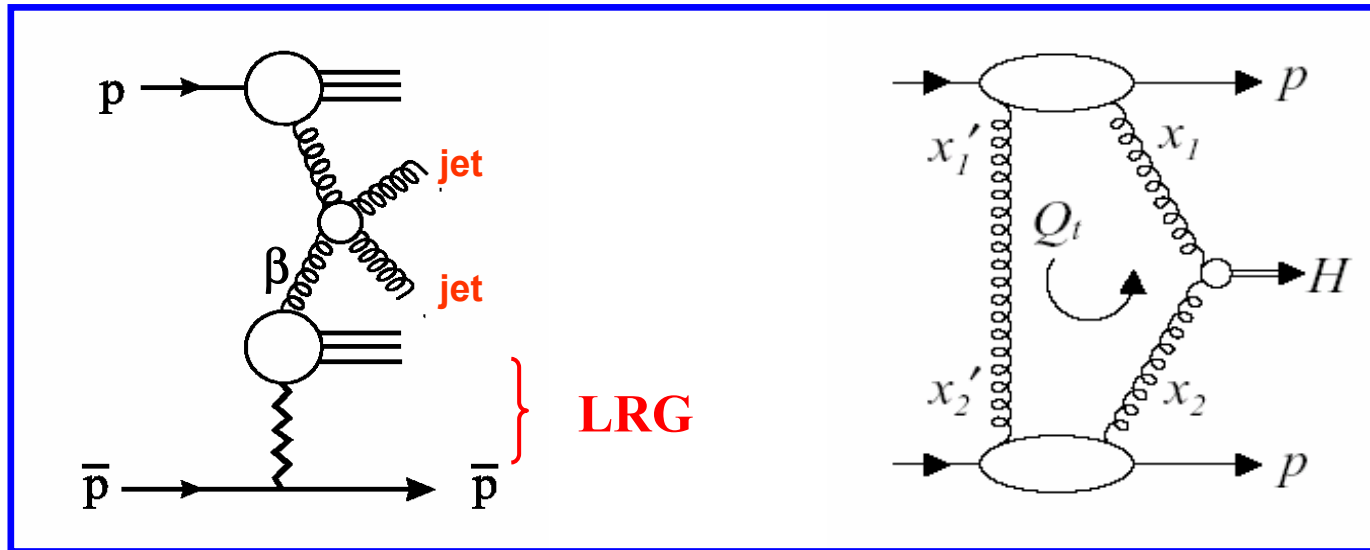


CMS/TOTEM Diffraction and Forward Physics LOI



Albert De Roeck (CERN)

Diffraction and Forward Physics: CMS+TOTEM

TOTEM:

- Approved July 2004 (TDR of TOTEM on <http://totem.web.cern.ch/Totem/>)
- TOTEM stand alone
 - Elastic scattering, Total pp cross section and soft diffraction.
- CMS+TOTEM study started in 2002 (ADR + K. Eggert)
 - Full diffractive program with central activity. TOTEM will be included as a subdetector in CMS (trigger/data stream)

CMS:

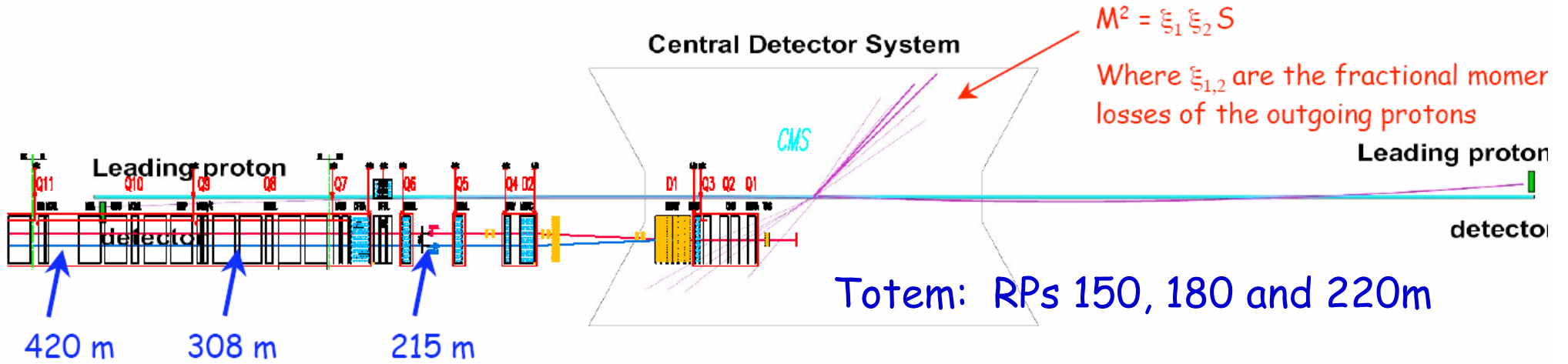
- EOI submitted in January 2004: /afs/cern.ch/user/d/deroeck/public/eoi_cms_diff.pdf
 - Diffraction with TOTEM Roman Pots and/or rapidity gaps
- Technical Proposal in preparation for new forward detectors (CASTOR, ZDC)
 - Additional options being studied (more forward detectors)
 - Diffractive and low-x physics part of CMS physics program (low + high β)

⇒ September 2004: CMS+TOTEM

- LOI requested on Diffraction and forward physics for CMS+TOTEM → LHCC
- Results also to be included in the CMS Physics TDR (by end of 2005)

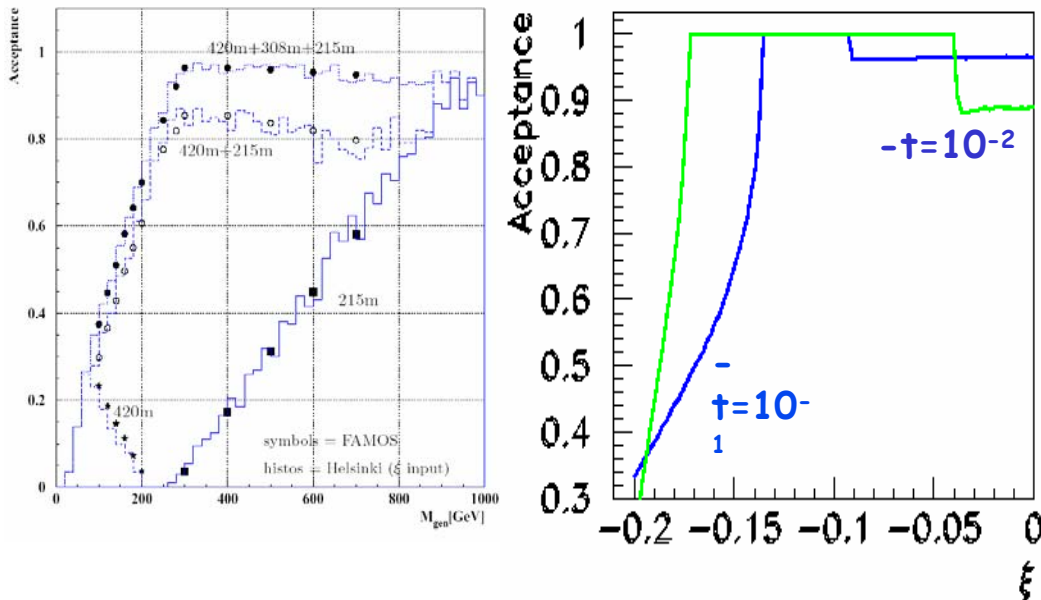
Aim for spring/summer 2005

Roman pot acceptances

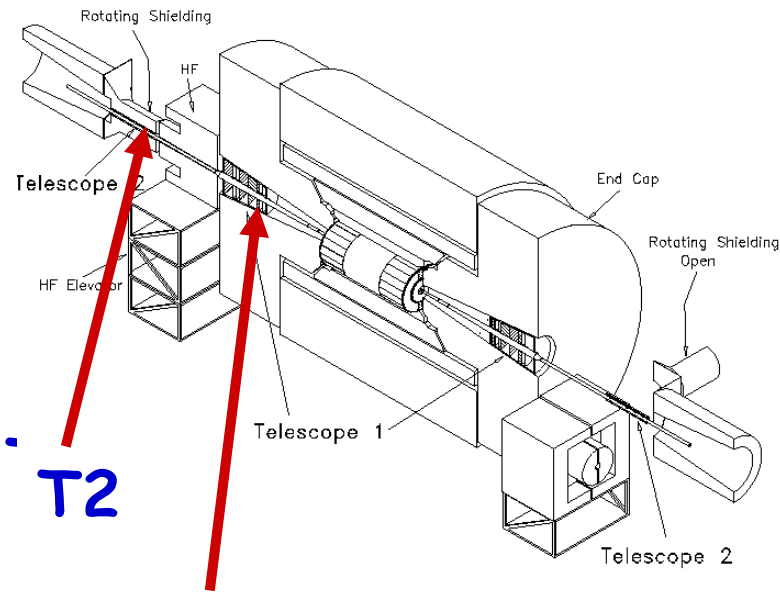


High β^* (1540m): Lumi $10^{28}-10^{31} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
 >90% of all diffractive protons are seen in the Totem Roman Pots.
 Proton momentum measured with a resolution $\sim 10^{-3}$

Low β^* : (0.5m): Lumi $10^{33}-10^{34} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
 220m: $0.02 < \xi < 0.2$
 300/400m: $0.002 < \xi < 0.2$
 (RPs in the cold region/
 under discussion in CMS/ATLAS
 First acceptance studies by Helsinki)



