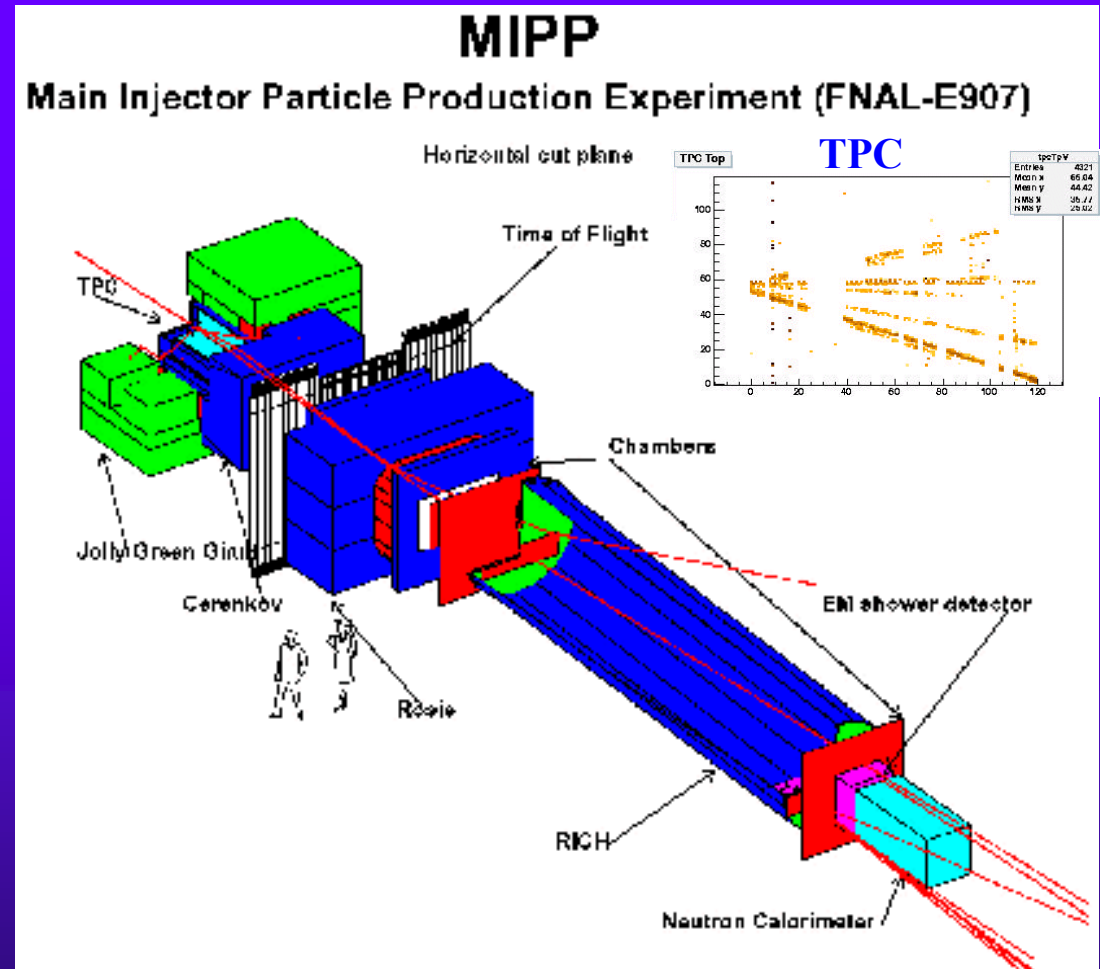
# MIPP: Main Injector Particle Production

$\pi$ ,  $K$ ,  $p$  beams  
5 GeV  $\rightarrow$  120 GeV  
H, Be, .. Ag targets

Particle production  
Scaling Laws  
Non-perturbative QCD

Multi-particle Spectrometer:

Drift Chambers, TPC, Magnet,  
TOF, Cerenkov, RICH  
Neutral Calorimeter



... starting now

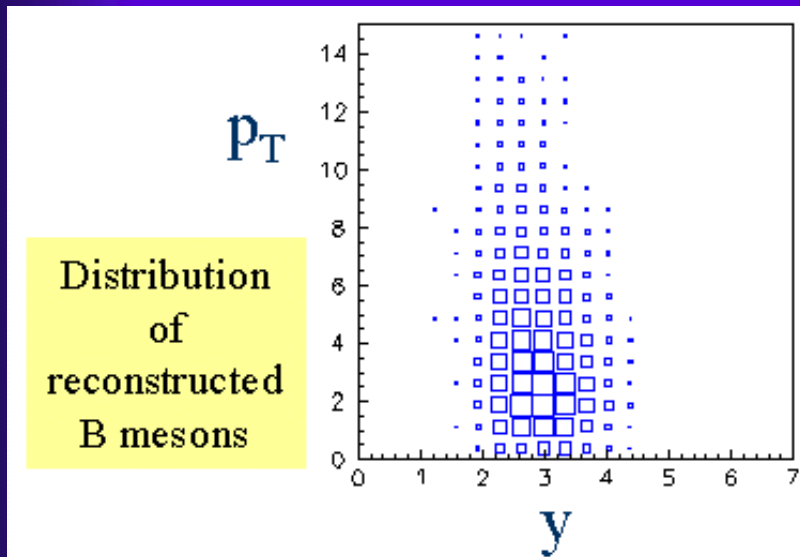
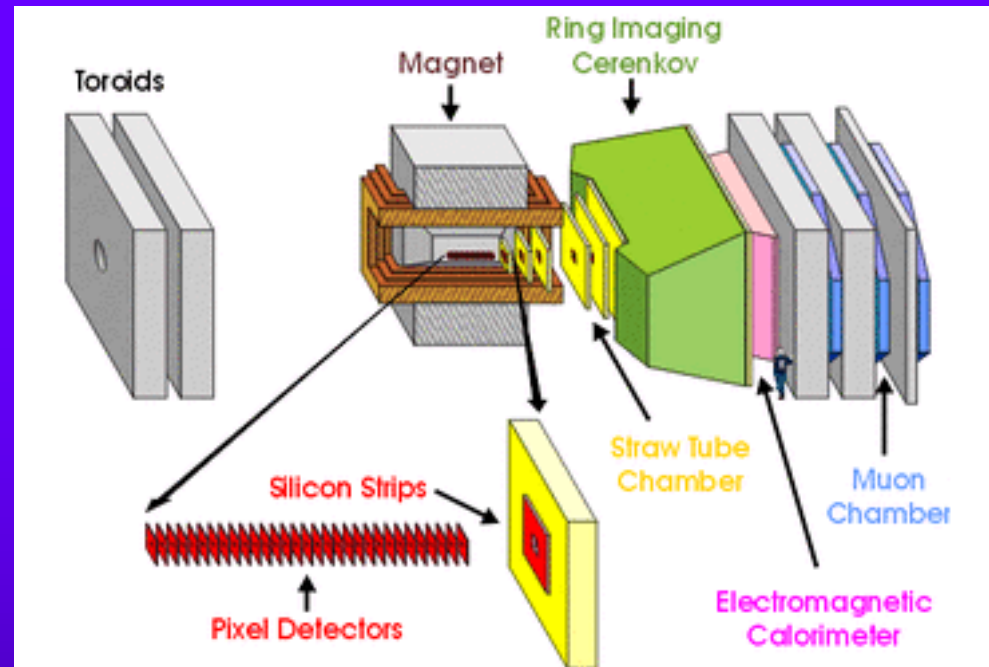
# *BTeV: B Physics at the Tevatron*

2009 →

Primary motivation:  
CP-violation and mixing in  
b- and c-sectors

But good QCD capability.

Excellent tracking, vertexing,  
particle ID, e,  $\gamma$ ,  $\mu$



Could add: hadron calorimeter for jets,  
veto counters for gaps,  
roman pots for diffraction ...

Beam is at 7.5

# The REAL Strong Interaction



extended, strong coupling  
non-perturbative



point-like, weak coupling  
perturbative

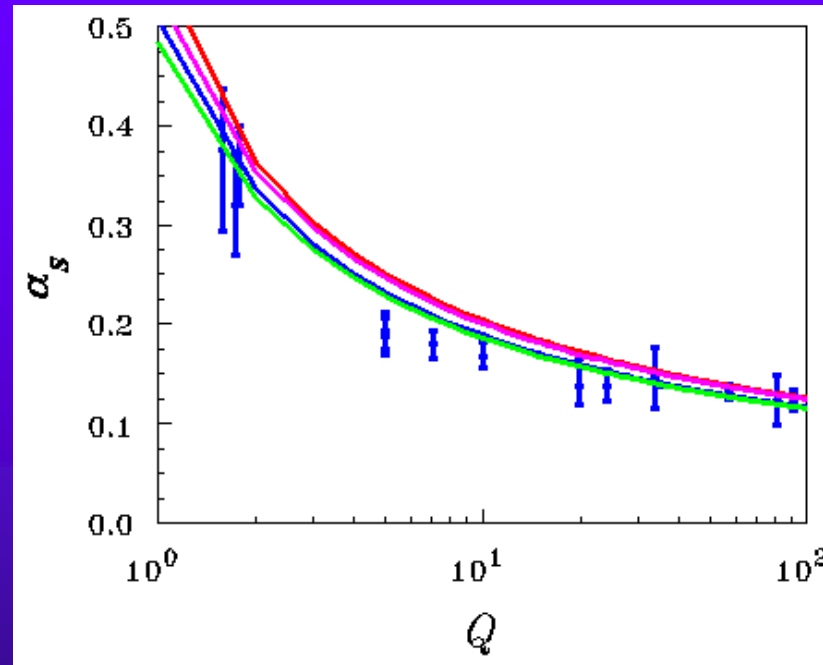
Many approaches, none complete:

→ Lattice Gauge Theory

Small volume, hadron size

→ Regge Theory: Analyticity +  
Unitarity + Crossing Symmetry  
+ Complex angular momenta

→ String models, etc.



Want a complete understanding of S.I.

$$Q^2 = 0 \rightarrow \infty$$

**Non-perturbative – perturbative transition**



## *Bjorken: Low $p_T$ is the frontier of QCD*

As  $p_T$  drops from **200  $\rightarrow$  100  $\rightarrow$  50 MeV** what happens?

Larger distances: 1 f  $\rightarrow$  4 fm

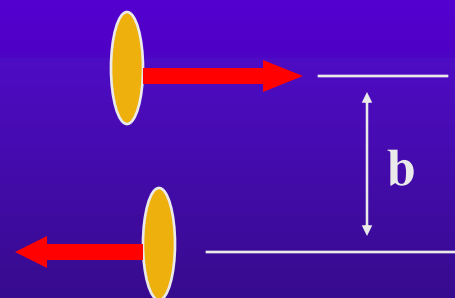
How do gluon fields in protons “cut off” ?

Multiplicity distributions of very low  $p_T$  particles, correlations, ...

Low- $p_T$  cloud in special events, new phenomena ...

Run with reduced field, Si-only tracking, etc

**Large impact parameter,  $b$ , collisions**



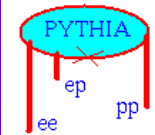
RHIC AA can measure  $b$ , how can we? Diffraction at small  $t$ ,  $n_{ass}$ ?

# QCD Event Generators (Monte Carlo) : example PYTHIA

Torbjorn Sjostrand et al. hep-ph/0308153  
<http://www.thep.lu.se/~torbjorn/Pythia.html>

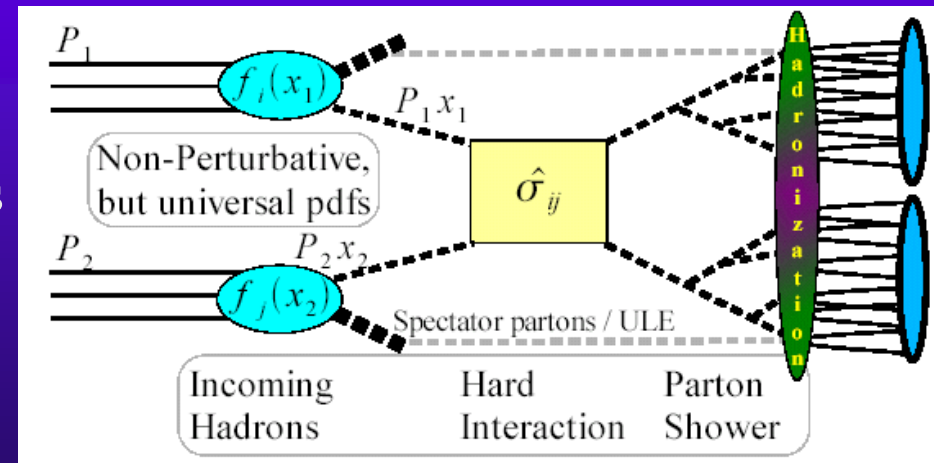


LUND  
UNIVERSITY



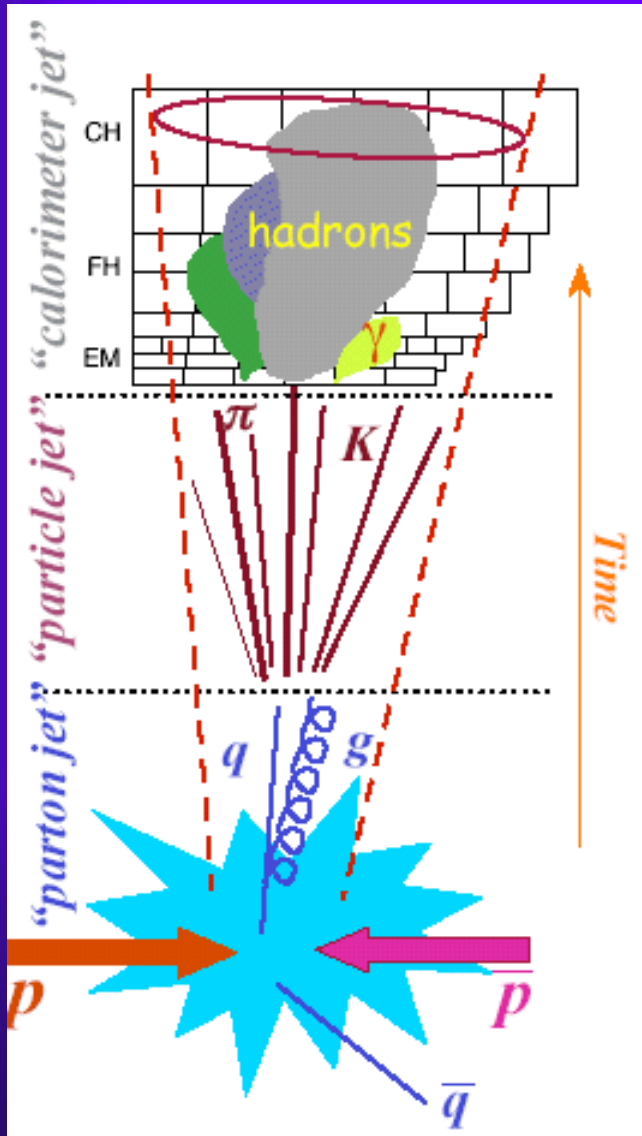
Collisions producing hadrons all involve non-perturbative phenomena and cannot be accurately calculated. Resort to “QCD-based” models where necessary, analytic where possible. ( $e^+e^-$ ,  $e p$ ,  $p p$ )

- Parton distributions in beam particles with scaling violations
- Initial and final state parton showers
- Hard sub-processes
- Beam remnants and “underlying event”
- Parton fragmentation and hadron decays

