

Framework to monitor, control and optimize distributed systems

March 2005

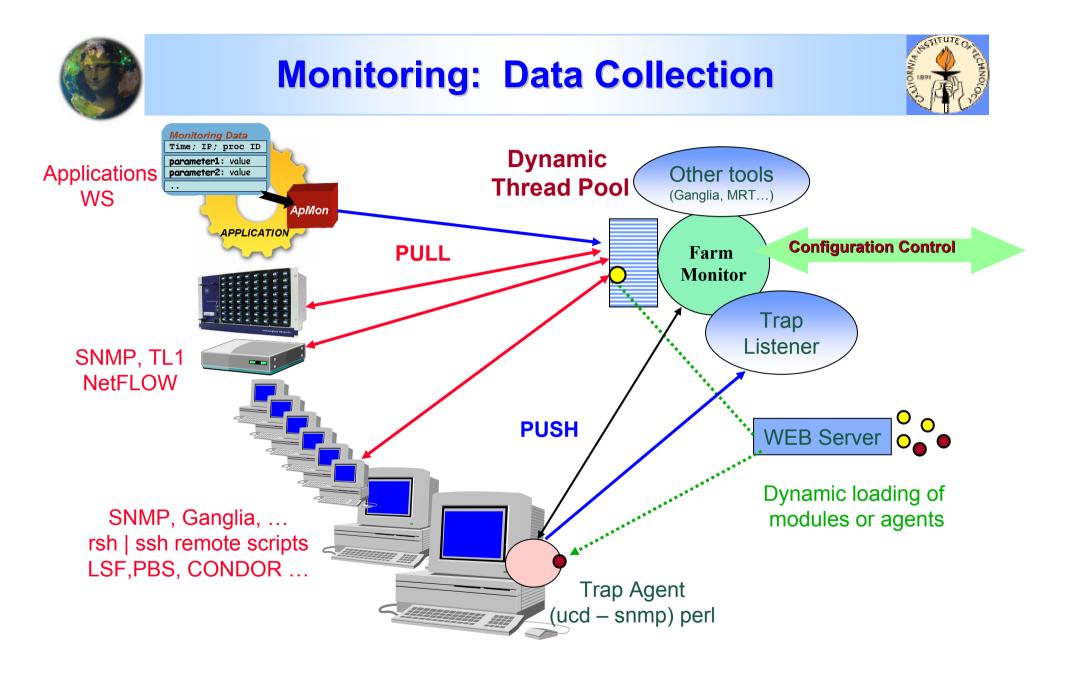
Catalin Cirstoiu UPB/CERN

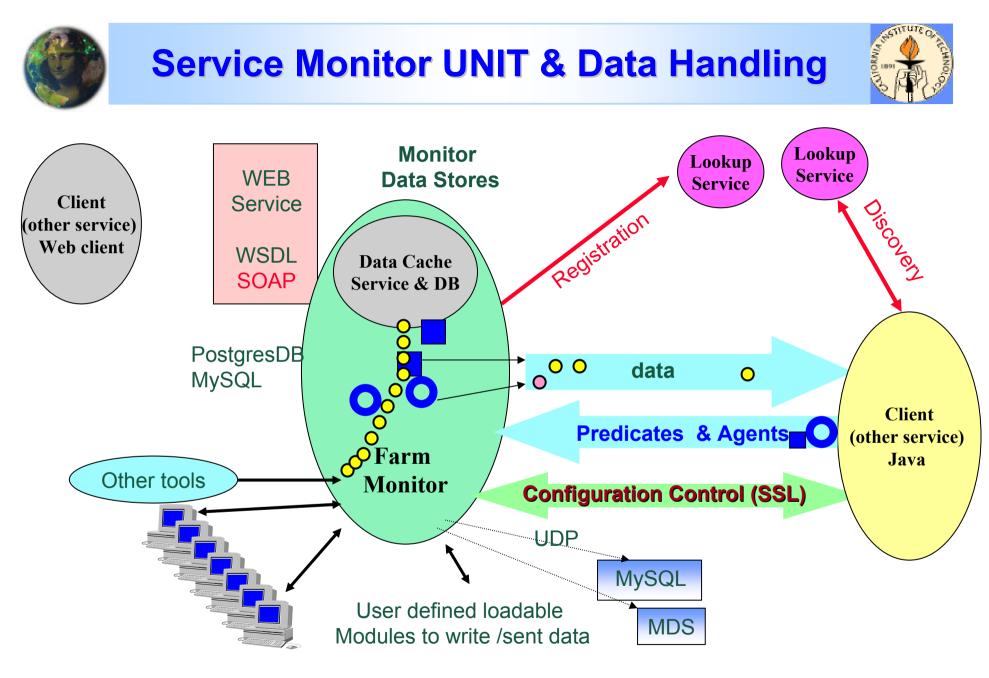


Monitoring Services



- An essential part of managing a global Data Grid is a monitoring system that is able to monitor and track the many site facilities, networks, and the many tasks in progress, in real time.
 - System information for nodes and clusters
 - Network information Wan and LAN
 - Application monitoring
- The monitoring information gathered also is essential for developing the required higher level services, and components of the Grid system that provide decision support, and eventually some degree of automated decisions, to help maintain and optimize workflow through the Grid.
- The MonALISA system is designed as an ensemble of autonomous multi-threaded, self-describing agent-based subsystems which are registered as dynamic services, and are able to collaborate and cooperate in performing a wide range of monitoring tasks and decisions in large scale distributed applications.