TOTEM/CMS Forward Detectors



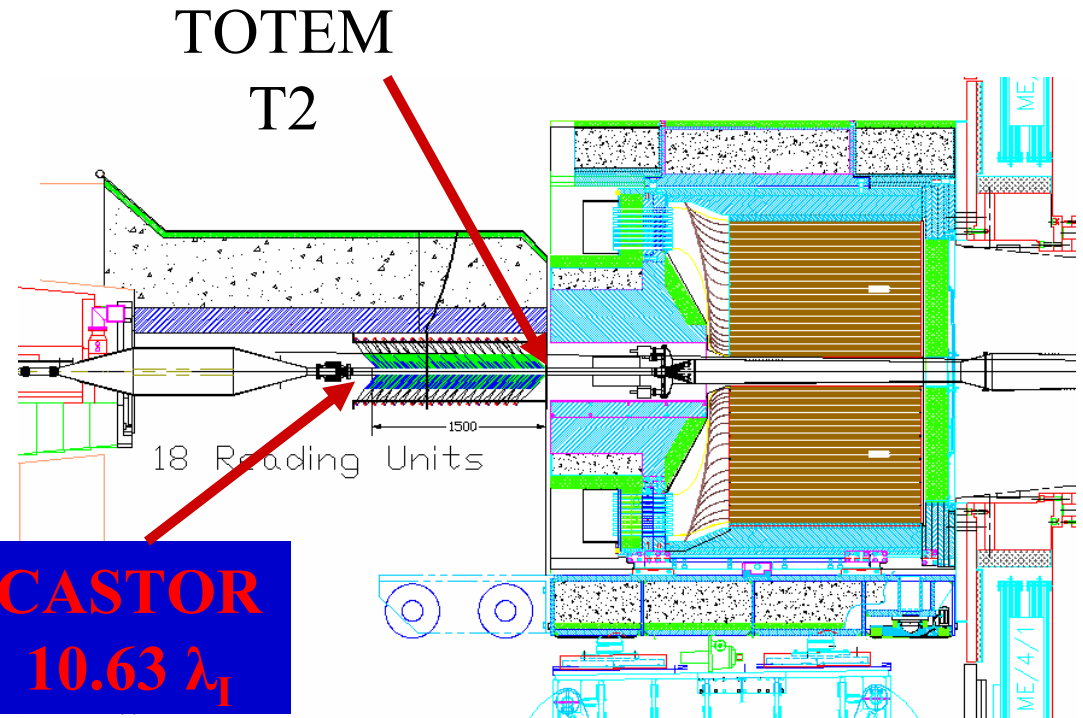
T2

T1

T1 $3.1 < \eta < 4.7$
 T2 $5.3 < \eta < 6.7$
 Castor $5.25 < \eta < 6.5$

Extend the reach
 in η from $|\eta| < 5$
 to $|\eta| < 6.7$

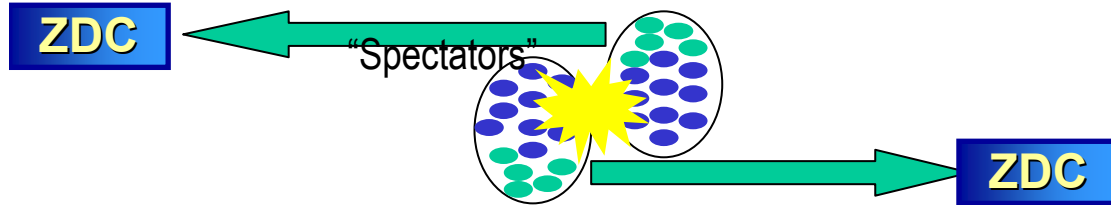
- T1/T2 inelastic event taggers
- T1 CSC/RPC tracker ('99 LOI)
 - T2 GEM or Silicon tracker (TOTEM/New)
 - CASTOR Calorimeter (CMS/New)
 - ZDC Calorimeter (CMS/New)



CASTOR
 $10.63 \lambda_1$

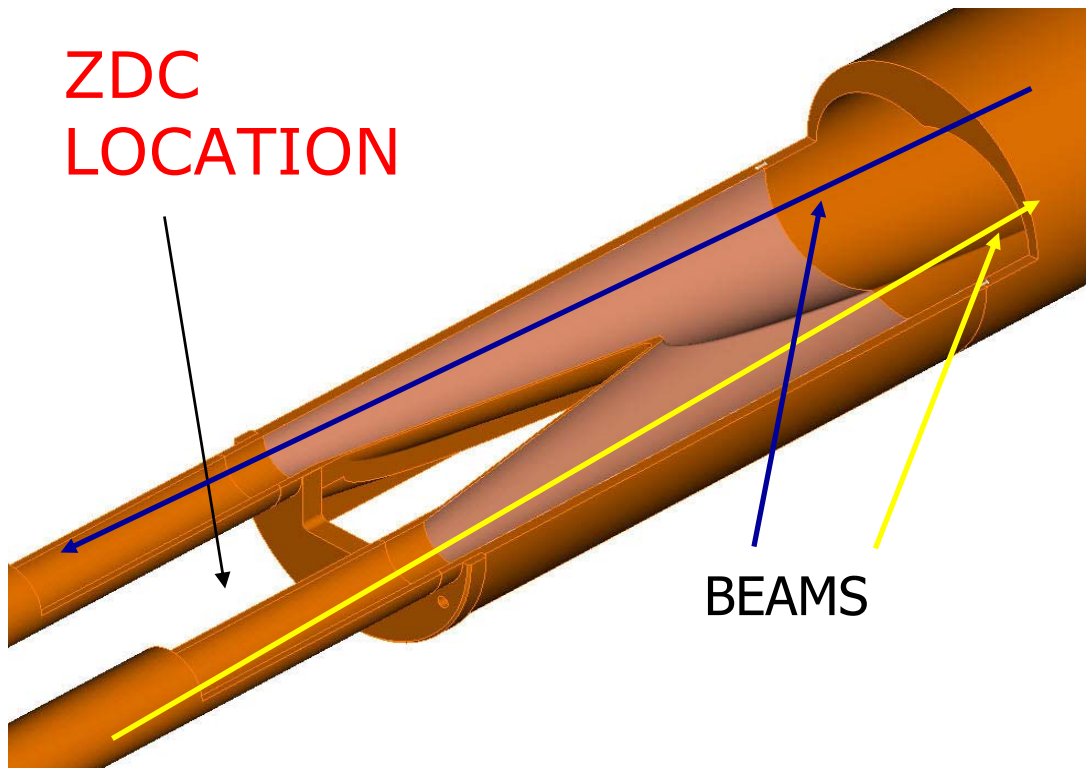
Opportunities to contribute to the LOI !!

ZDC: zero degree calorimeter (CMS)



Beam pipe splits 140m from IR

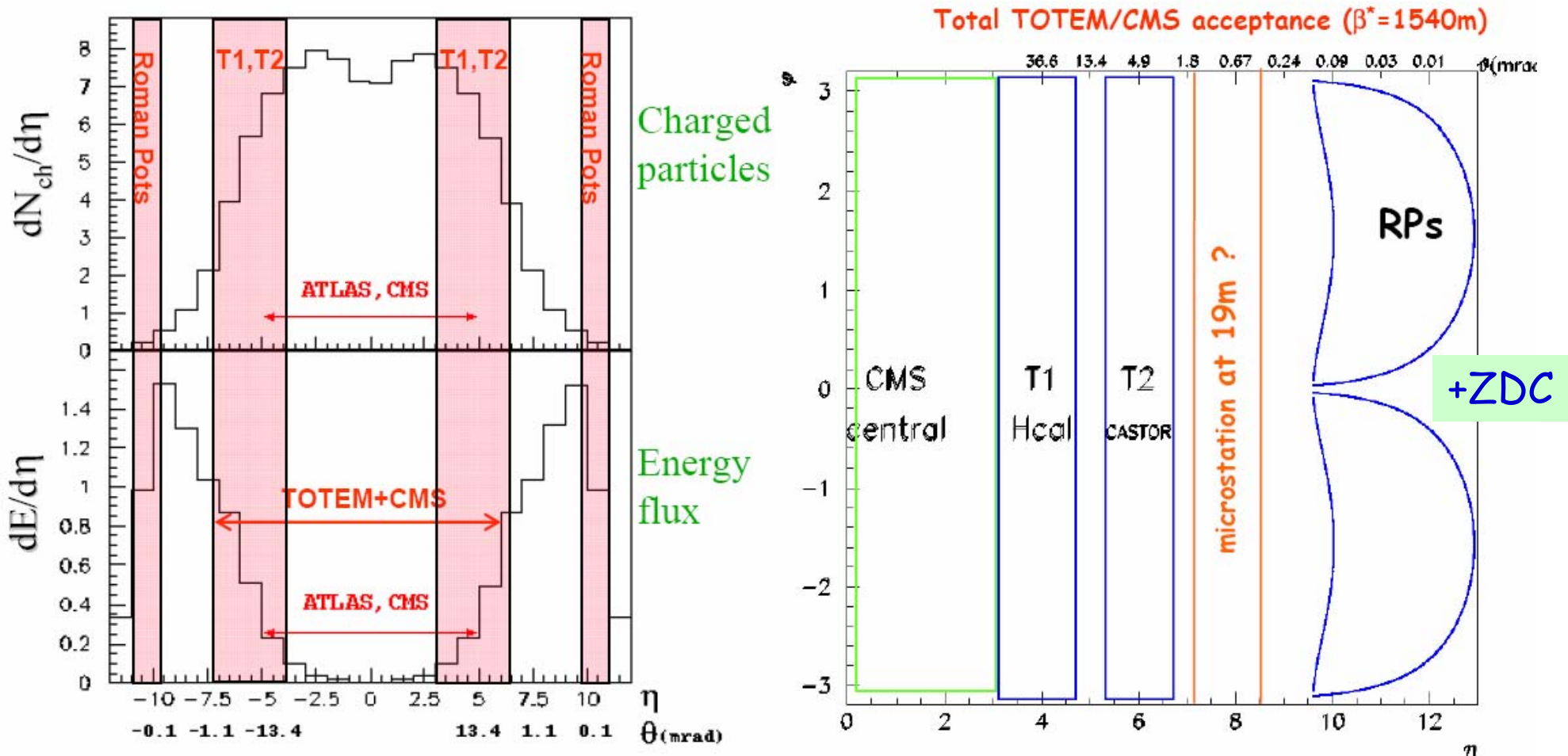
ZDC
LOCATION



Tungsten/ quartz fiber or
PPAC calorimeter
EM and HAD section
Funding pending in DOE

CMS/TOTEM: a "complete" LHC detector

CMS/TOTEM will be the largest acceptance detector ever built at a hadron collider



K. Eggert

Both collaborations open for new participants to the diffractive/forward program

LOI Content

- September 2004: CMS (and TOTEM) management called for TDR
⇒ To be delivered first part of 2005
- Will include detector description
 - Castor (CMS)
 - T2 (T1) (TOTEM)
 - Roman pots before 250 m (TOTEM)
 - Detectors after 250 m (CMS/TOTEM)
 - Detectors at 19m ($7 < \eta < 9$) ?? Wait for HERA/LHC workshop results
 - ZDC (CMS)
- Trigger: L1 and HLT
 - CMS only
 - CMS+TOTEM
- DAQ CMS+TOTEM
- Calibration & alignment issues, beam monitoring,...
- Runs: special runs at high β and nominal runs at low β (but not too many)
- Physics (next slides)

Diffraction at LHC

Plan to use both rapidity gap and proton tagging techniques

- Rapidity gaps based on the central detector
 - Used extensively at HERA and the Tevatron
 - Uses correlation between the η_{\max} and ξ , the momentum loss of the proton
 - Once detector/readout stable, can be lead first results quickly.
Many significant HERA papers, like F_2^D , are still with rapgaps
 - Only usable if pile up small and can be controled
 - Cannot distinguish between outgoing proton or low mass system
 - Need Monte Carlo based corrections
- Tagging protons based on detectors along the beamline
 - Clean measurement for non-dissociative final protons, kinematics!
 - Need to understand positioning, alignment, acceptance corrections...
This can take some time (HERA & Tevatron experience)
 - May have reduced luminosity: can insert RPs only when beams/background low and stable

Experience from both HERA and Tevatron vital

Forward Physics Program (CMS/TOTEM LOI)

- **Soft & Hard diffraction**
 - Total cross section and elastic scattering (TOTEM, precision of $O(1)\%$)
 - Gap survival dynamics, multi-gap events, proton light cone ($pp \rightarrow 3\text{jets}+p$), odderon
 - Diffractive structure: Production of jets, W , J/ψ , b , t , hard photons
 - Double Pomeron exchange events as a gluon factory (anomalous W, Z production?)
 - Diffractive Higgs production, (diffractive Radion production?), exclusive SPE??
 - SUSY & other (low mass) exotics & exclusive processes
- **Low-x Dynamics**
 - Parton saturation, BFKL/CCFM dynamics, proton structure, multi-parton scattering...
- **New Forward Physics phenomena**
 - New phenomena such as DCCs, incoherent pion emission, Centauro's
- **Strong interest from cosmic rays community**
 - Forward energy and particle flows/minimum bias event structure
- **Two-photon interactions and peripheral collisions**
- **Forward physics in pA and AA collisions**
- **Use QED processes to determine the luminosity to 1% ($pp \rightarrow ppee$, $pp \rightarrow pp\mu\mu$)**

Many of these studies can be done best with $L \sim 10^{33}$ (or lower)

Forward Physics Program (my status)

- **Soft & Hard diffraction**

- SPE and DPE: Production of jets, W, J/ψ, b, t, photons Saclay, Nebraska, Moskou
Brazil, ITEP, Yerevan
- Gap survival dynamics, multi-gap events, Nebraska, Goulianos
???
- Double Pomeron exchange events as a gluon factory FNAL/CERN
- anomalous W,Z production in DPE events (Alan White) Helsinki, Bristol, Wisconsin, CERN, Antwerp
- Diffractive Higgs production, DPE UCLA, Caltech
- Diffractive Higgs production SPE Protvino/CERN
- Diffractive Radion production Antwerp
- Diffractive Drell Yan production ITEP +?
- SUSY & other (low mass) exotics & exclusive processes ???
- proton light cone (pp→3jets+p) TOTEM groups
- Diffractive production of low mass systems Protvino/Annecy
- Spin parity analyses of low mass systems Kansas
- Leading neutron/photon analyses Brazil
- Hard color singlet exchange
- Other topics?

