



Non Standard Model Higgs searches at DØ

Marc Hohlfeld

**Johannes Gutenberg–Universität Mainz
for the DØ Collaboration**

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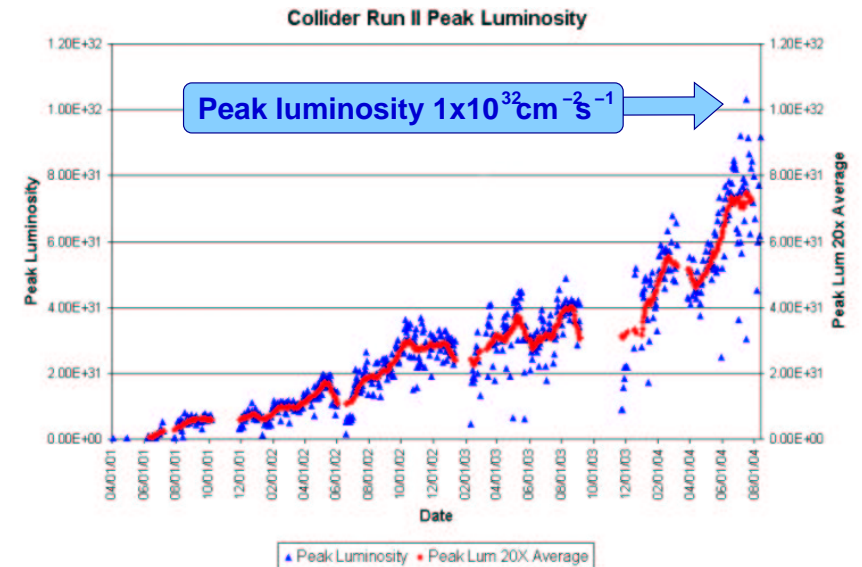
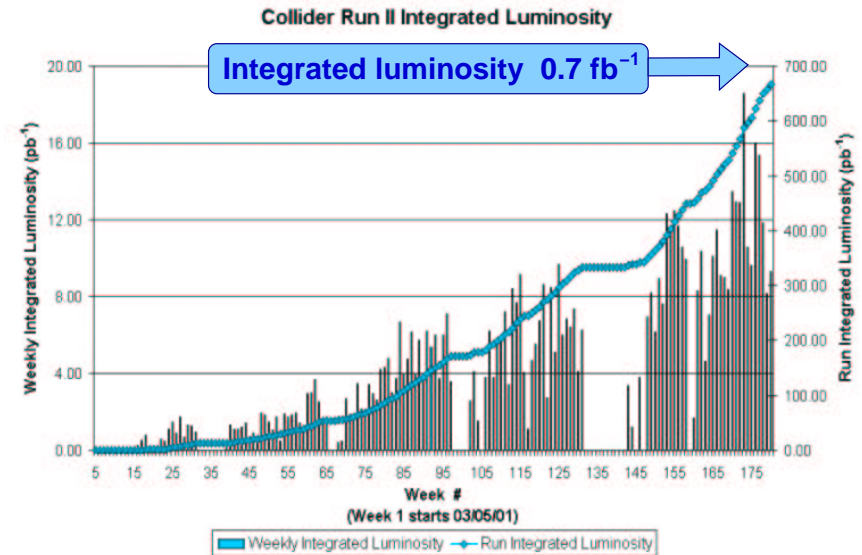
- Introduction
- Tevatron and the DØ detector
- Search for $H \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$
- Search for $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
- Doubly charged Higgs bosons
- Neutral Higgs bosons at high $\tan \beta$
- Summary and outlook