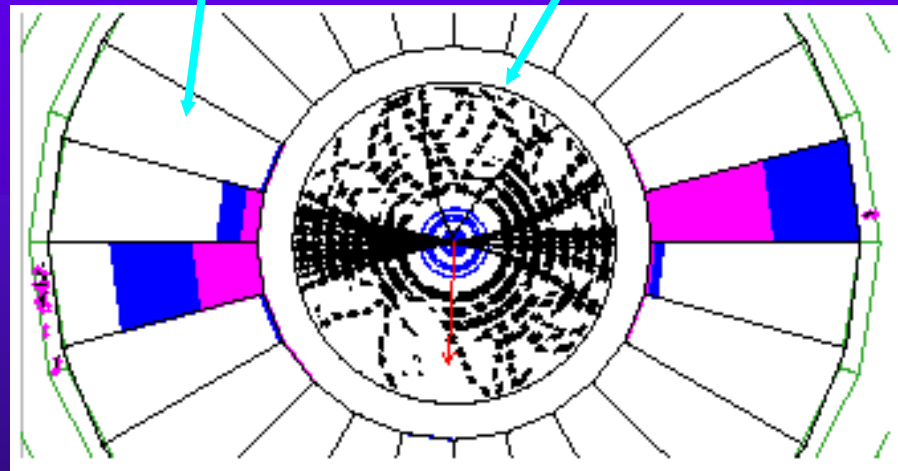


# High E T Jets

gg, gq and qq hard scattering

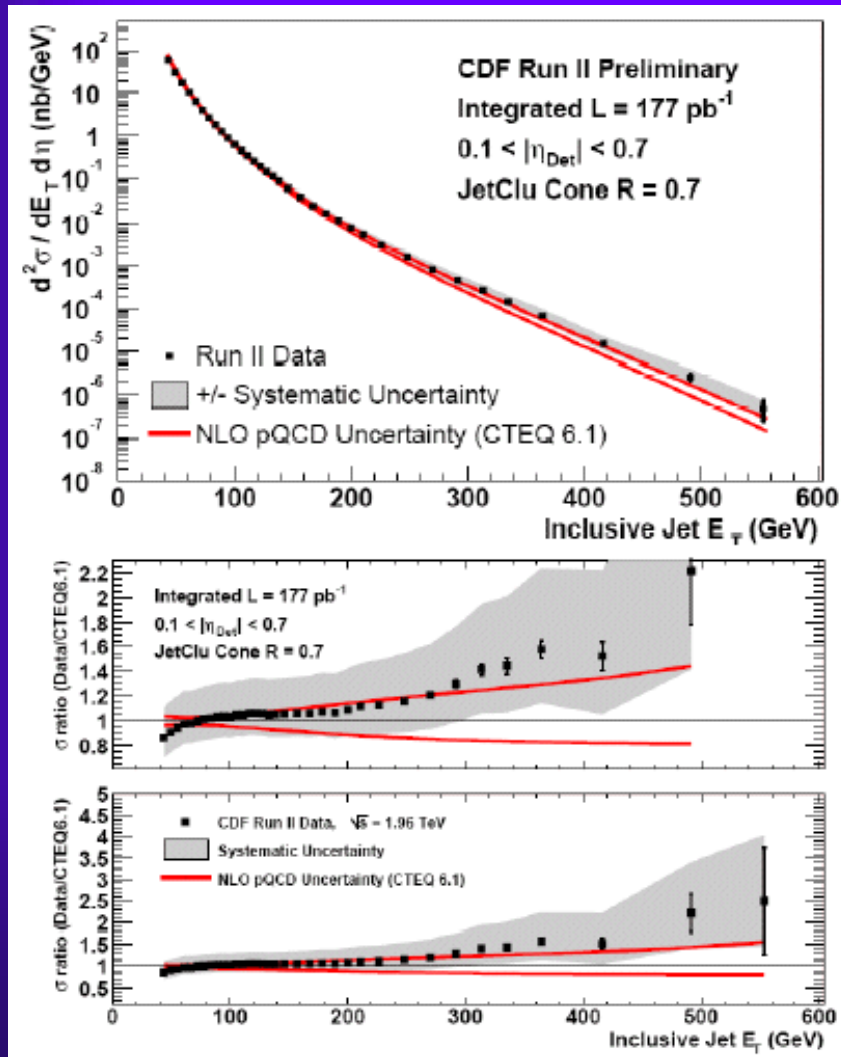


CDF event display  
em + had calorimeter drift chamber tracks

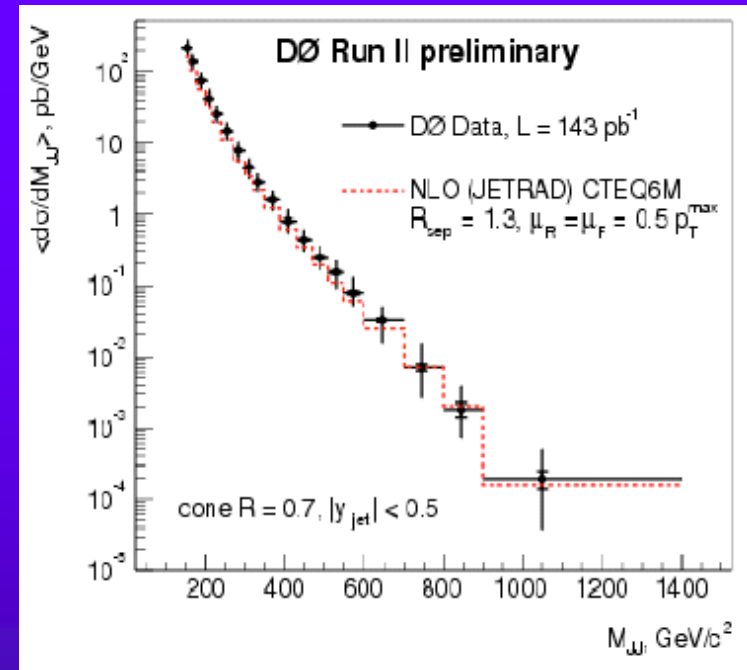


# Jet ET and Di-Jet Mass Spectra

CDF



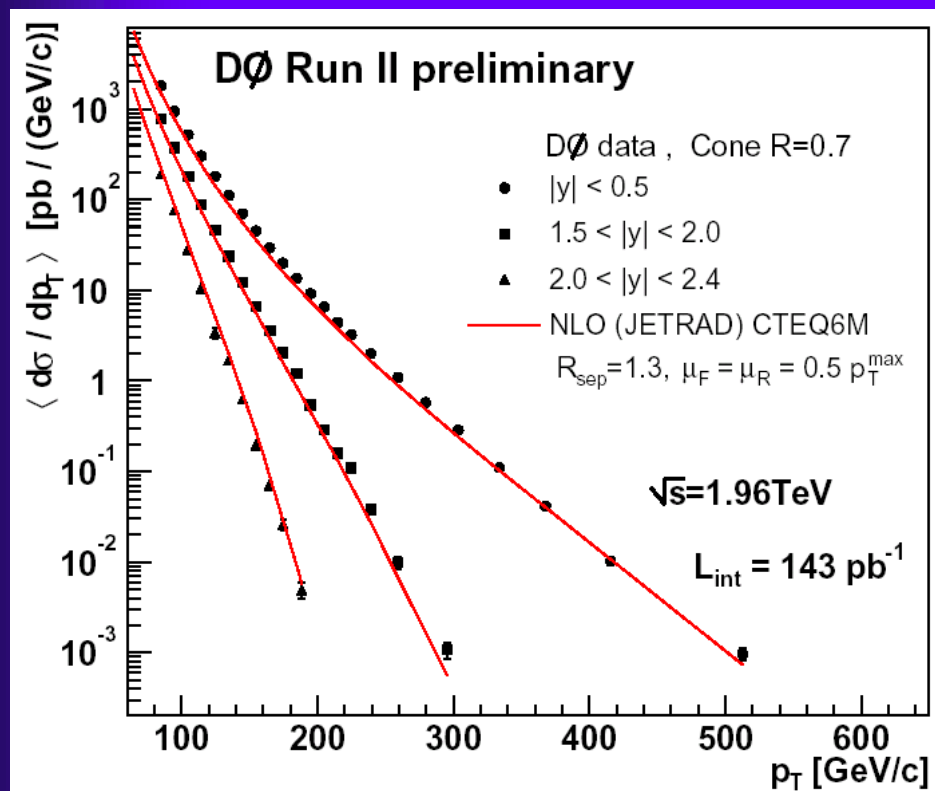
D0



$M_{JJ} = 1000 \text{ GeV} \equiv Q^2 = 10^6 \text{ GeV}^2$   
 $\Rightarrow d = 2 \cdot 10^{-17} \text{ cm}$

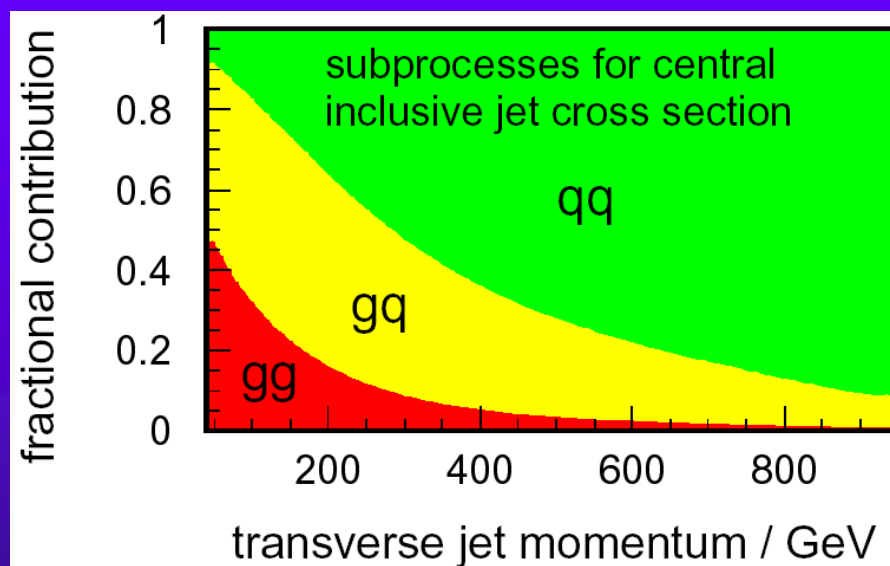
## More on Jets ...

Angular (or  $y$ ) distributions well fit (log scale!) ... but  $y = 2.4$  still “central”



Below 50 GeV mostly  $gg$  (at  $y=0$ )  
Above 400 GeV mostly  $q$ - $q$ bar

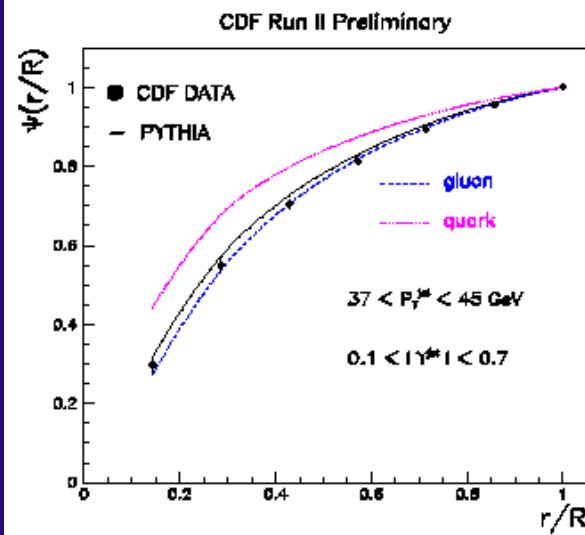
Can study  $g$  and  $q$  fragmentation



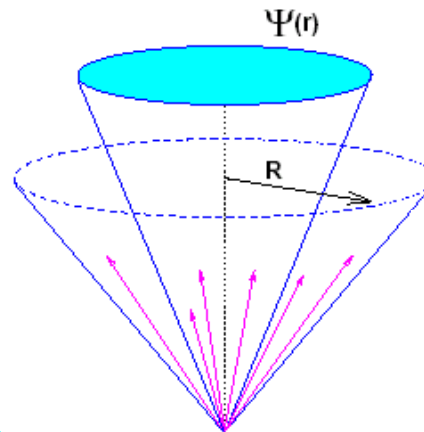
# Differences between Quark and Gluon Jets

CDF: Integrate pT in cone, fraction out to r of max R = 0.7  
 Gluon jets are wider than quark jets

## Integrated Jet shape

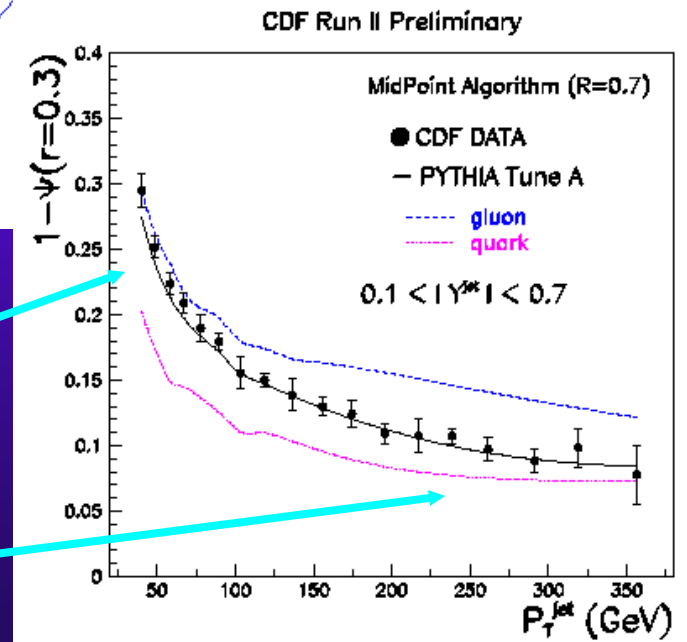


$$\Psi(r) = \frac{1}{N_{\text{jets}}} \sum_{\text{jets}} \frac{P_T(0,r)}{P_T(0,R)}$$



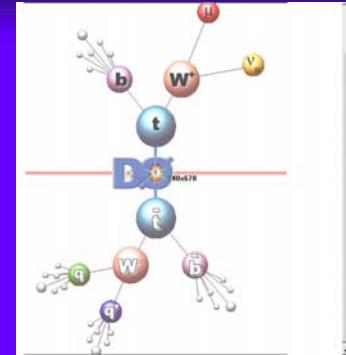
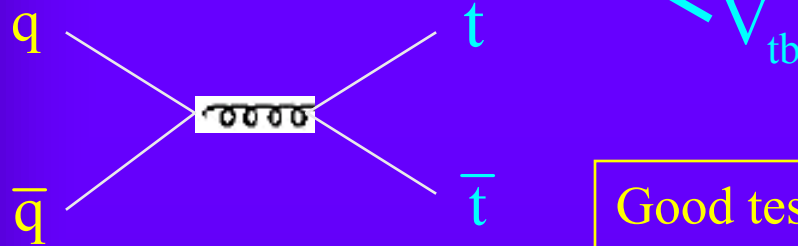
At “low” ET (~ 40 GeV)  
 mostly gluon jets (PYTHIA)

At high ET mostly quark jets



# Top Quark Pair Production

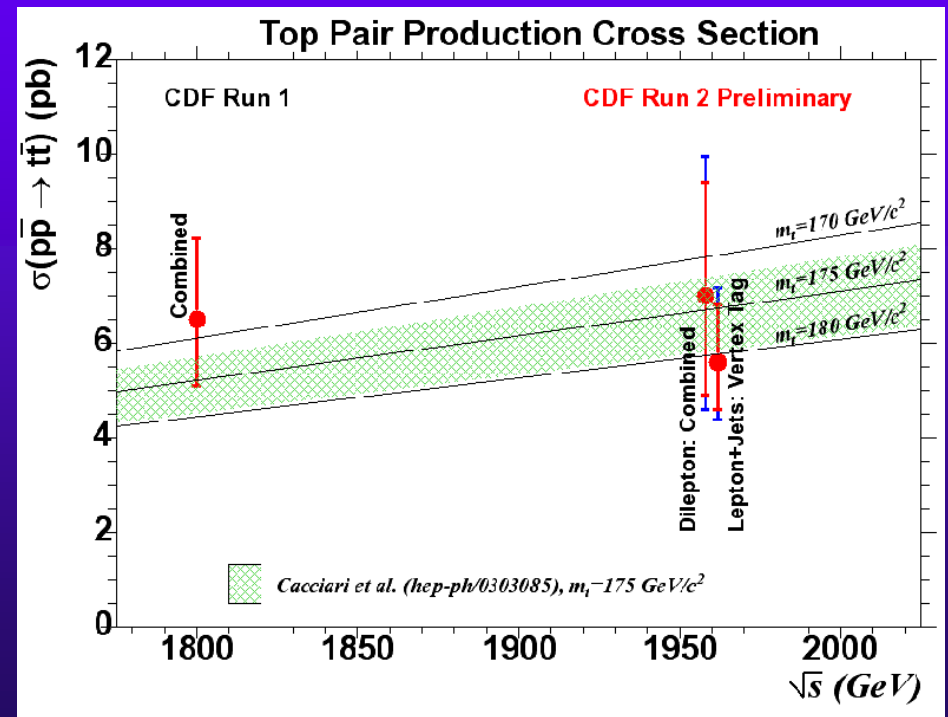
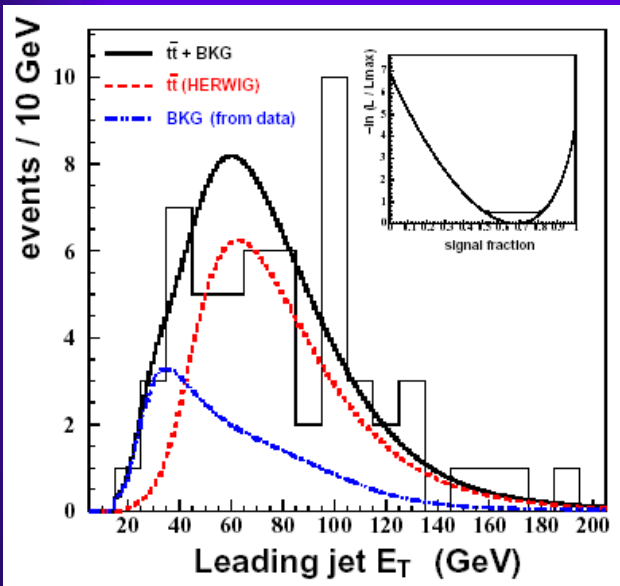
(Single top (t+b) production not yet observed – background)