Can be studied with $\beta^*=0.5 \leftrightarrow \beta^*=200\text{m}$ / gaps \leftrightarrow Roman Pots

Forward Physics Program

- **Low-x Dynamics**
 - Parton saturation and proton structure CERN, Saclay
 - BFKL/CCFM dynamics Saclay+
 - multi-parton scattering... ???
- **New Forward Physics phenomena**
 - New phenomena such as DCCs, incoherent pion emission, Centauro's Athens
C. Taylor
- **Strong interest from cosmic rays community**
 - Forward energy and particle flows R. Engel, Athens
 - minimum bias event structure
- $\gamma\gamma$, γp interactions and peripheral collisions Louvain
- Use QED processes to determine the luminosity to 1% ($pp \rightarrow ppee$, $pp \rightarrow pp\mu\mu$)
Louvain+
- Forward physics in pA and AA collisions HI group
- Other?

Other possible contributions (La Platta, DESY, Aachen,...) under discussion

Meeting example (last Friday)

CMS/TOTEM Physics Diffraction (14:00-18:00)


Chairperson: Albert De Roeck

Location: VRVS VENUS

Room: [40-2-A01](#)

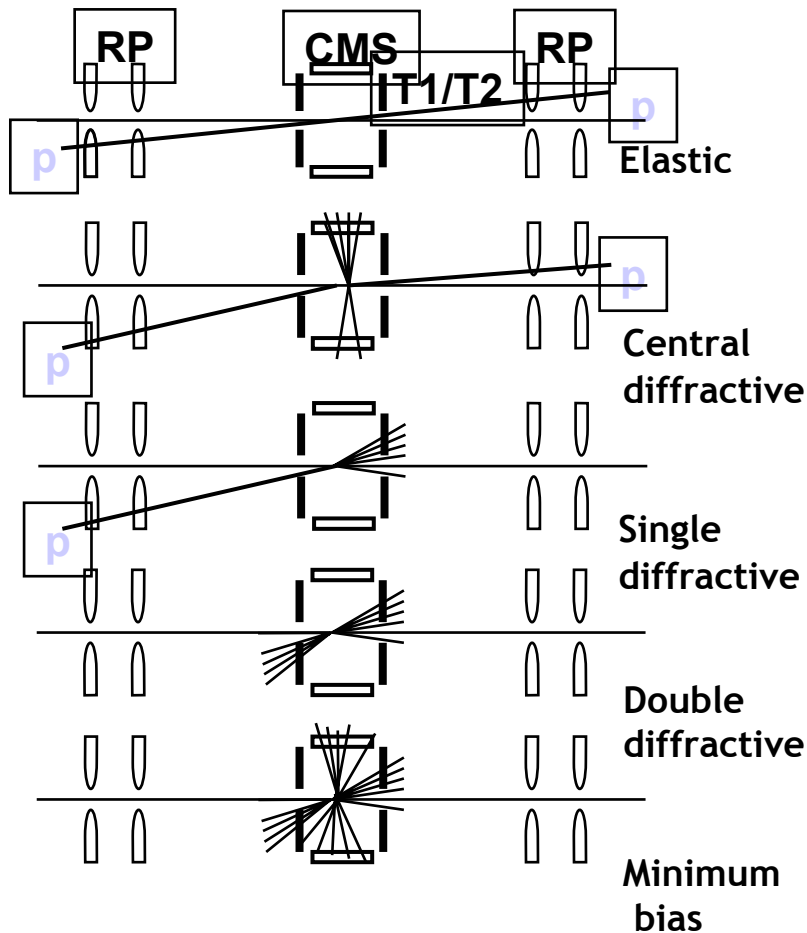
14:00	Update on CASTOR (15) (transparencies)	A Panagiotou.
14:15	Update on the ZDC (15) (transparencies)	M. Murray
14:30	New ideas using chrystals for increasing the acceptance (15) (transparencies)	K. Eggert
14:45	Updates on the trigger studies (15) (transparencies)	M. Grothe
15:00	Pile-up in Pythia (15) (more information)	M. Ruspa
15:15	Acceptance paramterizations and new optics (15) (more information transparencies)	V. Avati
15:30	Fast Forward proton simulation (15) (transparencies)	X. Rouby
15:45	POMWIG/CASTOR studies (15) (more information)	L. Sarycheva
16:00	Air shower physics models study (& CASTOR status in OSCAR) (15) (transparencies)	V. Popov
16:15	Diffractive W production (15) (more information)	A Loginov
16:30	Diffractive ttbar production (15) (more information)	A. Vilela
16:45	Diffractive J/Psi and Upsilon production (15) (transparencies)	D.J. Damiao
17:00	DY production and acceptance in CASTOR (15) (transparencies)	E. Sarkisyan
17:15	Diffractive Higgs Production (15) (more information)	M. Tasevsky
17:30	Exclusive Di-electrons in CMS (15) (transparencies)	Y Liu
17:45	The US420 project (15) (more information)	M. Albrow
18:00	LOI updates (15)	All

Examples

- The following contains a number of snapshots of work in progress, very preliminary, just to illustrate the ongoing activity.
- Health warning 
 - Many of these WILL change very soon
 - Do not use outside scope of this talk

CMS Level-1 Trigger & TOTEM

TOTEM plans for Level-1 Triggers
at $\mathcal{L} = 1.6 \cdot 10^{28} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$



Totem will act as a CMS trigger and DAQ partition, as any other subdetector

M. Grothe

Want CMS operational in low-luminosity start-up phase of LHC when TOTEM runs will take place

Goal:

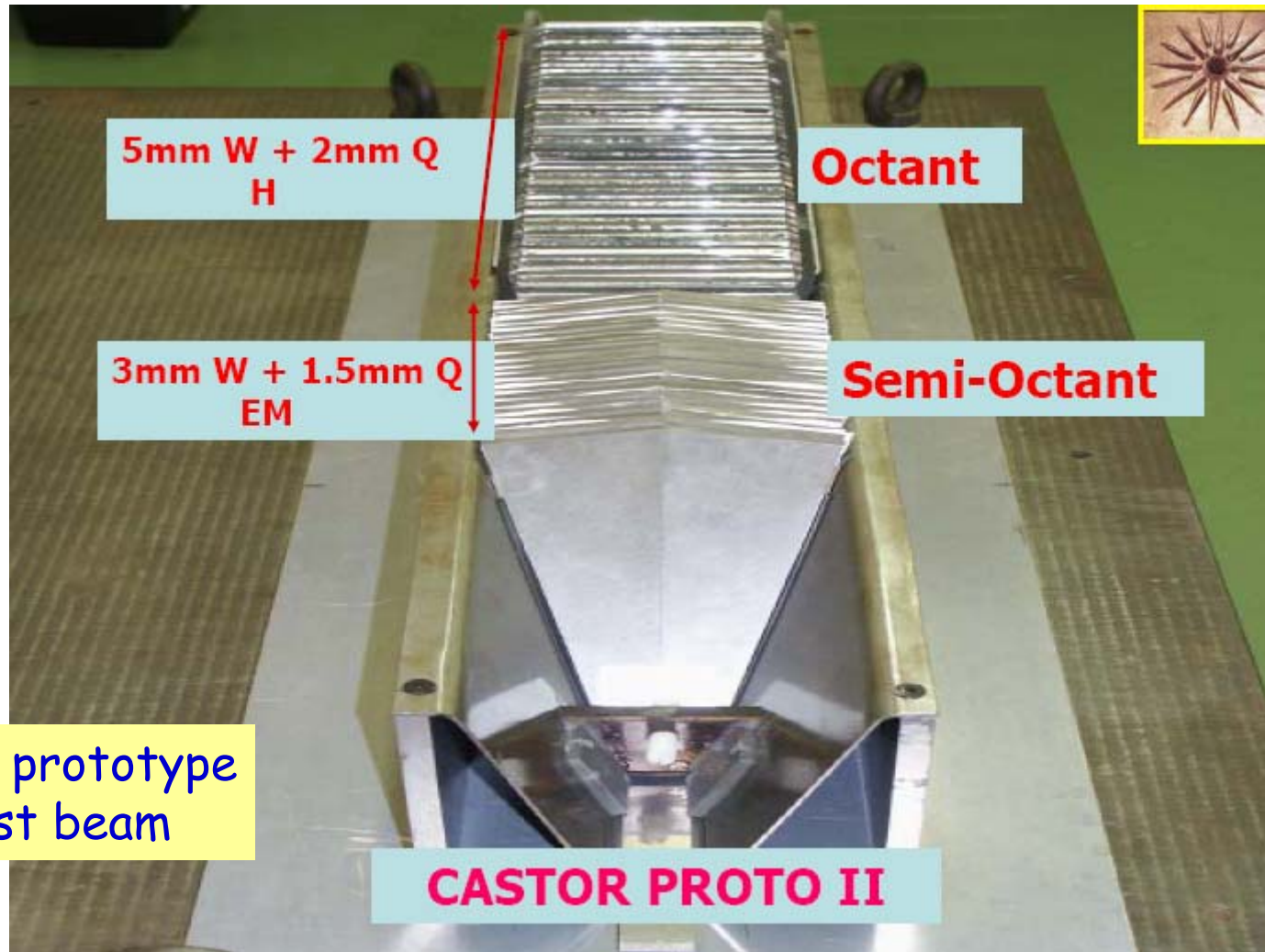
Study and validate CMS-Calo based diffractive L1- trigger (E_T/H_T) with the help of TOTEM's Roman pot-based diffractive triggers

