



Pythia tuning of Minimum Bias for LHCb

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Overview



- Reasons for Re-Tune
- Tuning method
- Review Settings
- Results
- Results at $\sqrt{s} = 14$. TeV and 1800. GeV
- Summary
- References



Reasons to Produce Tune



- Excited Meson states included
 - ~12% of b-mesons are expected to be produced in excited states
 - B^{**} states decay strongly via pion emission
 - Multiplicity is increased
- Prompt J/ψ processed included
 - Important for calculating J/ψ X backgrounds (see Vincenzo Vagnoni's talk - [LHCb week Wed 1st Dec](#))



- Using Pythia v6.224 in standalone mode
 - Default settings are taken from Tune A
 - Additional settings taken from the LHCb simulation program "Gauss"
 - No use of EVTGEN



Pythia Settings from Gauss



MSEL = 0
MSUB(11) = 1
MSUB(12) = 1
MSUB(13) = 1
MSUB(28) = 1
MSUB(53) = 1
MSUB(68) = 1
MSUB(91) = 1
MSUB(92) = 1
MSUB(93) = 1
MSUB(94) = 1
MSUB(95) = 1
MSUB(86) = 1
MSUB(87) = 1
MSUB(88) = 1
MSUB(89) = 1

MSUB(106) = 1
MSUB(107) = 1
MSUB(108) = 1

CKIN(3) = 0.

MSTP(2) = 2
MSTP(33) = 3
MSTP(51) = 4032
MSTP(52) = 2
MSTP(81) = 1
MSTP(82) = 3
MSTP(128) = 2

PARP(82) = 3.45
PARP(89) = 14000.
PARP(90) = 0.
PARP(85) = 0.33
PARP(86) = 0.66
PARP(31) = 1.5

Excited Meson Settings

PARJ(13) = 0.75
PARJ(14) = 0.162
PARJ(15) = 0.018
PARJ(16) = 0.054
PARJ(17) = 0.09

PARJ(21) = 0.36
PARJ(55) = -0.005

MSTJ(11) = 4
MSTJ(30) = 0
MSTJ(31) = 0
MSTJ(32) = 0
MSTJ(33) = 0
MSTJ(34) = 0

MSTU(130) = 0
MSTU(131) = 0
MSTU(132) = 0

Prompt J/ψ (important for J/ψX background studies)



Pythia Settings at sub-LHC energies



MSEL = 0
 MSUB(11) = 1
 MSUB(12) = 1
 MSUB(13) = 1
 MSUB(28) = 1
 MSUB(53) = 1
 MSUB(68) = 1

MSUB(91) = 0
 MSUB(92) = 0
 MSUB(93) = 0
 MSUB(94) = 1

MSUB(95) = 1
 MSUB(86) = 1
 MSUB(87) = 1
 MSUB(88) = 1
 MSUB(89) = 1

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 MSTU(131) = 0
 MSTU(132) = 0

Set to Non-single Diffractive Events for sub-LHC energies

Prompt J/ψ



Multiplicity data from:

http://oschneid.home.cern.ch/oschneid/minbias_data/cdf_eta.txt

(Both UA5 and CDF data)

Method: (*LHCb note: LHCb 99-028 PHYS*)

- In the multiple interaction models available in Pythia, P_{Tmin} is the minimum transverse momentum of the parton – parton collisions.
- At each \sqrt{s} , the P_{Tmin} parameter, **PARP(82)**, is adjusted to reproduce the average multiplicity from the measured data.
- Linear fit performed on the average multiplicity difference to calculate best PARP(82) value at each \sqrt{s}



