



# Radiation Workshop Introduction

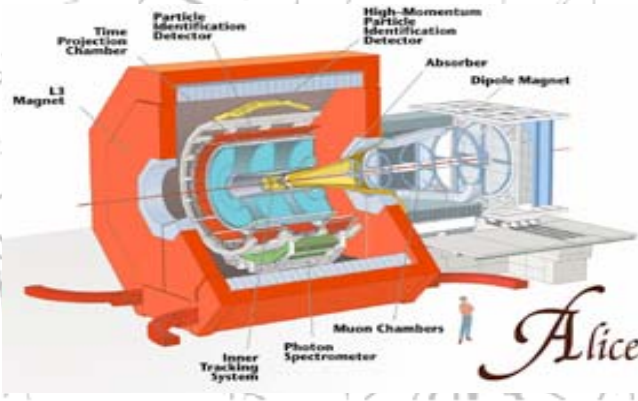
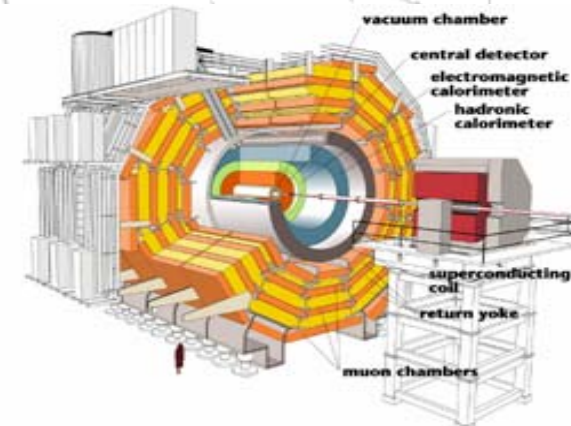
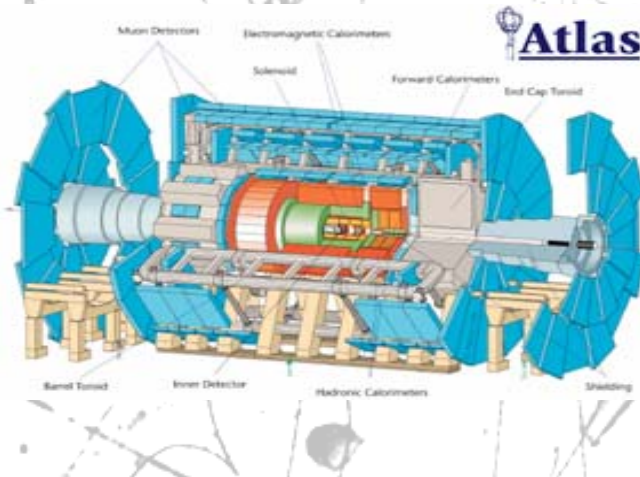


before LHC..... radiation tolerance of equipment in HEP  
was mainly an issue in the accelerator



# Radiation Workshop Intro

With the preparations for LHC..... radiation tolerance of equipment has also become a major issue for particle physics experiments





# Radiation Workshop Intro

Radiation tolerance is now an issue of both experiments and accelerator covering many fields:

- **Activation calculations**
  - Understanding of processes  $\Leftrightarrow$  simulation tools
- **Irradiation of materials**
  - Assessing and understanding
  - Global performance degradation  $\Leftrightarrow$  SEU
- **Finding ways out to keep performance under radiation**
  - e.g. design issues of radiation-hard electronics components
  - e.g. rad-hard silicon, running/maintaining at low temperature
- **Passive protection of equipment against radiation**
  - e.g. collimation
  - e.g. neutron absorbers near calorimeters



# Radiation Workshop Intro

... covering many fields, continued:

- **Measuring radiation levels**
  - Passive dosimetry
  - Active dosimetry
- **Signalling increased fluxes**
  - Beam loss monitors (accelerator)
  - Beam condition monitors (experiments)

... not forgetting:

- **Personnel protection**
  - Dosimetry
  - Radiation monitoring



# Irradiation facilities

To assess the radiation hardness of equipment and their performance under radiation, irradiation facilities are used.

Several facilities were set-up within CERN

Many facilities are used outside CERN

The use of these external facilities is often coordinated by someone from our community



# CERN irradiation facilities

Location	Country	Facility	Particles	Energy	Flux	Contact at PH
CERN	CH	PS-IRRAD1	p	23 GeV	$3 \times 10^{13}$ p/hour/ $\text{cm}^2$	M.Glaser
CERN	CH	PS-IRRAD1	mixed	Secondary particles used for SEU tests	50 mGy/hour	M.Glaser
CERN	CH	PS-IRRAD2	n	~ 1 MeV (23 GeV p+C)	$10^{13}$ n/hour/ $\text{cm}^2$	M.Glaser
CERN	CH	GIF	$\gamma$	$^{137}\text{Cs}$	740 GBq (1997)	M. Clayton
CERN	CH	Building 27	$\gamma$	$^{60}\text{Co}$	0.15 Gy/hour	E. Auffray Hilleman s



