

Temporal Instrumental Database

TIDB2

ROOT Workshop 2005

29 September

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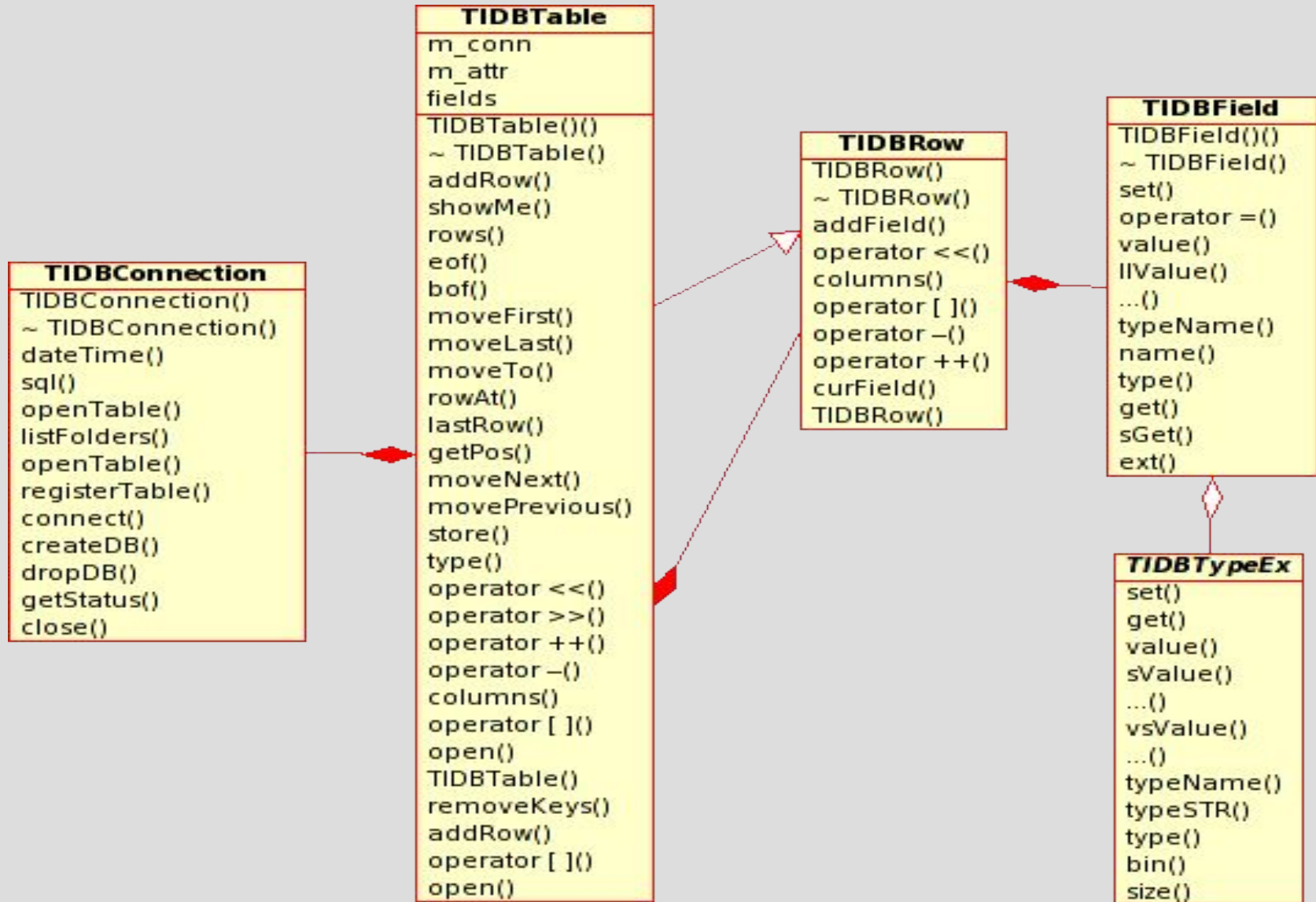
What is TIDB2?