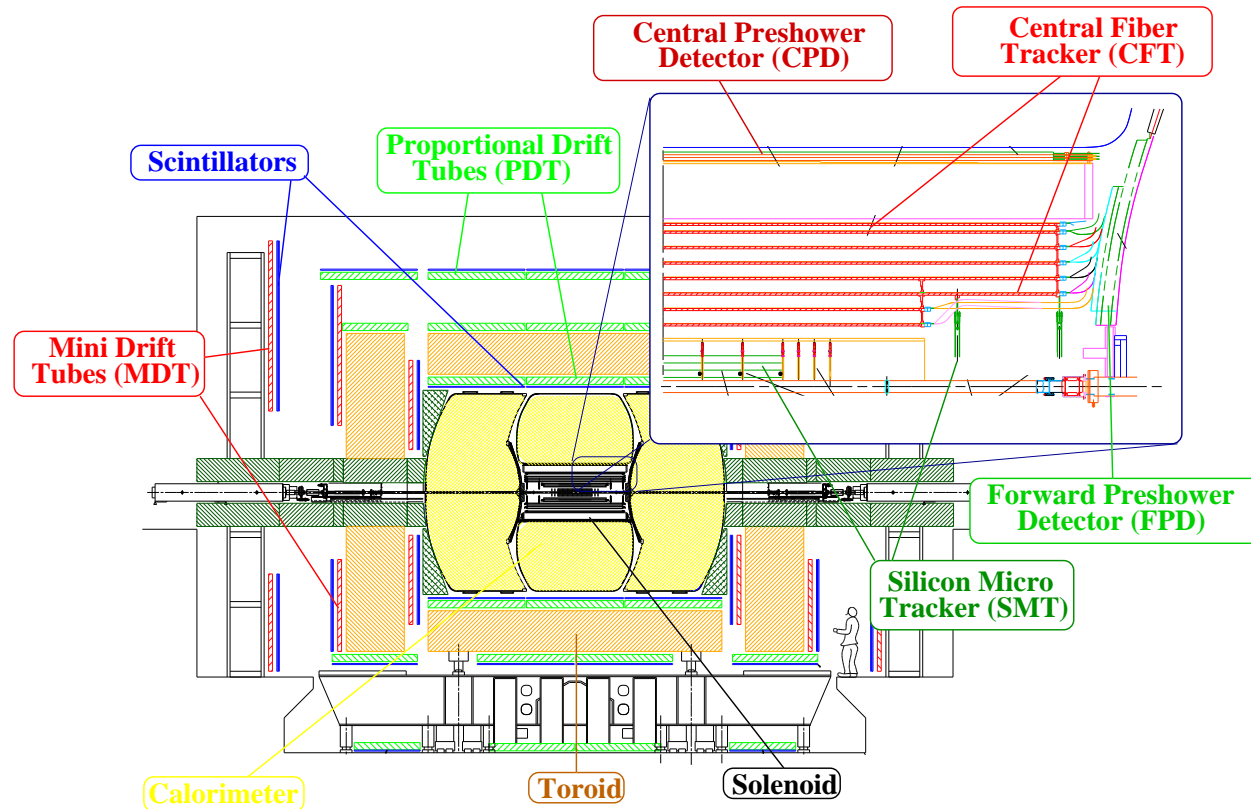


Tevatron



- $p\bar{p}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV
- Peak luminosity $4 - 8 \cdot 10^{30} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
- Weekly delivered $8-16 \text{pb}^{-1}$



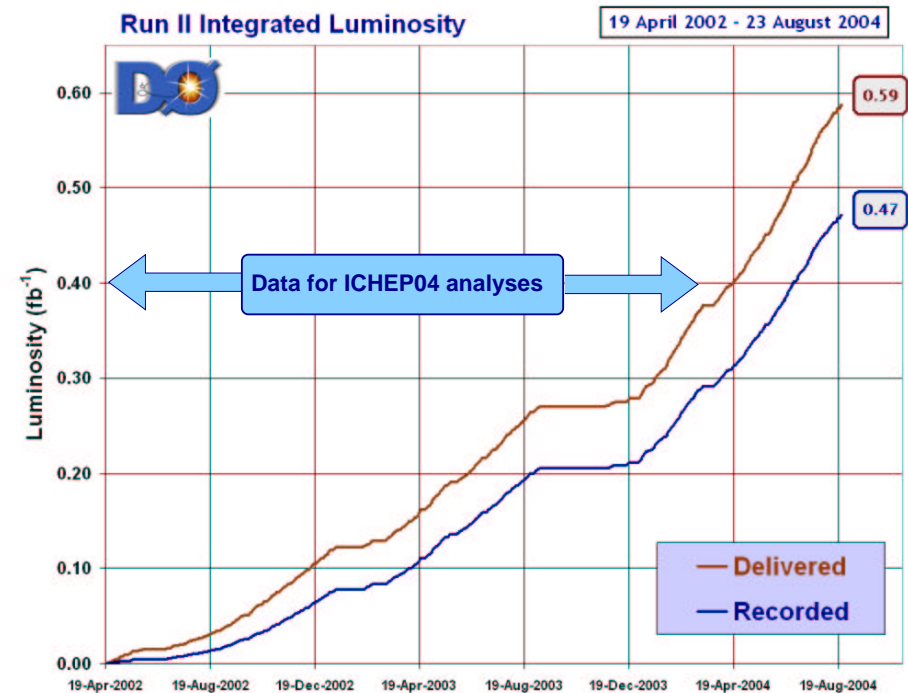
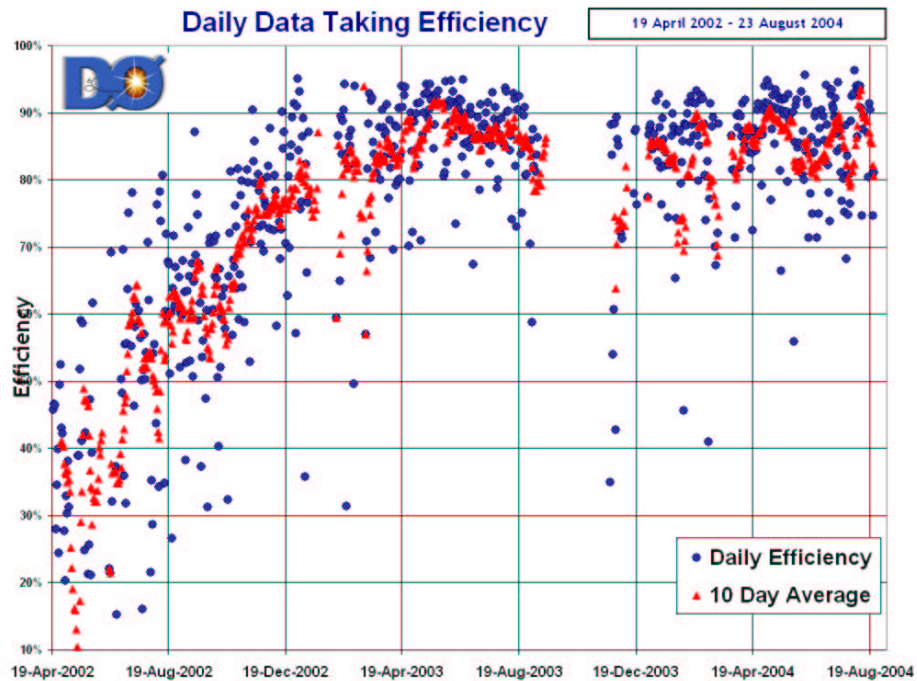


- 4 layer silicon detector and 8 layer fiber tracker inside solenoid (2T)
- 3 layer muon system up to $|\eta| = 2$
- Liquid argon calorimeter with new electronics
- Preshowers in front of calorimeter
- New trigger and DAQ

DØ performance



- Recorded luminosity $\sim 500 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
- Data used for the analyses
 $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 100 - 200 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