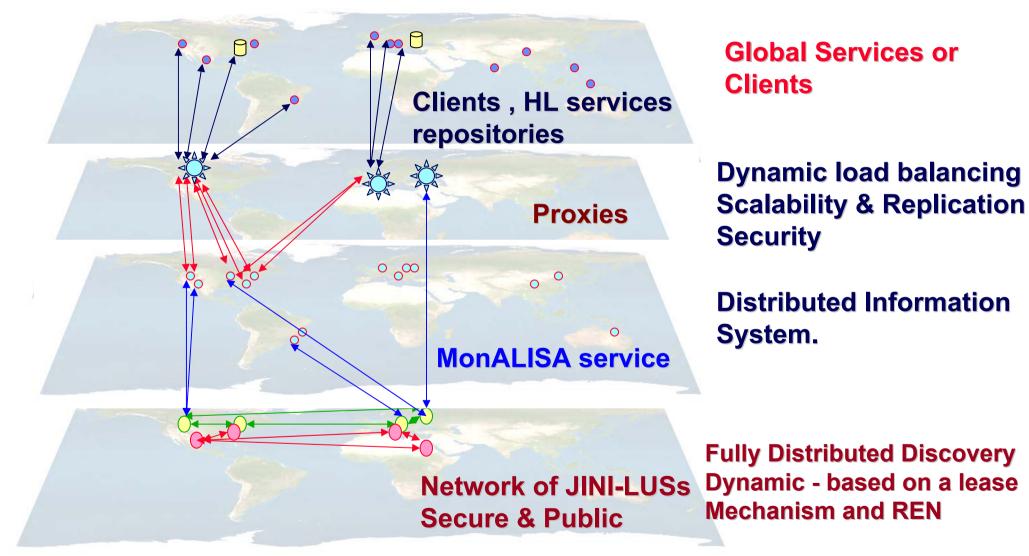


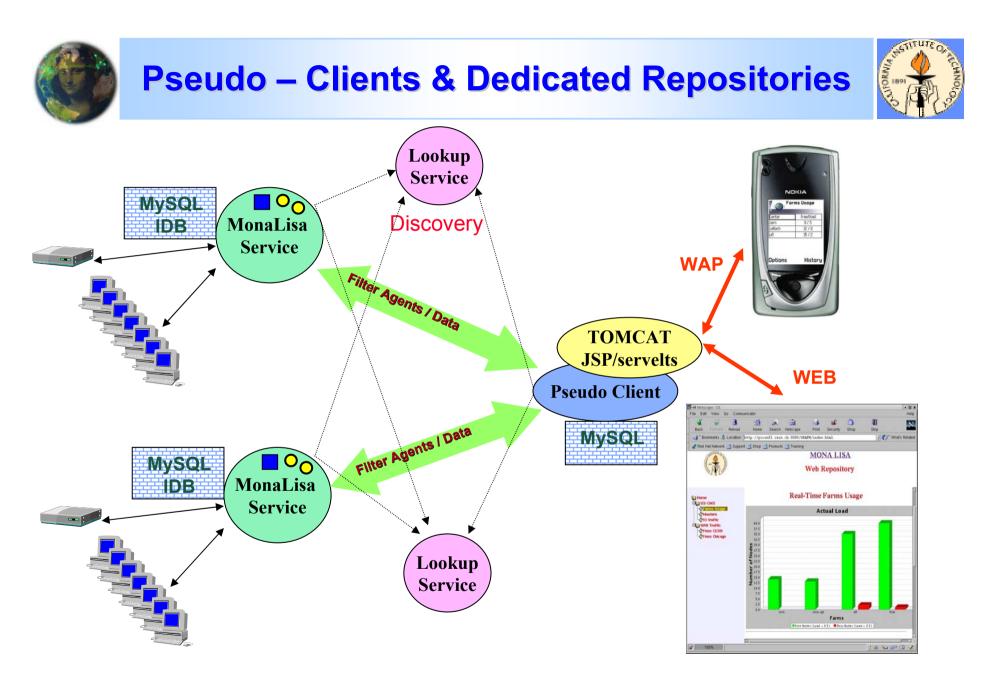




MonALISA Discovery System & Services





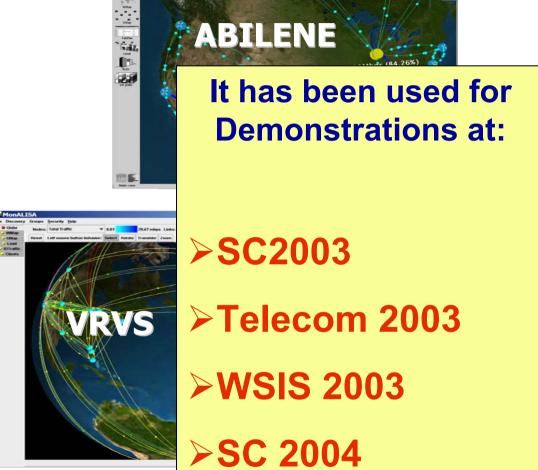




Communities using MonALISA