Special challenge: low mass diffractive $H \rightarrow bb$

Courtesy K. Eggert

Detector Progress: CASTOR

A. Panagiotou

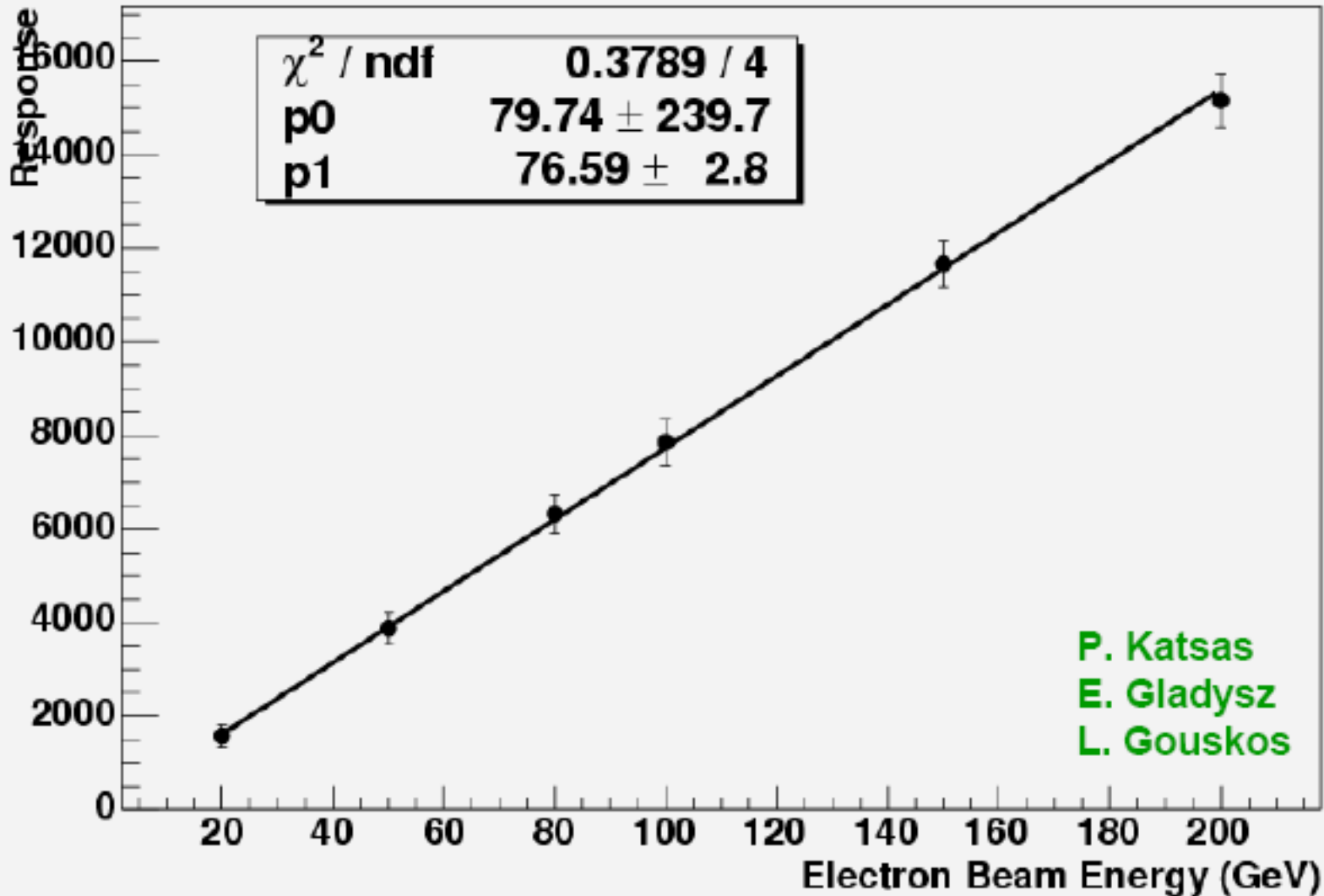


CASTOR prototype
in the test beam

CASTOR PROTO II

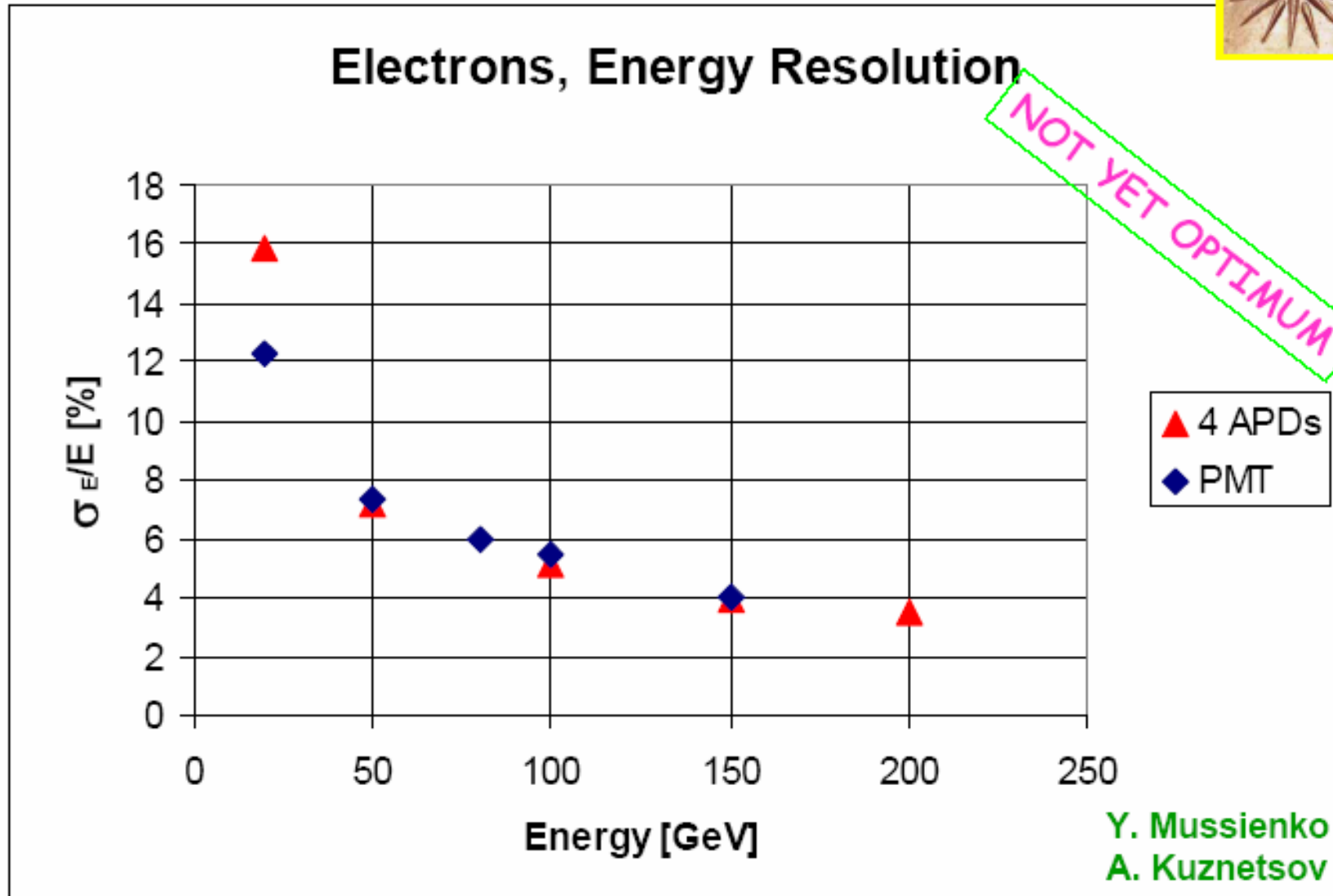
Linearity for electrons

Linearity of Castor Proto II: PMT's (EM Total)

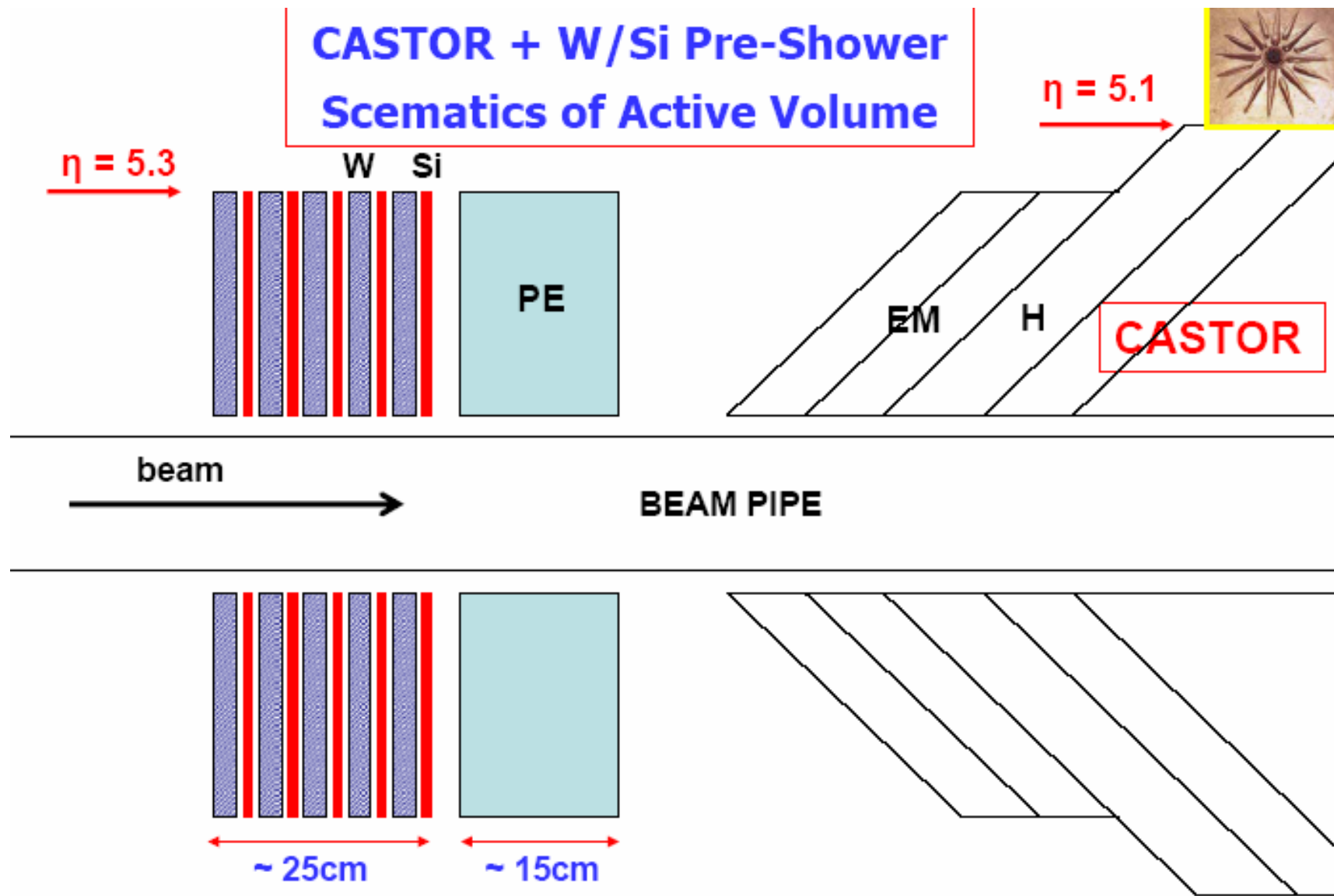


Resolution for electrons

Electron Energy Resolution:(4)APDs vs PMTs



New proposal, including a preshower



New proposal, including a preshower

BENEFITS FROM PRE-SHOWER + CASTOR



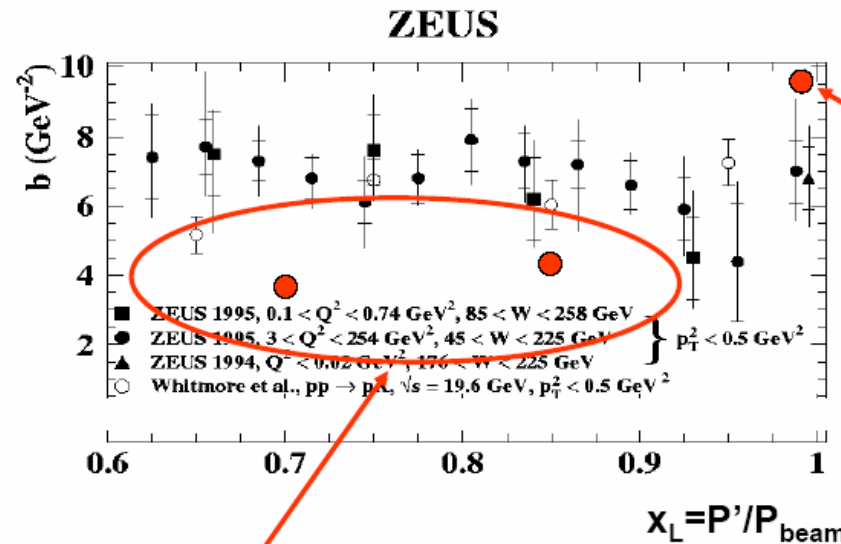
- pp Interactions
 1. Identify γ , e, hadron and jet, their location and the total EM / H multiplicities per event
 2. Give information on θ (p_T)
 3. Two jet separation of order 1 cm
 4. Energy cross – calibration
 5. Give precise EM – H shower separation and energy with higher accuracy in CASTOR