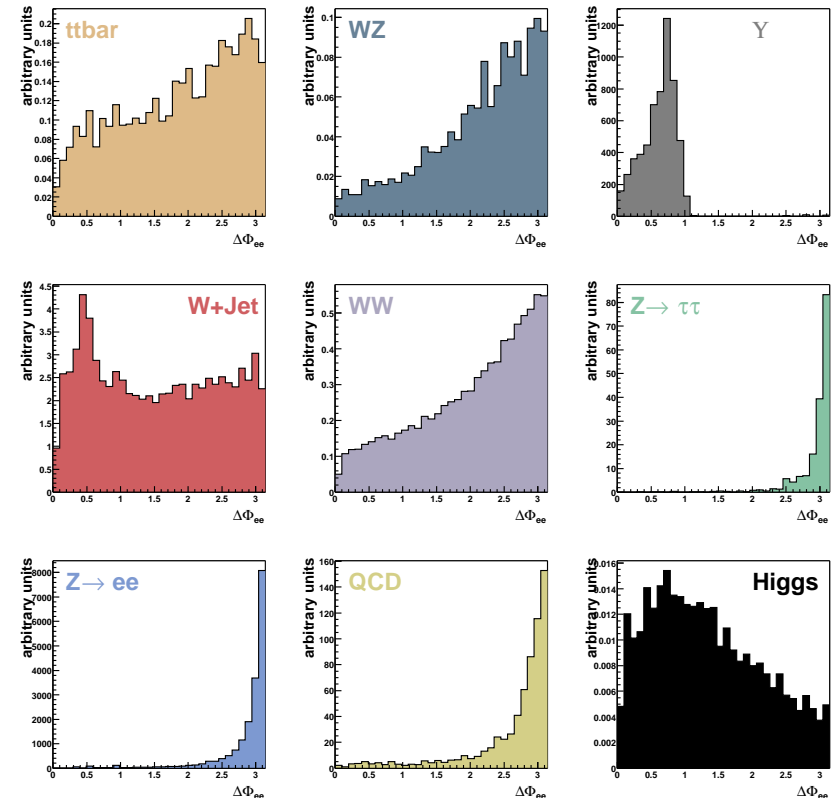


- Data taking efficiency
80–90%

Selection strategy for $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu \ell^- \bar{\nu}$



- Signal characterized by
 - ▲ Two leptons of opposite charge
 - ▲ Two neutrinos
 - ⇒ Large missing transverse energy
 - ▲ Small opening angle between two charged leptons in transverse plane
 - ⇒ Caused by spin correlations in decay
- Major backgrounds
 - ▲ Vector boson pair production
 - ▲ Single vector boson production
 - ▶ $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow ee, Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \mu\mu, Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$
 - ▶ $W(\rightarrow e, \mu) + \text{jets}/\gamma$
- Other backgrounds
 - ▲ $t\bar{t}, \text{QCD}, \Upsilon \rightarrow ee, \mu\mu$



Signal selection for $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu \ell^- \bar{\nu}$



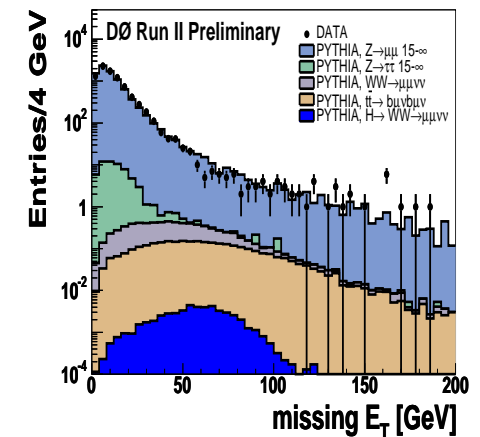
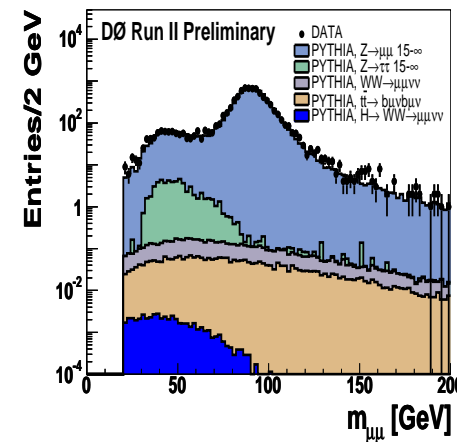
- Search for the Higgs in three channels

- ▲ ee channel: $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 177 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
- ▲ $e\mu$ channel: $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 158 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
- ▲ $\mu\mu$ channel: $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 147 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

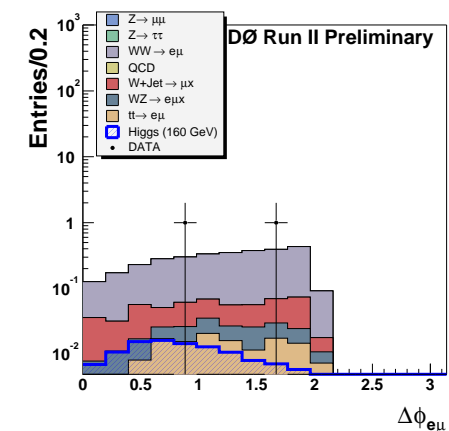
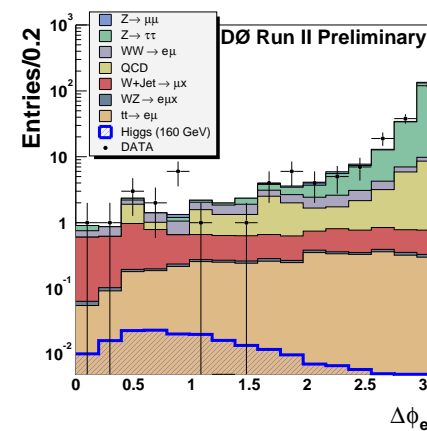
- Selection criteria

