

Theories with Extra Dimensions and Flavor Physics

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Outline

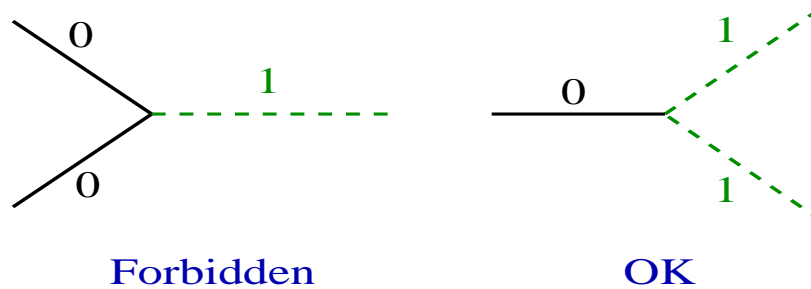
- Why ED ? The hierarchy problem.
- What kind of ED ? UED and WED.
- Flavor and UED
- Flavor and WED
- Conclusions/Outlook

Extra Dimensions and the Hierarchy Problem

- Large Extra Dimensions:
 - Only gravity propagates in the bulk.
 - $\Lambda \simeq \text{TeV}$ is the fundamental scale.
 - Compactification scale $1/R$ can be large ($\mathcal{O}(0.1)$ mm)
- Universal Extra Dimensions (UED):
 - All fields propagate in the bulk.
 - $1/R \lesssim \text{TeV}$.
 - Cutoff $\Lambda \simeq 10$'s TeV.
- Warped Extra Dimensions (WED):
 - Original Randall-Sundrum: Gravity is localized in AdS_5 .
 - Fundamental scale is M_P .
 - Weak scale generated by the AdS_5 metric if we live at κL from M_P .
 - Model building \Rightarrow “bulk life”.

Universal Extra Dimensions

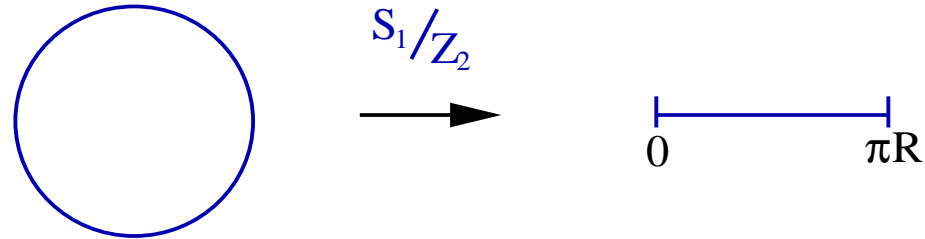
- If some SM fields propagate in the bulk \Rightarrow $1/R \gtrsim 1 \text{ TeV}$.
- But if we assume *all* fields can propagate in the extra dimensions. What is the allowed R ?
- Momentum conservation in the extra dimensions \Rightarrow **KK-number conservation** E.g.



\Rightarrow KK excitations must be pair produced, direct bounds on $1/R$ are lower.

Universal Extra Dimensions

- Orbifold Compactification: Allows to have chiral fermions



- It breaks **KK-number** \longrightarrow **KK-parity**
 \Rightarrow Lightest KK Particle (LKP) is **stable** \longrightarrow **Dark Matter candidate**
- Direct and EW constraints:

$$\begin{aligned} 1/R &\gtrsim 300 \text{ GeV for 5D} \\ 1/R &\gtrsim (400 - 600) \text{ GeV for 6D} \end{aligned}$$

UED Phenomenology

- Light KK modes \Rightarrow large cross sections.
- But, almost degenerate KK levels \Rightarrow little energy release:
E.g. $q\bar{q} \rightarrow Q_1\bar{Q}_1 \rightarrow Z_1Z_1 + \cancel{E}_T \rightarrow 4\ell + \cancel{E}_T$ (Cheng, Matchev, Schmaltz '02).
- Decays to Second KK Level:
 - They couple to 2 zero modes through brane couplings (loop generated). (Datta, Kong, Matchev '05)
 - Signals different in 5D from 6D (Burdman, Dobrescu, Pontón '05)
 - At the LHC is possible to produce 2nd KK level gluon in s-channel.

Flavor Physics in UED

- If we consider the SM in the bulk in d extra dimensions

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_F + (D_M \Phi(x, y))^\dagger D^M \Phi(x, y) + \frac{1}{\Lambda^{d/2}} \bar{\Psi}(x, y) Y \Phi(x, y) \Psi(x, y)$$

and Y is the only source of flavor violation \Rightarrow MFV. Here Λ is the UV cutoff, and $\Lambda R \gg 1$.