♦Grid 3 **CMS** sites **♦ CMD – DC04 CDF** ♦ D0SAR ♦ ABILENE backbone VRVS System RoEduNET backbone Internet2 PIPES **♦**OSG



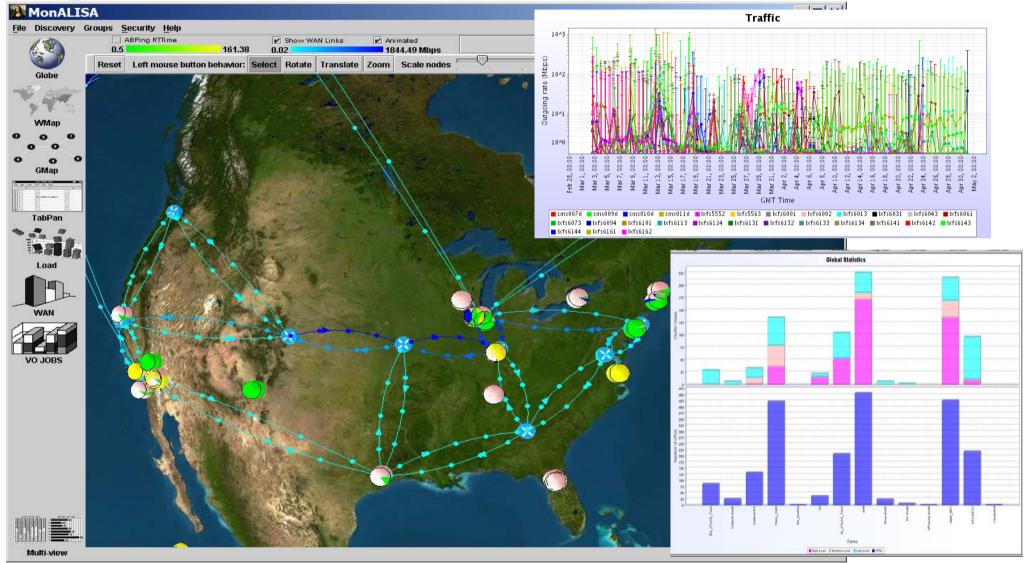
~180 Sites running MonALISA 10 000 nodes / 150 000 parameters