- ▲ Two leptons of opposite charge
- ▲ Large missing transverse energy E_T
 - ⇒ Rejects Drell Yan, QCD
- ▲ Dilepton mass or transverse mass
 - ⇒ Rejects Drell Yan, WW
- ▲ Jet veto
 - ⇒ Rejects $t\bar{t}$
- ▲ Opening angle $\Delta\phi_{\ell\ell}$
 - ⇒ Rejects Drell Yan, WW

$\mu\mu$ channel



$e\mu$ channel



Data and Monte Carlo comparison



$e^\pm \mu^\mp$ channel	$t\bar{t}$	WZ	W+jet/ γ	WW	$Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$
Cut 0	3.98 ± 0.08	0.34 ± 0.01	7.24 ± 0.13	10.3 ± 0.1	168 ± 5
Cut 1	3.61 ± 0.07	0.28 ± 0.01	5.02 ± 0.11	7.79 ± 0.08	27.5 ± 1.8
Cut 2	2.86 ± 0.06	0.23 ± 0.01	4.15 ± 0.10	6.96 ± 0.08	2.43 ± 0.54
Cut 3	2.80 ± 0.06	0.21 ± 0.01	1.41 ± 0.06	5.85 ± 0.07	1.31 ± 0.38
Cut 4	1.55 ± 0.05	0.13 ± 0.01	0.94 ± 0.05	3.31 ± 0.05	0.57 ± 0.29
Cut 5	0.64 ± 0.03	0.11 ± 0.01	0.35 ± 0.02	2.52 ± 0.05	0.27 ± 0.19
Cut 6	0.13 ± 0.01	0.11 ± 0.01	0.34 ± 0.02	2.51 ± 0.05	0.00 ± 0.14

	$Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \mu\mu$	QCD	SUM	DATA
Cut 0	5.21 ± 0.79	25.2 ± 2.4	$221 \pm 5 \pm 14$	218
Cut 1	1.91 ± 0.46	4.17 ± 0.98	$50.2 \pm 2.1 \pm 3.3$	54
Cut 2	0.49 ± 0.22	2.32 ± 0.73	$19.4 \pm 1.0 \pm 1.3$	21
Cut 3	0.21 ± 0.12	1.62 ± 0.61	$13.4 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.9$	12
Cut 4	0.05 ± 0.05	0.92 ± 0.46	$7.46 \pm 0.55 \pm 0.49$	6
Cut 5	0.0 ± 0.05	0.0 ± 0.23	$3.89 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.25$	4
Cut 6	0.0 ± 0.05	0.0 ± 0.23	$3.10 \pm 0.28 \pm 0.20$	2

- Good agreement between data and Monte Carlo after every stage of the selection
- Similar agreement for e^+e^- and $\mu^+\mu^-$ channels