Good test of pQCD at short distances  
 Sensitive to new phenomena.  
 Statistics still limiting – much more to come

lepton + jets + MET + b-tag  
 163 pb<sup>-1</sup>

CDF

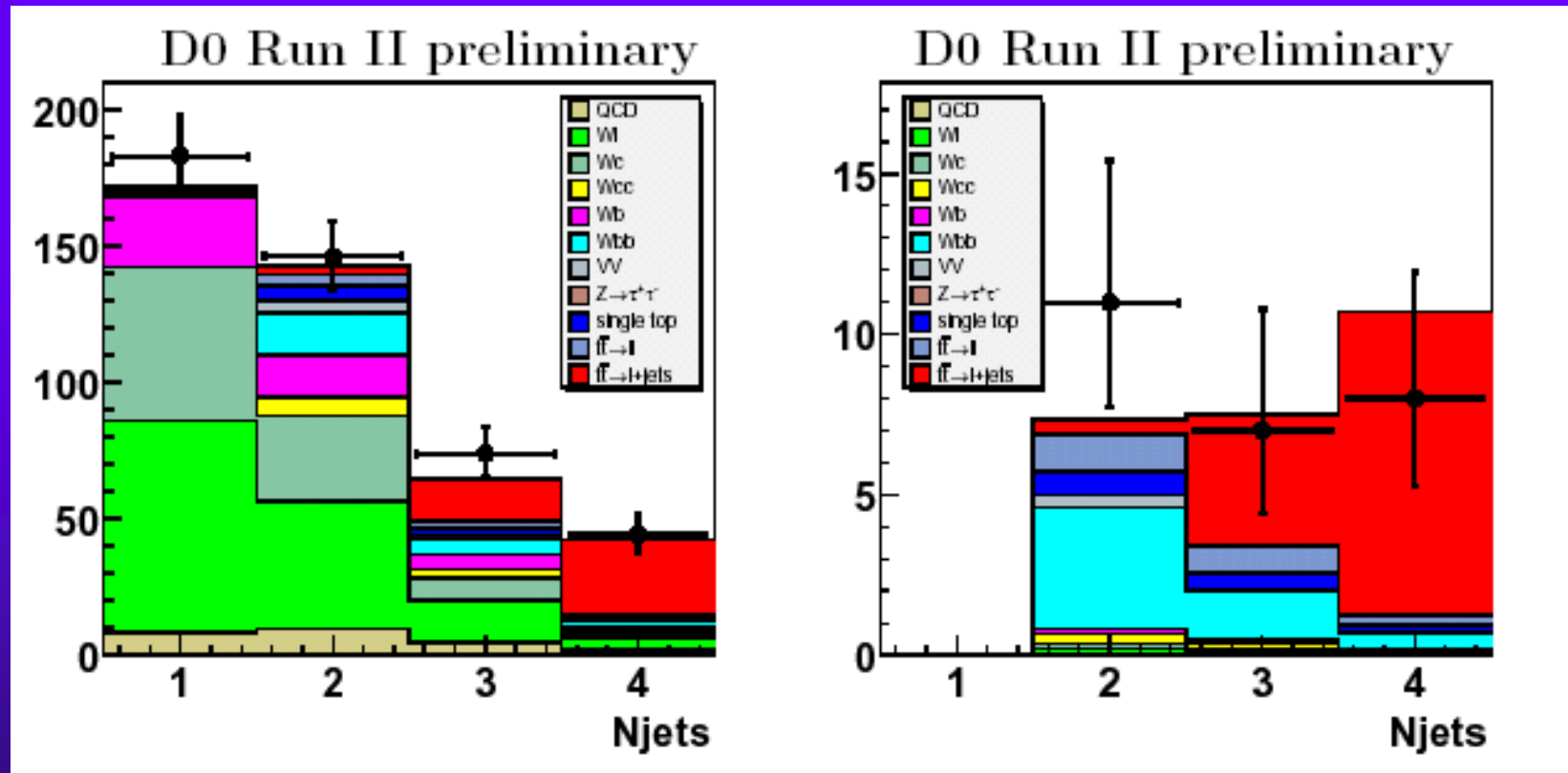


# Top Backgrounds in D0 (lepton + MET + jets)

1 b-tagged jet

2 b-tagged jets

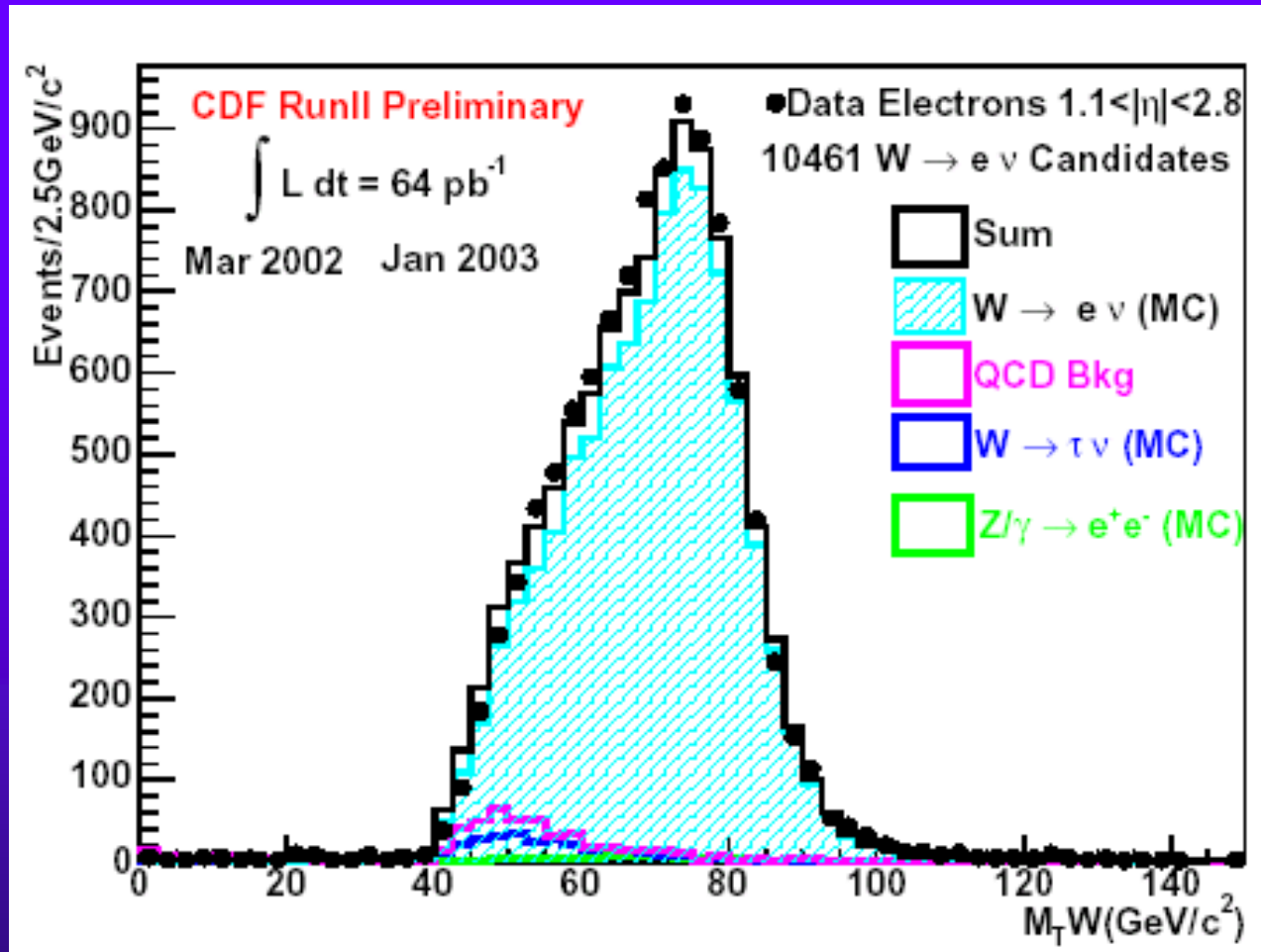
EVENTS  
Per BIN



lepton + MET + 4 jets is clean with 1 or 2 b-tagged jets



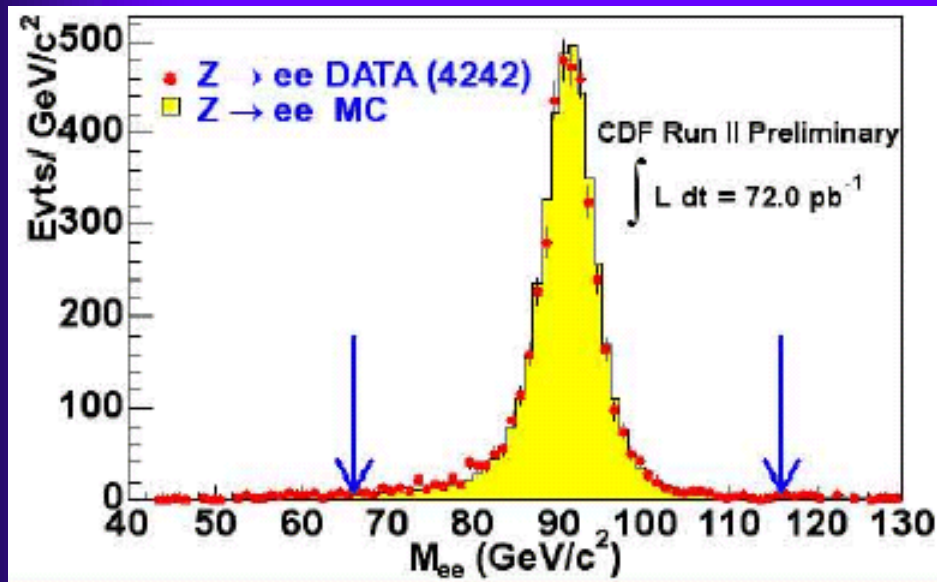
# W are very clean at the Tevatron



$M_T =$  Invariant mass of lepton +  $\cancel{e}_T$

# Z are very clean at the Tevatron

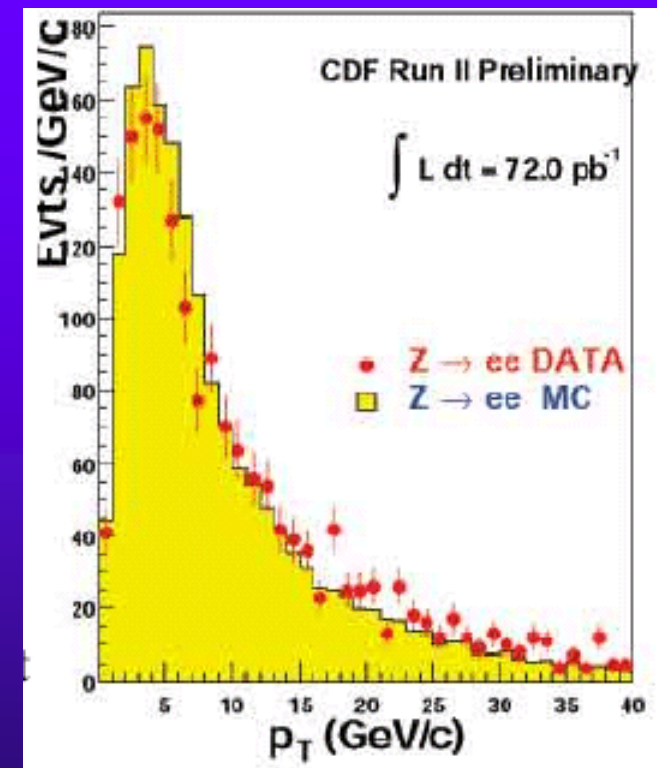
2 “isolated” em showers  $> 25$  GeV  
with matching tracks  
(central-central & central-plug)



$$\sigma B(Z \rightarrow e^+e^-) = [256.3 \pm 3.9 (\text{stat}) \pm 5.3 (\text{sys}) \pm 15.3 (\text{lum})] \text{ pb}$$
$$\Rightarrow \sigma(Z) = 7.6 \pm 0.5 \text{ nb} \Rightarrow \sim 1 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

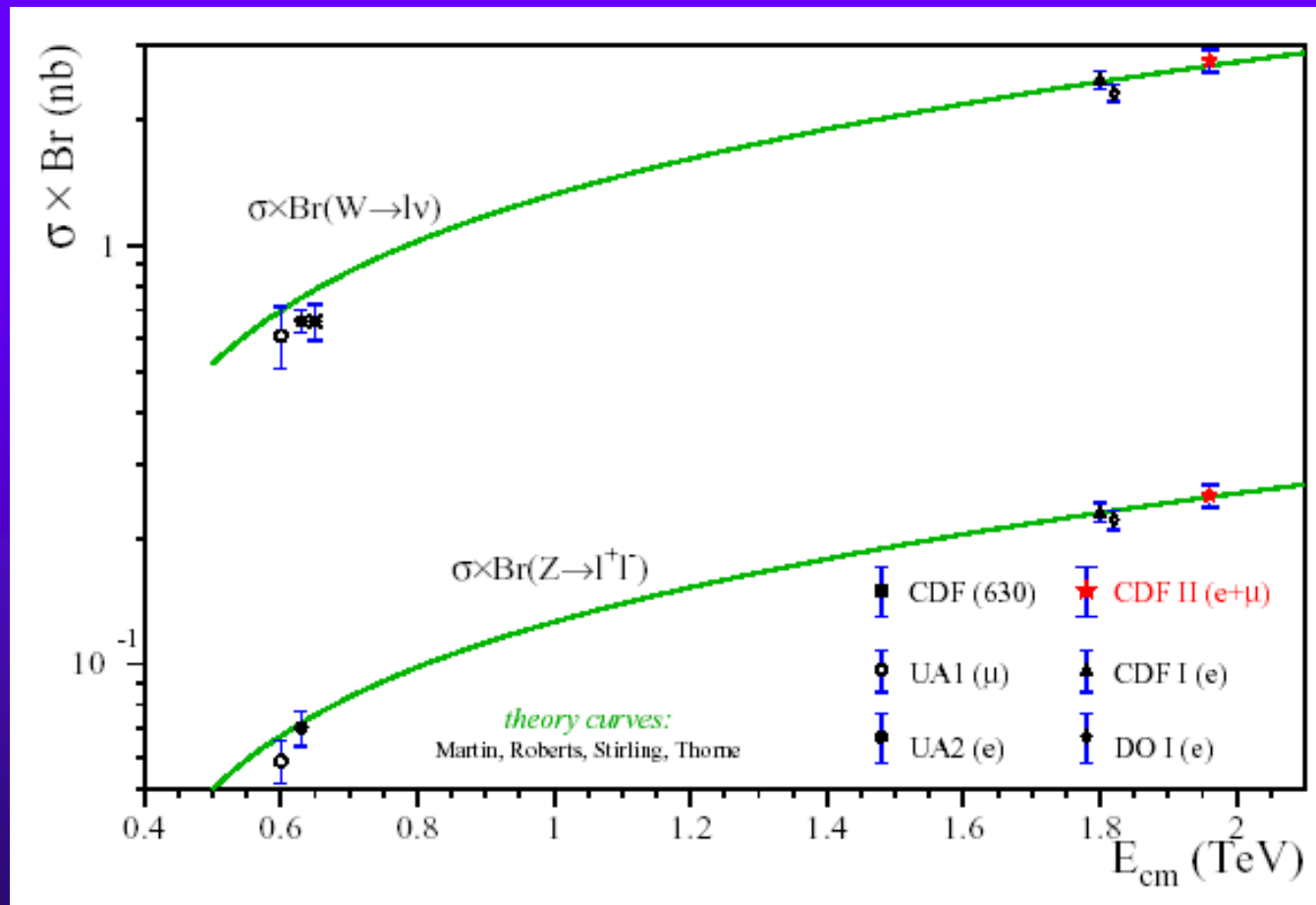
Theory (e.g. W.J. Stirling et al.)  $[250.5 \pm 3.8] \text{ pb}$   
Uncertainty mostly from pdf's