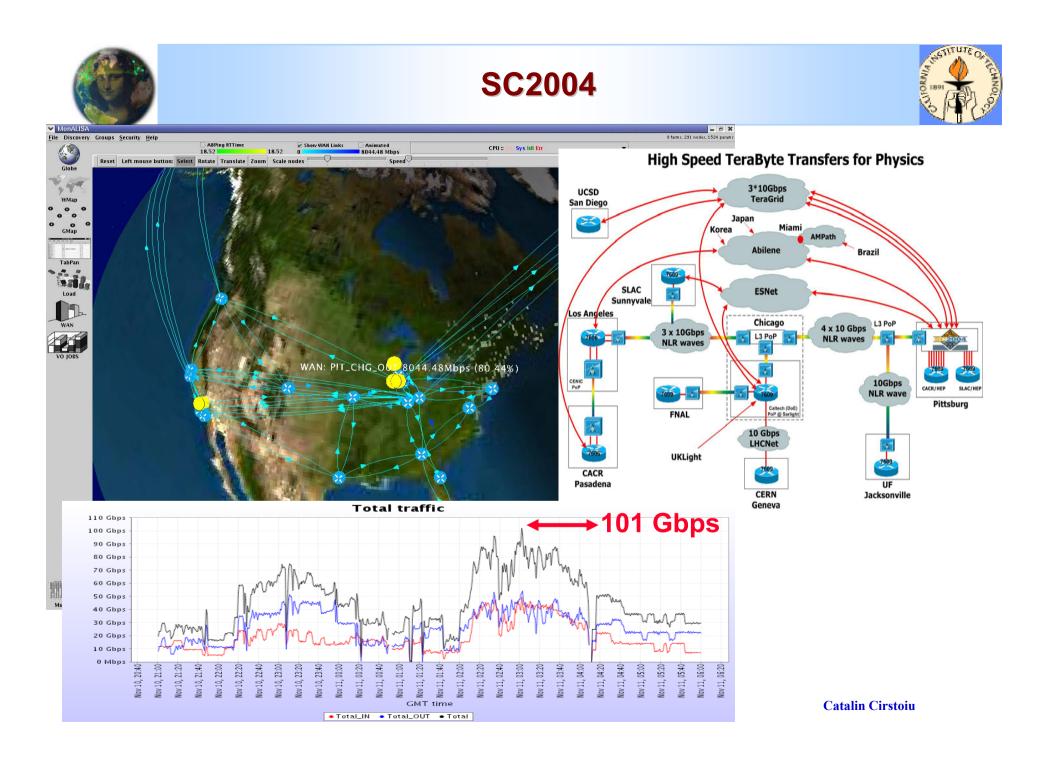


Monitoring I2 Network Traffic, Grid03 Farms (~ 2800 CPUs) and Jobs



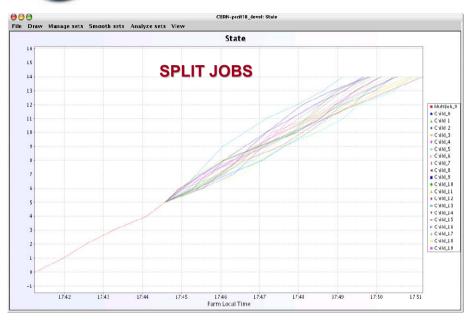


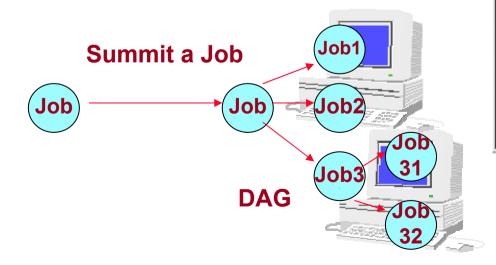
March 2005



Monitoring the Execution of Jobs and the Time Evolution





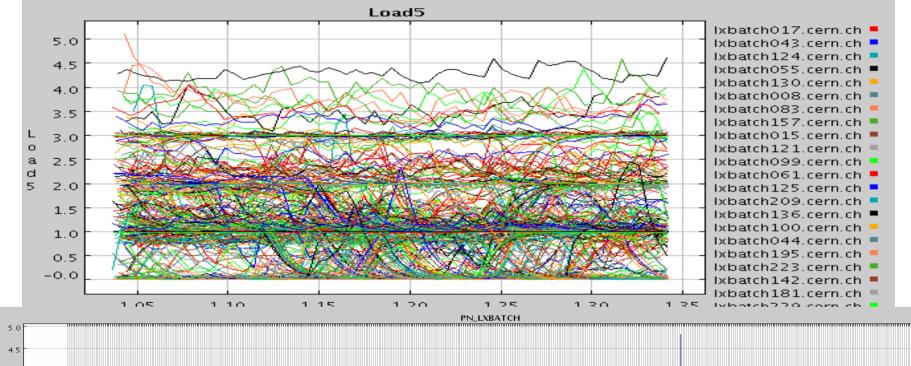