- Fully featured temporal technics database.
- Simple and intuitive C++ interface.
- No need for factories, they are in a layer that users don't use – all classes are standard C++ classes.
- RDBMS independent (via runtime plugin).
- Oriented to store any kind of scientific objects (via runtime plugin).
- Automatic index creation, based on object's schema.

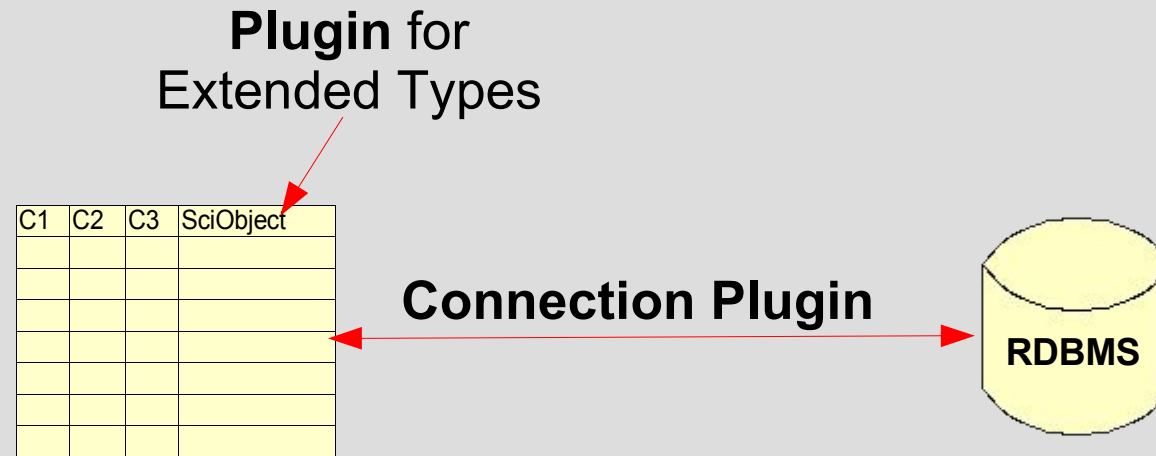
TIDB2 and Conditions

- **Using experience with the Lisbon Conditions DB interface.**
- **While the immediate production needs of HEP databases are being addressed by COOL-LCG.**
- **We felt it was usefull an R&D effort to address:**
 - **indexing scientific object data on time or other variables in a relational database;**
 - **Wider scope of table and table field object data;**
 - **Intuitive interface and runtime plugin approach**

