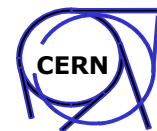
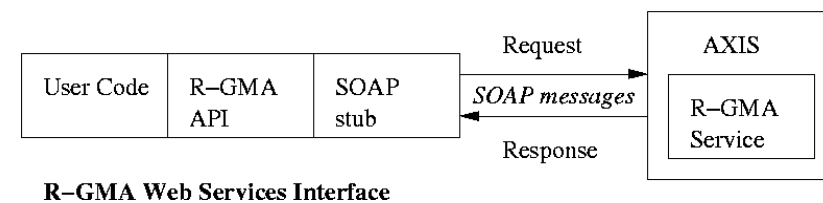
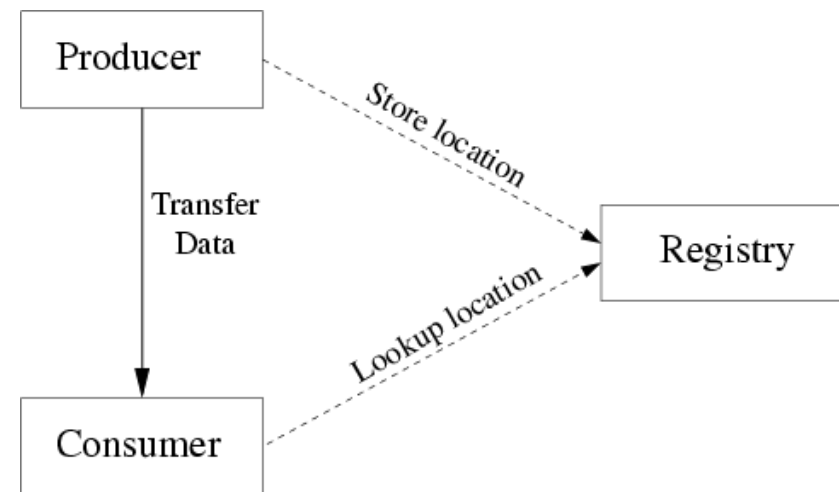


R-GMA Basics and key concepts

- Monitoring framework for computing Grids – developed by EGEE-JRA1-UK, currently used by EGEE/LCG2 and experiment apps
- Based on GGF GMA definition – Producer-Consumer architecture
- But! With relational data model – the whole system appears as one large relational database
- Data is propagated from Producers to Consumers on many different levels and locations: core centers, regional centers (ROC), resource centers (RC)
- Central Registry is used to locate the data (producers) automatically.
- Webservice interface (servlets)
- However, it is **not** a general distributed RDBMS!



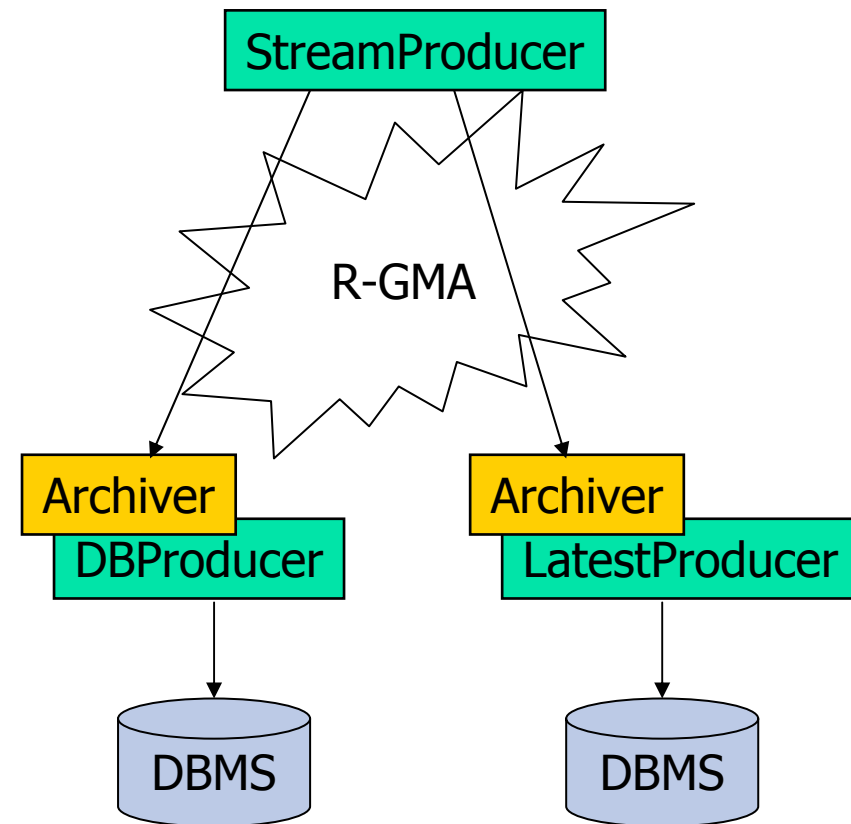
Types of queries and producers

- R-GMA supports three type of queries (extension to SQL syntax):
 - CONTINUOUS SELECT – all new data as it is published
 - LATEST SELECT – last value for given key(s) according to *timestamps*
 - HISTORY SELECT – all historical data
- Corresponding Producers types:
 - *StreamProducer* – published data is “broadcasted” and lives for certain short period, answers CONTINUOUS queries.
 - *LatestProducer* – stores only last value for each key
 - *DBProducer* – stores all published tuples
- DBProducers and LatestProducers are using physical DBMS to store the data (MySQL, others?)