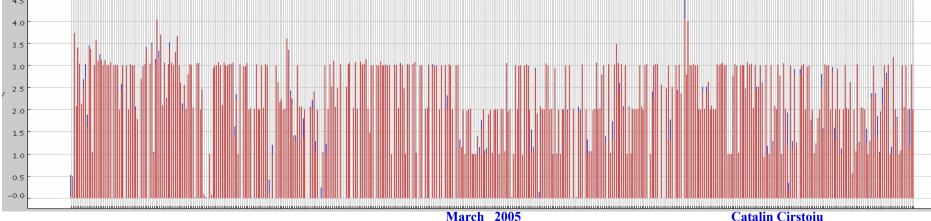


March 2005

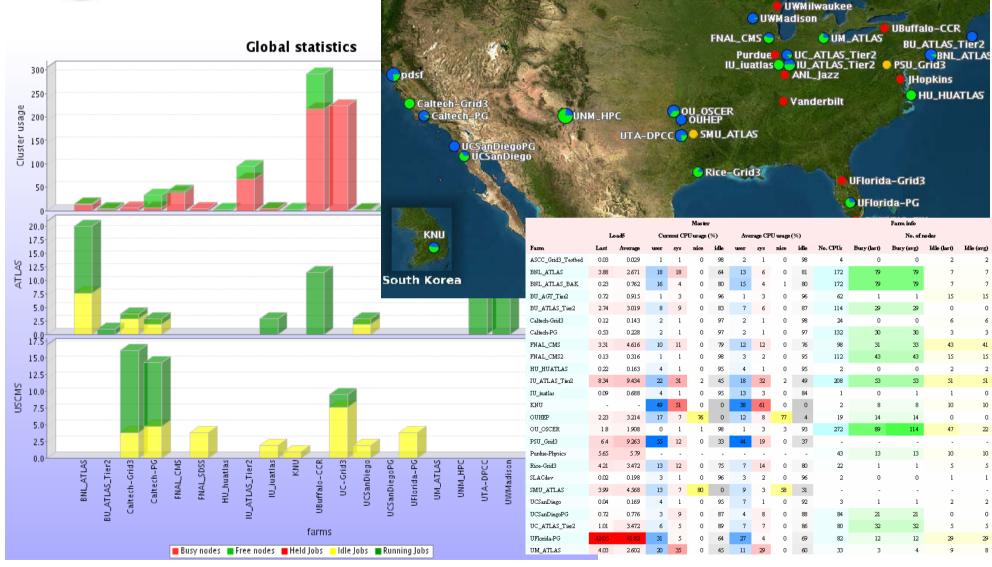


Real-time Data for Large Systems "Ixbatch" cluster at cern ~ 1200 nodes





MonALISA repositories Grid03 : ~ 40 Sites in US + Korea



March 2005

Catalin Cirstoiu

GITUTE O.