General Structure

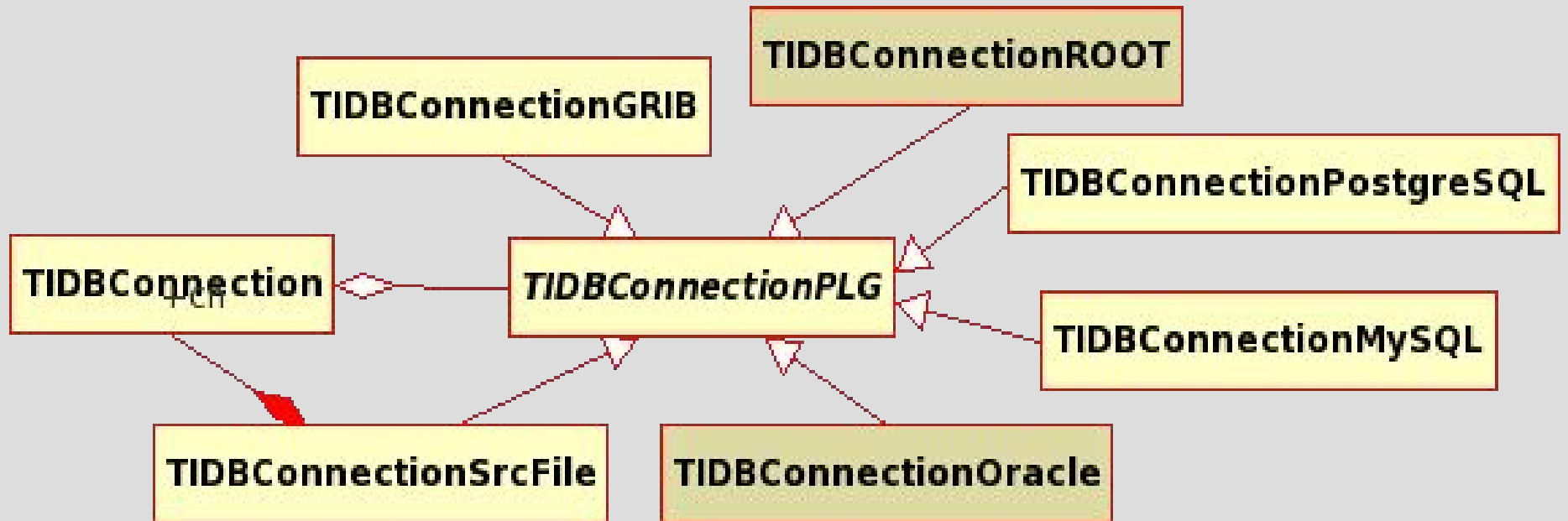


Plugin Architecture



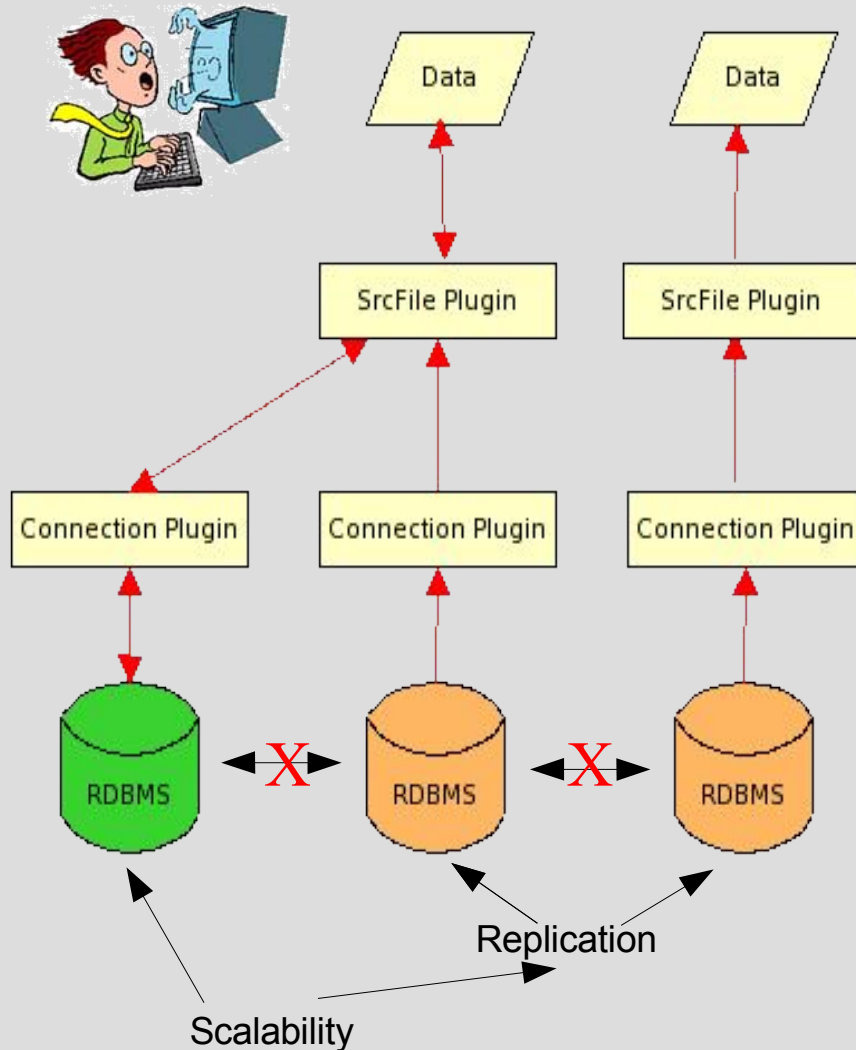
- **Plugins are shared libraries loaded at runtime.**
- **Connection plugin stores and retrieves data from the DB.**
- **Extended Type plugin manages the columns containing scientific objects.**