$p_T(Z)$  agrees with MC



# W and Z Cross Sections

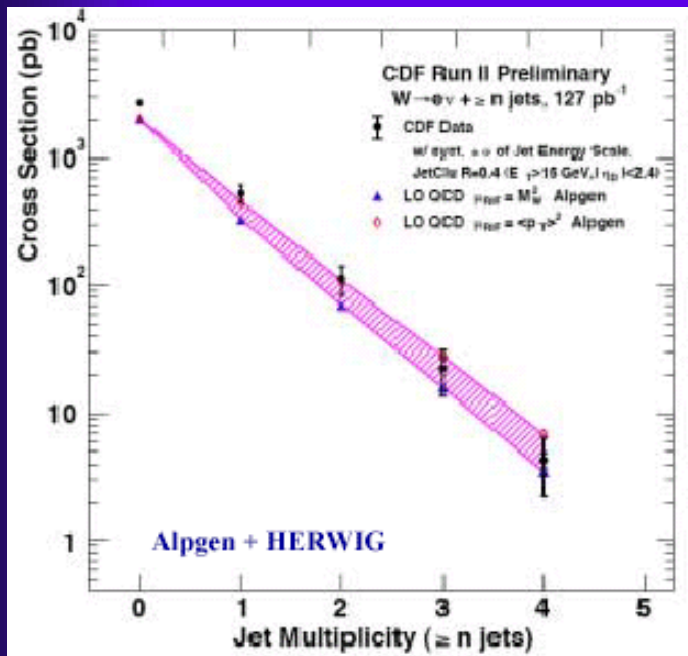
s-dependence well fit by theory  
(NLO production diagrams, pdf's and their evolution)



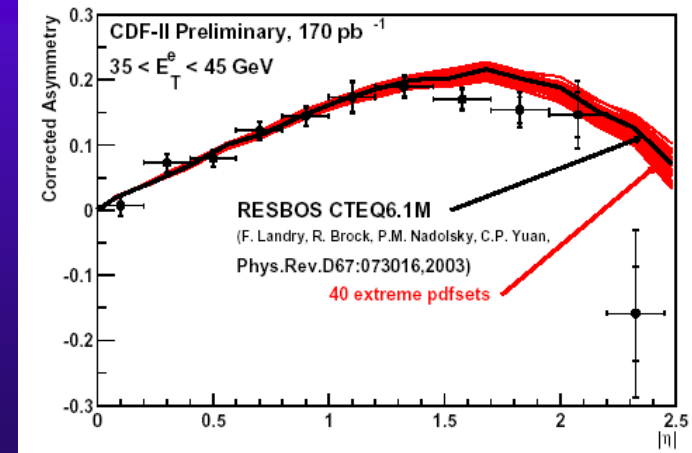
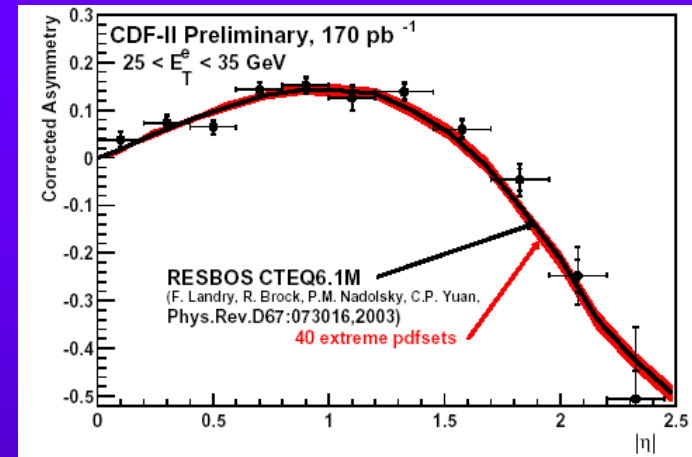
# W-Production and Decay

Angular (rapidity) distribution of (charge tagged) lepton is sensitive to pdf's and u,d quark differences

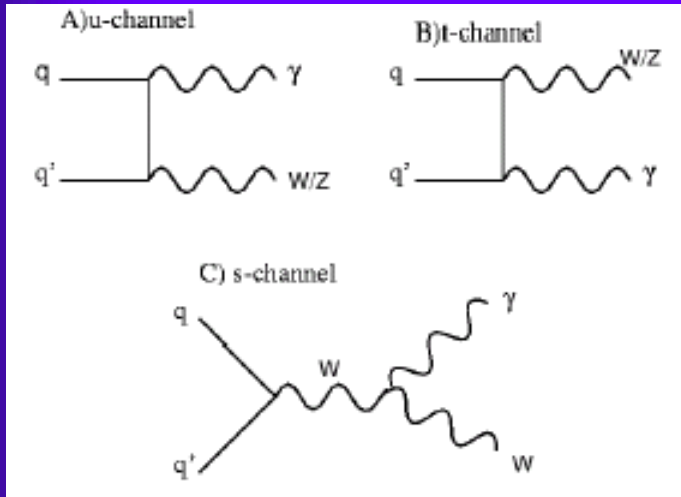
CDF now able to tag some forward ( $\sim 12$  deg) electrons using vertex, silicon and shower position.



Number of jets with W agrees with MC (Alpgen)



# W,Z + high pT photon

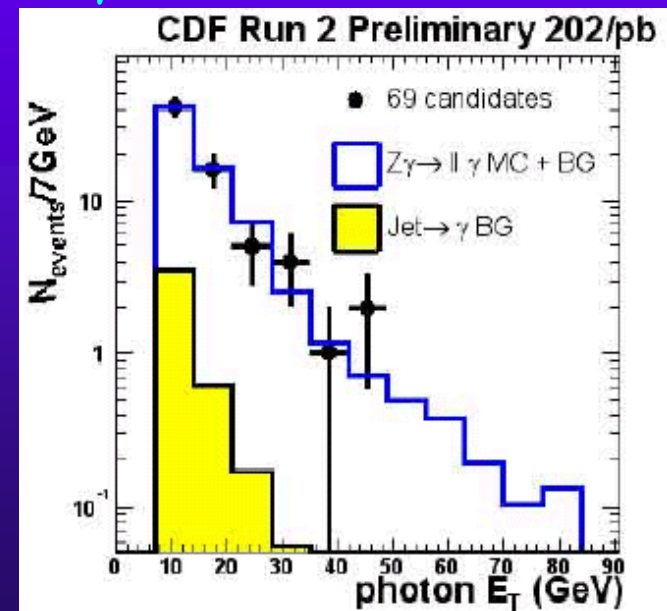
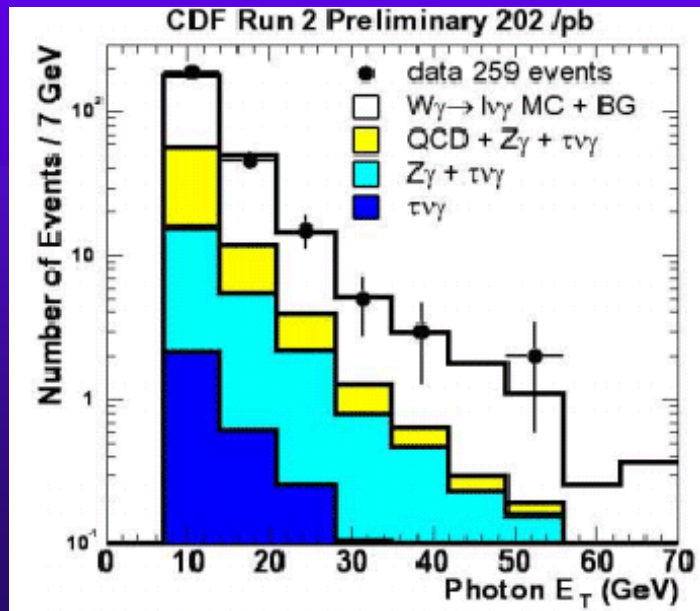


+ inner brems

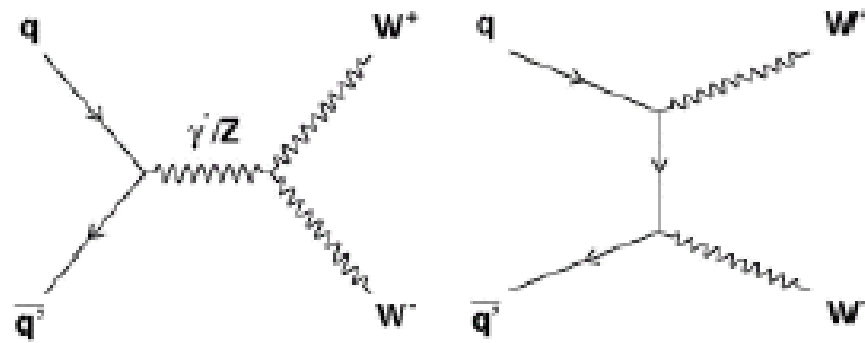


$W\gamma$

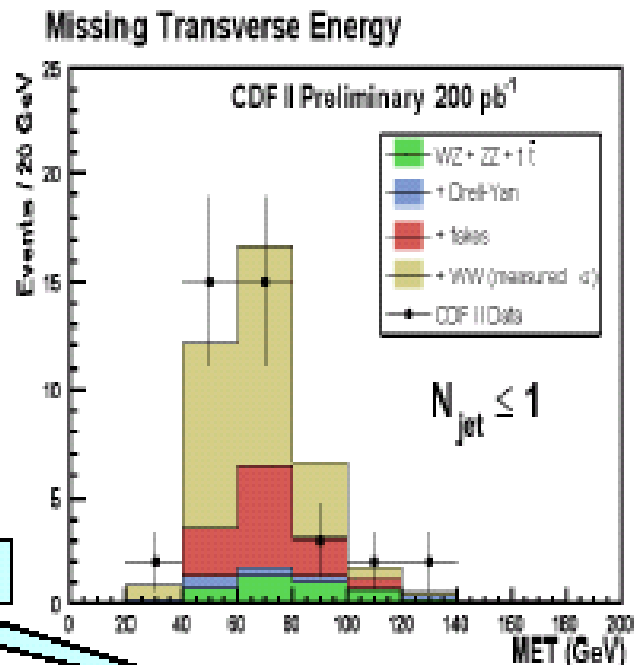
$Z\gamma$



# WW Production (also WZ, ZZ)



Campbell & Ellis 1999

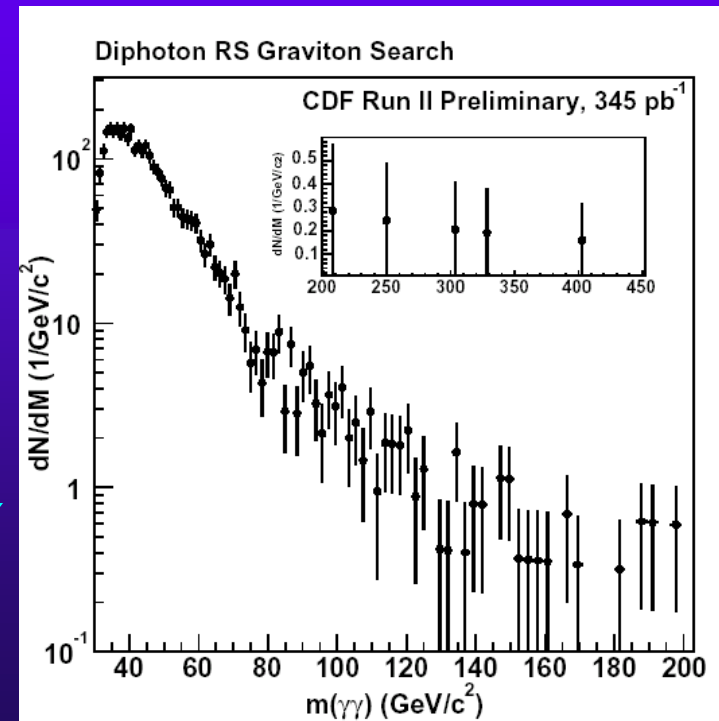
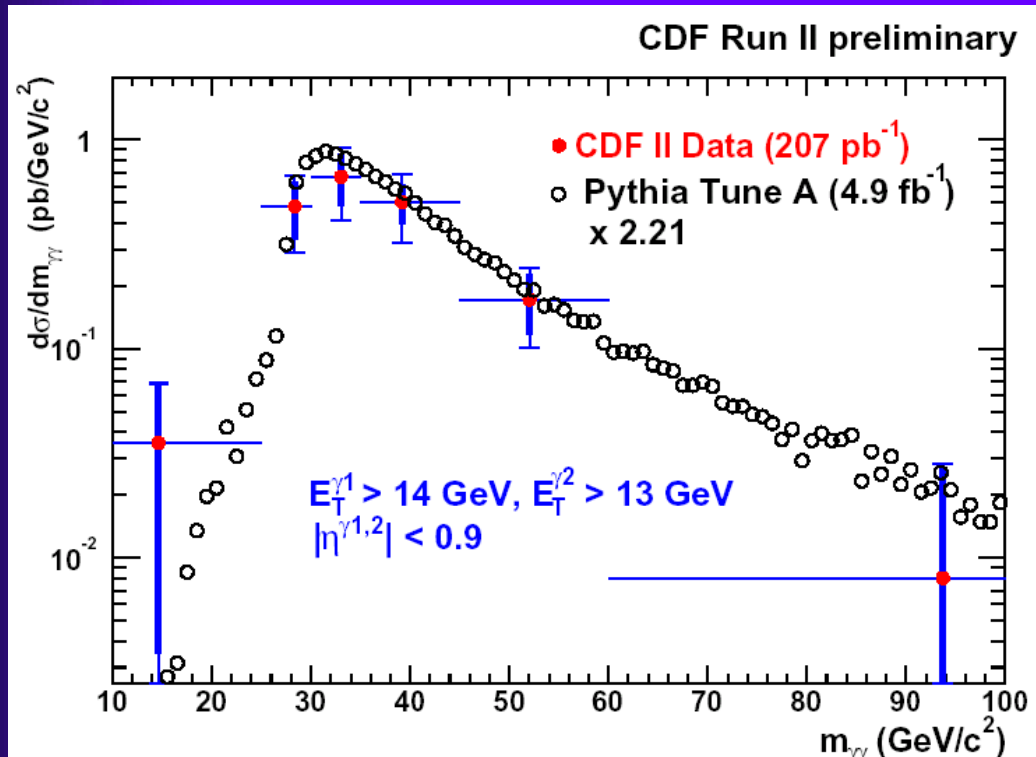
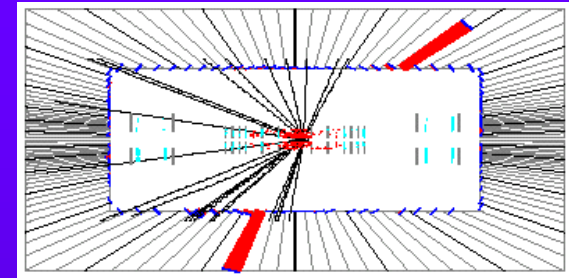


	CDF (pb)	NLO (pb)
$\sigma(WW)$ (e, $\mu$ )	$14.3+5.6(\text{stat})-4.9(\text{stat})\pm 1.6(\text{sys})\pm 0.9(\text{lum})$	$12.5\pm 0.8$
$\sigma(WW)$ (l+track)	$19.4\pm 5.1(\text{stat})\pm 3.5(\text{sys})\pm 1.2(\text{lum})$	$12.5\pm 0.8$

# Photon-Photon Mass Spectrum

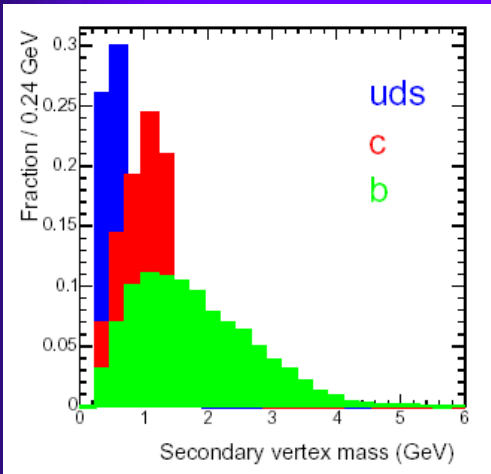
$$q\bar{q} (X?) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

D0: highest  $M_{\gamma\gamma} = 436$  GeV!



