LIE Software: Grunch Time!

Introduction to the Workshop

NSS/IEEE October 26, 2005

Paolo Calafiura LBL-ATLAS **VERSE** Introduction to the Workshop



- LHC experimental goals and timeline
- LHC software requirements
- Commonalities in software and computing systems
 - -ROOT, Gaudi and the LGC project
- Questions to the panel and the audience



LHC Goals and Timeline



- pp collider: 7+7 TeV beams@ 10³⁴ cm⁻² s⁻¹
 - EW Simmetry Breaking (Higgs)
 - Physics beyond SM (SUSY)
 - Precision SM physics
 (CKM, Origin of CP
 Violation, new physics)
- Pb-Pb collider:
 2.8 TeV/nucleon@10²⁷ cm⁻² s⁻¹
 1.15 PeV CM
 - Quark-gluon plasma

Dec 94 LHC Approved Two stages 2004/2008 Oct 95 Concept Design Dec 96 Single Stage Design

Jun 03 Atlas Cavern ready Feb 05 CMS Cavern ready 2005/06 Commissioning Summer 07: Pilot Run 10³⁰⁻10³³ cm⁻² s⁻¹ Summer 08: Initial Luminosity 2 x 10³³ cm⁻² s⁻¹ Summer 09: Design Luminosity 10³⁴ cm⁻² s⁻¹



The last ATLAS Barrel Toroid coil was moved into position on 25th August and the structure was released from the external supports on 29th September

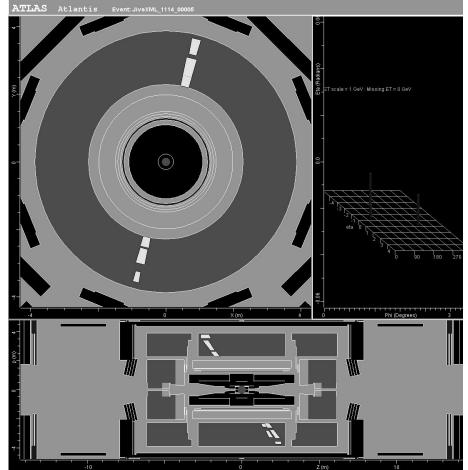






The ATLAS barrel LAr and Tile calorimeters are ready since some time in the cavern in their 'garage Position' to be moved into their final position at the end of October.

A cosmics muon registered in the ATLAS barrel Tile calorimeter







- Unprecedented experimental conditions
 - —Energy Range (~0.1-1000 GeV particles)
 - -Particle multiplicity
 - CMS/ATLAS will record ~20 pp/bunch xing (event)
 - ALICE will see ~10⁴ tracks/evt (40% occupancy)
 - Detector complexity (~10⁸ channels)
 - —Detector precision (<10⁻⁵ dx/x Atlas muons)
 - -DAQ/HLT rates
 - LHCb software trigger: 10⁴ rejection factor
 - ALICE Pb+Pb: 1.25 GB/s to tape
- Unprecedented project scale
 - 1000+ collaborators, 30+ year, 75+ core developers





• C++ based

+ python job configuration and interactivity

+ some java (evt display), some fortran

 ROOT core libs (I/O, reflection, Math, python bindings, plugin management)