- Motivation:
 - We have a lot of monitoring tools (sensors) at different levels: tests running centrally, agents running on different sites, accounting information coming from Resource Brokers and sites ...
 - Data must be easy accessible from a single point (reports)
 - Data must be archived but not in one place!
 - There are lots of monitoring frameworks, but we already have R-GMA infrastructure in EGEE/LCG2
- Decision: „we will use R-GMA as a central bus to distribute data between sensors and reporting tools“

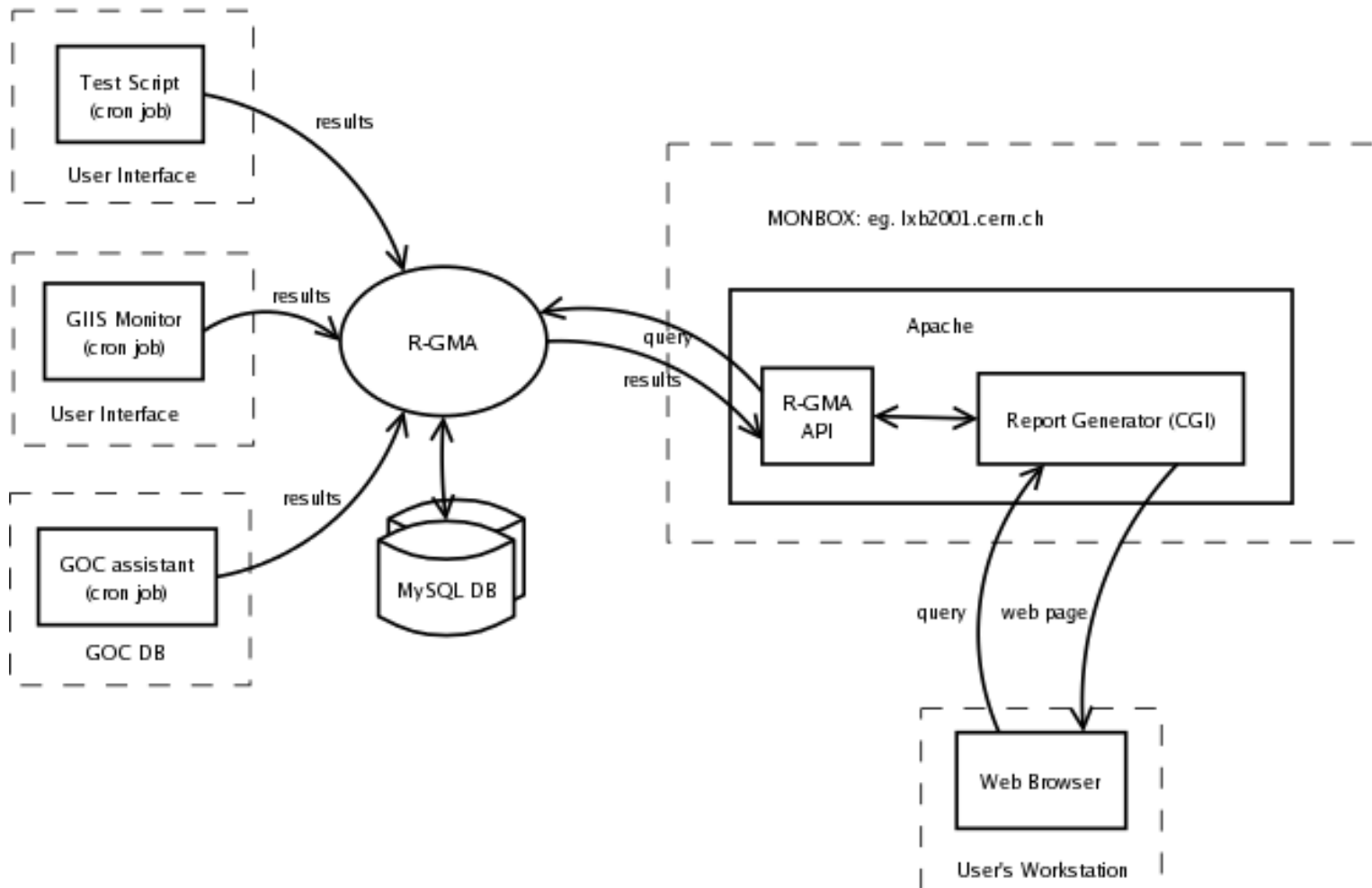
Archivers (Secondary Producers)