Looser cuts to search for “bumps”

# Photon + Heavy Flavor Production

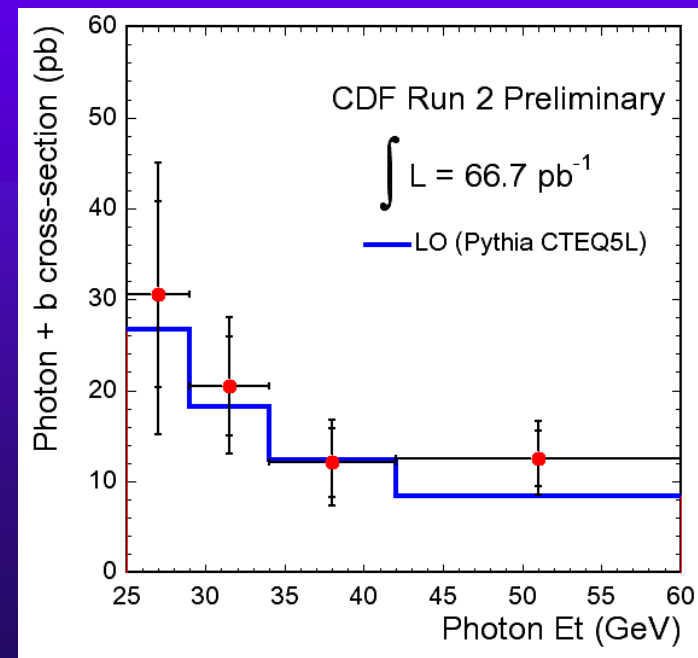
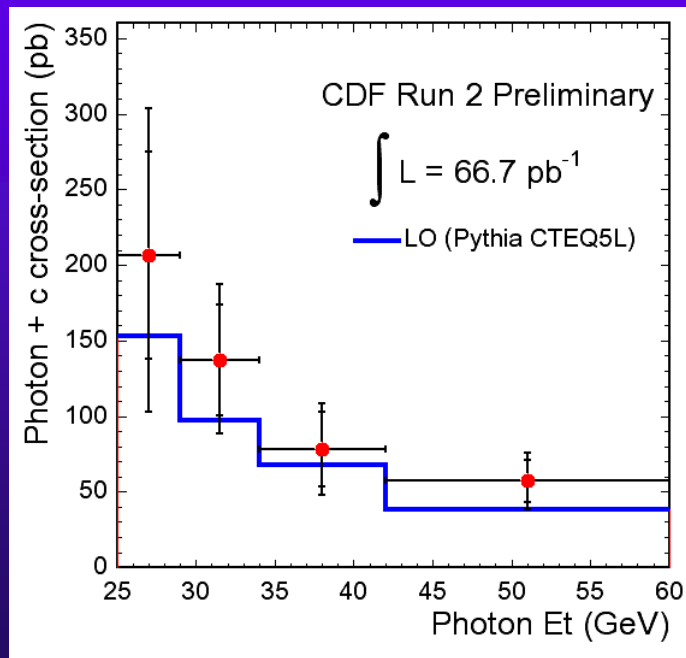


Mass of particles on 2ry vertex

Marcello



Charm and Beauty

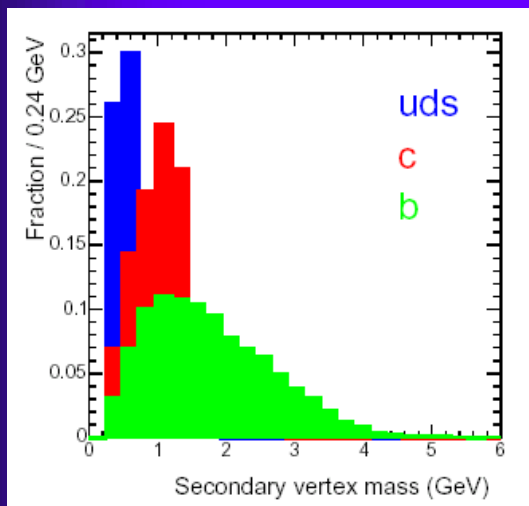




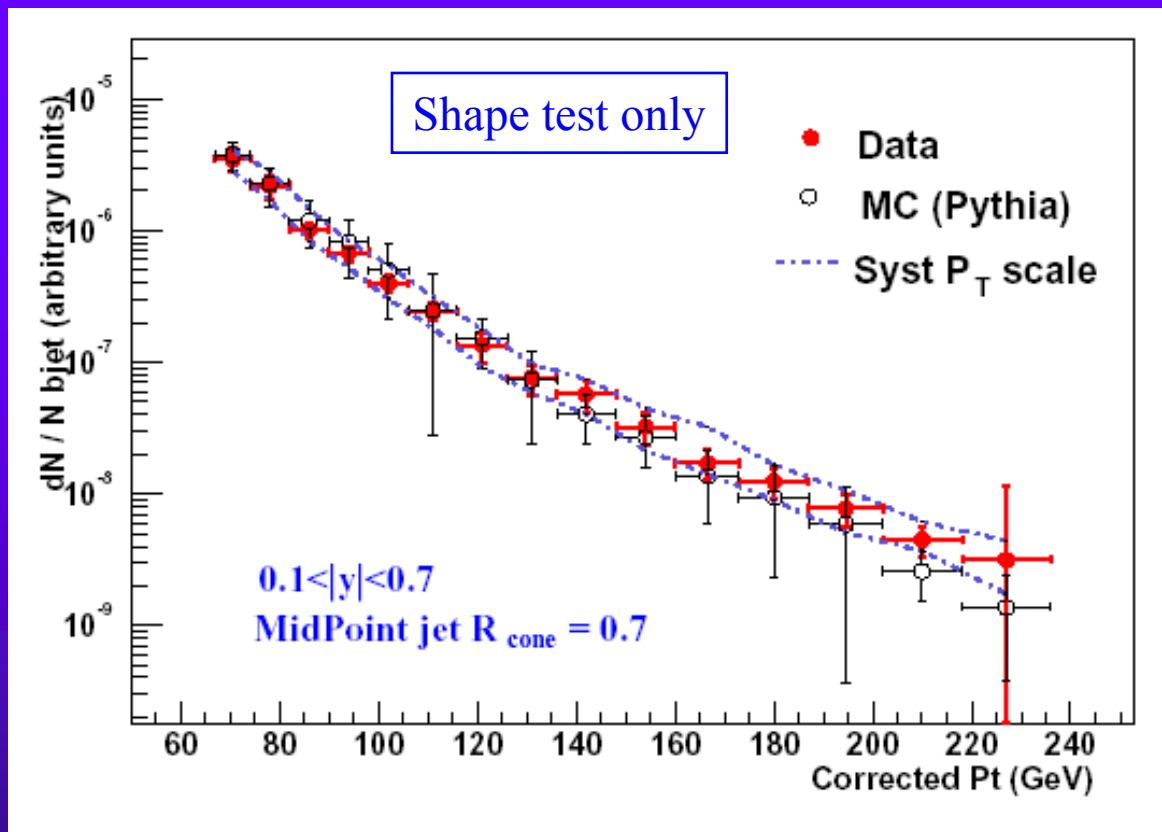
# B-hadron Production at High $p_T$

b-jets

$c\tau(B) \approx 0.5$  mm



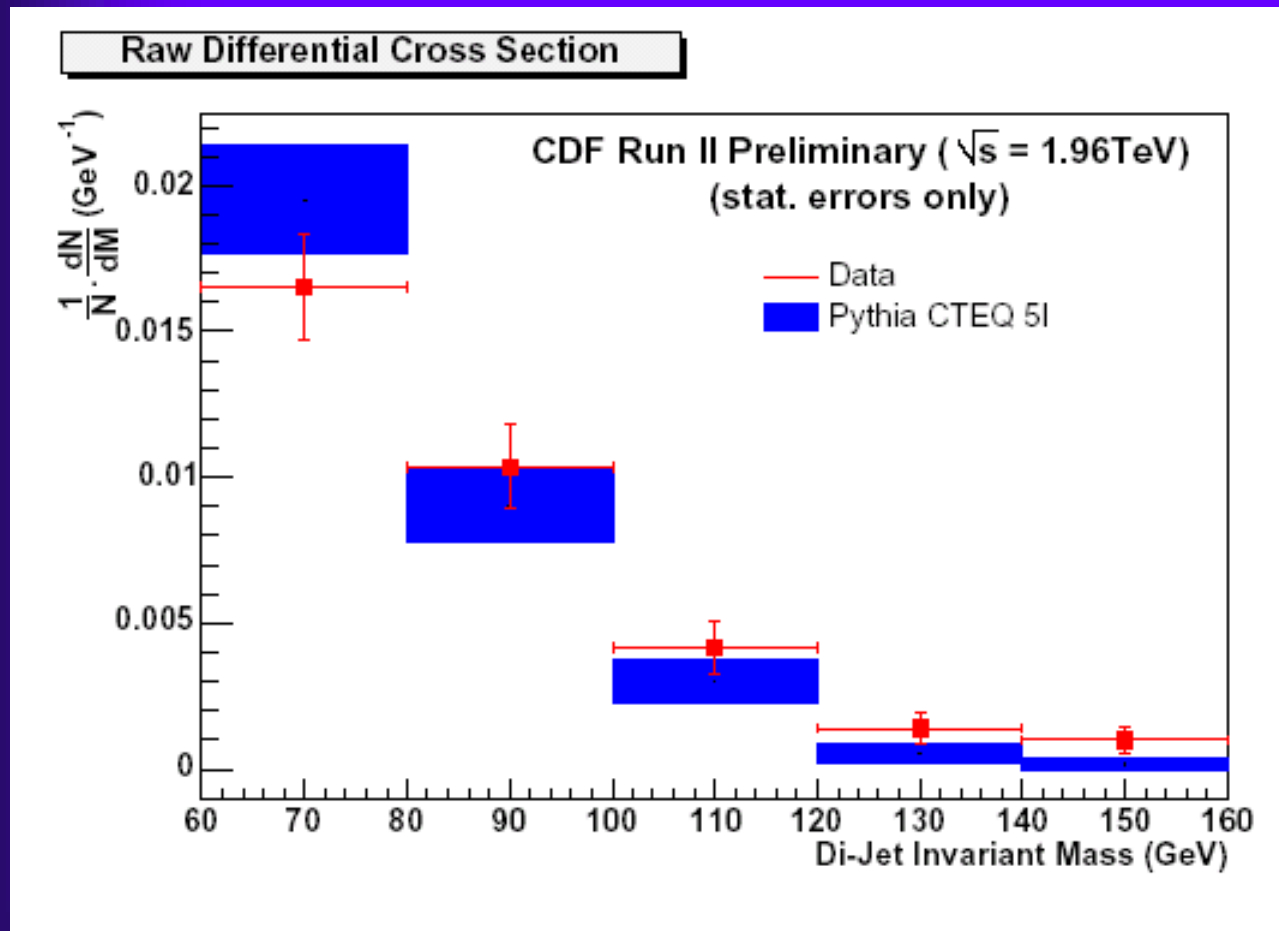
Secondary vertex,  
mass of s.v. tracks



# B-Bbar Dijet Mass Distribution

Two secondary vertex tagged jets  
Tagging efficiency  $\sim 20\%$ /jet  
251 events in  $32 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

$H(130) \rightarrow b\bar{b} \sim 0.05 \text{ events!}$



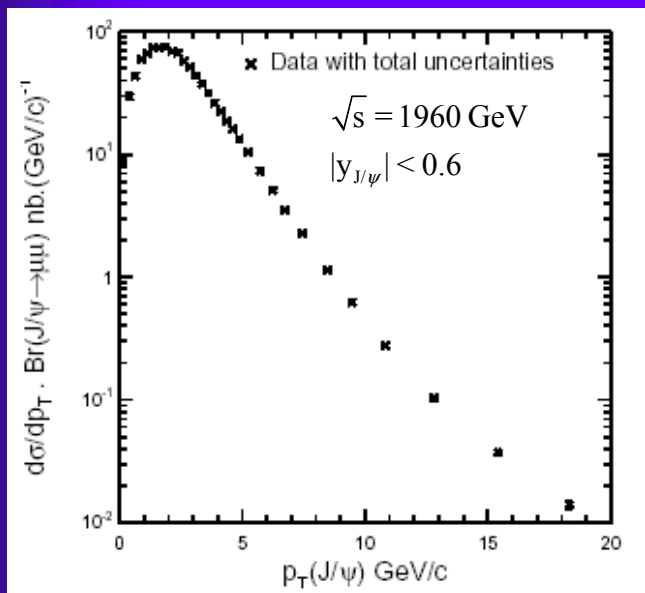
CP-odd  $h(40)$  ?

$\sigma(h_{40}) \text{ BR}(b\bar{b}) \sim 14 \text{ fb}$   
But  $S/B \sim 0.01(?)$

# J/psi and B-hadron Production

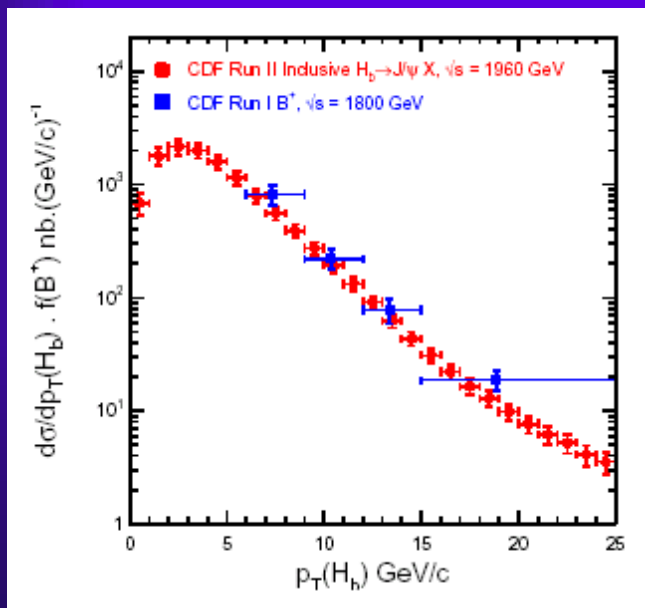
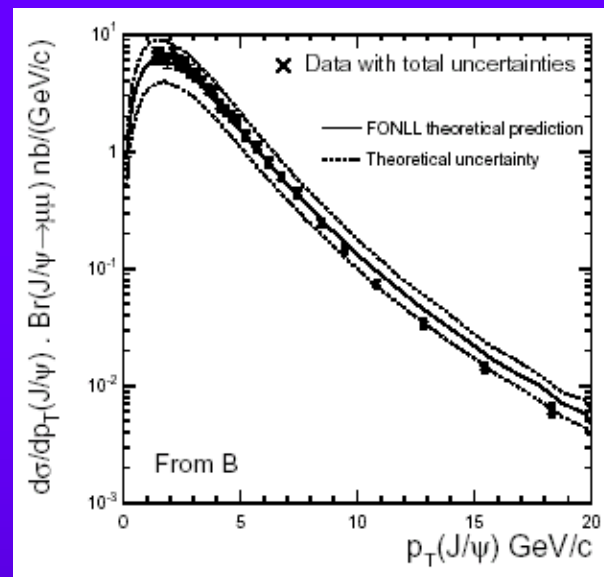
40 pb<sup>-1</sup>!

CDF-7037



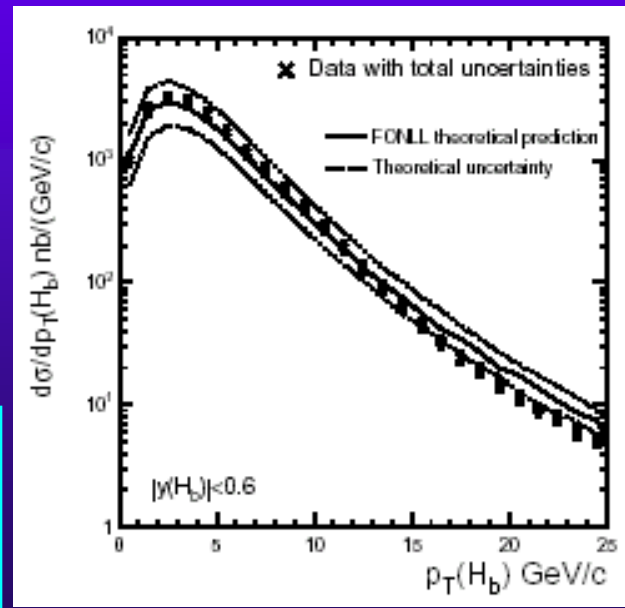
J/ψ

J/ψ from B

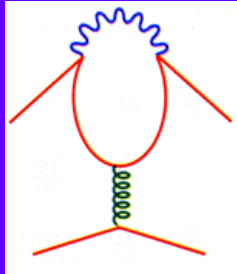


B-hadrons  
Run II vs I  
(trigger!)

