



#### Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

# **Clinical Decision Support Systems Pilot Demo**

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- What is a CDSS?
- User Community
- Objectives of the Grid Approach
- Components of the Grid Application
- Demo
  - Searching an Available Classification Engine
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# What is a CDSS?

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

Application that Extracts Medically Relevant
Knowledge from a Large Set of Information with the
Objective of Guiding the Practitioners in their Clinical
Practice.

 It Consists on Several Trained Classification Engines that Process a Formatted Input Determining its

Category from a Predefined Set.

 Currently 7 Classification Engines and Two (Three) Application Areas Talassemia and Soft Tissue Tumours (and Schizophrenia).

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# **User Community**

## Usage of the Tool

- For an Individual Case when More Information is Needed, Under the Supervision of the User.
- For the Automatic Classification of a Large Set of Cases (Epidemiology Studies), Assuming the Classification Error.
- Medical Users: Depending on the Area
  - Anaemia
    - Haematological Department of Hospital Dr. Peset.
  - Soft Tissue Tumours Classification
    - eTumour Consortium (<u>http://www.etumour.net/</u>)
    - ADIRM (Asociación Española para el Desarrollo y la Investigación en Resonancia Magnética)



# **Objectives of the Grid Approach**

**Enabling Grids for E-science** 

#### Problems and Needs

- Remote Usage. Sending the Classification Sw Will Compromise IPR.
- Security and Accounting.
- Batch Usage in Epidemiology Studies.
- Publication of Resources and Features to Select the Most Suitable One.

## Advantages of Grid

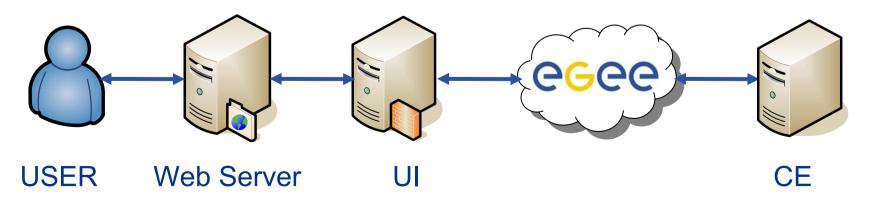
- More Natural Concept for Services.
- Security and Accounting by Definition.
- Access to Higher Resources in Batch Usage: Advantages on the Combination of Results from Different Sources.
- Robust and Dynamic Publication of Available Resources.

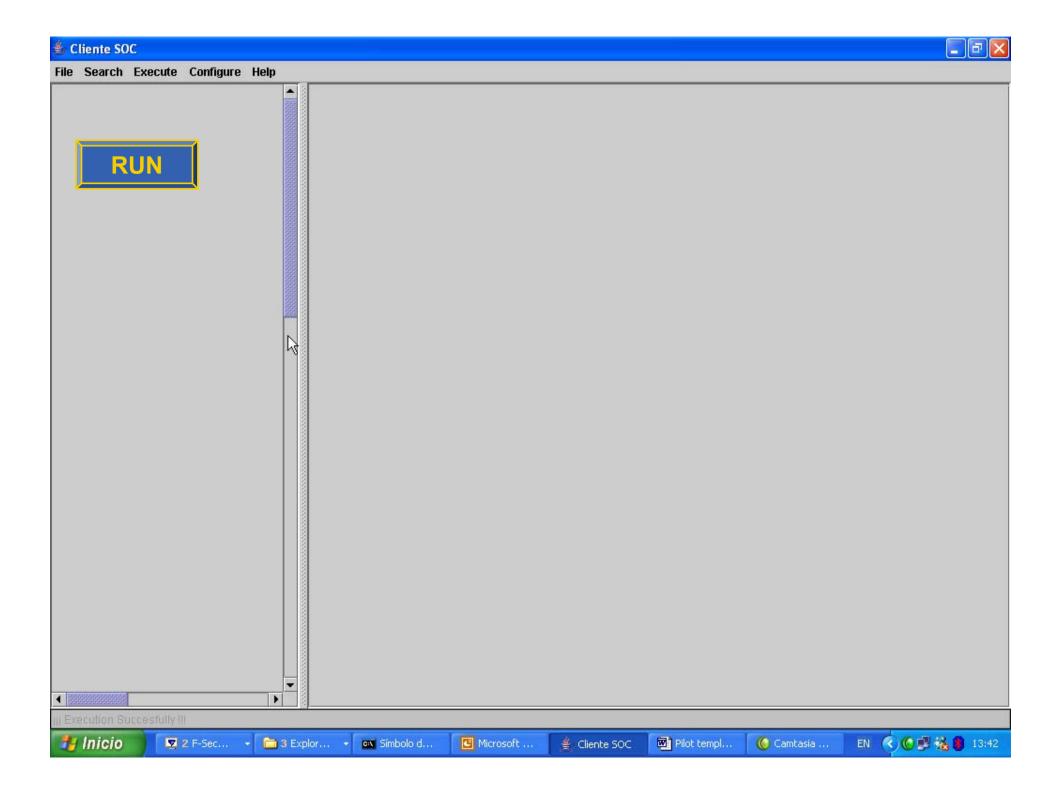


# **Grid Architecture**

## Components

- Access from the Web: Need for a Gateway to the Grid.
- Set of Trained Classifiers (Engines) Located in Different Processing Nodes.
  - Each Engine has a Descriptive Report of all its Features and Relevant Information (XML Document).
- A Searching System Enabling to Locate the CEs Containing Engines According to a Criteria (Corpus, Efficacy, etc...)
- Execution of Engines with a User-Specific Input.
  - Execution of the Classifier Engine in the GRID.







# **Further Work**

- Integration of the SW Library on the Tool used in eTumour Consortium.
  - Enabling Batch Processing.
  - Enabling Multi-Classifier Classification.
- Integrate the Training Part on the SW Library.
- Ease the Installation of the Tool.
- Extend the System to Other Cases.
  - The Public Health Unit of the Valencia Region is Interested.
    - Clinical Records are of the order of 3 Million per Day.
    - Depending on the Disease to Test (Initially Arthritis), Relevant Records are of Several Thousands per day.
  - Relation of Schizophrenia and Genomic Factors.



# Conclusions

- The System is Installed and Running on LCG2.
- The Development of New Classification Components in a Configured Site is Easy.
- The Process of Integrating New Sites will be Improved.
- Individual Jobs are Short, but Classification of Large Number of Jobs is Relevant in Epidemiology Studies.
- Medical Interest is on-Line with the Priorities of Research in eHealth of the EU.