Monitoring ABILENE backbone Network



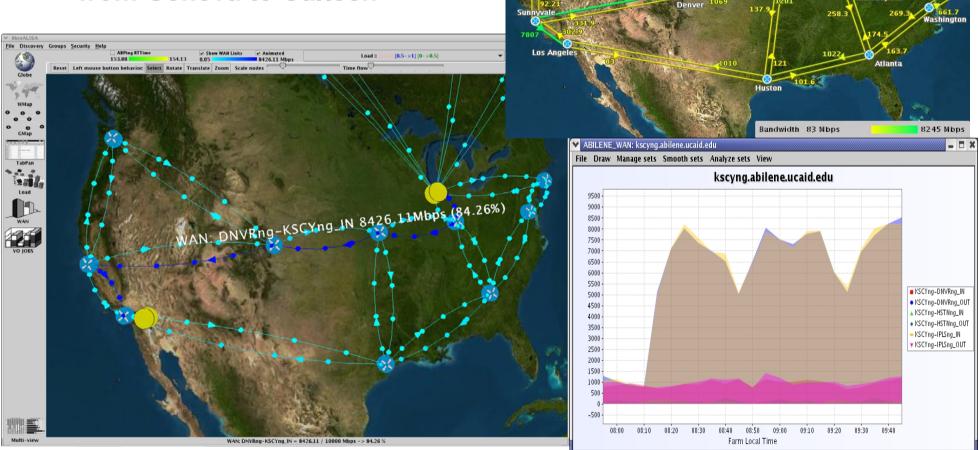
ndiananoli

New York

Chica

Kansas city

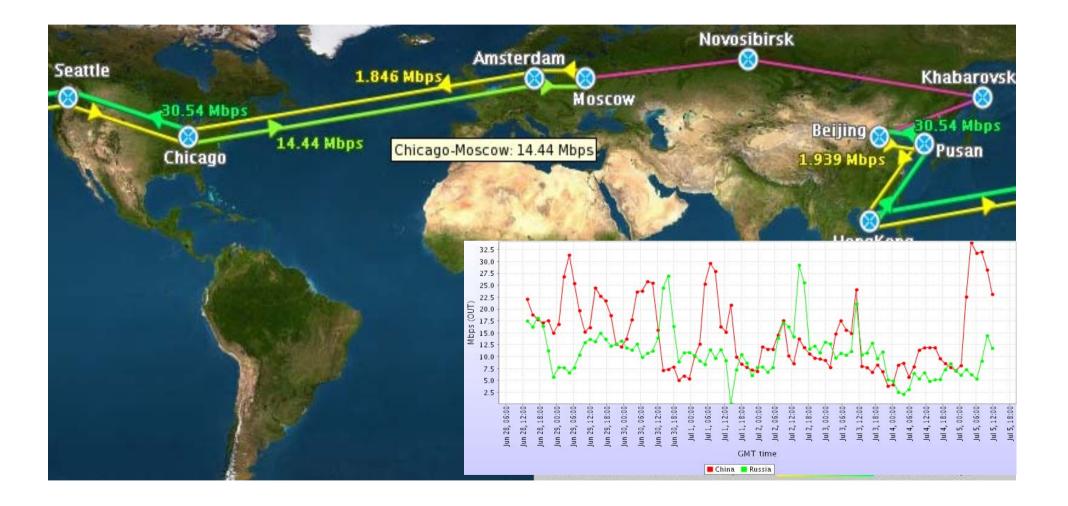
 Test for a Land Speed Record
 ~ 7 Gb/s in a single TCP stream from Geneva to Caltech