Preparing INTAS project for CASTOR+PS

MC leading proton spectra

M. Ruspa

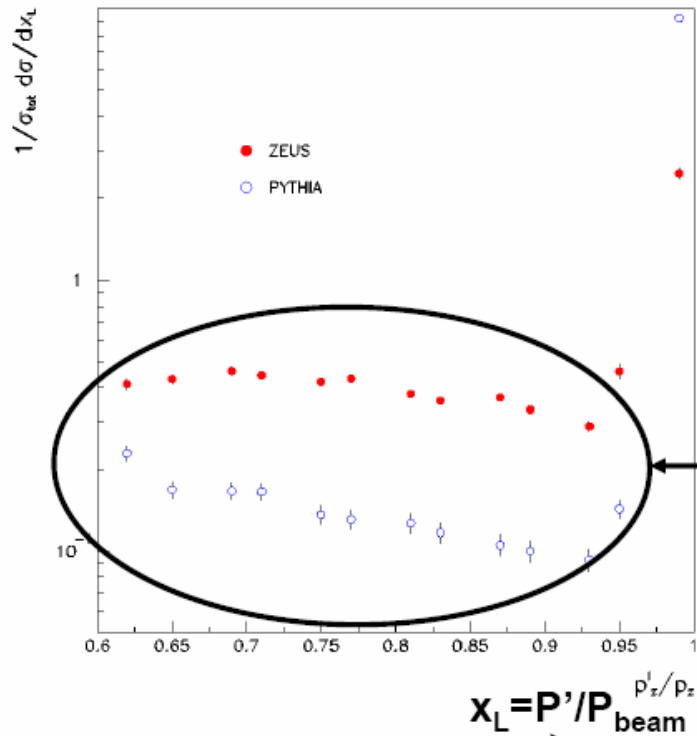
Pythia used for pile-up background studies
How good is it when compared to data, e.g. from HERA??



Pythia approx OK in diffractive Peak, after taking shrinkage ($b = b_0 + 4\alpha' \ln s$) into account

Pythia too low outside diffractive peak

b-slope



Pythia wrong in shape and normalisation outside diffractive peak (approx factor 2-3)

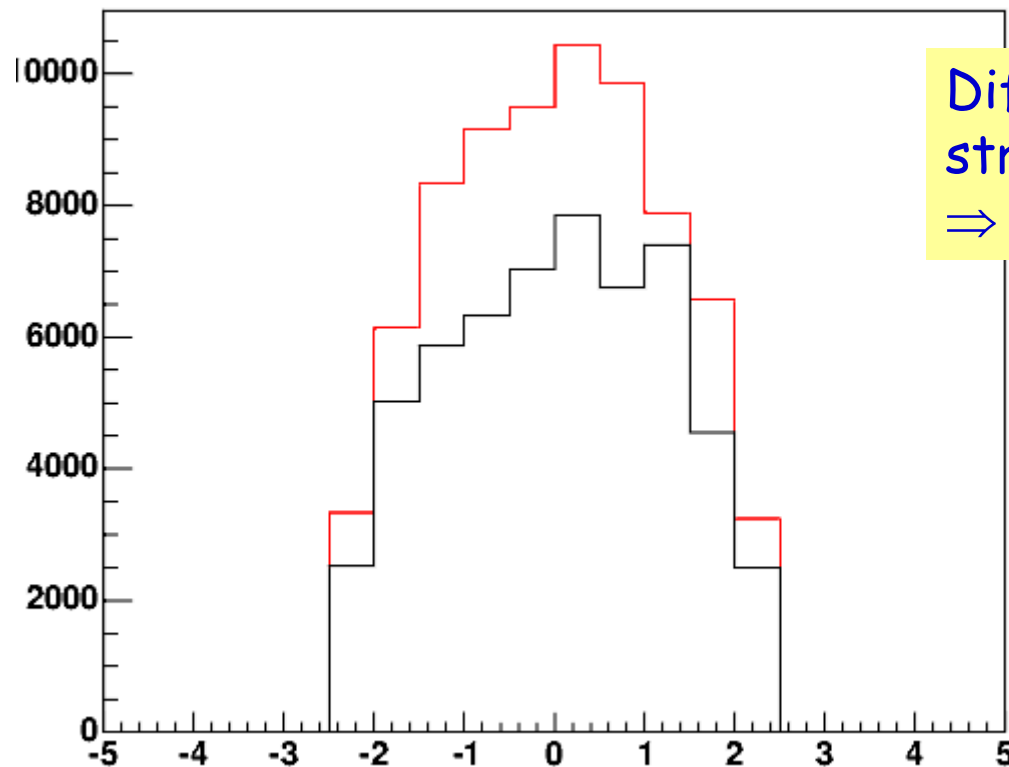
Leading proton spectra

Fastest proton in the event

Diffractive W production

Pseudorapidity spectrum of the muons from diffractive W's after acceptance cuts, trigger condition and fast simulation

A. Loginov



Different H1 diffractive structure functions
⇒ fit 5 and fit 6

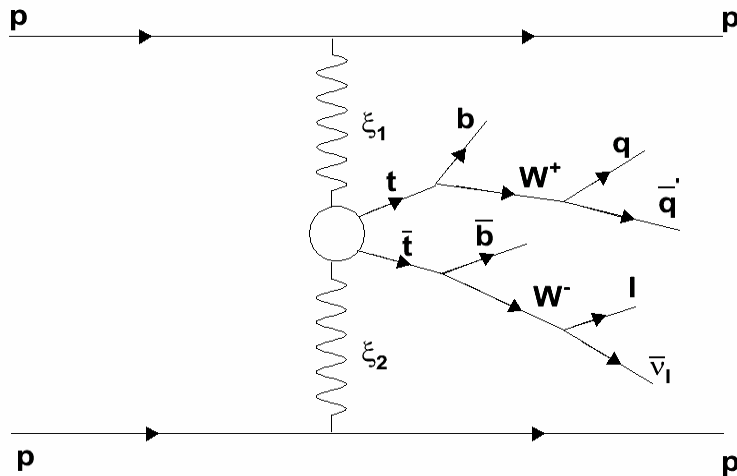
Cross section $W \rightarrow \mu\nu$
(not corrected for survival probability)

