



BNL Service Challenge 3 Status Report

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Services at BNL



- ❄ FTS (version 2.3.1) client + server and its backend Oracle and myproxy servers.
 - ❑ Reliable in controlling CERN to BNL data transfer, after several rounds of bug fixes
 - ⌘ Short timeout value caused excessive failures
 - ⌘ Incompatibility with dCache/SRM.
 - ❑ Still does not support DIRECT data transfer between CERN and BNL dCache data pool servers (dCache SRM third party data transfer)
 - ⌘ Data transfers go through a few dCache GridFTP door nodes, a scalability issue
 - ⌘ Had to move these door nodes to non-blocking network ports to distribute traffic
 - ❑ Both BNL and RAL discovered that the number of streams per file could not be more than 10, (Is this intended ?)

- ❄ Network to CERN:
 - ❑ Network for dCache was upgraded to 2*1Gb/s in June.
 - ❑ Shared link to CERN with Round Trip Time: >140 ms
 - ⌘ RTT for European sites to CERN: ~ 20ms.
 - ❑ Occasional packet losses observed along BNL-CERN path
 - ❑ 1.5 Gb/s aggregated bandwidth observed by iperf with 160 TCP streams.

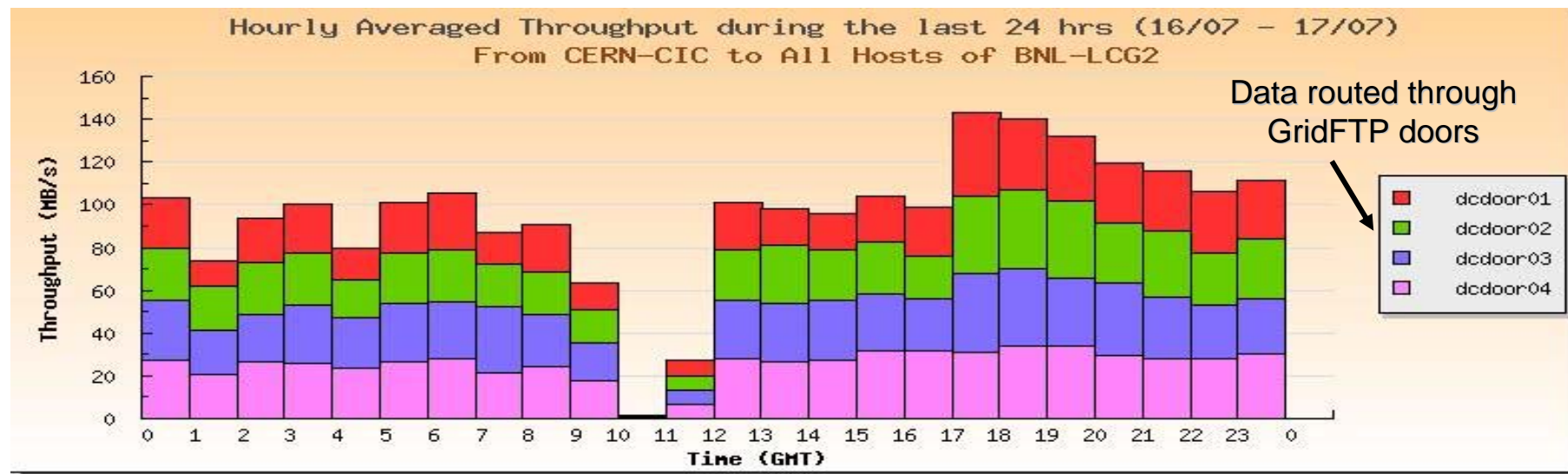
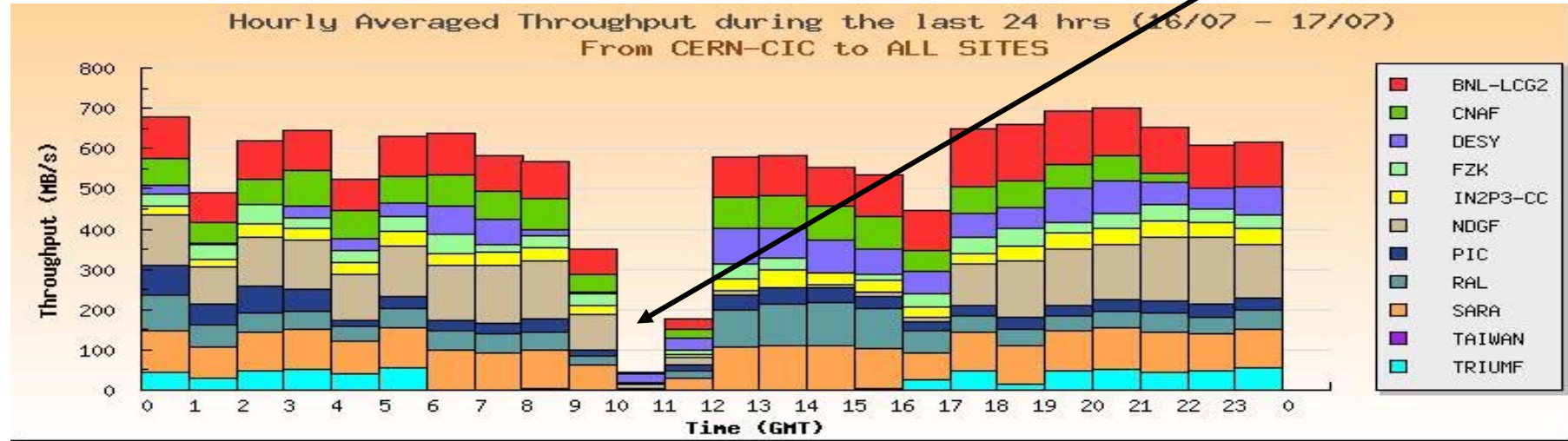
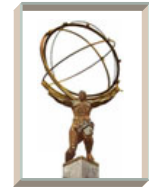
Services at BNL