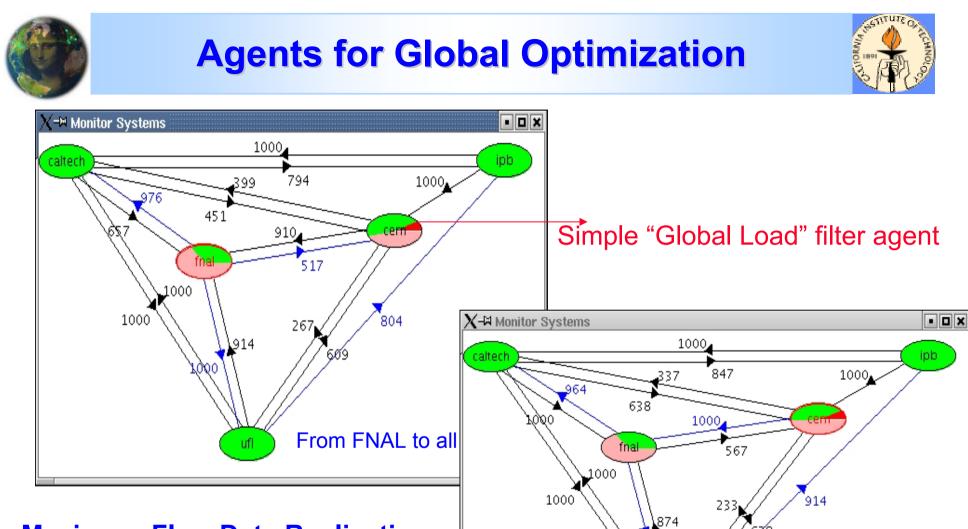




The GLORAID Network







Maximum Flow Data Replication Path Agent Deployed to each RC and evaluates the best path for real-time data replication