17-25 pb

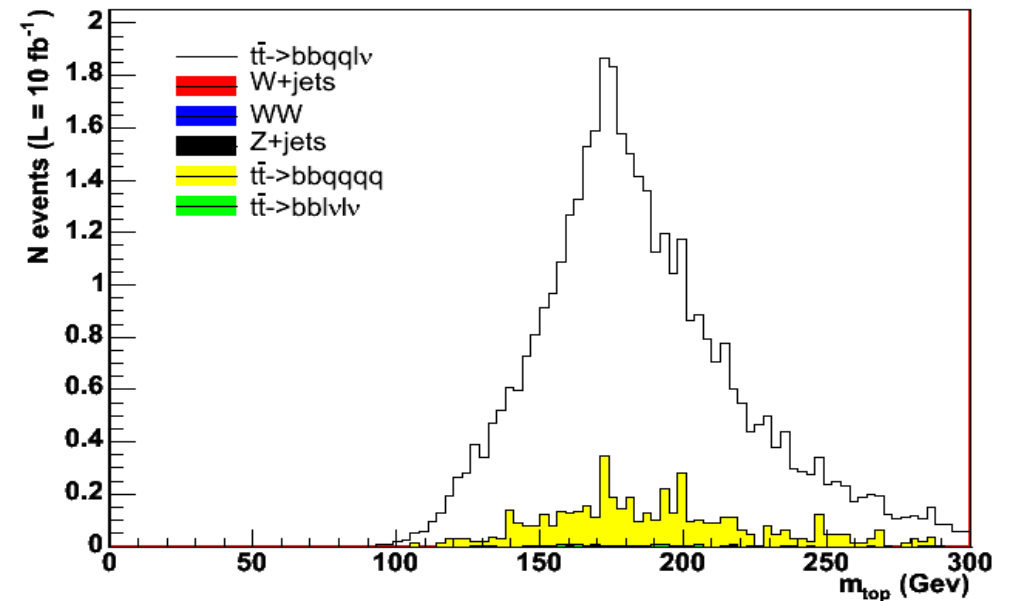
Novel channels: eg diffractive top

Decay Channel

A. Vilela



Top mass peak
Efficiency still to be increased

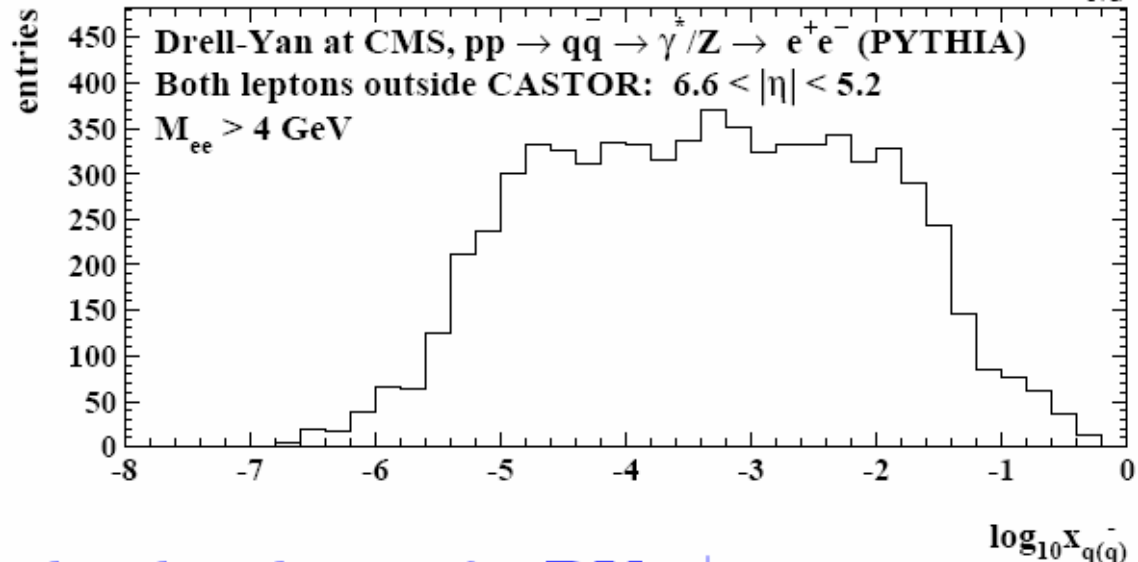
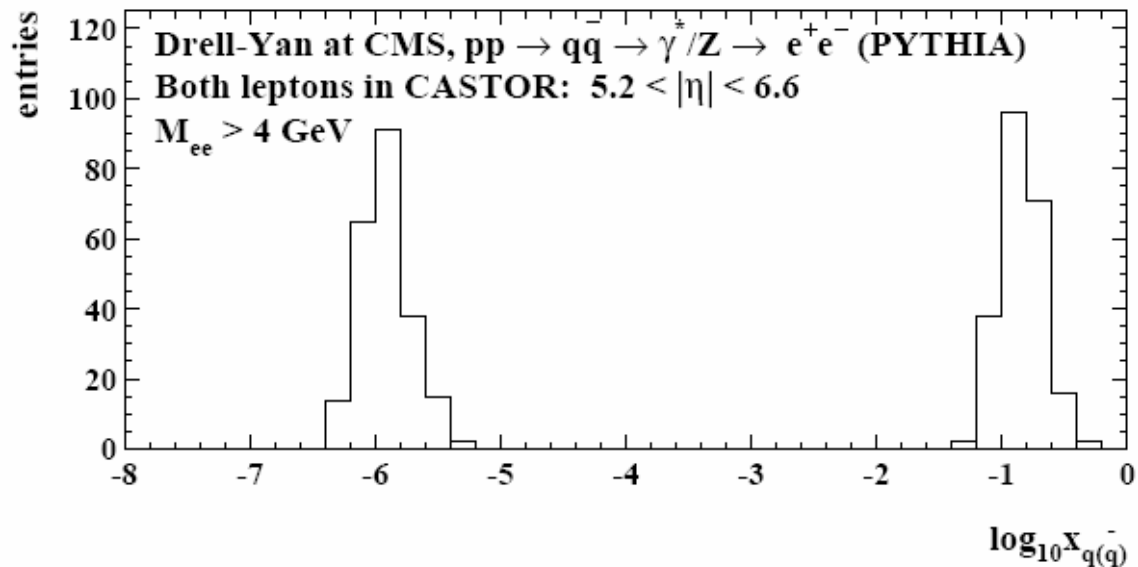


- $pp \rightarrow p + (t\bar{t}) + X + p$
- $t\bar{t} \rightarrow b\bar{b} l \bar{\nu}_l q \bar{q}'$ ($l = e, \mu$)

With low E_{tjet} cuts $O(100)$ events/ 10 pb^{-1}

Drell-Yan production

E. Sarkisyan



Drell-Yan into electrons

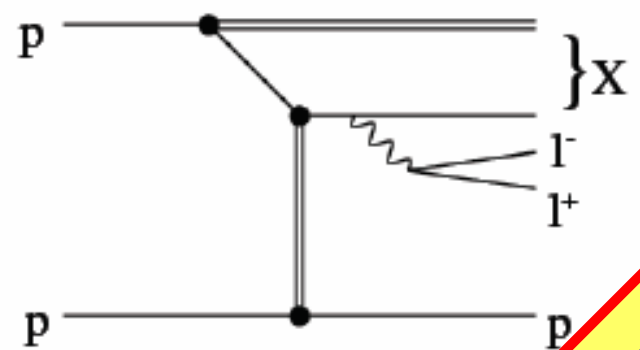
Includes (fast) CASTOR simulation

Large rapidity needed for low-x reach

Diffractive production of Drell-Yan pairs

The process:

$$pp \rightarrow p l^+ l^- X$$



CMS+CASTOR+TOTEM acceptance:
(study by Sedlak)

$$0.02 < \xi < 0.2$$

$$-6.46 < \eta_{l^\pm} < 6.46$$

1000 events/year, assuming

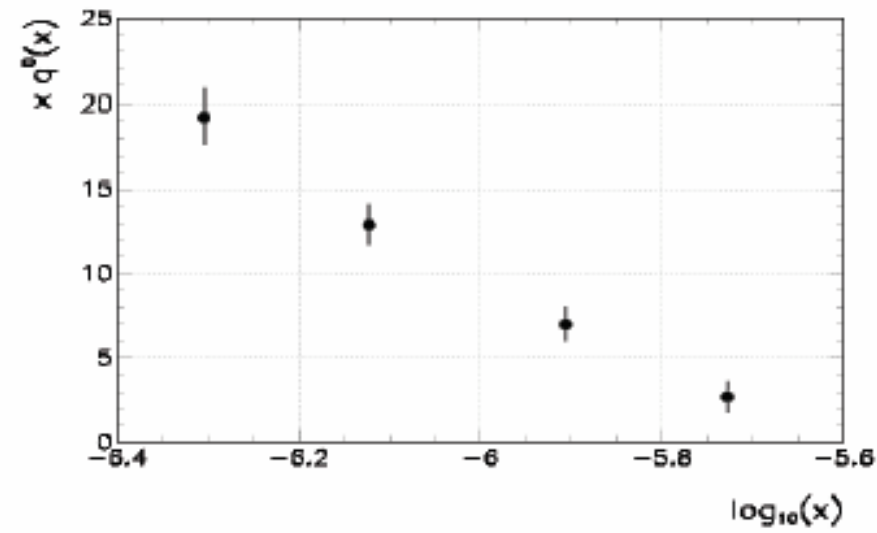
$$\sigma_{\text{int}} = 200 - 2000 \text{ pb}^{-1}/\text{year}$$

1 interaction/bunch crossing

Physics interest:

- Continuation of the Pomeron structure
- Saturation at low energy
- Test of factorization
- ...

Example measurement:



Came up in the framework of this workshop

P. Van Mechelen

Diffraction Higgs production: new channel $H \rightarrow WW$

Excl. DPE $H \rightarrow WW$: Event yields per $L=10 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

- Both protons accepted in one of two RP's (220, 420)
- (L1 muons taken from FAMOS. El.+quarks correspond to parton level)
- Various cut scenarios acc.to current CMS L1 thresholds:
 - C1) single e : $p_t > 29 \text{ GeV}$, $|n| < 2.5$
 - C2) two e : $p_t > 17 \text{ GeV}$, $|n| < 2.5$
 - C3) single μ : $p_t > 14 \text{ GeV}$, $|n| < 2.1$
 - C4) two μ : $p_t > 3 \text{ GeV}$, $|n| < 2.1$
 - C5) single e : $p_t > 20 \text{ GeV}$, $|n| < 2.5$ + 2 quarks: $p_t > 25 \text{ GeV}$, $|n| < 5$
 - C6) single μ : $p_t > 10 \text{ GeV}$, $|n| < 2.1$ + 2 quarks: $p_t > 25 \text{ GeV}$, $|n| < 5$

M. Tasevsky

Trigger & acceptance study

Excl.DPE H- > WW: Event yield for L=10fb-1 Exhume 1.0

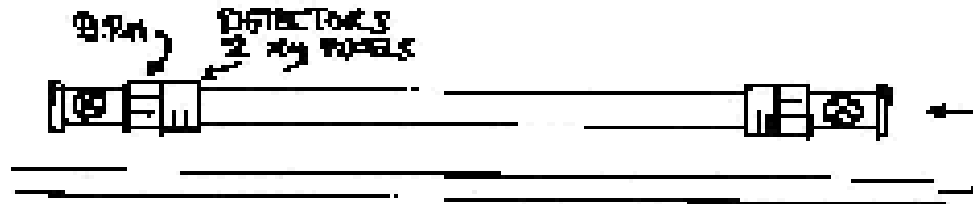
Mh [GeV]	$\sigma \times BR$ [fb]	Acc. [%]	C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	Total
120	0.29	61	0.11	0.01	0.23	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.4
135	0.57	65	0.26	0.02	0.50	0.05	0.06	0.08	1.0
140	0.63	67	0.35	0.02	0.60	0.06	0.08	0.10	1.2
150	0.71	69	0.48	0.04	0.73	0.07	0.13	0.13	1.6
160	0.75	71	0.62	0.04	0.83	0.07	0.21	0.23	2.0
170	0.64	73	0.61	0.03	0.77	0.07	0.20	0.22	1.9
180	0.50	74	0.45	0.03	0.62	0.06	0.14	0.15	1.4
200	0.27	77	0.26	0.02	0.33	0.03	0.08	0.09	0.8

Note: cross section to low by a factor 2?
Then event rate $\rightarrow \times 2$ ie. 12 events for MH = 160 and 30 fb⁻¹

New Detector Concept for 420 m?

Mike Albrow

Vacuum Mechanics

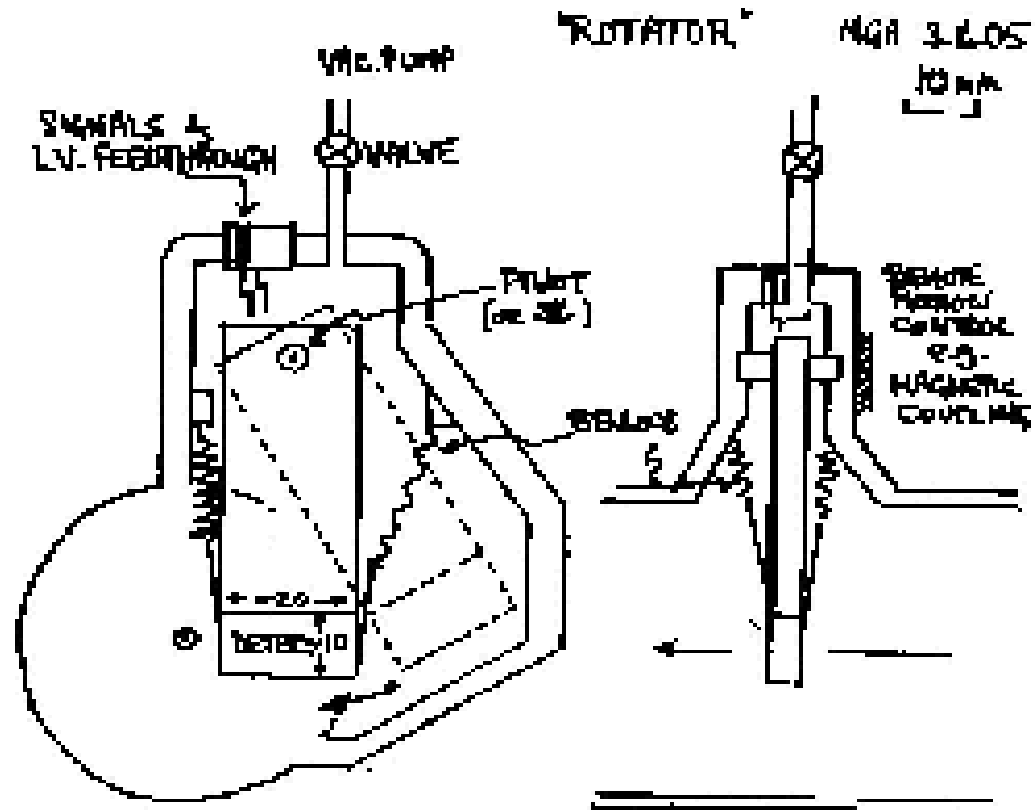


Roman Pots?
Helsinki Microstations?
Moving Pipe?

Rotator?