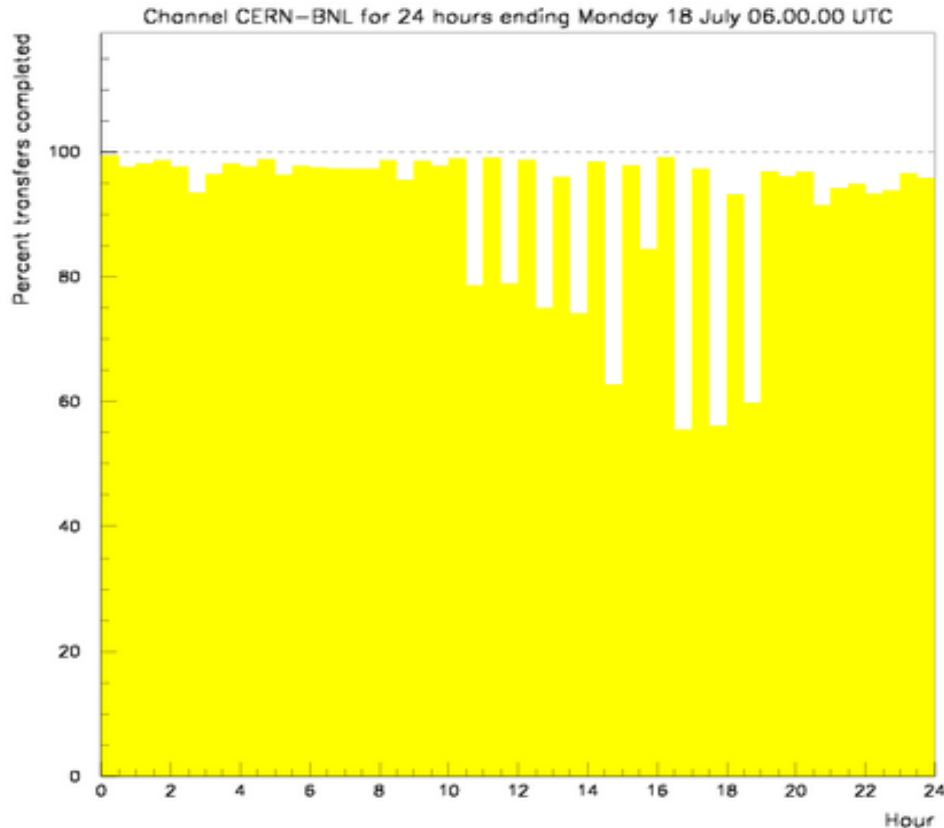
- ❄ dCache/SRM (V1.6.5-2, with SRM 1.1 interface, Total 332 nodes with about 170 TB disks, Multiple GridFTP, SRM, and dCap doors): USATLAS production dCache system.
 - ❑ Experienced high load on write pool servers during high rate data transfers
 - ⌘ Fixed by replacing the EXT file system with XFS file system.
 - ❑ Core server crashed once. Reason was identified and fixed
 - ❑ Small buffer space (1.0TB) for data written into dCache system
- ❄ LFC (1.3.4) client and server was installed at BNL
 - ❑ Server was installed and basic functionalities tested: lfc-ls, lfc-mkdir etc.
 - ❑ Will populate LFC with the entries from our production Globus RLS server
- ❄ DPM is being deployed internally at BNL and under evaluation.
- ❄ An agent box was setup for ATLAS experiment software