Results



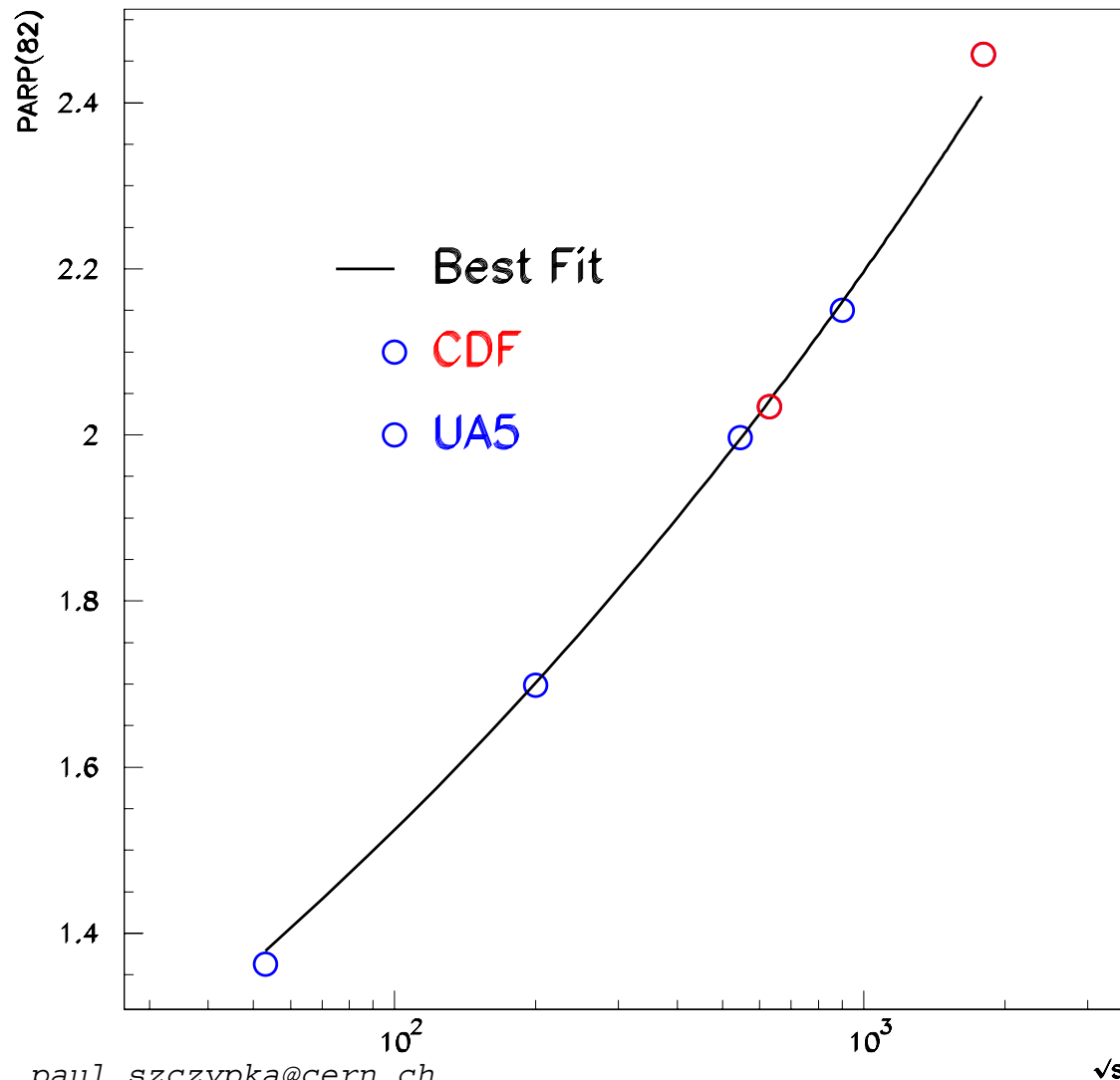
Energy/GeV	P_T Min	$\langle dN_{ch}/d\eta \rangle_{\eta=0}$ Simulated	$\langle dN_{ch}/d\eta \rangle_{\eta=0}$ Data
53	1.36 ± 0.05	1.95 ± 0.02	1.96 ± 0.10
200	1.70 ± 0.04	2.45 ± 0.03	2.48 ± 0.07
546	2.00 ± 0.01	3.03 ± 0.03	3.05 ± 0.03
630	2.03 ± 0.12	3.19 ± 0.03	3.18 ± 0.15
900	2.15 ± 0.02	3.46 ± 0.03	3.48 ± 0.07
1800	2.46 ± 0.15	3.97 ± 0.04	3.95 ± 0.15