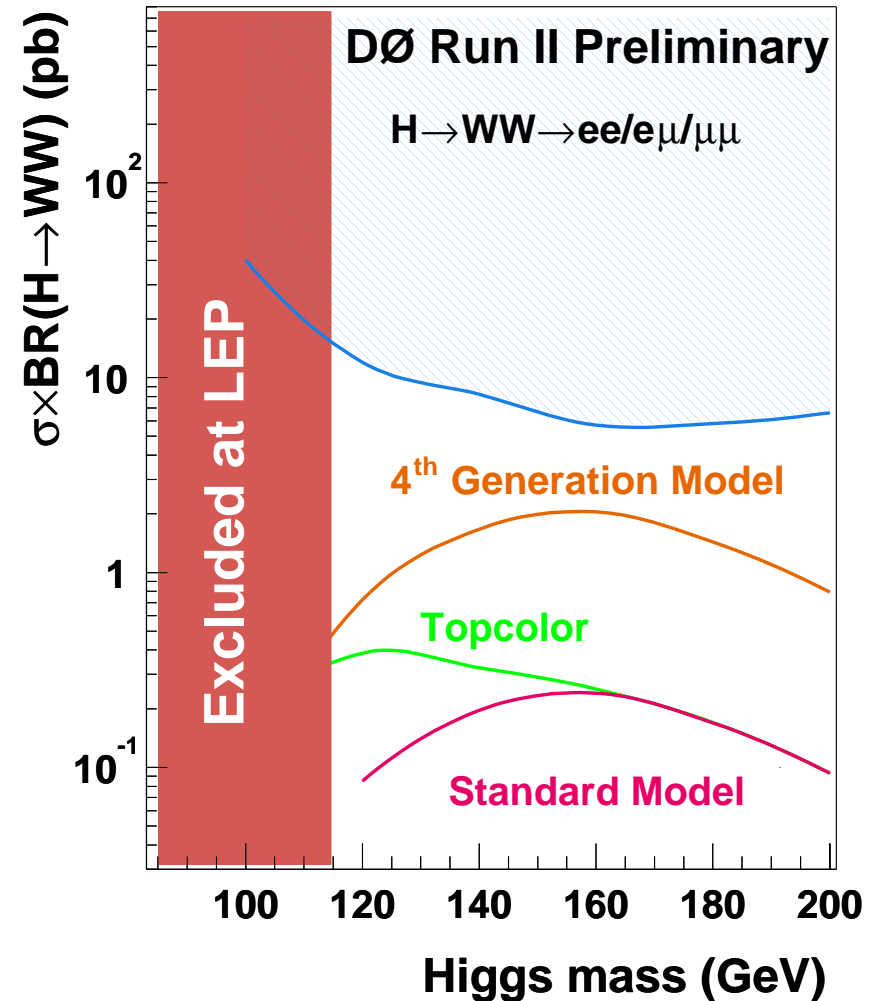




- Expected and observed events

	Background	Data
ee	2.7 ± 0.4	2
$e\mu$	3.1 ± 0.3	2
$\mu\mu$	5.3 ± 0.6	5

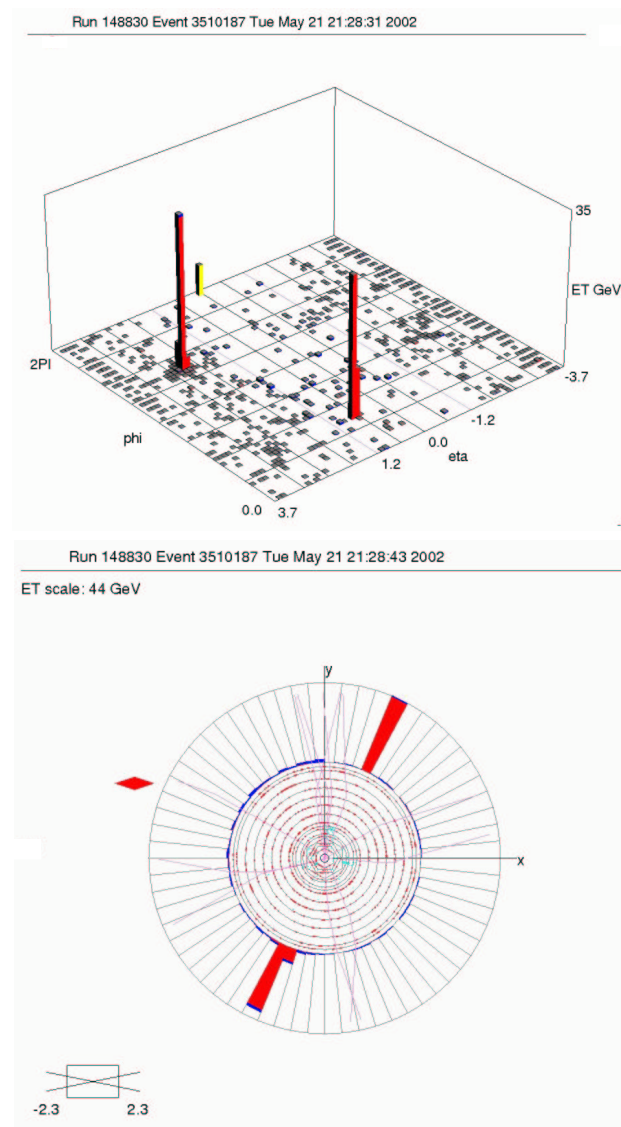
- Signal efficiencies
 - ▲ 13%–21% for $M_H = 160$ GeV
 - ▲ 6%–11% for $M_H = 120$ GeV
- Signal expectation
 - ▲ 0.27 events for $M_H = 160$ GeV
- Use Likelihood method to calculate limits
- Combine all three channels
 - $\Rightarrow \sigma \times \text{BR}(H \rightarrow WW^{(*)}) < 5.7 \text{ pb}$ for $M_H = 160$ GeV



Search for $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$



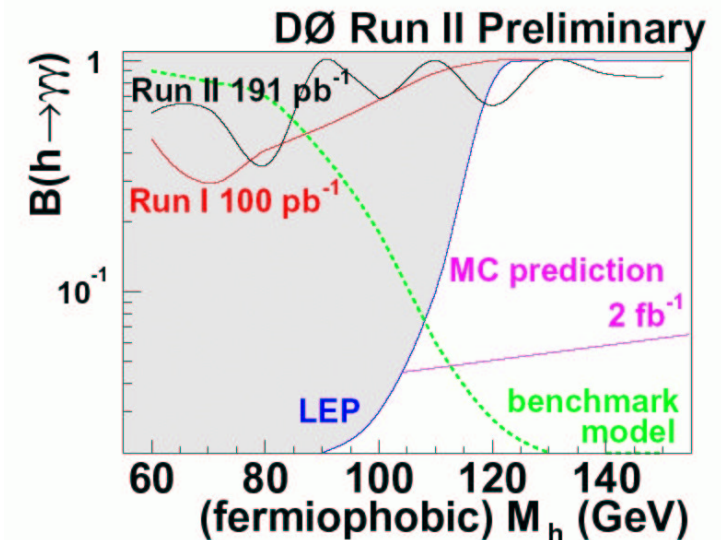
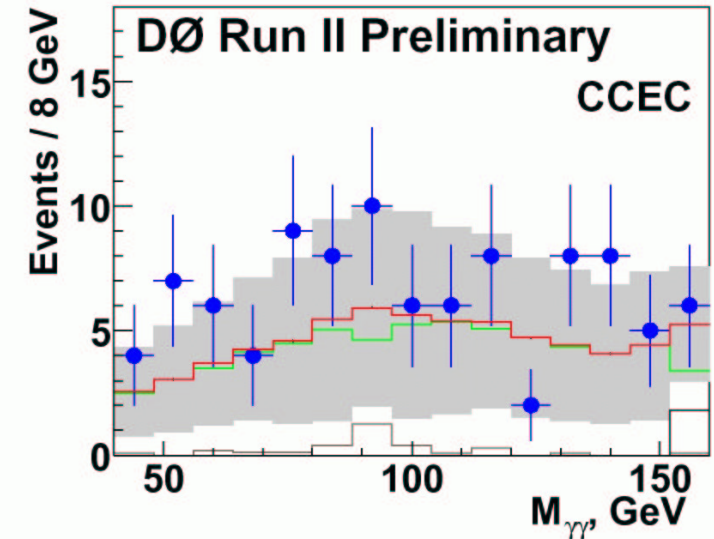
- Small branching fraction in Standard Model
- Enhanced branching fraction in non SM scenarios
 - ▲ Fermiophobic (no couplings to fermions)
 - ▲ Topcolor (Higgs couples to top quark)
- Two photons have clean signature in the detector
- Backgrounds
 - ▲ $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow ee$ with e misidentified as γ
 - ▲ Direct diphoton production
 - ▲ Multijet events with jets faking photons
- Integrated luminosity
 - ▲ $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 191 \text{ pb}^{-1}$