Just concept: 0 engineering
Could develop at Fermilab



Studies of Forward Energy / Particles at LHC

V.Andreev, A.Bunatyan, L.Jonsson, I. Kuznetsov, M.Kapishin and
L.Lytking

❑ **Requirement:** study LHC forward beam parameters, detector position / type to measure energy / particle flow in the range

❑ **Possible solutions:**

Energy flow in the range

→ 2 Horizontal Roman Pots (micro-stations) at 85 and 95m behind dipole magnet system D

Energy flow in the range 100 GeV - 5.5 TeV

→ or/and hadron calorimeter at 135m in front of TAN absorber

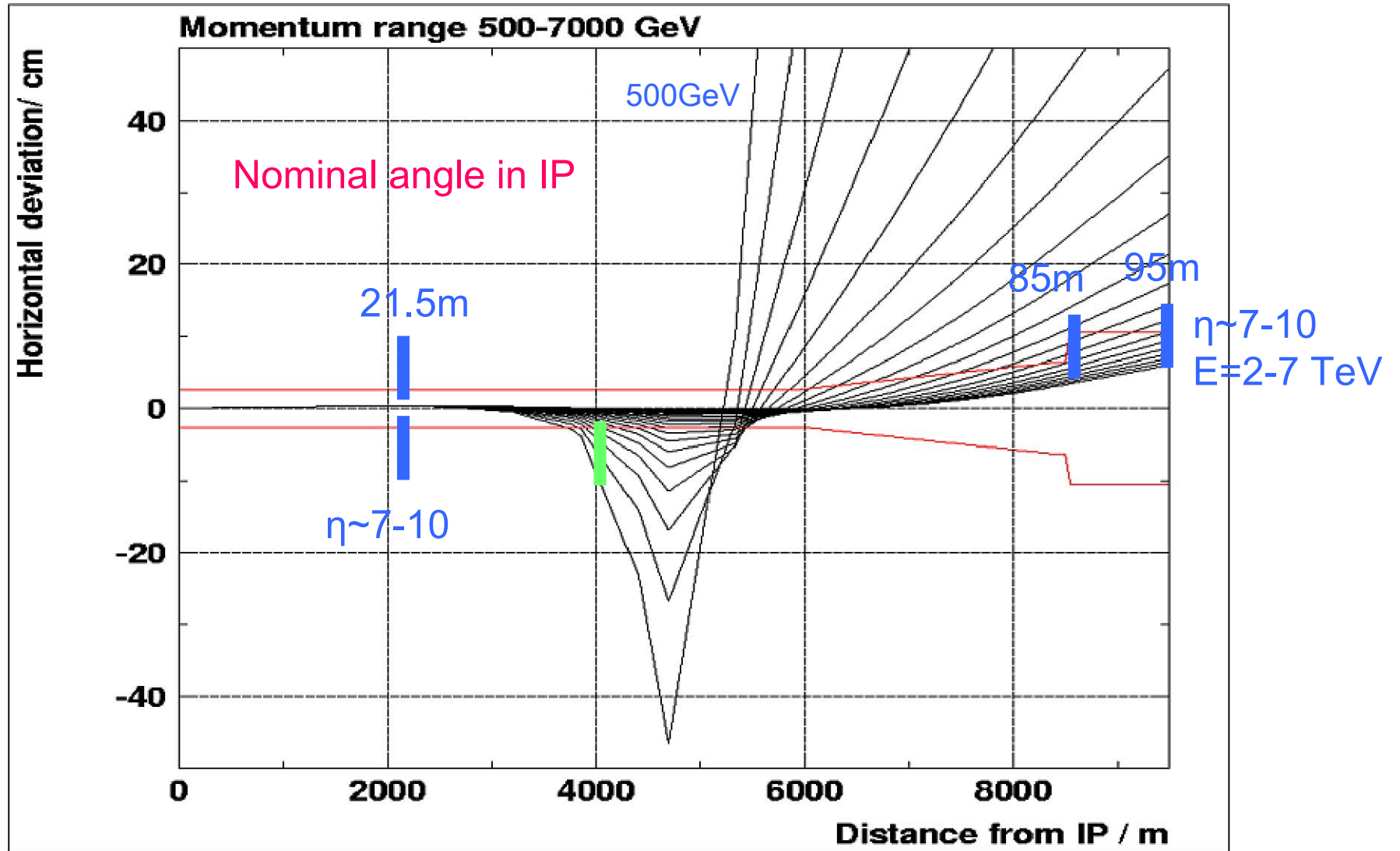
Charge particle flow integrated over energy up to ~7 TeV

→ 2 Horizontal Roman Pots (micro-stations) at 21.5m between TAS absorber and cold quadrupole magnet system Q1-Q3

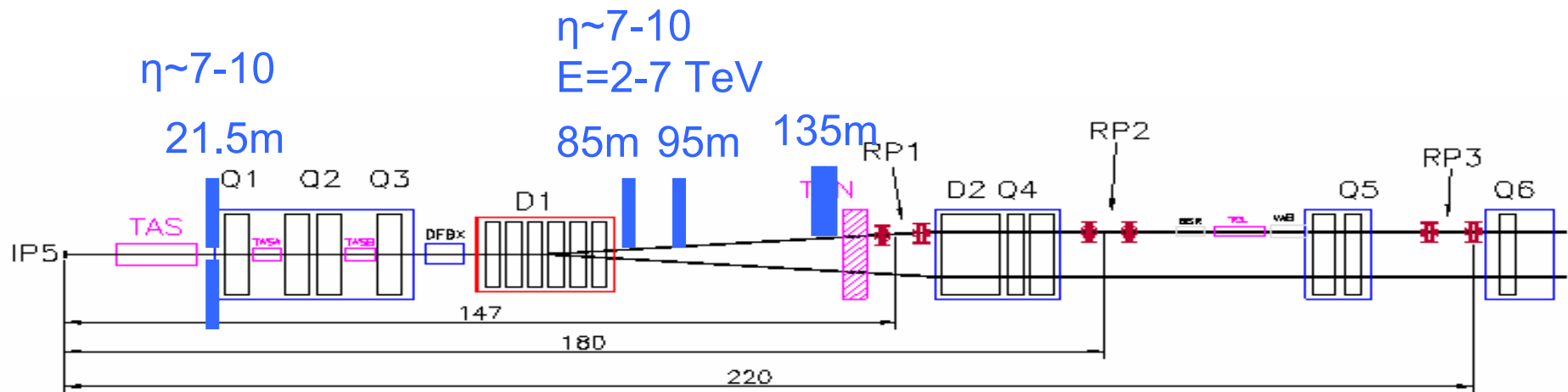
❑ **Next plans** → estimate resolution on E / η

Being done in the framework of this workshop

Trajectory of forward protons

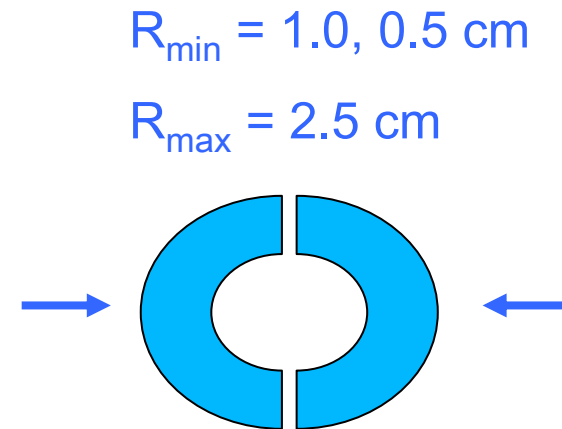
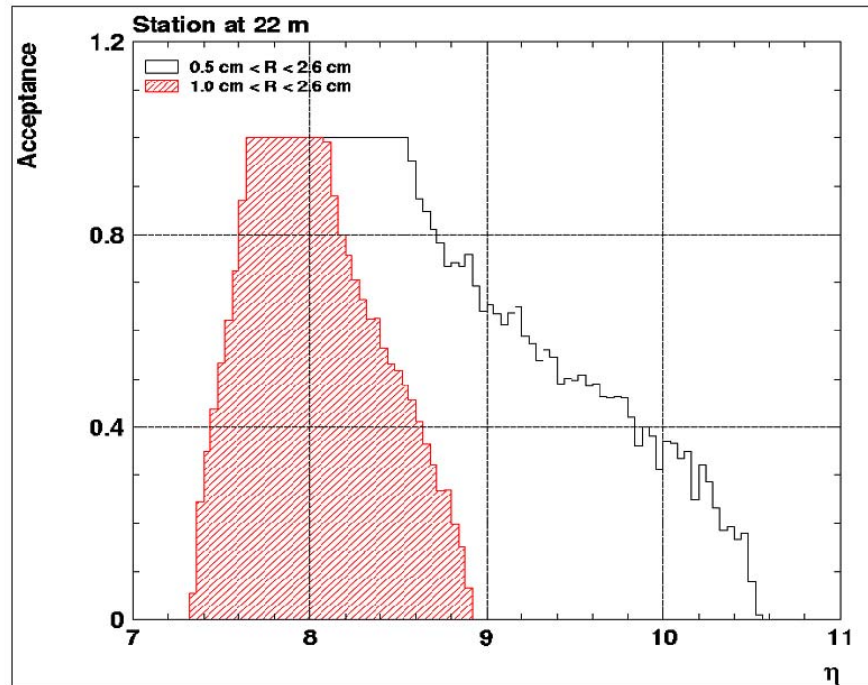


Possible detector positions



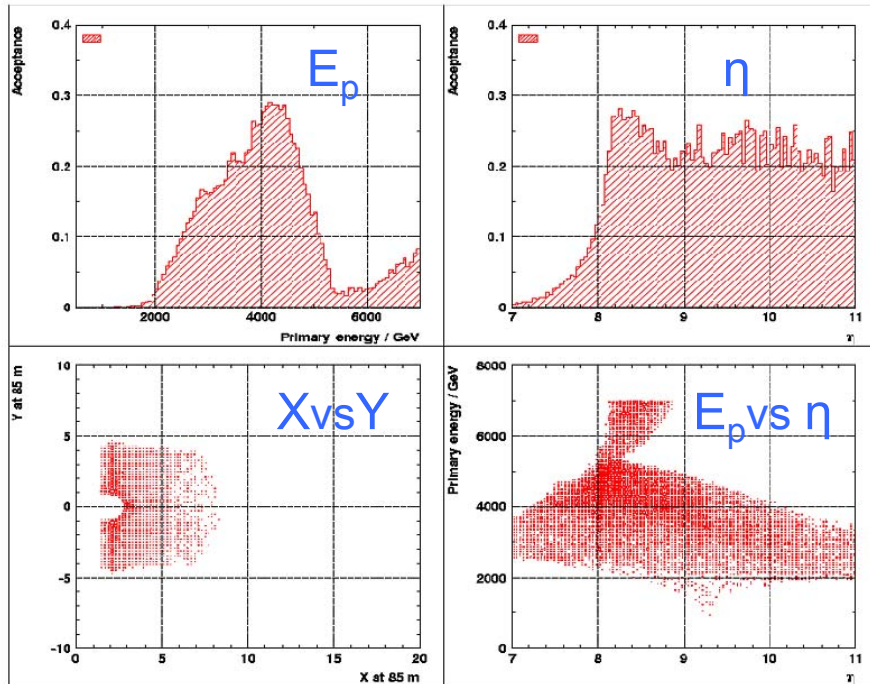
Acceptance as function of pseudo-rapidity η