Extrapolation of P_{T_min} I



Fitting to: $P_{T_min}(\sqrt{s}) = P_{T_min}^{LHC} \left(\frac{\sqrt{s}}{14 \text{ TeV}} \right)^{2\epsilon}$



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\sqrt{s}

$$P_{T_Min}^{LHC} = 3.34 \pm 0.13$$

$$\epsilon = 0.079 \pm 0.006$$

These values give:

$$\langle dN_{ch}/d\eta \rangle_{\eta=0}^{LHC} = 6.45 \pm 0.25$$

in Single-Diffractive Events

Compared to the phenomenological extrapolation of:

$$\langle dN_{ch}/d\eta \rangle_{\eta=0}^{LHC} = 6.27 \pm 0.50$$

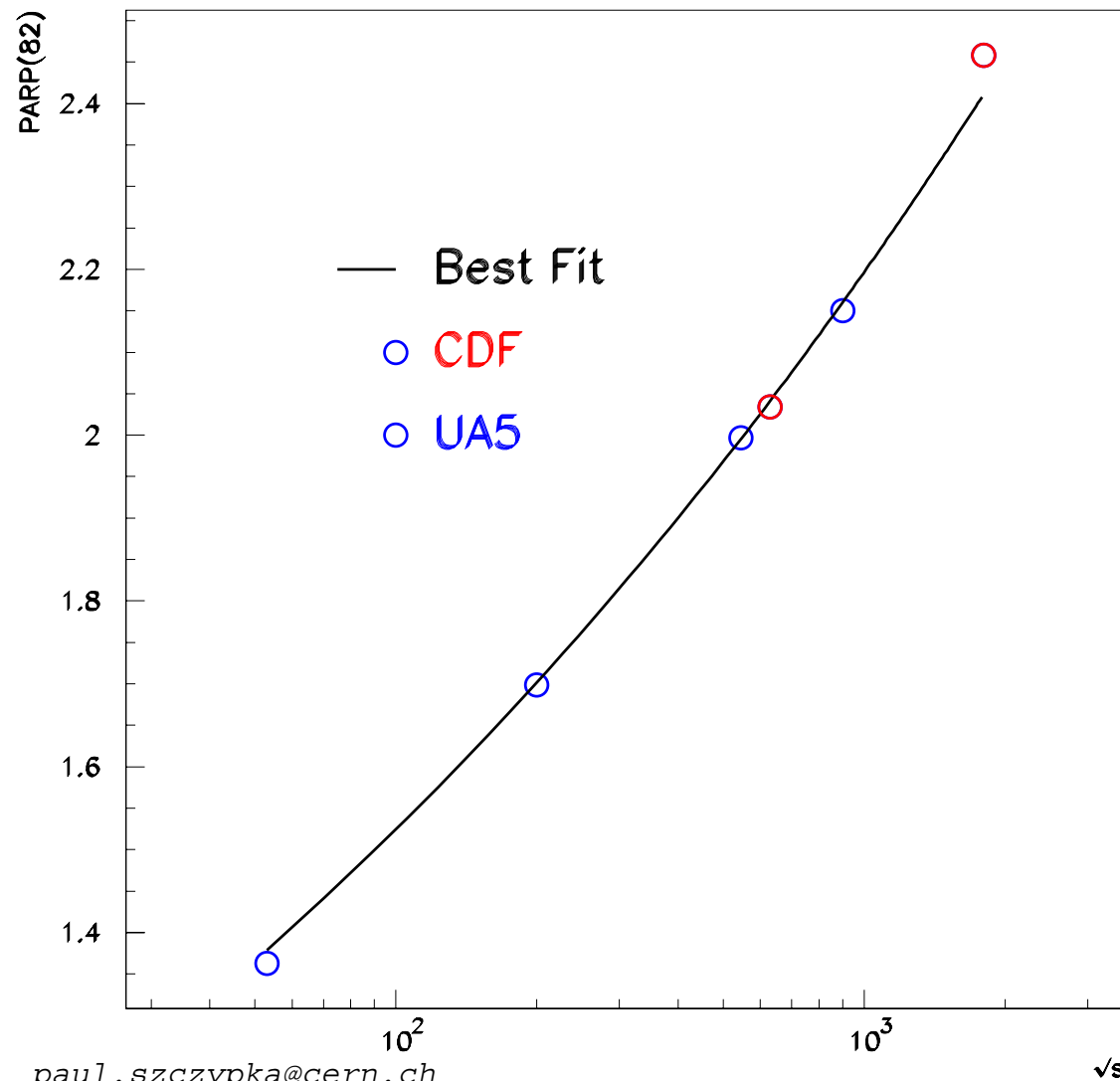
→ **Compatible**



Extrapolation of P_{T_min} II



Evaluating P_{T_min} at 1800. GeV:



$$P_{T_Min}^{1800.} = 2.42 \pm 0.04$$

This value gives:

$$\langle dN_{ch}/d\eta \rangle_{\eta=0}^{1800.} = 4.05 \pm 0.06$$

Compared to the measured data:

$$\langle dN_{ch}/d\eta \rangle_{\eta=0}^{1800.} = 3.95 \pm 0.15$$

→ **Compatible**