March 2005

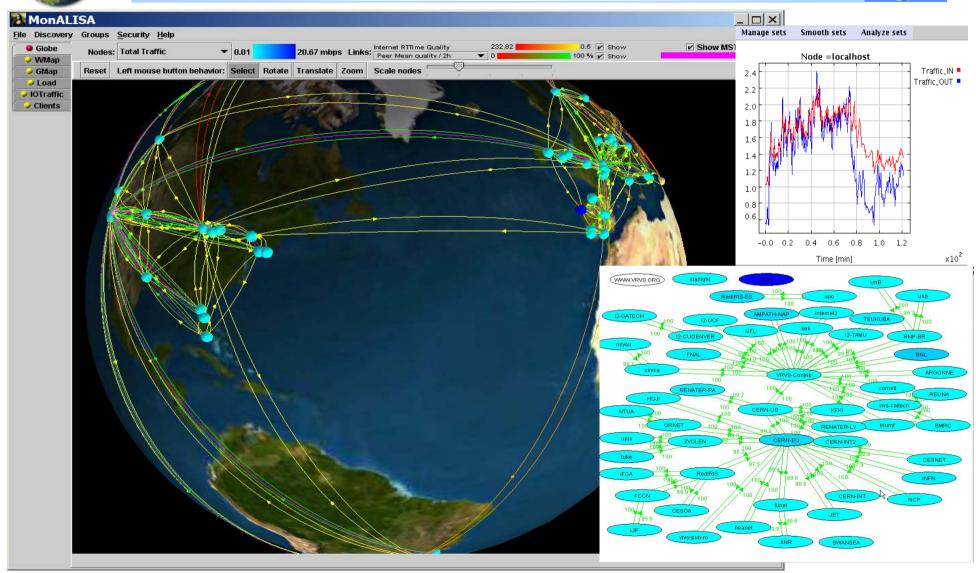
Catalin Cirstoiu

ufl

From CERN to all

Monitoring VRVS Reflectors Communication Topology & Dynamic MST



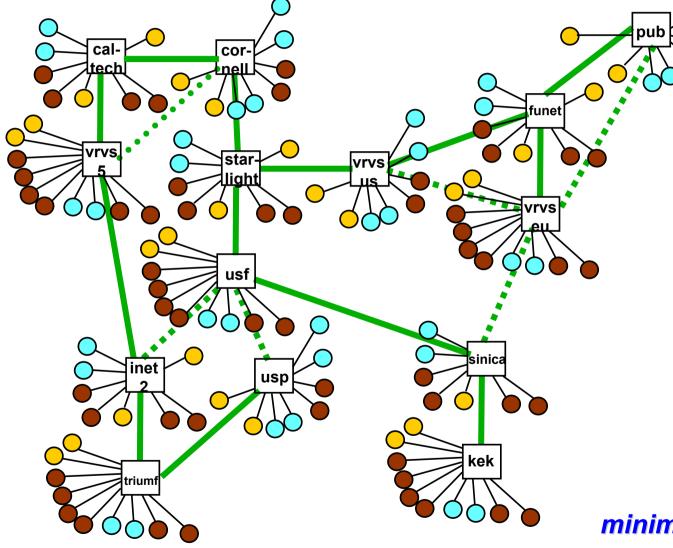


Catalin Cirstoiu



The VRVS Architecture http://www.vrvs.org





Reflectors are hosts that interconnect users by permanent IP tunnels.

The active IP tunnels must be selected so that there is no cycle formed.

Tree

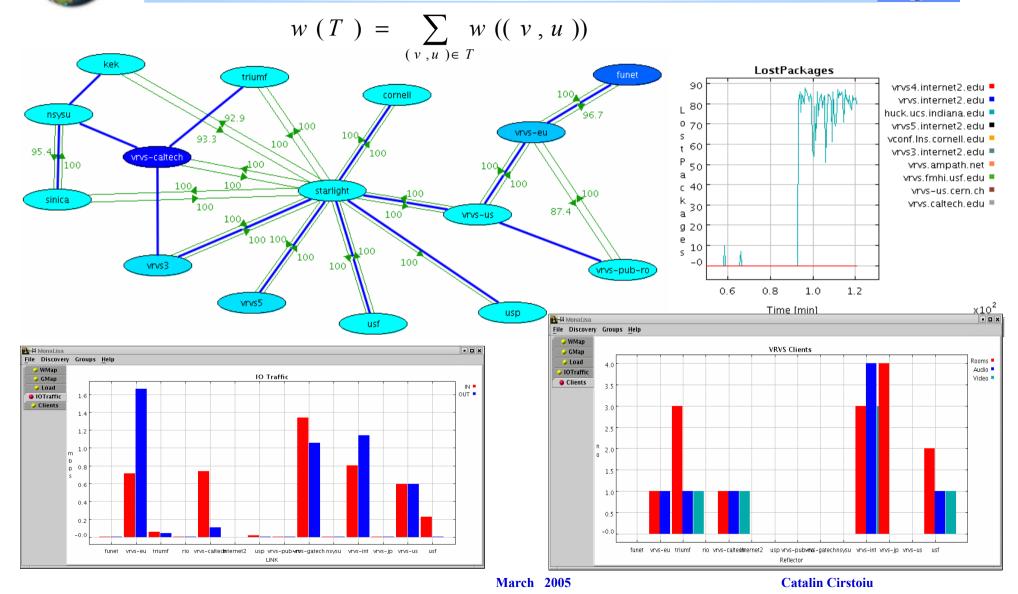
The selection is made according to the **assumed** network links performance.

$$w(T) = \sum_{(v,u)\in T} w((v,u))$$

minimum-spanning tree (MST)

March 2005

Monitoring VRVS Reflectors ; Agents for Creating a Dynamic Minimum Spanning Tree







- GRID Scheduler for STAR and Sphinx
- LISA (host monitoring, end to end network performance measurements and optimization for distributed applications
 – load balancing; best connectivity)
- LAN topology discovery (using Level 2/3)
- WAN topology discovery and monitoring
- NetFlow measurements
- Snort based DIDS; Development of filters to detect attracts at the site and propagate this information to peer systems
- Lightweight Network Bandwidth measurement tools
- ApMon with background application and system monitoring
- Agents that create on demand optical paths or trees