The Connection Object



- The TIDBConnection selects the appropriate plugin that will handle the connection (ex. mysql://, oracle://).
- All plugins implement TIDBConnectionPLG (providing all core functions to manipulate the database).

The Source File Plugin



- Uses a Debian “apt-get” like mechanism.
- Servers references are written to a source list file:
 - DB/Connection/Time Period.
- Makes scalability simple.
- Makes replication simple.

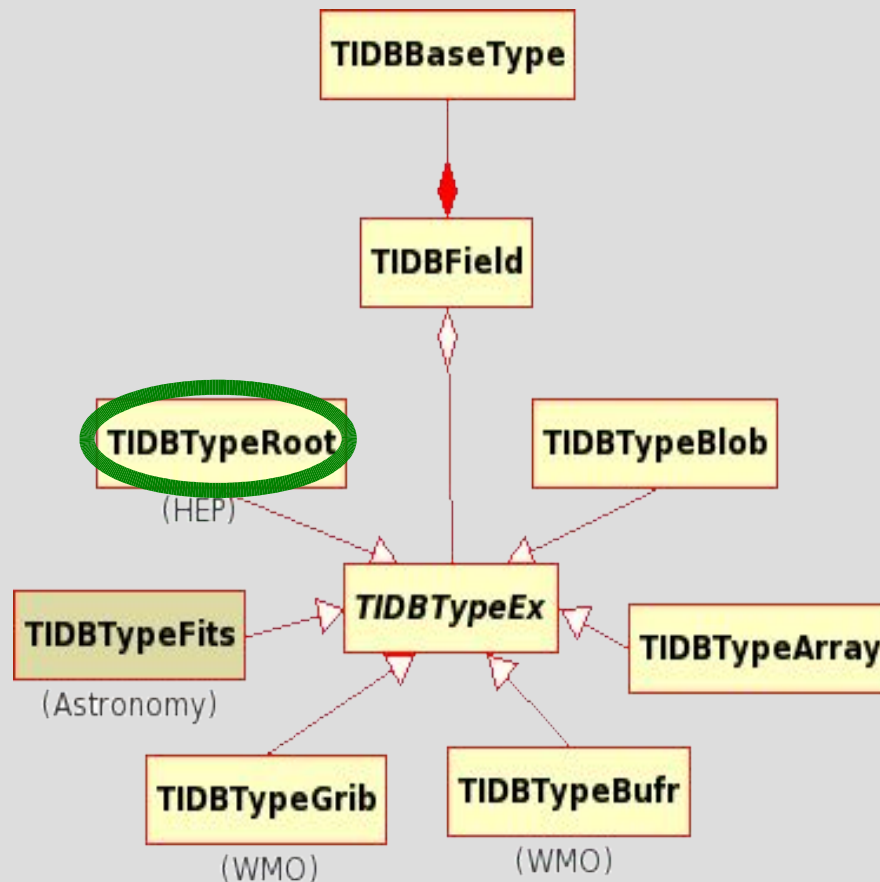
The TIDB2 Transient Table

- TIDBTable is available when returning result sets and for storing procedures:



- Tables can be built from scratch using a row as a model, filled with rows and stored.
- Tables can be retrieved from a DB by a TIDBConnection, appended with rows and stored.
- The resulting table could be the result of a SQL query.
- Any external table can be registered in the TIDB database, and opened as a TIDBTable.