Summary



- Pythia v6.224 tuned to reproduce multiplicity values from UA5 & CDF data at energies of 53, 200, 546, 630, 900 and 1800 GeV
- Prompt J/ψ and B** turned on
- Tuning gives $P_T^{\text{Min}}^{\text{LHC}} = 3.34 \pm 0.13$
- Which produces $\langle dN_{\text{ch}}/d\eta \rangle_{\eta=0}^{\text{LHC}} = 6.45 \pm 0.25$ compatible with the extrapolated value.



References



- [1]. P. Bartalini et al. LHCb note: LHCb 99-028
- [2]. http://oschneid.home.cern.ch/oschneid/minbias_data/cdf_eta.txt
- [3]. Observation of orbitally excited B mesons in p-pbar collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 1800$. GeV - Phys Review D, Vol 64, 072002



Any questions?





Settings used for mult. calculation at 14 TeV



MSEL = 0
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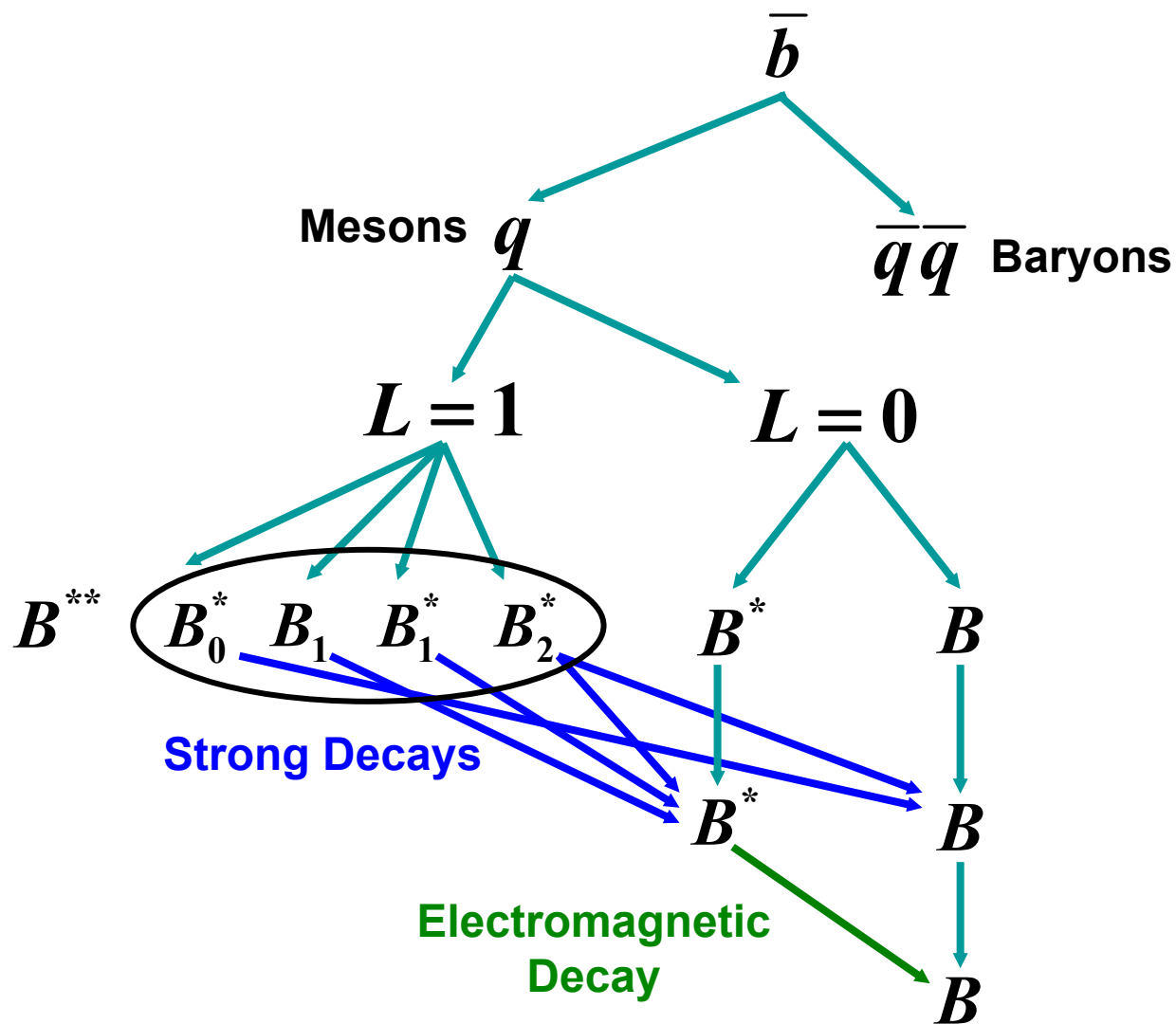
MSTU(130) = 0
 MSTU(131) = 0
 MSTU(132) = 0