FO-NLL  
Cacciari et al  
hep/ph-0312132



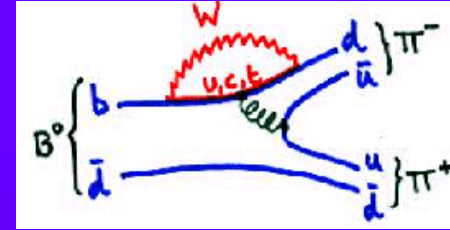
# Rare Charmless B decays



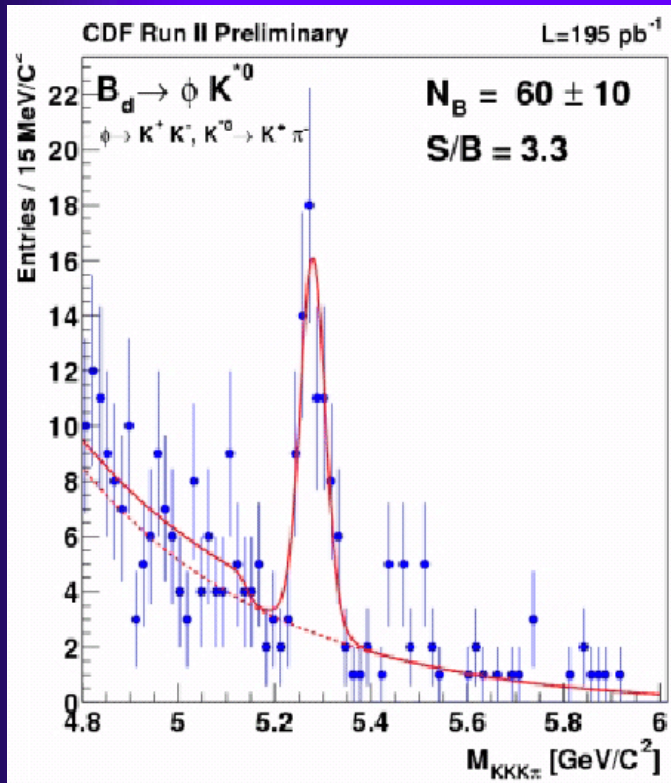
Penguin diagram



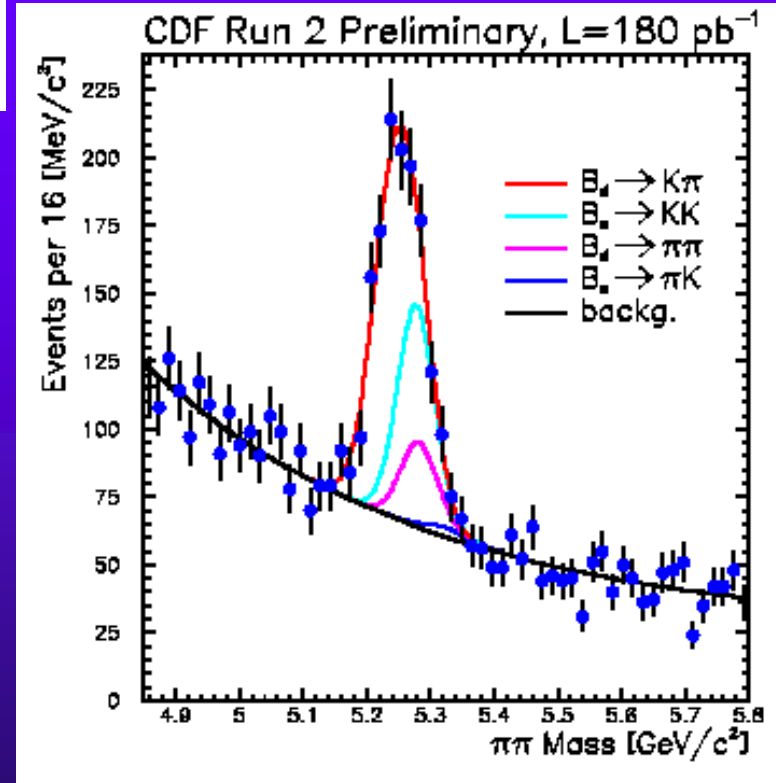
$$B_d^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$$



CDF-7142



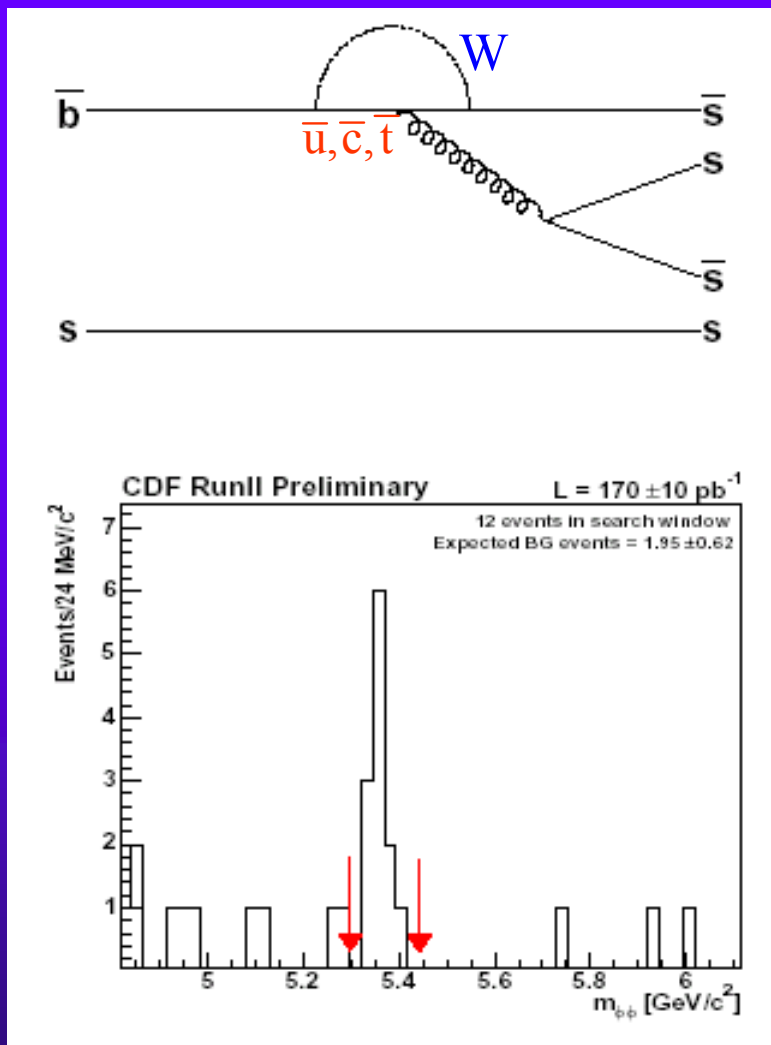
$$\text{BR}(B_d^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \phi) = 1.1 \times 10^{-5}$$



$$\text{BR}(B_d^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) = 5 \times 10^{-6}$$

# First Observation $B_s \rightarrow \phi\phi$

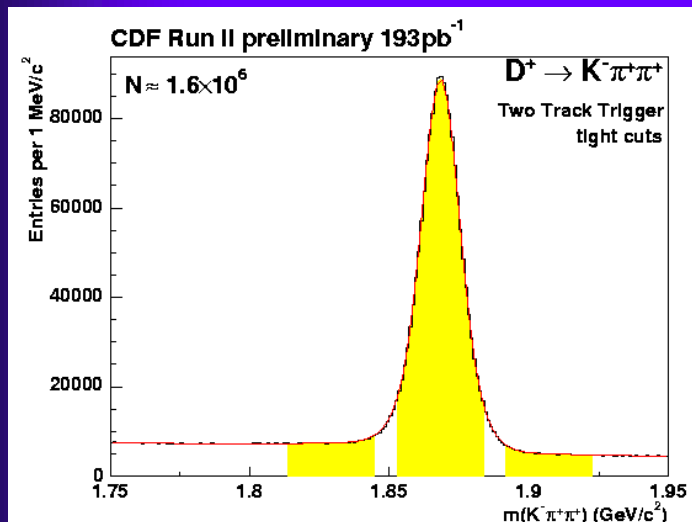
Another ...



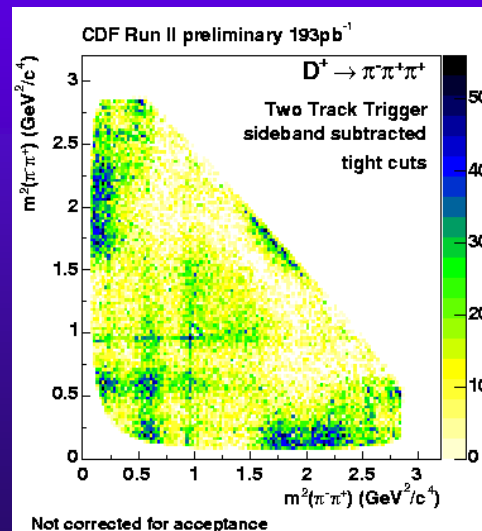
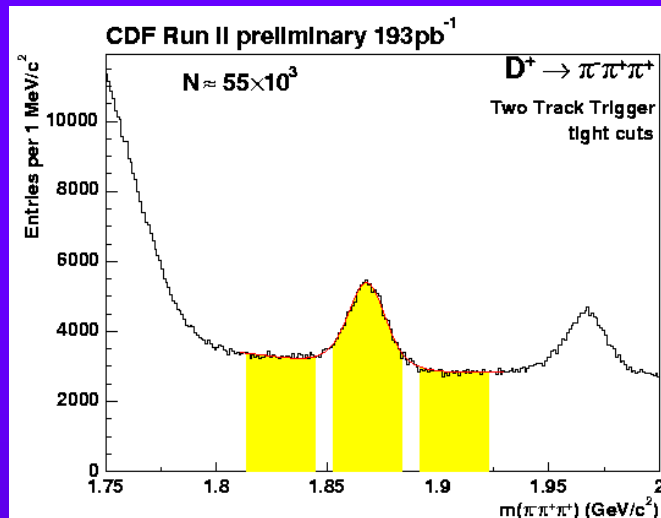
W

$$\text{BR}(B_s \rightarrow \phi\phi) = [1.4 \pm 0.6(\text{stat}) \pm 0.2(\text{syst}) \pm 0.5(\text{BRs})] \times 10^{-5}$$

# Charmed Hadrons



90,000 per MeV at peak!



**QCD:**  
**Charm spectroscopy**  
**Production mechanisms**  
**(correlations)**

<http://www-cdf.fnal.gov/physics/new/bottom/040422.dplus/>

# Central Exclusive Production

... or, diffractive excitation of the vacuum

“It is contrary to reason to say that there is a vacuum or a space in which there is absolutely nothing.”

Descartes

→ Virtual states in the vacuum can be promoted to real states by the glancing passage of two particles.

Charged lepton (or q) pairs : 2-photon exchange

Hadronic states : 2-pomeron exchange (DPE) dominates

Vacuum quantum number exchange.

Central states' quantum numbers restricted.

Measure forward p,pbar → missing mass, Q-nos.

Ideal for Glueball, Hybrid spectroscopy

$I^G$	$J^{PC}$ (DPE)	
$0^+$	$0^{++}$	←
$0^+$	$0^{-+}$	} Not at $0^0$
$0^+$	$1^{+-}$	
$0^+$	$1^{++}$	
$0^+$	$2^{++}$	←

## Hadron Spectroscopy: an example

X(3872) discovered by Belle (2003)

Seen soon after by CDF

Relatively narrow

$$M_{X(3872)} - M_{J/\psi} - 2M_{\pi} = 495 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma < 3.5 \text{ MeV}$$

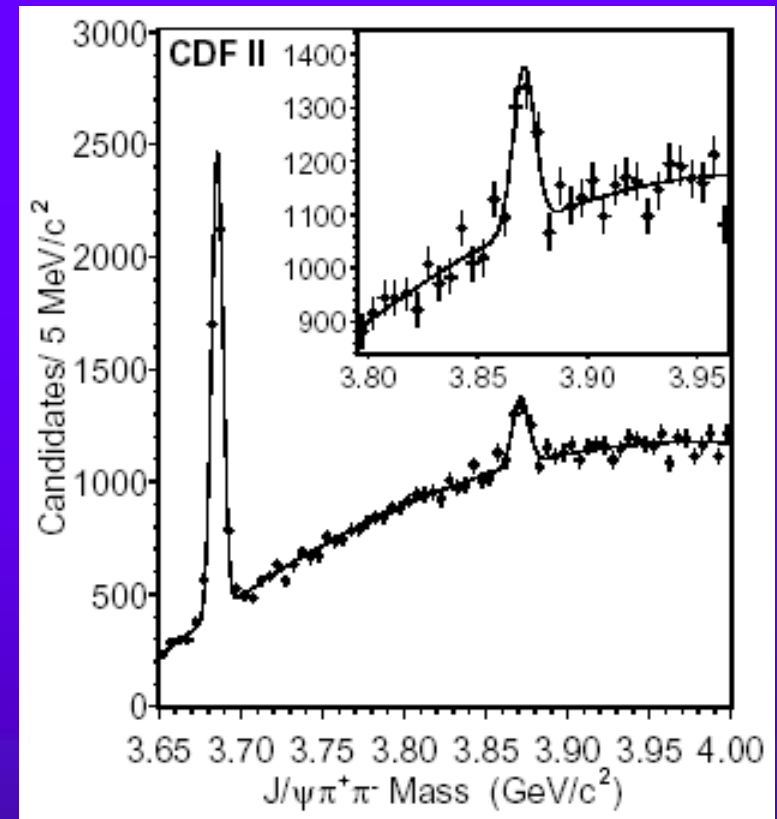
What are its quantum numbers?

Why so narrow? What is it?

$D\bar{D}^*$  "molecule"? or  $[\{cd\} \leftrightarrow \{\bar{c}\bar{d}\}]$  state?

If we see in exclusive DPE:

$$I^G J^{PC} \text{ (DPE)} \quad \begin{array}{l} 0^+ 0^{++} \Rightarrow \text{favored} \\ 0^+ 0^{-+}, 0^+ 1^{-+}, 0^+ 1^{++} \Rightarrow \text{not at } 0^0 \\ 0^+ 2^{++} \Rightarrow \text{not } q\bar{q} \end{array}$$



PRL 93, 072001 (2004)

Also, cross-section depends on “size/structure” of state.



## Gluonia and Glueballs

Hadrons **G** without valence quarks

Allowed in QCD – or, if not, why not ?

Some can mix with **q $\bar{q}$**  mesons

Some have exotic quantum numbers and cannot  $J^{PC} = 0^{--}, \text{even}^{+-}, \text{odd}^{-+}$

Glue-gluon collider ideal for production (allowed states singly, others in association  $GG', G + \text{mesons}$ .)

Forward  $p\bar{p}$  selects exclusive state, kinematics filters Q.Nos :

Forward protons:  $J^P = 2^+$  exclusive state cannot be non-relativistic  $q\bar{q}$  ( $J_z=0$  rule)

Exclusive central states e.g.  $\phi\phi \rightarrow 4K, \pi\pi KK, D\bar{D}^*, \Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$ , etc

Other processes:

$$\pi^- p \rightarrow [\phi\phi] + n$$

$$J/\psi \rightarrow \gamma + G \quad e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi, \Upsilon + G$$

$$p\bar{p} \text{ (low } \sqrt{s}) \rightarrow G + \text{anything}$$

This one  $\rightarrow$

$$gg \rightarrow G, GG, G+\text{anything}$$

# Use Tevatron as Tagged Glue-Glue Collider

$$\sqrt{s_{gg}} = \sim 1 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\sigma_{\sqrt{s}} \sim 100 \text{ MeV} \longleftarrow (\text{Stretch Goal})$$

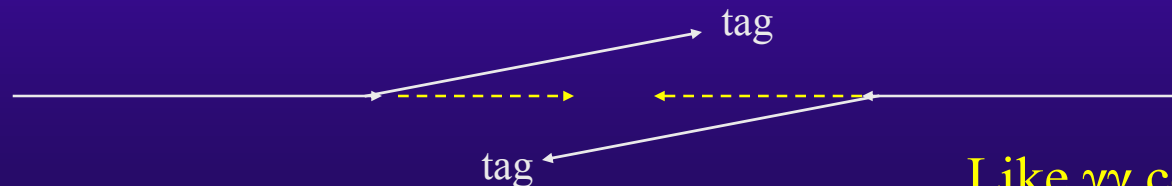
Glueballs and Hybrids

New Exotic Hadrons

$\chi_c$  and  $\chi_b$  states

Hunting strange exotic animals (radions, ...?)

