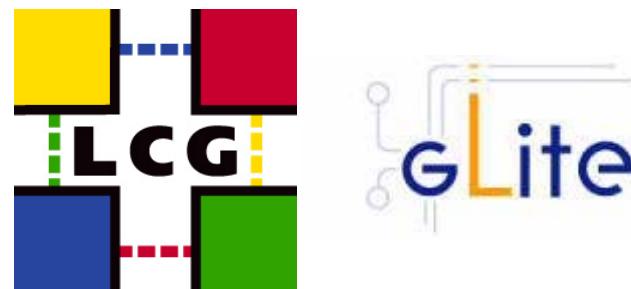


File Transfer Agents



FTS Workshop

16 November 2005

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IT/GD, CERN

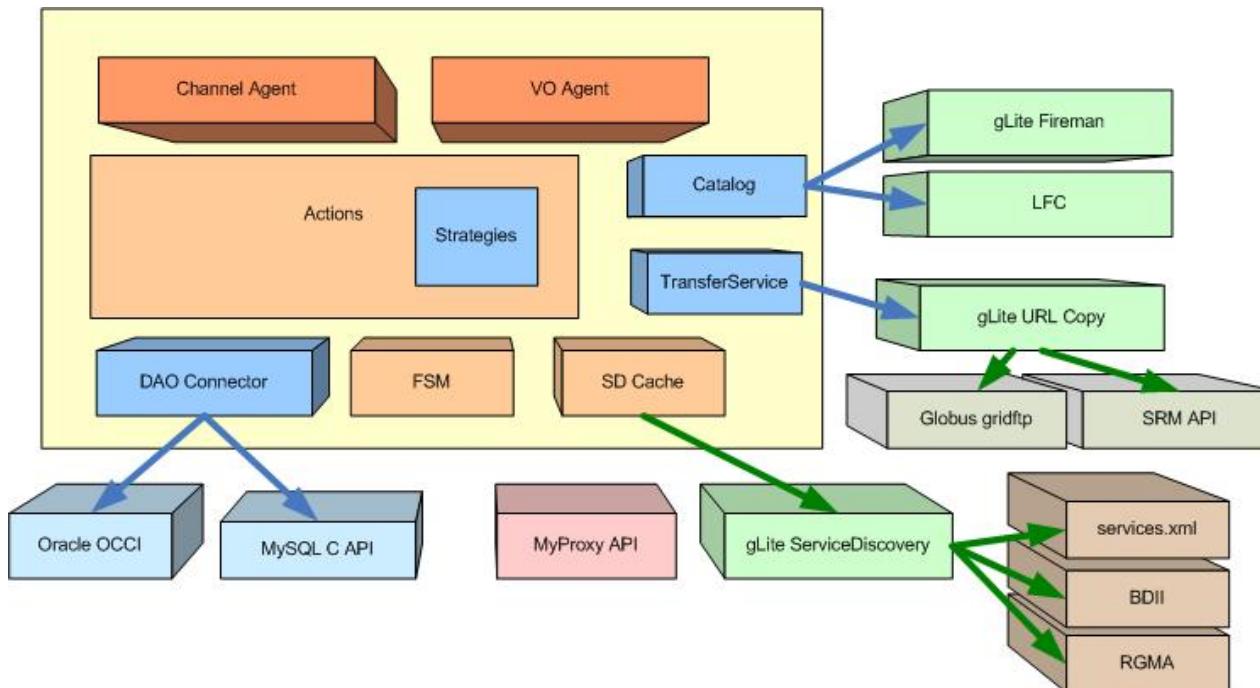


Contents

- File Transfer Agent
 - Architecture
 - DB Schema
 - State Transitions
 - Actions
- VO Framework
 - Catalog Interaction
 - Define Retry Policy
- Known issues
- Questions

Architecture

- 1 CVS module, several components organized in layers
- Plug-ins
 - Database (Oracle & MySQL)
 - Catalog (gLITE Fireman, LFC?)
 - Transfer Service (glite-url-copy, srmcopy)
- Unit tests
 - 363, including some regression tests



Agent Structure



- 2 logical services
 - VO-Agent
 - Channel-Agent
- Share the same structure
 - Specific actions that are executed periodically
 - Command Pattern
 - Stateless
 - Flexible
 - Easy to maintain
 - Easy to extend



VO-Agent Types

- FTS
 - Default behavior
 - Transfer files using SURLs/TURLs
- FPS
 - Create replicas in a given Site/SE using Logical Names (LFN or GUID)
 - Can work also in "FTS" Mode
 - Accept SURLs/TURLs
 - If a logical name is provided, register also the new replica
 - Different final state (**Finished** instead of **Done**)