- Archiver is a Consumer-Producer pair
- Consumer part is responsible for "catching" new data that is published by StreamProducers
- Producer part stores the data into DBMS (MySQL) and later can answer queries (Latest, History)
- Multiple archivers for fault tolerance (each has his own copy of data)



R-GMA as "Central monitoring bus"

Diagram of R-GMA based monitoring system



MySQL based Archivers

- Currently we use MySQL as a backend for Archivers
- A single set of archivers contains two archivers: Archiver+LatestProducer, Archiver+DBProducer
- Two sets of Archivers for fault tolerance: CERN, Taipei
- Data survives archiver failure/restart as it is stored physically in external MySQL DBMS
- Insert rate: $\sim 20\text{M}$ tuples/month, measurements each 5 seconds

Reporting Tool Prototype

GOC UI - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View Go Bookmarks Tools Help

http://lxb2001.cern.ch/~kiryanov/

GOC UI

		totalCPU	GFAL infosys	Test Job Submission	lcg-cr	lcg-cp
SHEFFIELD	ce		n/a	LISTMATCHFAILED	n/a	n/a
CAM	farm012		n/a	FAILED	n/a	n/a
	serv03	18 CPU	—	—	—	—
OX-PHYSICS	t2ce01		n/a	FAILED	n/a	n/a
UCL-HEP	pc31		n/a	FAILED	n/a	n/a
LANCS	lunegw	22 CPU	n/a	LISTMATCHFAILED	n/a	n/a
RAL	lcgce02	928 CPU	n/a	LISTMATCHFAILED	n/a	n/a
RHUL	ce1	146 CPU	n/a	LISTMATCHFAILED	n/a	n/a
LIP	ce01	4 CPU	n/a	FAILED	n/a	n/a
PRAGUE-CESNET	skurut17	56 CPU	n/a	OK	n/a	n/a
QMUL	ce01	576 CPU	OK	OK	n/a	n/a
BHAM	epcf36	18 CPU	OK	OK	FAILED	FAILED
BUDAPEST	grid109	95 CPU	OK	OK	OK	OK
EDINBURGH	glenlivet	1 CPU	OK	OK	OK	OK
GLASGOW	ce1-gla	3 CPU	OK	OK	OK	OK
IC	gw39	60 CPU	OK	OK	OK	OK
IISAS-Bratislava	ce	4 CPU	OK	OK	OK	OK
KRAKOW	zeus02	16 CPU	OK	OK	OK	OK
LivHEP-LCG2	hepgrid2	113 CPU	OK	OK	OK	OK
MANHEP	bfa	—	OK	OK	OK	OK
	beb0001	98 CPU	OK	OK	OK	OK

Sites panel: Hide

View: Table Summary History Map

Tests panel: Hide

Done GP

Reporting Tool Prototype

GOC UI - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View Go Bookmarks Tools Help

http://lxb2001.cern.ch/~kiryanov/

GOC UI

SHEFFIELD	ce	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: orange; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
CAM	farm012	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: orange; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
	serv03	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: green; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
OX-PHYSICS	t2ce01	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: orange; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
UCL-HEP	pc31	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: orange; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
LANCS	lunegw	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: orange; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
RAL	lcgce02	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: orange; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
RHUL	ce1	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: orange; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
LIP	ce01	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: orange; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
PRAGUE-CESNET	skurut17	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: orange; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
QMUL	ce01	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
BHAM	epcf36	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: green; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
BUDAPEST	grid109	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: green; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
EDINBURGH	glenlivet	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: green; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
GLASGOW	ce1-gla	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: green; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
IC	gw39	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: green; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
IISAS-Bratislava	ce	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: green; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
KRAKOW	zeus02	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: green; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
LivHEP-LCG2	hepgrid2	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: green; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
MANHEP	bfa	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: green; border: 1px solid black;"></div>
	bohr0001	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: green; border: 1px solid black;"></div>

Sites panel: Hide

View: Table Summary History Map

Tests panel: Hide

Done

Advantages

- No need for configuration of access points both for sensors and for reporting tools – data is located automatically by the registry
- No risk of data loss in case of failure of monitoring software – R-GMA is just for data transport, not for storage
- Flexibility – by using predicates, one can setup a number of archivers with different policies in different physical places, fault tolerance
- Usage of SQL and relational database model makes it all elegant

Known issues

- R-GMA Registry (and Schema) is a single point of failure – will be fixed in next release
- Supported subset of SQL sometimes not sufficient (aggregate functions, GROUP BY, etc.)
- Lack of schema modifications – once table is defined it can't be changed or removed
- Performance issues: eg. lack of DB indices – however this can be done manually using direct access to DBMS
- Support for other DBMS: Oracle?

References

- R-GMA Home Page:
<http://www.r-gma.org/>
- EGEE-JRA1-UK Home Page:
<http://hepunx.rl.ac.uk/egee/jra1-uk/>
- R-GMA based monitoring system for EGEE/LCG2 operations:
<http://goc.grid.sinica.edu.tw/gocwiki/RgmaUnifiedMonitoringSystem>