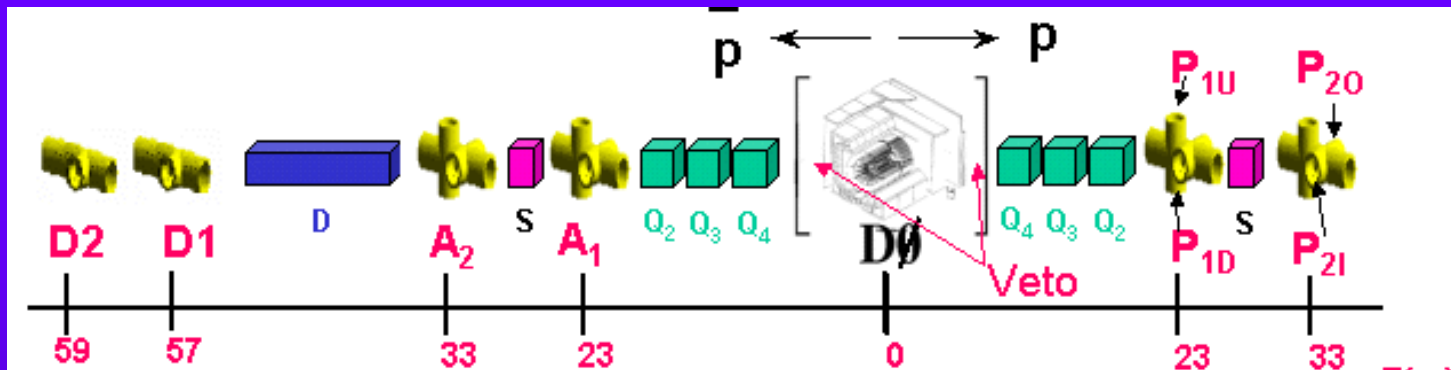
Everywhere: **Gluodynamics**, perturbative and non-perturbative issues



Like  $\gamma\gamma$  collider in LC

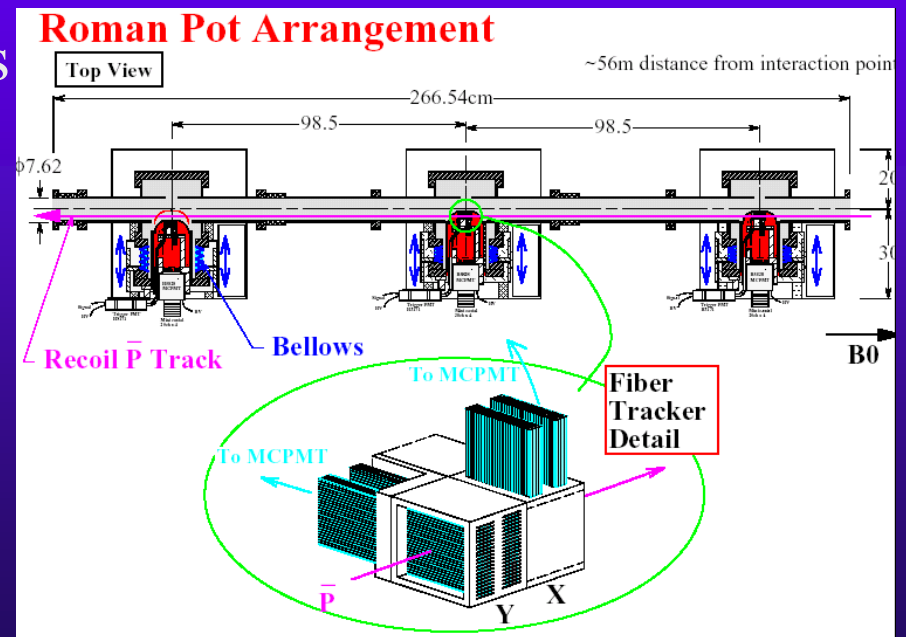
# Very Forward: Roman Pots

**D0** has 8+8 quadrupole spectrometer pots + 2 dipole spectrometer pots  
 Scintillating fiber hodoscopes



**CDF** has 3 dipole spectrometer pots  
 0.8 mm x-y fibers

Possible: Quads + near + far dipoles  
 Silicon ustrips, pixels, trig scint  
 Quartz Cerenkov for  $\sim 30$  ps TOF



## Central Exclusive Production

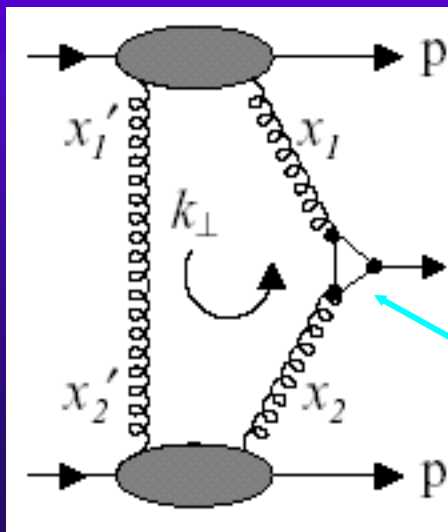
**gg fusion**: main channel for H production.

Another g-exchange can cancel color, even leave p intact.

$$p p \rightarrow p + H + p$$

Theoretical uncertainties in cross section, involving skewed gluon distributions, gluon  $k_T$ , gluon radiation, Sudakov ff etc.

→ Probably  $\sigma(SMH) \sim 1$  fb at Tevatron, not detectable, but may be possible at LHC (higher L and  $\sim 40$  fb?)



Theory can be tested, low x gluonic features of proton measured with exclusive  $\gamma\gamma$ ,  $\chi_c^0$  and  $\chi_b^0$  production.

u-loop:  $\gamma\gamma$     c-loop:  $\chi_c^0$   
b-loop:  $\chi_b^0$     t-loop: H

# Exclusive $\chi_c$ search: $p \bar{p} \rightarrow p \chi_c \bar{p}$

Predictions for Tevatron  $\sim 600$  nb ( $\sim 20$  Hz!)

In reality:  $\text{BR}(\chi_c^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \gamma \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- \gamma)$

$\times$  no other interaction  $\times$  acceptance(trig)

$\Rightarrow$  few pb (1000's in  $1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )

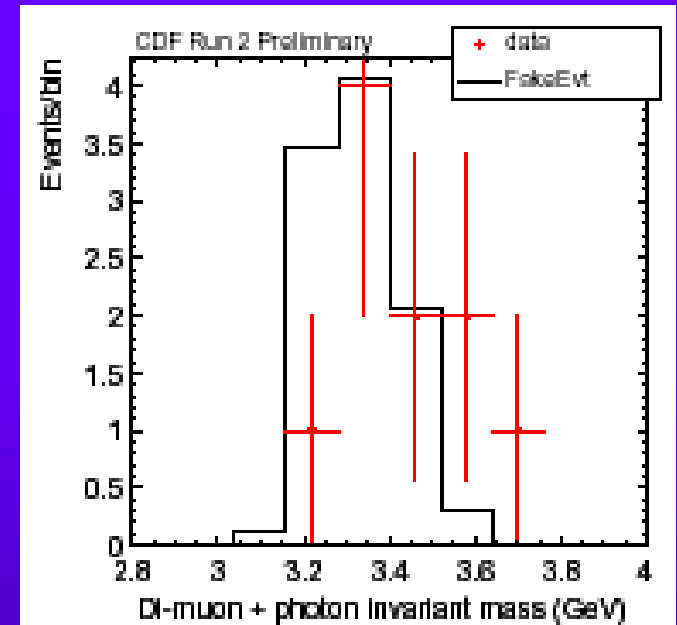
$\sigma(p \bar{p} \rightarrow p \chi_b \bar{p}) \sim 120$  pb (KMR)

$\times (\text{BR} \rightarrow \Upsilon \gamma) \times (\text{BR} \rightarrow \mu \mu \gamma) \Rightarrow$

$> \sim 100 \times \text{Acceptance} / \text{fb}^{-1}$

{Measuring forward  $p \rightarrow$  central quantum numbers  
2+ forbidden at  $t=0$  for  $q\bar{q}$  state}

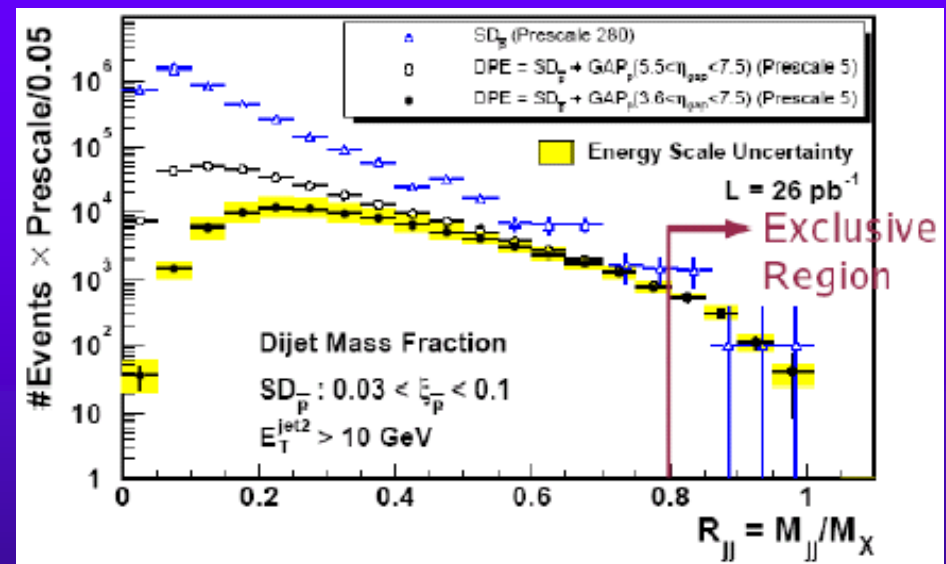
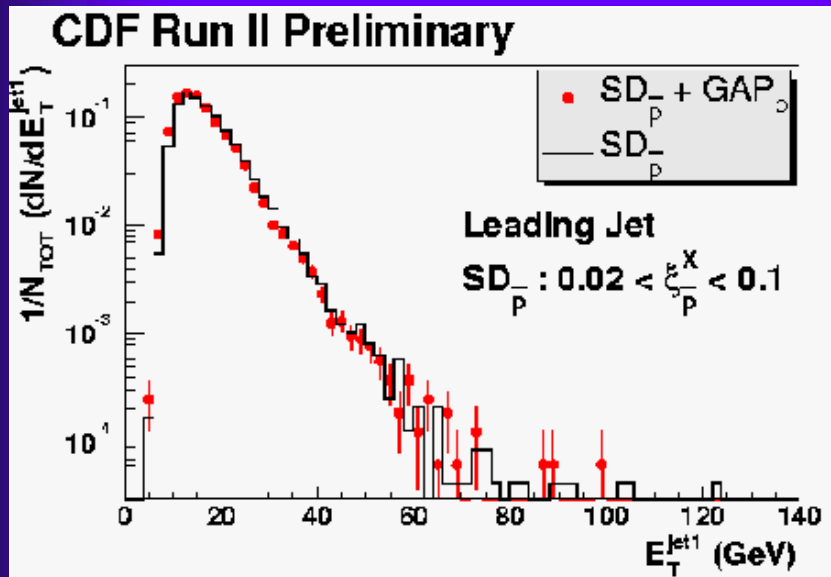
$$I^G J^P = 0^+ 0^+$$



# Exclusive Dijets?

Meaning  $pp \rightarrow p \quad JJ \quad p$  and practically nothing else  
 See antiproton in roman pots, see rap gap on other side.

CDF Run I discovery {JJX} (130/~10 bg) ... Run II trigger:



So far: upper limit ~ theoretical expectations

Expect enhancement rather than peak

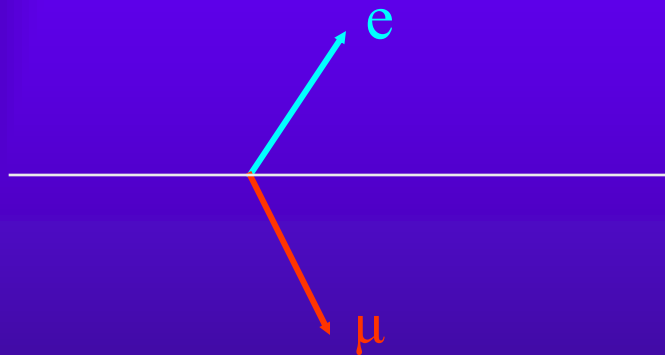
**They should all be gluon jets ! Unique sample**

# Central Exclusive Production at LHC

$$H(160) \rightarrow W^+ W^- \rightarrow p \ e^+ \mu^- \not{E}_T \ p$$

$$MM^2 = (p_1 + p_2 - p_3 - p_4)^2 = M_H^2$$

Nothing else on 2-lepton vertex!



ee



μμ



eμ

+ White Pomeron search

$$\text{Also } H(120) \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$$

# The “White Pomeron”

e.g. A.R.White hep-ph/0405190  
Sextet Quark Physics at the Tevatron?

Alan White: **Pomeron = reggeized gluon + cloud of wee gluons.**

Asymptotic freedom  $\rightarrow$  16 color triplet  $q$ 's Only 6 known

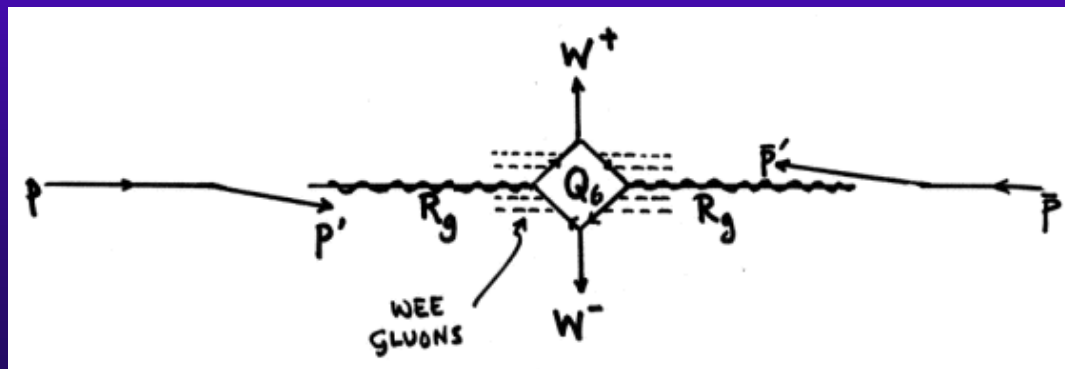
**AHA!** 1 color sextet  $Q$  counts 5 x 1 color triplet

$\{ud\} + \{cs\} + \{tb\} + \{UD\} \rightarrow AF$

$\Pi = U\bar{D}$  etc,  $\eta_6$  ....EWSB, role of Higgs

Can be dark matter ( $N = DDU \sim TeV$ )