Event selection



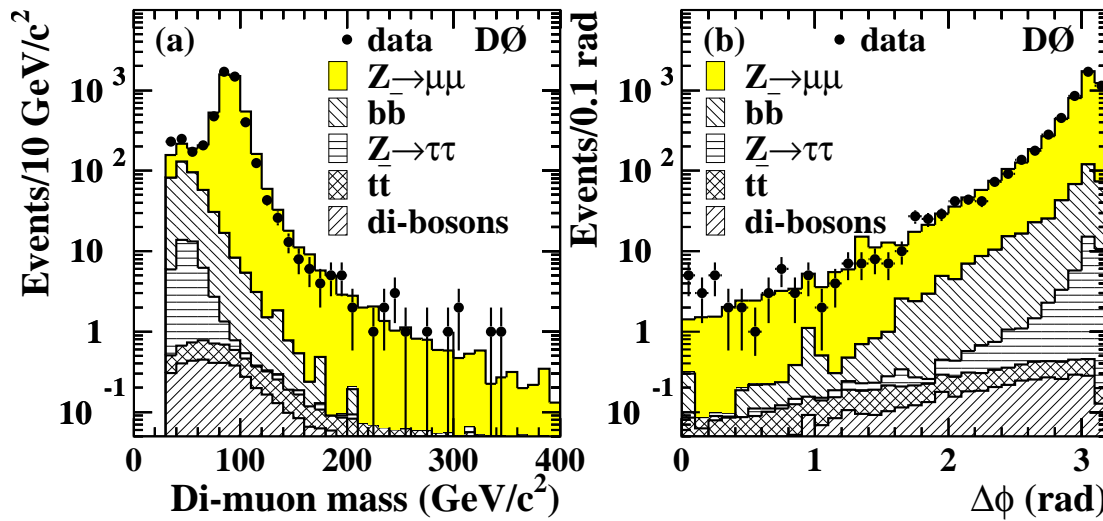
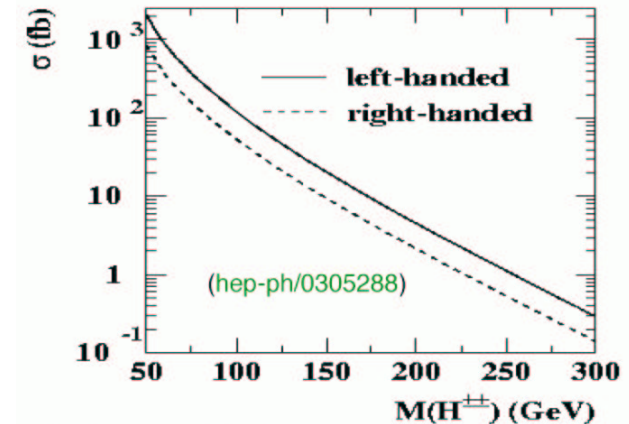
- Selection strategy
 - ▲ Two high p_T photons
 - ▲ Photon identification
 - ▶ Shower shape consistent with electromagnetic cluster
 - ▶ Track veto
- Cross section limits
 - ▲ Counting experiment in mass window
 - ▲ Window optimized for different Higgs masses
 - ▲ Width 5–10 GeV for $M_H = 60\text{--}150$ GeV
- Main systematics
 - ▲ Photon misidentification rate, luminosity



Doubly charged Higgs boson



- Many models beyond SM predict doubly charged Higgs bosons
- Some models predict large decay rates into leptons
- Clean signature

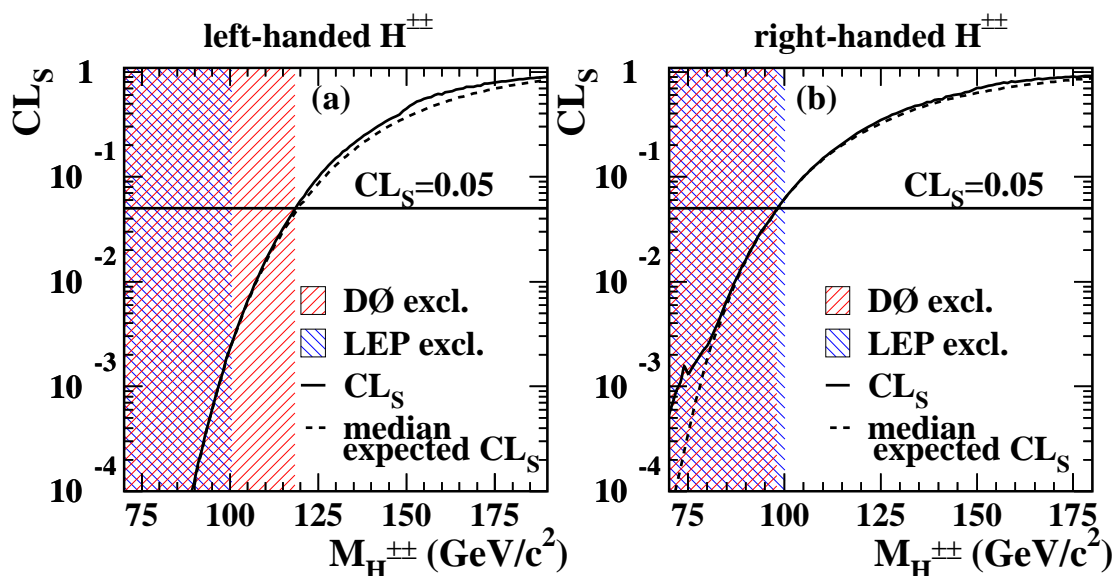
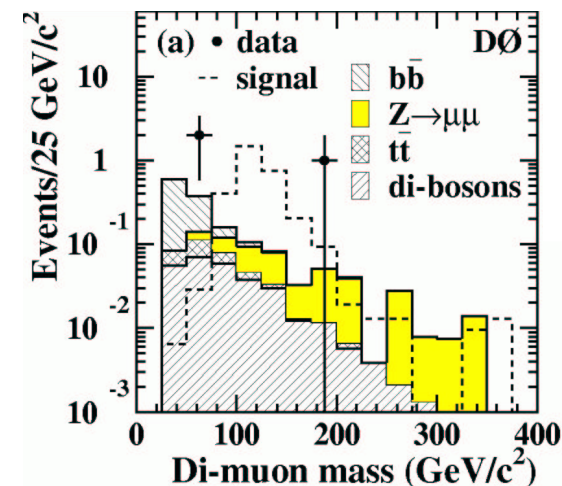