The TIDBField and TIDBTypeEX



- TIDBField manages the data types.
- TIDBField provides an interface between the user and the extended types.
- With the appropriate plugin any data type can be supported.
- It's easy to fill a TIDBField with data.

The Special << Operator

```
TIDBRow MyRow(table) << 1 << "2" << 3.0;
```

- The “clever <<” operator automatically casts the data to the respective column type.
- This operator has a special behavior while streaming extended data types.
- TIDBRows can be streamed sequentially into a table.

Complex Data Storage Approach

- Atomized «complex data type» storage:
 - The BLOB is splited into all it's elements.
 - Lots of data redundancy or associations.
 - Occupies a lot of storage space.
- The data is kepted as BLOBs:
 - Unsuitable for seeking objects.
 - Makes it impossible to quickly find the most relevant data properties.
- Mixed mode TIDB2 approach.

Atomized

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L

BLOB storage

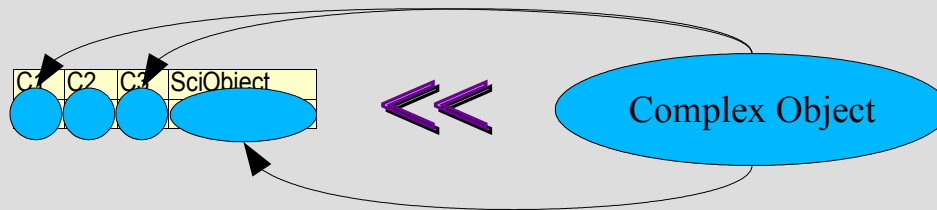
BLOB
BLOB
BLOB
BLOB
BLOB

TIDB2 mixed mode

A	E	H	BLOB
A	E	H	BLOB
A	E	H	BLOB
A	E	H	BLOB
A	E	H	BLOB
A	E	H	BLOB
A	E	H	BLOB
A	E	H	BLOB

Indexing Scientific Objects

```
TIDBRow MyRow(table) << SciObject;
```



- “Streamer” analyses the internal structure of complex objects.
- “Streamer” automatically fills fields matching data inside the SciObject.
- The key fields are tunable (depends on the user defined table structure).

The ROOT Extended Type

- Any TClass object inside a root file could be loaded into a TIDBTable via TIDBField get method.
- Any pointer to TClass object could be used to load the object into a TIDBTable via the “clever streamer” operator.
- Is not crucial to have the object library for loading and “unpacking” the data.

Coding Example (Storing)

```
#include <tidb2.h>
#include "/usr/progs/root/test/Event.h"

#define TIDB2URL "mysql://www.myserver.com:database:username:password"
#define N_COLUMNS 3

int main() {
Event *ev,*pev;
TIDBConnection cn;

    cn.dropDB(TIDB2URL);
    cn.createDB(TIDB2URL);
    cn.connect(TIDB2URL);

    TIDBRow row(N_COLUMNS,"Id",tidbString,"fNtrack",tidbInt,"RObj$root",tidbExtendedType);
    TIDBTable tab("/rootobjs",tidbTableID,row,&cn);

    TIDBField field("RObj$root",tidbExtendedType);

    for (int i=1;i<=10;i++) {
        (ev=new Event())->Build(i);
        field=ev;
        row << i << &field;
        tab << row;
    }

    tab.store();
    cn.close();

    return 0;
}
```



All fields till the field
of type ROOT are filled
from it's internal structure

- The object could be also streamed directly into the TIDBRow.

Coding Example (Reading)

```
int main() {
TIDBConnection cn;

    cn.connect(TIDB2URL);
    TIDBTable tab(&cn);

    tab.open("/rootobjs");
    tab.showMe(19);
    cn.close();

    TIDBTypeEx *robj=tab["RObj"].ext();
    cout << "CLASS NAME: [" << robj->typeName()<<"]"<<endl;
    for (int i=0;tab["RObj"].get(i);i++)
        cout <<robj->vsValue()[i]<<" = " << tab["RObj"].sGet(i)<<endl;
    return 0;
}
```

- By using TstreamerInfo, there is no need to link this example with our custom class (ex: libEvent.so).
- If we link with the class library we can cast the object from TIDBTypeEx::value() to our class.