+ CLHEP, Boost

+ Gaudi control framework and component model

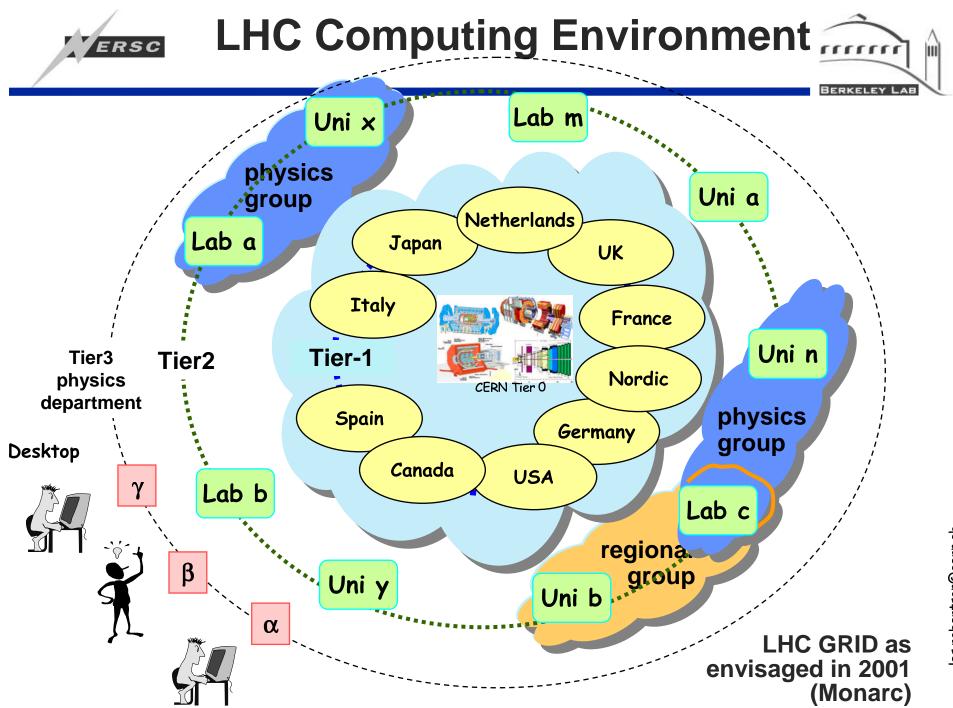
- POOL persistency framework
- COOL RDBMS access layer
- Simulation tools

— Genser & Geant 4 (+ Geant 3, Fluka,...)

LHC Computing Environment

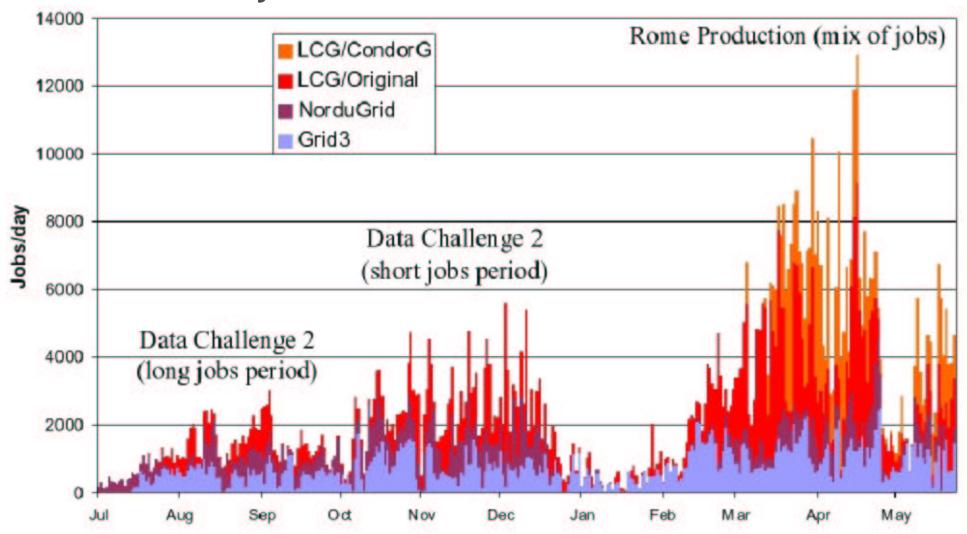


- Distributed Computing paradigm
- Multi-tier system (Monarc)
 - Tier 0 Distribute and put on tape RAW data
 - Tier 1 Scheduled Productions, RAW data backup
 - Tier 2 Group Analysis, Simulation, Calibration?
- Use/Build on Grid middleware experiment specific
 - Distributed Data Management
 - Resource management
 - Job scheduling
- Distributed Analysis
 - ARDA, PROOF, xrootd



ERSCGRID production for the ATLAS Rome Physics WS

First successful use of the GRID by a large <u>user</u> community in ATLAS







Is the OO simulation, reconstruction & analysis software ready?

- Do physicists find the software usable?
- Can the software be used to understand and debug the detector during commissioning?
- How successful has the model of shared software development been?
 - Is the effort put in common projects like Geant 4, ROOT/SEAL, Gaudi, or POOL paying off?





Will the new GRID-centric distributed computing systems be deployed in time?

- How are the assumptions in the experiments computing models being tested?
- Are there contingency plans if they turn out to be too optimistic?

Offline software is being used online e.g. for the High Level Trigger.

- How well are the two cultures interacting?
- Are online requirements of performance, stability and limited external dependencies satisfied?



• Thanks to P. Jenni, L. Robertson for some pretty slide...