Transfer Plots

Castor2 LSF
plug-in problem

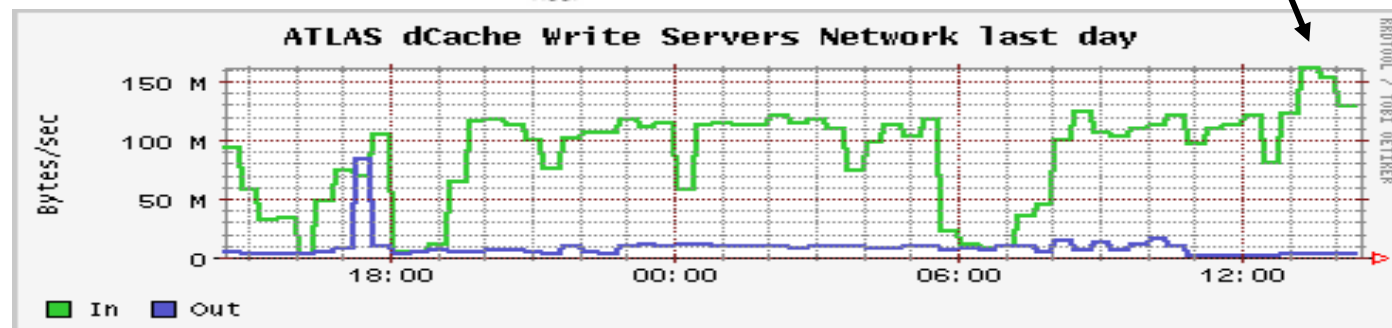


Data Transfer Status

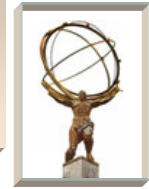


✧ After stabilization of data transfer components, reasonable rates of successful transfer completions are being achieved, as shown on the left.

✧ We have attained 150 MB/sec rate for about one hour with large numbers (> 50) of parallel file transfers. CERN FTS limit of 50 files per channel is not really enough to fill CERN ↔ BNL data channel



Some Issues



❄ Service Challenge Effort

- ❑ Activities have included tuning network pipes, optimizing the configuration and performance of BNL production dCache system and its associate OS & file systems, installation and integration of other SC3 components
- ❑ Major effort was required to stabilize newly deployed FTS, dCache and network infrastructure.
- ❑ Effort level does seem to be decreasing as services became stable.

❄ Resources are shared by experiments and users.

- ❑ CERN SC3 infrastructure is shared by multiple Tier 1 sites
 - ⌘ Due to variations between Tier 1's, data transfer needs to be individually optimized based on a Tier 1 site's characteristics, network RRT, packet loss rates, other experiment specific requirements, etc.
- ❑ At BNL, network and dCache are also used by production users.
 - ⌘ Need to closely monitor the SRM and network to avoid impacting production activities.

❄ At CERN, James Casey seems almost single handedly to be answering email, setting up systems, reporting problems and running data transfers

- ❑ Does he need more help?

Plans for Remainder of Throughput Phase



❄ Tier 2 SC3 Participation proceeding slowly

- ❑ Continue to evaluate DPM at BNL for US ATLAS Tier 2 centers
- ❑ Limited work on going at selected Tier 2 sites
- ❑ Still hope to transfer data from/to two Tier 2 sites with BNL FTS instance: Boston University (GridFTP server), University of Chicago (GridFTP/DPM?)

❄ SC3 Tape Transfer

- ❑ Small scale transfer test between Tier 0 ~ BNL dCache/HPSS with BNL FTS. (July 18~July 22)
- ❑ Plan to borrow tape resources for actual data transfer exercise