TIDB2 Browser: KTidbExplorer

The screenshot displays the KondDBExplorer application window. The interface includes a menu bar (File, Edit, Window, Help), a toolbar with various icons, and a tree view on the left showing a MySQL database structure. The main area is divided into several panes:

- /RedeEstacoes/Dados**: A table listing data points with columns for index, Since, Till, and other attributes.
- /rootobjs**: A table listing root objects with columns for index, Since, Till, Id, fNtrack, and My.
- /rootobjs:Root detail**: A detailed view of a root object, showing its properties and values.
- Timeline Chart**: A horizontal bar chart at the bottom showing the duration of various events (LRA-T-1, LSB-T-1, LRA-T-0, LRA-R-0, LSB-T-0, LSB-R-0) over time.

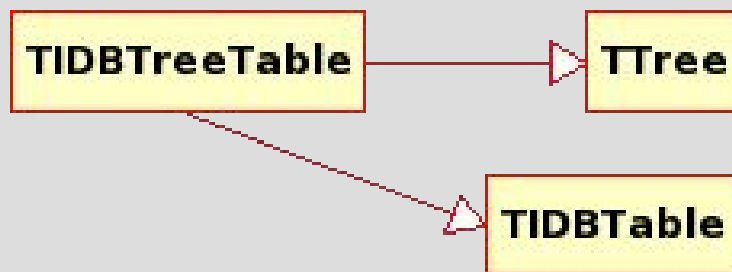
	Since	Till	
1	2005-09-28/02:58.51	2005-09-28/03:01:00	
2	2005-09-28/02:58.51	2005-09-28/03:01:00	
3	2005-09-28/03:01.00	2005-09-28/03:02.05	LSB-
4	2005-09-28/03:01.01	2005-09-28/03:02.05	LSB- 1
5	2005-09-28/03:02.05	2005-09-28/03:02.37	LSB- -
6	2005-09-28/03:02.05	2005-09-28/03:03.10	LSB- 1
7	2005-09-28/03:03.10	2005-09-28/03:04.14	LSB- 1
8	2005-09-28/03:02.37	2005-09-28/03:04.47	LSB- 1

	Since	Till	Id	fNtrack	My
1	2005-08-28/16:15.16	<+inf>	1	595	<ROOT DATA>

Property	Value	
1	TObject	<NA>
2	fType[20]	<NA>
3	fEventName	Event10_Run200
4	fNtrack	595
5	fNseg	5904
6	fNvertex	<NA>
7	fFlag	0
8	fTemperature	20.319
9	fMeasures[10]	<NA>
10	fMatrix[4][4]	<NA>

Future Work

- **TIDBTreeTable** to implement **TIDBTable** methods for a **Ttree**.
- All the power of **ROOT** analysis tools would be integrated with a (semi) relational database.
- All streamer info relative to **ROOT** objects will be written into a table of schemas inside the **DB** (transparent to the end user).
 - No need to link with additional libraries than **-ltidb2**.



- **TIDBConnectionOracle**
- **TIDBTypeFITS**

How to get TIDB2?

- **To download tidb2 from CVS:**
- `cvs -d:pserver:anonymous@cvs.sourceforge.net:/cvsroot/t-i-db login`
- `cvs -z3 -d:pserver:anonymous@cvs.sourceforge.net:/cvsroot/t-i-db co -P tidb2`
- **To download ktidbexplorer from CVS:**
- `cvs -z3 -d:pserver:anonymous@cvs.sourceforge.net:/cvsroot/t-i-db co -P \`
`ktidbexplorer`
- **Tarballs can be found at:**
- https://sourceforge.net/project/showfiles.php?group_id=117005
- **To contact me for help:**
- Email to joao.simoese@fisica.fc.ul.pt