Set to Single Diffractive Events for LHC energies

Prompt J/ψ



Excited B meson states



$B_s^{**} \not\rightarrow B_s^{(*)} \pi$
Forbidden from Isospin conservation

Slide taken from Vincenzo's talk, LHCb week, 1st Dec



PARJ settings explained



Pythia parameter	meaning	Default value
PARJ(1)	Meson, baryon fraction	0.10
PARJ(2)	Strangeness production	0.30
PARJ(11)	$P(\text{ light meson has spin } 1)$	0.5
PARJ(12)	$P(\text{ strange meson has spin } 1)$	0.6
PARJ(13)	$P(S=1 \text{ (b, c)})$	0.75
PARJ(14)	$P(S=0, L=1, J=1)$	0.0
PARJ(15)	$P(S=1, L=1, J=0)$	0.0
PARJ(16)	$P(S=1, L=1, J=1)$	0.0
PARJ(17)	$P(S=1, L=1, J=2)$	0.0



Excited Meson Ratios



- Tried to match HFAG averages on B meson fractions
 - This was done by reducing the amount of B** production wrt e.g. CDF settings
- but keeping some clear LEP measurements and spin counting rule for B** states
 - $\sigma(B^*)/(\sigma(B^*)+\sigma(B)) = 75\%$
 - $\sigma(B^*0):\sigma(B1):\sigma(B^*1):\sigma(B^*2) = 1:3:3:5$
- The side effect in reducing the B** production is that also the increase in charged multiplicity is reduced
- Adopted Pythia settings:
 - PARJ(13)=0.75
 - PARJ(14)=0.162
 - PARJ(15)=0.018
 - PARJ(16)=0.054
 - PARJ(17)=0.09

Slide taken from Vincenzo's talk, LHCb week, 1st Dec



- The experimental data are fitted with the phenomenological trend
 $(0.023 \pm 0.008) \ln^2(s) + (0.24 \pm 0.18) \ln(s) + (2.42 \pm 0.98)$
- Extrapolating at 14 TeV we obtain
 $\langle dN_{ch}/d\eta \rangle_{\eta=0} = 6.27 \pm 0.50$