2 Stations at 21.5m

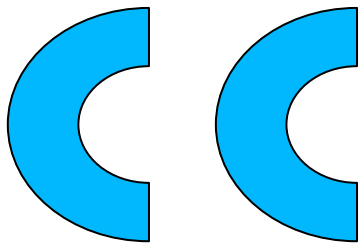
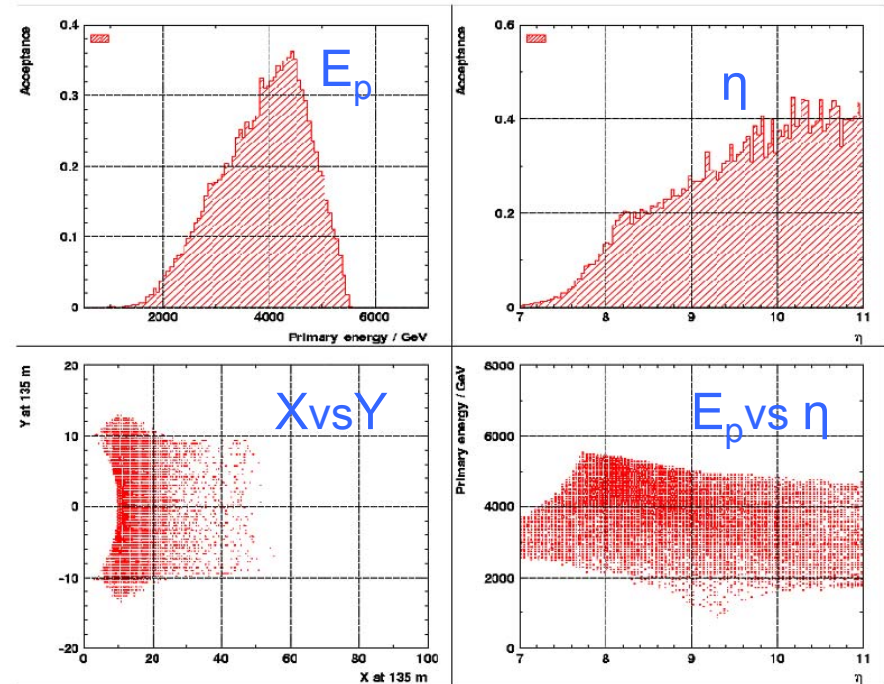


Acceptance as function of E_p and η

Stations at 85m and 95m

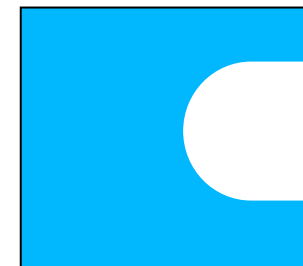


Hadron calorimeter at 135m



$$R_{\min} = 1.0 \text{ cm}$$

$$R_{\max} = 2.5 \text{ cm}$$

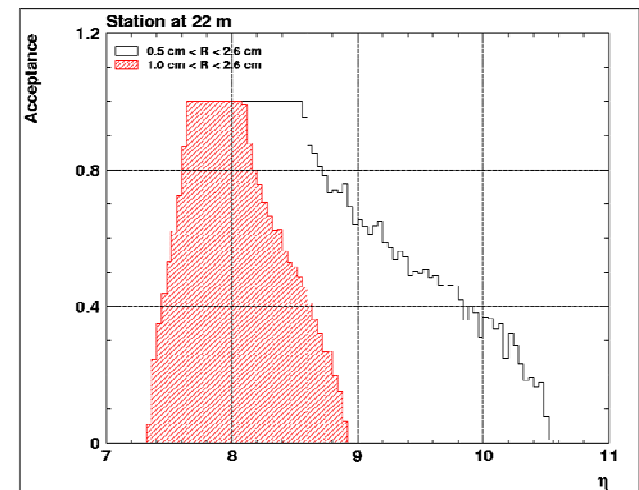


$$R_{\min} = 10 \text{ cm}$$

Acceptance as function of E_p / η

η / E_p	0.5-7 TeV	2-5.5 TeV
2 Roman Pots at 85,95m $\eta=7-10$	11%	21%
$\eta=7-8$	<10%	10-20%
$\eta=8-9$	15-25%	30-55%
$\eta=9-10$	20-25%	55-60%
Calorimeter at 135m, $\eta=7-8$	<15%	<25%
$\eta=8-9$	20-25%	35-45%
$\eta=9-10$	25-40%	45-60%

21.5 m acceptance



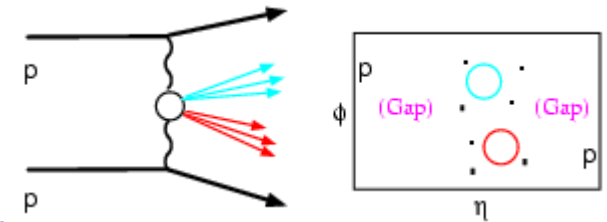
Summary

- Diffractive and forward physics LOI of CMS/TOTEM well under way.
- Development of the forward detectors is continuing, more groups are joining in but still lot to do and cover. More ideas on forward detectors under study
 - ⇒ Opportunities for groups to join
- Roman pots at 420 m ↔ FP420 RD project: Groups will participate
- Work also ongoing on acceptance calculations, detector simulation
- Still more work needed on calibration, alignment,...
- **Physics topics:** good (but not complete) coverage
 - Hard (& soft) diffraction, QCD and EWSB (Higgs), New Physics
 - Low-x dynamics and proton structure
 - Two-photon physics: QCD and New Physics
 - Special exotics (centauro's, DCC's in the forward region)
 - Cosmic Rays, Luminosity measurement, pA, AA...

Run Scenarios

- High β runs (low luminosity runs)

- Large acceptance
- 10 pb^{-1} ? Control of systematics (short runs)?
- Example: di-jets in Double Pomeron Exchange ($\xi < 0.1$, H1 structure function)



LHC	$pt > 10 \text{ GeV}$	$pt > 100 \text{ GeV}$	$pt > 500 \text{ GeV}$
	$1.2 \cdot 10^6 \text{ pb}$	0.9 pb	$5 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ pb}$
Tevatron	$1.3 \cdot 10^5 \text{ pb}$		

- Gain in energy w.r.t. Tevatron and detector acceptance/quality
- Low β runs (high luminosity runs)
 - Lower acceptance for the roman pots
 - Rapidity gaps (till $10^{33} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$)
 - Calibrate understanding with the roman pot acceptance at high β
 - For processes/selections below 1 pb (exclusive Higgs etc.)
- Low β runs (lower luminosity runs)?

Dedicated Running for SM Diffraction?

Note: Heavy Ions to get ~ 1 month/year dedicated.
This is a much more modest suggestion for discussion by us.

M. Albrow

Much SM physics but especially much diffraction can best (even only) be done without pile-up ... mostly rap gaps.

Optimal luminosity (all bunches) is $3-5 \cdot 10^{32}$

Will get some in 2007, but want also later (eg with v.fwd. pots)

Suppose had ~ 2 weeks (per year?):

$15d \times 20h \times 3600s \times 5e32 = 5e38 = 500 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

(more than TeV Run 2 so far)

e.g. SD $pp \rightarrow p+WWX \rightarrow p+llvX \sim 30 \text{ events}$ (but only 12 single)

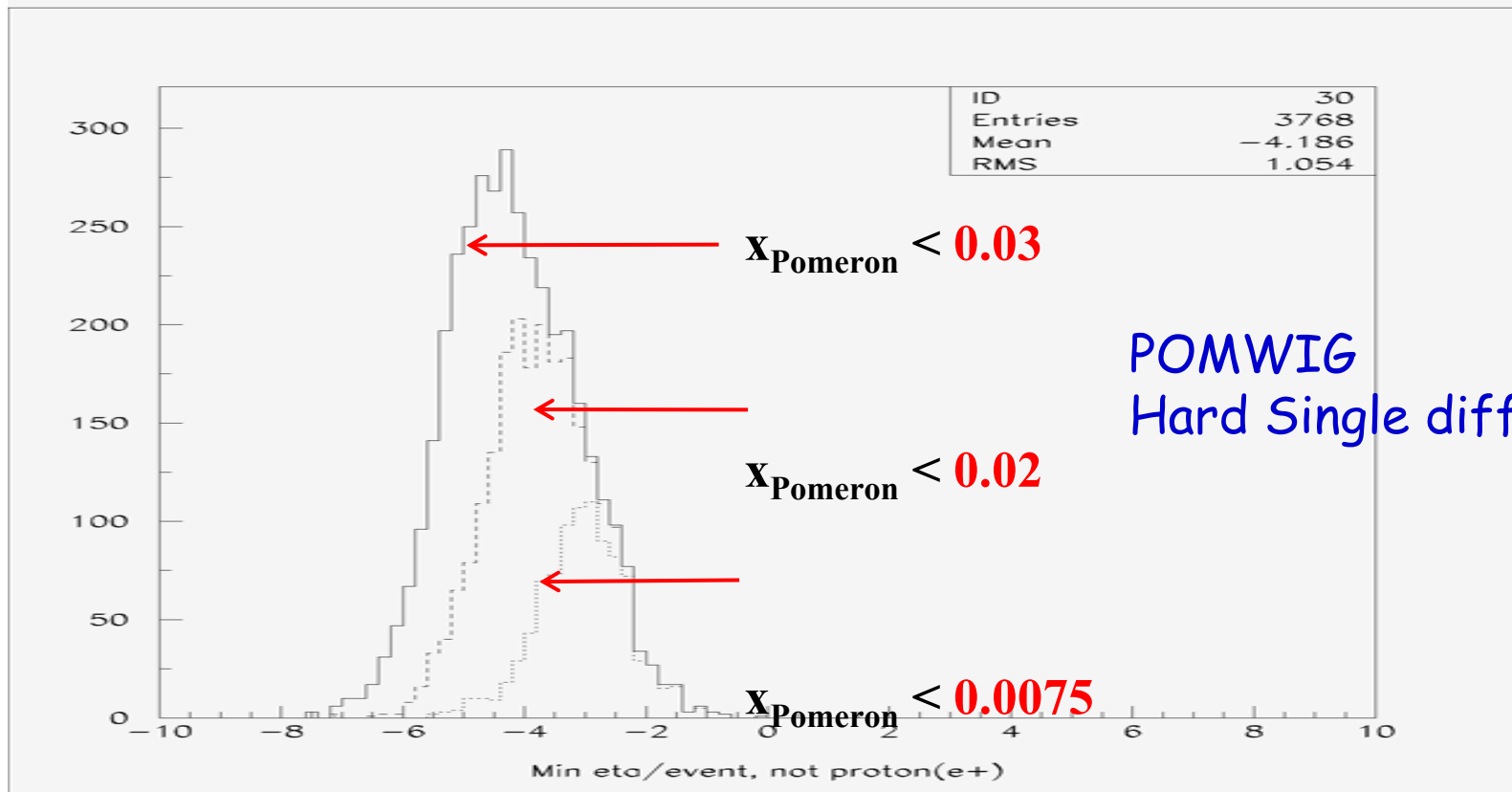
DPE $pp \rightarrow p+(bj,bj)X+p$ ($M(bj,bj) > 50 \text{ GeV}$) $\sim X$ events

Other SM physics should benefit, e.g. precision top measurements.

Interesting? Strategy? Get it part of the scenario already soon?

Note: Maybe we can live on the 'end of run' data, triggers for lower lumi
See also proposals by K. Eggert on different optics

Gap moves farther from outgoing proton for smaller x_{POM}



η of **minimum- η** particle per event

Rapidity gap trigger study