- Integrated luminosity
 - ▲ $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 113 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
- Dominant background is $b\bar{b}$ production
- Event selection
 - ▲ Two or more muons
 - ▲ At least two same sign muons
 - ▲ Small opening angle

Limits for doubly charged Higgs bosons



- Background expectation 1.5 ± 0.4 events
- Three events observed in the data
- Signal efficiency $(47.5 \pm 2.5)\%$



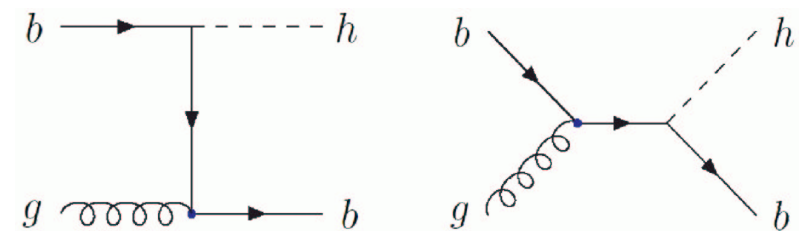
- Published in *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 93:141801, 2004

- Calculate limits using CL_S method
- Assume 100% BR into two muons
- 95% C.L. upper limits
 - ▲ $H_L^{\pm\pm}: M_H > 118.4 \text{ GeV}$
 - ▲ $H_R^{\pm\pm}: M_H > 98.2 \text{ GeV}$

MSSM neutral Higgs bosons



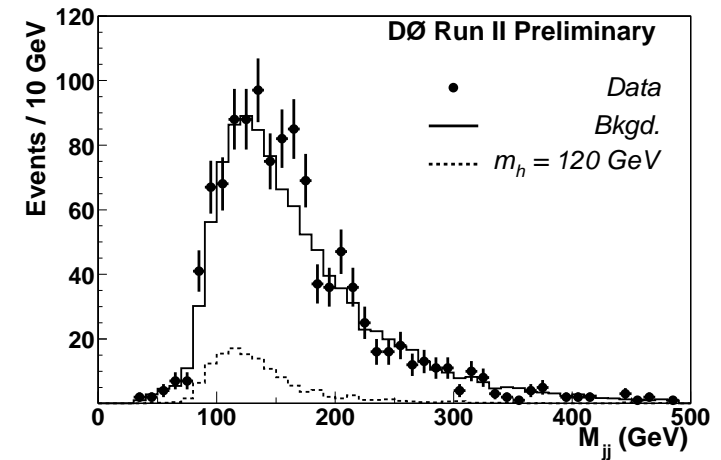
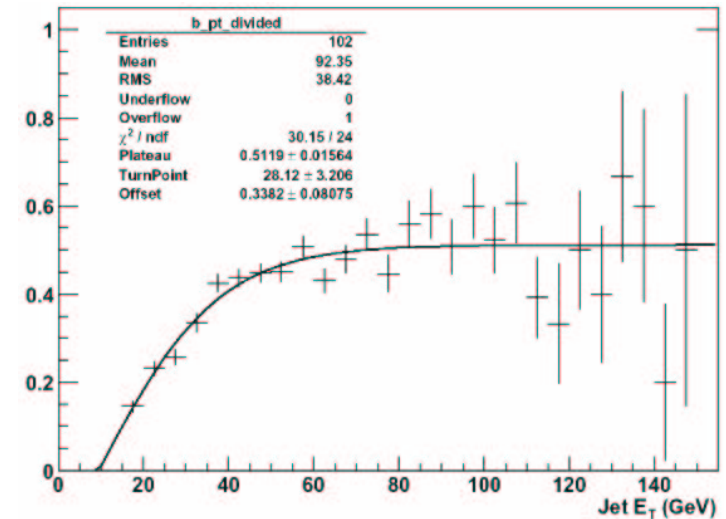
- Five Higgs bosons in MSSM, three of those Higgs bosons are neutral: h^0, H^0, A^0
- Physics at large $\tan \beta$
 - ▲ A^0 nearly degenerate with h^0 or H^0
 - ▲ Enhancement of coupling to down-type fermions
 - ▶ Production cross section scales as $\tan^2 \beta$
 - ▶ Branching fractions: $b\bar{b} \sim 90\%$, $\tau\tau \sim 10\%$
- Dominant Higgs signature at the Tevatron
 - ▲ $p\bar{p} \rightarrow b(b)\phi \rightarrow b(b)b\bar{b}$
- Three or four b-quarks in final state
- b-tagging important for analysis
- Major backgrounds
 - ▲ $4j, 2b+2j, 4b, Z(\rightarrow b\bar{b})+2j, t\bar{t}$