# External Facilities pi, p, n, ion

Location	Country	Facility	Particl es	Energy	Flux	Contact at PH
PSI	CH	piE1	pi	191 MeV	$10^{14}$ $\pi$ /day/cm <sup>2</sup>	M.Glaser
PSI	CH	PIF	p	up to 250 MeV (up to 5x5 cm <sup>2</sup> )	$3 \times 10^8$ p/cm <sup>2</sup> /s	F.Faccio
Ljubljana	SI	JSI	n	~ 1 MeV (reactor)	$5 \times 10^{12}$ n/cm <sup>2</sup> /s	M.Glaser
Louvain	BE	UCL-T2	n	<20.4 MeV> (d+Be)	$7 \times 10^{12}$ n sr <sup>-1</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>	K.Gill
Louvain	BE	UCL-Q	n	25 to 70 MeV (p+Li)	$10^6$ n/s	F. Faccio
Louvain	BE	UCL-LIF	p	10 to 75 MeV	$10^9$ p/s/cm <sup>2</sup>	F. Faccio
Louvain	BE	UCL-LIF	ions	10 to 75 MeV	$10^9$ p/s/cm <sup>2</sup>	F. Faccio
Uppsala	SE	TSL	n	157	$6 \times 10^7$ p/s/cm <sup>2</sup>	F.Faccio
Valduc	FR	PROSPERO	n	~ 1 MeV (reactor)	$10^{14}$ n/hour/cm <sup>2</sup>	-
Karlsruhe	DE	KAZ	p	20 to 42 MeV	$10^{14}$ p/hour/cm <sup>2</sup>	-
Jyvaskyla	FI	RADEF	p	10 to 50 MeV	$10^{10}$ p/s/cm <sup>2</sup>	-



# External facilities, gamma

Location	Country	Facility	Partic le s	Energy	Flux	Contact at PH
BNL	US	SSIF	$\gamma$	$^{60}\text{Co}$	$5 \times 10^3$ Gy/hour	-
Mol	BE	SCK-CEN BRIGITTE	$\gamma$	$^{60}\text{Co}$	$2 \times 10^3$ Gy/hour	K. Gill
Mol	BE	SCK-CEN RITA	$\gamma$	$^{60}\text{Co}$	$20 \times 10^3$ Gy/hour	K. Gill
Louvain	BE	UCL	$\gamma$	$^{60}\text{Co}$	$2 \times 10^3$ Gy/hour	
Dagneux	FR	Ionisos	$\gamma$	$^{60}\text{Co}$	$1 \times 10^3$ Gy/hour	
Geneve	CH	HUG hospital	$\gamma$	$^{60}\text{Co}$	320 Gy/hour	E. Auffray Hilleman s

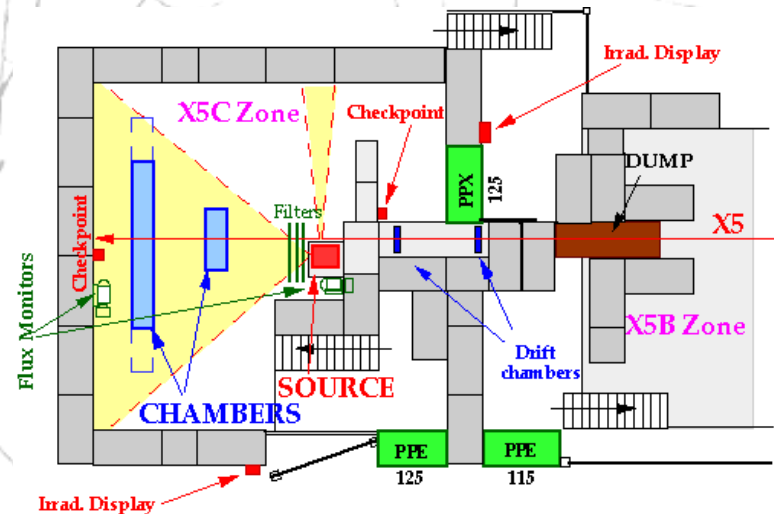




# Future of GIF

- **The Gamma Irradiation Facility**

- was set-up in West area SPS beam
- high intensity  $^{60}\text{Co}$ -source
- Even after west area beam dismantling still heavily used by the experiments



- **Future of GIF**

- Need of a new combined facility in the SPS North area?
- Justification of needs and combination with facilities of/for other Departments?



# OUTLOOK

Many departments -- SC, TS, AT, AB, PH - work on radiation issues

Due to different natures of the tasks, lots of work work is done independently, other work is performed in close collaboration

The **RADIATION WORKSHOP** is a unique opportunity to:

- Learn about the work done in the various CERN domains
- Identify possible areas of synergy
- Improve collaboration
- **LEARN from experiences outside CERN**