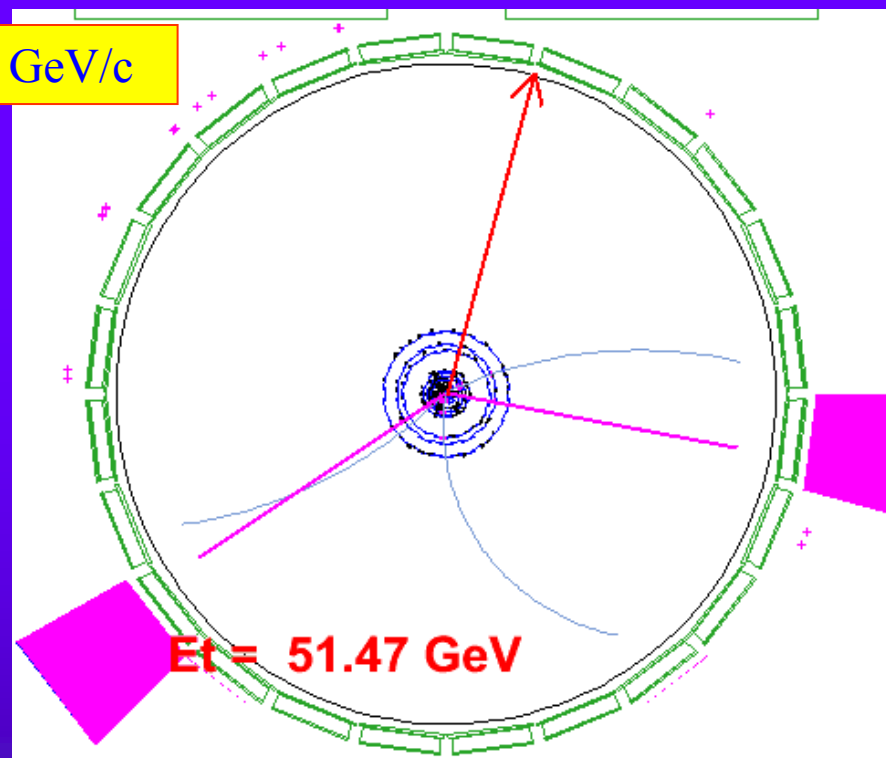
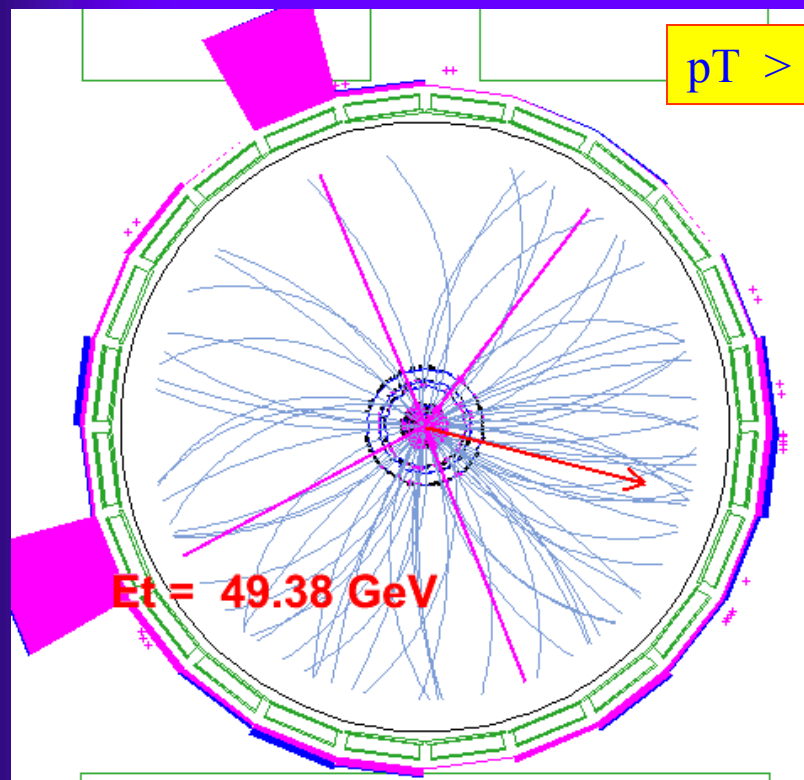
Pomeron couples strongly to  $WW$  through  $U, D$  loops





## Two interesting Run II events

(2 / ~5)



Probable ZZ  
 $4e > 20 \text{ GeV}$ .  
~ 70 tracks &  $y < 1$ : 34

ee MET (WW or ZZ)  
2 tracks with  $y < 1$   
& very low forward activity

Fluctuation? High-b? Diffractive?  
MC + more data

# BFKL and Mueller-Navelet Jets

Color singlet (IP) exchange between quarks

Enhancement over 1g exchange – multiRegge gluon ladder

Jets with large y separation

n minijets in between (inelastic case)

large gap in between (elastic case)

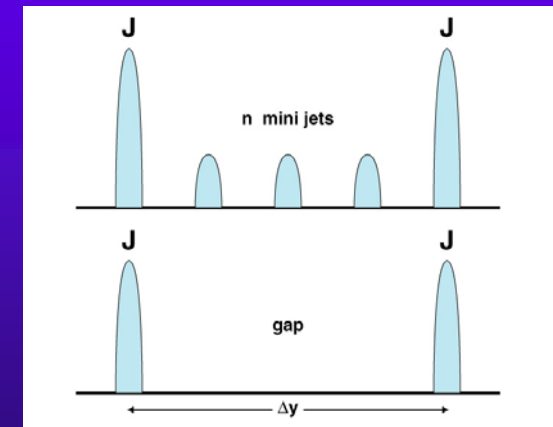
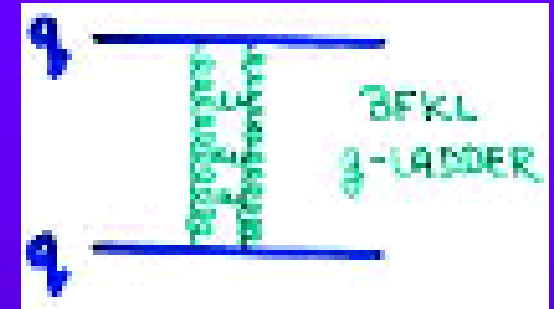
Cross section enhanced  $\left(\frac{s}{t}\right)^\omega$

$$\omega_{BFKL} = \frac{4N_c \ln 2}{\pi} \alpha_S \approx 0.5 \text{ for } \alpha_S = 0.19$$

$$\bar{n} \sim \omega \ln\left(\frac{s}{t}\right) \sim 3-4$$

Measure  $fn(\eta, p_T, \sqrt{s}, \Delta\eta)$

Fundamental empirical probe of new regime:  
non-perturbative QCD at short distances.



**Very forward calorimeters OS**

# Probing Very Small $x$ Gluons

High parton densities

New phenomena (gluon saturation)

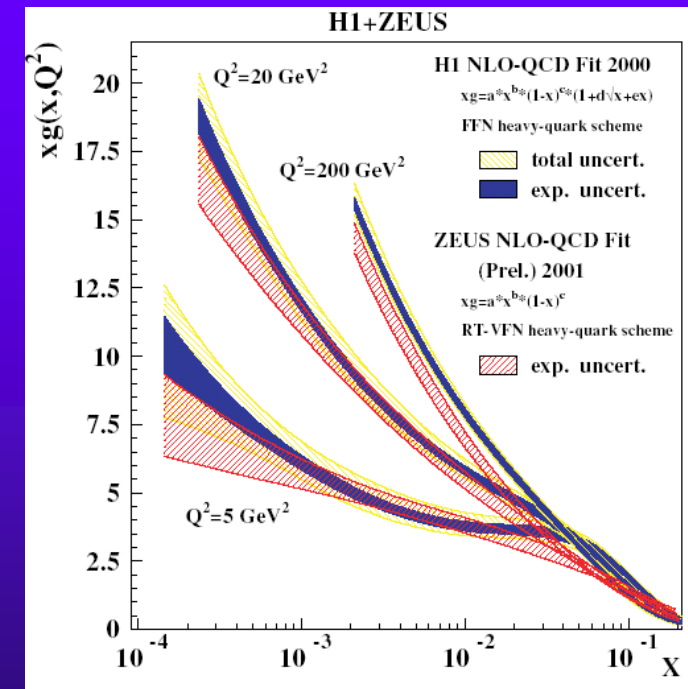
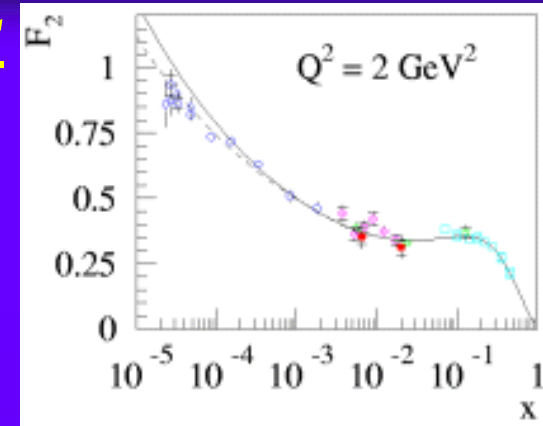
HERA measures  $q(x)$  to  $\sim 10^{-5}$   
 $g(x)$  by evolution, charm

GTeV : measure  $g(x)$  to  $\sim 10^{-4}$   
 (also  $x > \sim 0.5$ ) more directly

$$x_1 = \frac{p_T}{\sqrt{s}} (e^{y_1} + e^{y_2}) \quad ; \quad x_2 = \frac{p_T}{\sqrt{s}} (e^{-y_1} + e^{-y_2})$$

e.g.  $\sqrt{s} = 1960 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $p_T = 5 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $y_1 = y_2 = 4 (2.1^0)$   
 $\Rightarrow \quad x_1 = 0.56, \quad x_2 = 10^{-4}$

Instrument  $0.5^0 < \theta < 3^0$  region with tracking,  
 calorimetry (em+had), muons,  $J/\psi$   
 jets, photons ...

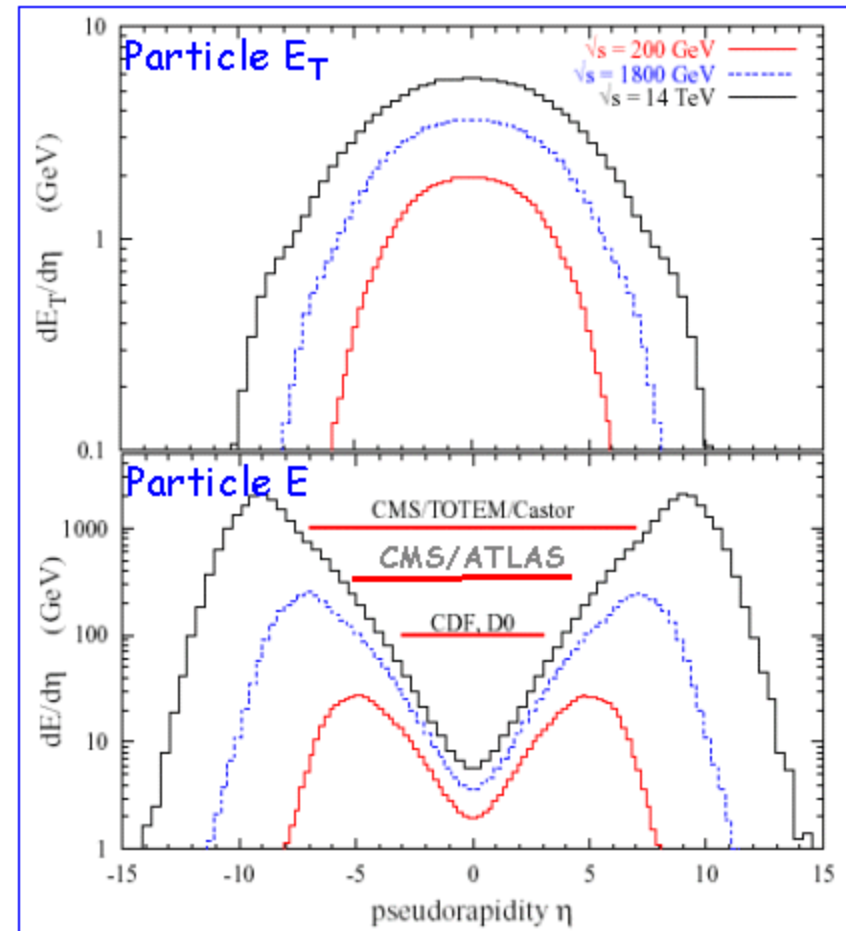


**Very forward calorimeters SS**

# Colliders study (mostly) Central Region

Jim Pinfold

- Collider physics measurement emphasis:
  - High Transverse energy
    - **Jets**
    - **Leptons**
    - **Leptonic secondaries**
    - **Missing energy**
- Cosmic EAS measurements involve primarily:
  - Total/inelastic cross-section
  - Fraction of diffractive dissoci.
  - Energy flow
  - Particle multiplicity distributions
  - Hadronic secondaries



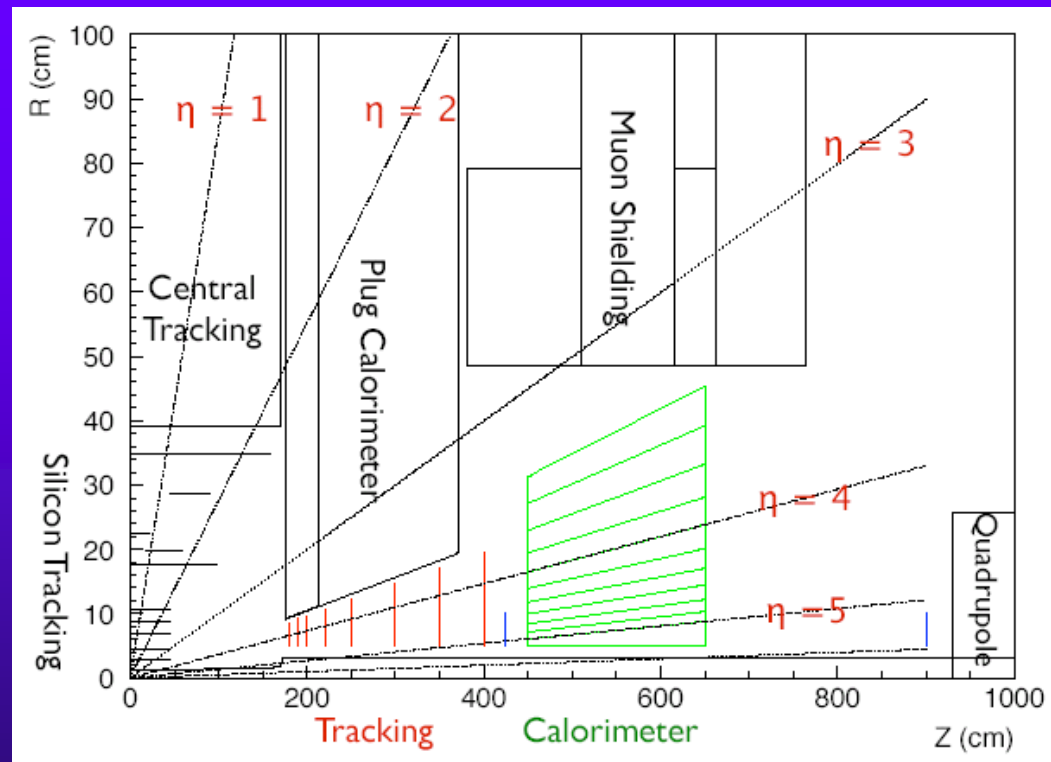
# Forward “Cone” Spectrometer for CDF?

$$0.5^\circ < \theta < 3^\circ \Rightarrow 3.6 < \eta < 4.9$$

Now: luminosity counters + 1.1 interaction length calorimeter

Possible upgrade:

- Tracking (in mag field)
- electrons & photons
- hadron calorimetry – jets
- muons



Could be done if sufficiently motivated (and funded!)

# What do we need to do?

High  $E_T$ ,  $M_{JJ}$  frontier

Gain slow, LHC take-over

Lower  $p_T \Rightarrow$  large distances

Low B runs, roman pots at small t

More statistics - but *precision* tests limited

e.g.  $B_c = b\bar{c} + \gamma$ 's spectroscopy

understand jets, for jet spectroscopy  $\Rightarrow$  t, H

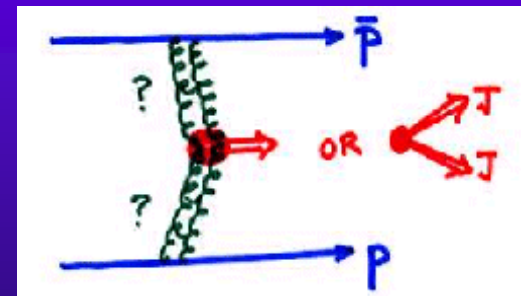
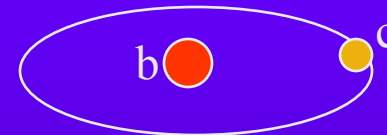
WW and ZZ pairs

LHC take-over

Diffractive sector, especially:

DPE (G, hybrids, hyperons,  $\chi$ , jets, b-jets)

Very forward production



## *The Future of QCD at the Tevatron*

Workshop May 2004: <http://conferences.fnal.gov/qcdws/>

**Very active program** will continue  $\rightarrow$  **> 10 x statistics**

**CDF** and **D0** detectors stop detecting in 2009 (probably)

Before:

Could add **precision (Si) roman pots** on both sides

Could upgrade CDF very forward (**cone spectrometers**)

Special running: root **s-scan** (630 – 1960), low **B-field** run

**BTeV**: Supplement B-physics program with more QCD studies:

+ **roman pots, hadron calorimeter, veto (rap-gap) counters, + ?**

Plan: **“Yellow Book”** on physics issues (cf **LHC, HERA** etc)

Fred Olness, Mark Strikman, MGA eds