Event selection

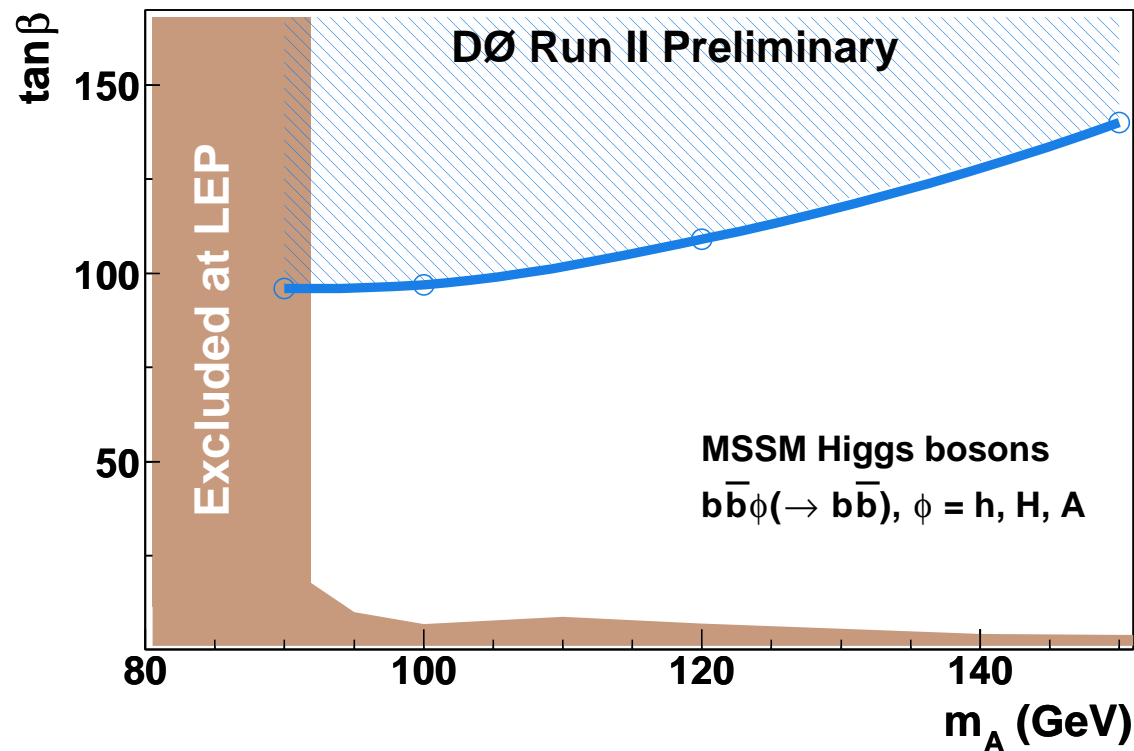


- Selection strategy
 - ▲ b–tagging: events with ≥ 3 b–tagged jets
 - ▲ Peak in invariant di–jet mass
- b–tagging efficiency
 - ▲ 50% efficiency with 2% mistag efficiency for light jets
- Event selection
 - ▲ Optimization for jet p_T cuts for various Higgs masses
 - ▲ ≥ 3 b–tagged jets (secondary vertex)
⇒ typical acceptance 0.1–1.5%





- Integrated luminosity
 - ▲ $\int \mathcal{L} dt = 131 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
- Use CL_S method to calculate limits
- Scan $\tan \beta$ for given m_A





- Conclusion
 - ▲ DØ has performed several non SM Higgs searches
 - ▶ $H \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$ and $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ interpreted in non SM models
 - ▶ Doubly charged Higgs bosons
 - ▶ Neutral MSSM Higgs bosons
 - ▲ No new physics discovered yet
 - ▲ Limits are competitive with LEP
 - ▲ Analyses are statistically limited
- Outlook
 - ▲ Major improvements due to higher statistics
 - ▲ Factor 2–5 more data already on tape

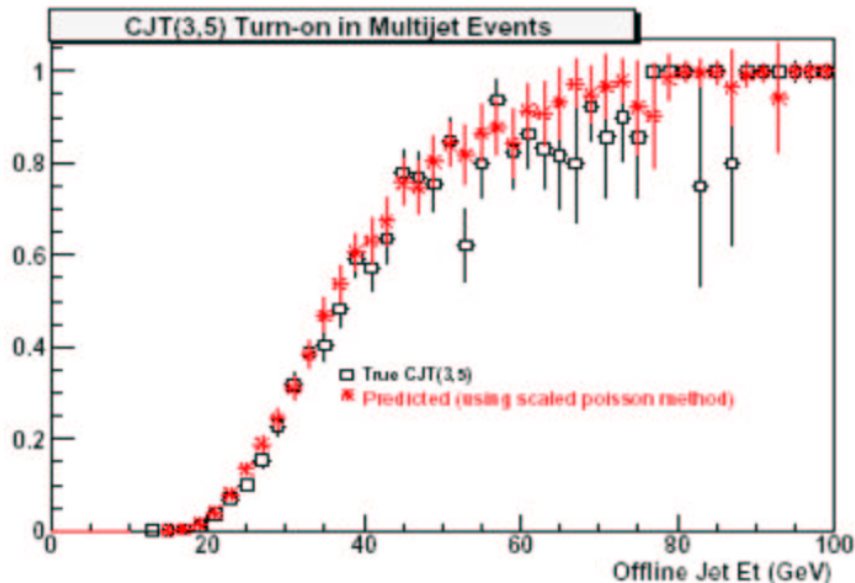


Trigger for $b\bar{b}\phi$



- Trigger strategy (three Level trigger)

		Old version	New version
Level 1	Tower E_T	4×5 GeV	3×5 GeV
Level 2	Jet E_T	3×8 GeV	3×8 GeV
	$\sum E_T$	> 50 GeV	> 50 GeV
Level 3	Jet E_T	3×15 GeV	2×25 GeV, 1×15 GeV



- Trigger efficiency with respect to offline **68–80%** (depending on M_H)