- In this scenario, only flavor physics effects are generated by loops of KK modes in flavor observables: B , D K rare decays and mixing. (Buras, Spranger, Poschenrieder, Weiler '03)
- There is no high p_T signal for flavor

Flavor Physics in UED

But this is not general. Higher dimensional operators \Rightarrow FCNC

• For instance

$$\int d^4x dy \left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^3} \right) (\bar{\Psi}(x, y) \Gamma_M \Psi(x, y)) (\bar{\Psi}(x, y) \Gamma^M \Psi(x, y))$$
$$\rightarrow \int d^4x \left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{\Lambda R} \right) (\bar{\psi}^{(n)} \gamma_\mu \psi^{(n)}) (\bar{\psi}^{(n)} \gamma^\mu \psi^{(n)})$$

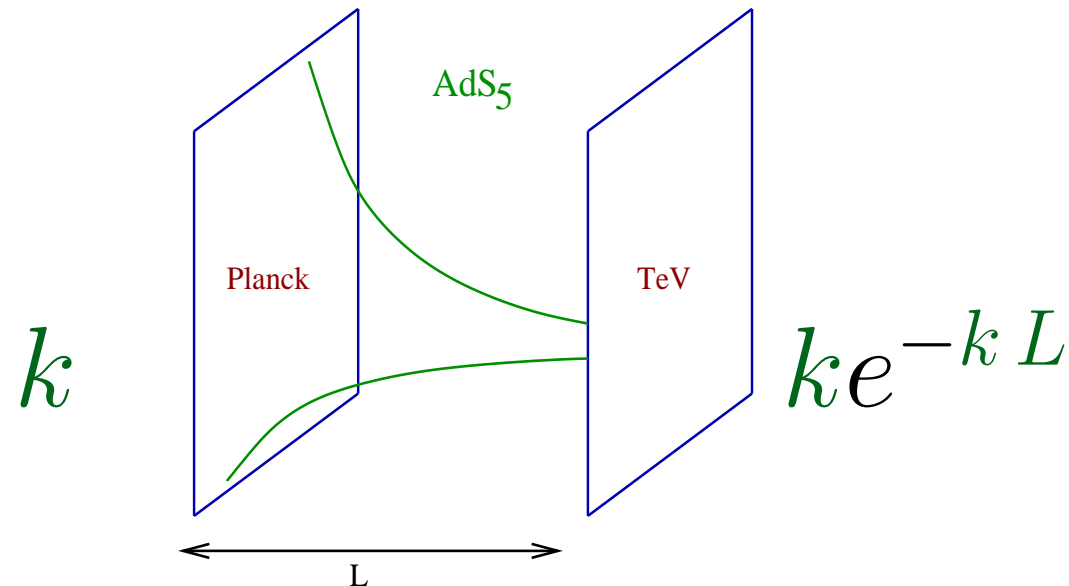
\Rightarrow suppressed FCNC.

• But $\Lambda R \simeq 10$, and if $R \simeq 1$ TeV, FCNC's are not suppressed enough.

\Rightarrow UV couplings could result in FCNC effects.

Warped Extra Dimensions

- One compact extra dimension. Non-trivial metric induces small energy scale from Planck scale (L. Randall, R. Sundrum '99).



- Geometry of extra dimension generates hierarchy exponentially

$$\Lambda_{\text{TeV}} \sim M_{\text{Planck}} e^{-kL}$$

with k the curvature

Warped Extra Dimensions

- In original proposal, *only gravity* propagates in 5D bulk.
- **RS** is a solution of the hierarchy problem. But origin of **EWSB**?
And flavor ? ...
- Allowing gauge fields and matter to propagate in the bulk opens many possibilities: models of EWSB, GUTs, flavor, ...
- The 5D mass of a bulk fermion \Rightarrow *localization* of zero-mode.
- If Higgs remains on TeV brane:
Fermions localized toward TeV brane are more massive
Fermions localized toward the Planck brane are lighter



Fermion Geography

WED and Flavor Physics

- Fermion Fields in the bulk: 5D fermion field KK decomposition

$$\Psi_{L,R}(x, y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi R}} \sum_{n=0} \psi_n^{L,R}(x) e^{2\kappa|y|} f_n^{L,R}(y)$$

- 5D fermion bulk mass term \longrightarrow localization of fermion fields:

$$S_f = \int d^4x dy \sqrt{-g} \{ \dots - c \kappa \bar{\Psi}(x, y) \Psi(x, y) \} ,$$

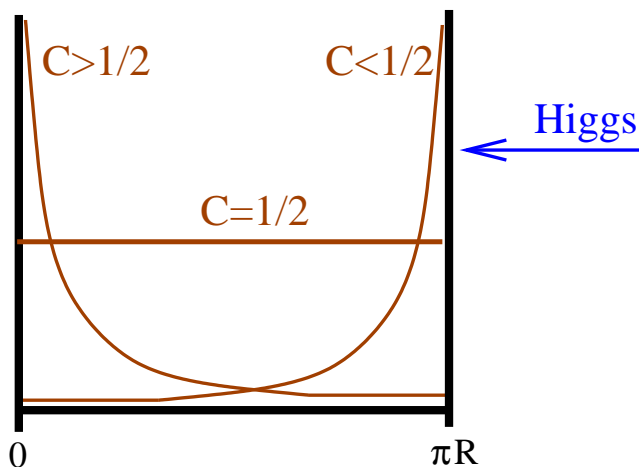
with $c \simeq O(1)$.

- \Rightarrow Fermion zero-modes can be localized by choosing c :

$$f_0^{R,L}(y) = \sqrt{\frac{\kappa\pi R (1 \pm 2c)}{e^{\kappa\pi R(1 \pm 2c)} - 1}} e^{\pm c \kappa y}$$

WED and Flavor Physics

- $O(1)$ flavor breaking in bulk can generate fermion mass hierarchy:

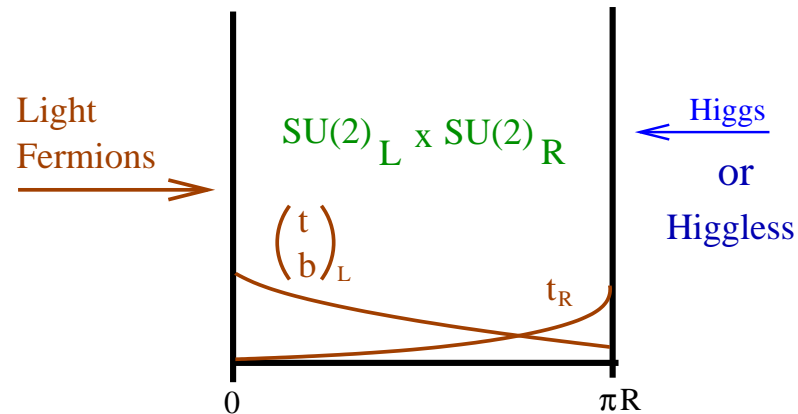


Fermions localized toward the TeV brane can have larger Yukawas, Those localized toward the Planck brane have highly suppressed ones.

- But fermions at $\simeq \pi R \Rightarrow$ strong couplings to 1st KK gauge bosons!
E.g: 3rd generation quarks might have large couplings \rightarrow flavor violation.

WED and Flavor Physics

Several possibilities for model building:



- Higgs or Higgsless (BC breaking)
- Light fermions on Planck brane or off (reduces S)
- Third generation remains a challenge

Agashe, Delgado, Sundrum '03; Csaki, Grojean, Murayama, Terning '03; Barbieri, Pomarol, Rattazzi '03; Burdman, Nomura '03; Cacciapaglia, Csaki, Grojean, Terning '04, '05; . . . ,

WED Flavor Signals

Two type of flavor effects:

- FCNC couplings of the Z :
 - Interesting low energy flavor signals. E.g. $b \rightarrow sl^+l^-$ (Burdman, Nomura '03, Agashe, Perez, Soni '04)
 - Deviations in $\bar{t}_L t_L Z$ and $\bar{t}_L b_L W$ are $\mathcal{O}(\text{few}\%)$.
 - Deviations in $\bar{t}_R t_R Z$ could be $\mathcal{O}(1)$.
- FCNC couplings of KK gauge bosons (e.g. KK gluons):
 - E.g. FCNC coupling of the 1st KK gluon $G^{(1)} t \bar{c}$.
 - Effects in non-leptonic B decays and CP Asymmetries (Burdman '03)
 - \Rightarrow Potentially large effect in single-top production at the LHC
 - Kinematics is very different than the SM single-top.
 - Also anomaly in the angular distribution in $b\bar{b}$.

WED Flavor Signals

A possible strategy

- Obtain bounds on (or fits of) c_L and c_R as well as D_{bs} from the $b \rightarrow sl^+\ell^-$ effect and non-leptonic B decays and asymmetries.
- Compute single top production through s-channel KK gluon for these values of c_L and c_R and U_{tc} .
- Assumptions:
 1. Up and Down rotations similar and $\simeq V_{CKM}$
 2. CKM comes mostly from down sector (U_{tc} negligible)
 3. CKM comes mostly from down sector (D_{bs} negligible)
- (Caveat: RH rotations are not affected by CKM considerations)
- Is the signal observable ?

Summary

- UED: Is a case of **MFV** if we neglect higher dimensional operators contributing to FCNC. (Model building for flavor at Λ would surely change this.)
- WED: Model of flavor. Signals for flavor both in low and high energies. A case of **NMFV**ness
 - Choose scenarios and constraint parameters from low energy (e.g B decays, CPV, etc.)
 - Correlate with single top production at LHC.