Responsibilities

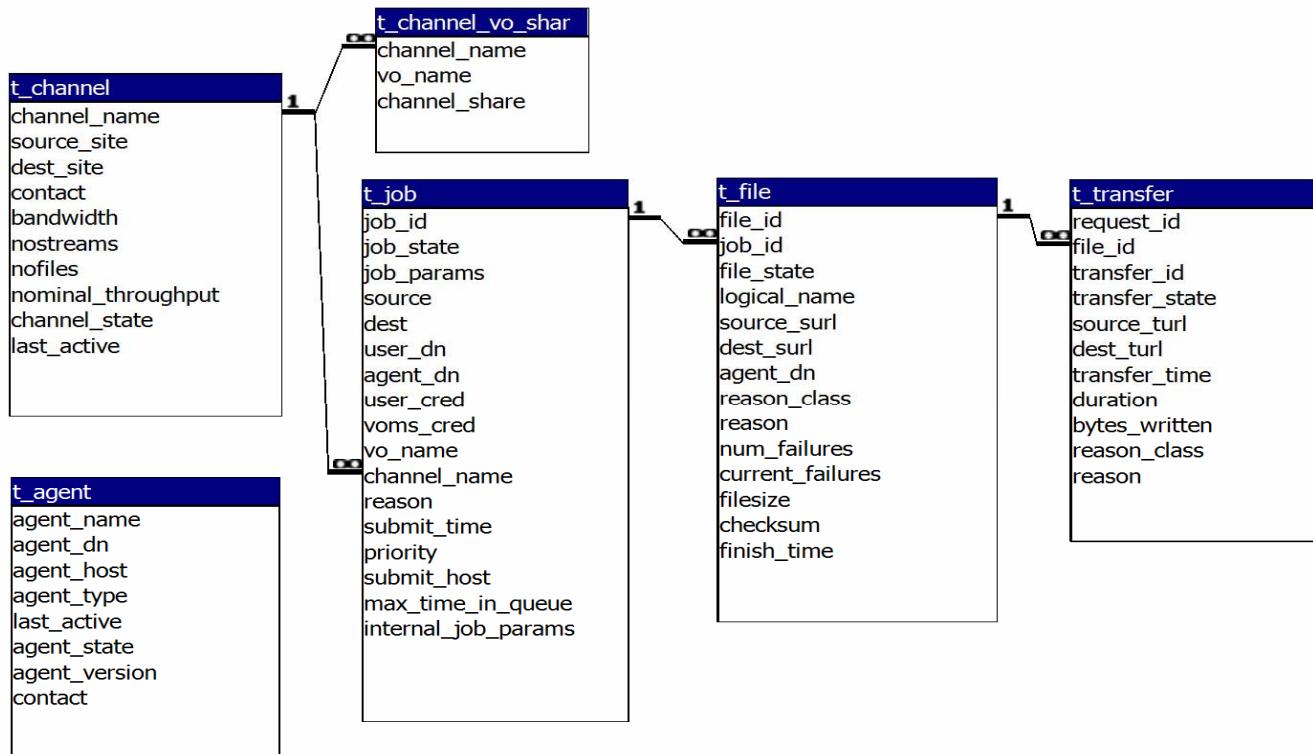


Service	
VO Agent	
Responsibilities	Collaborators
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Channel Allocation ■ Retry failed transfers ■ Cancel pending transfers ■ Intra-VO scheduling ■ Resolve Logical Names into SURLs ■ Register new replicas ■ Prestaging ■ Dynamic Priority 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Service Discovery (InfoSys) ■ MyProxy ■ Catalog (Fireman,...) ■ SRM (for prestaging)

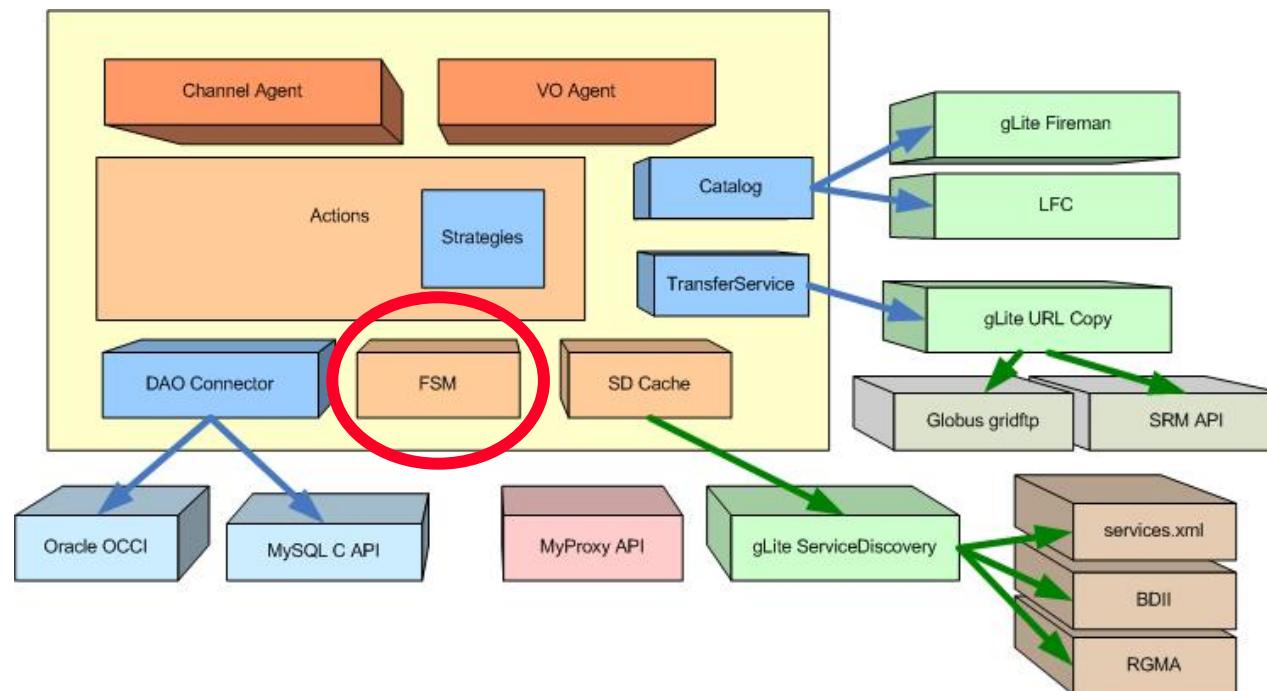
- Only FPS
- Not yet implemented

Service	
Channel Agent	
Responsibilities	Collaborators
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Start and monitor transfers ■ Cancel active transfers ■ Inter-VO scheduling (VO Share) ■ Channel monitoring 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Service Discovery (InfoSys) ■ MyProxy ■ TransferService (glite-url-copy, srmcopy,...)

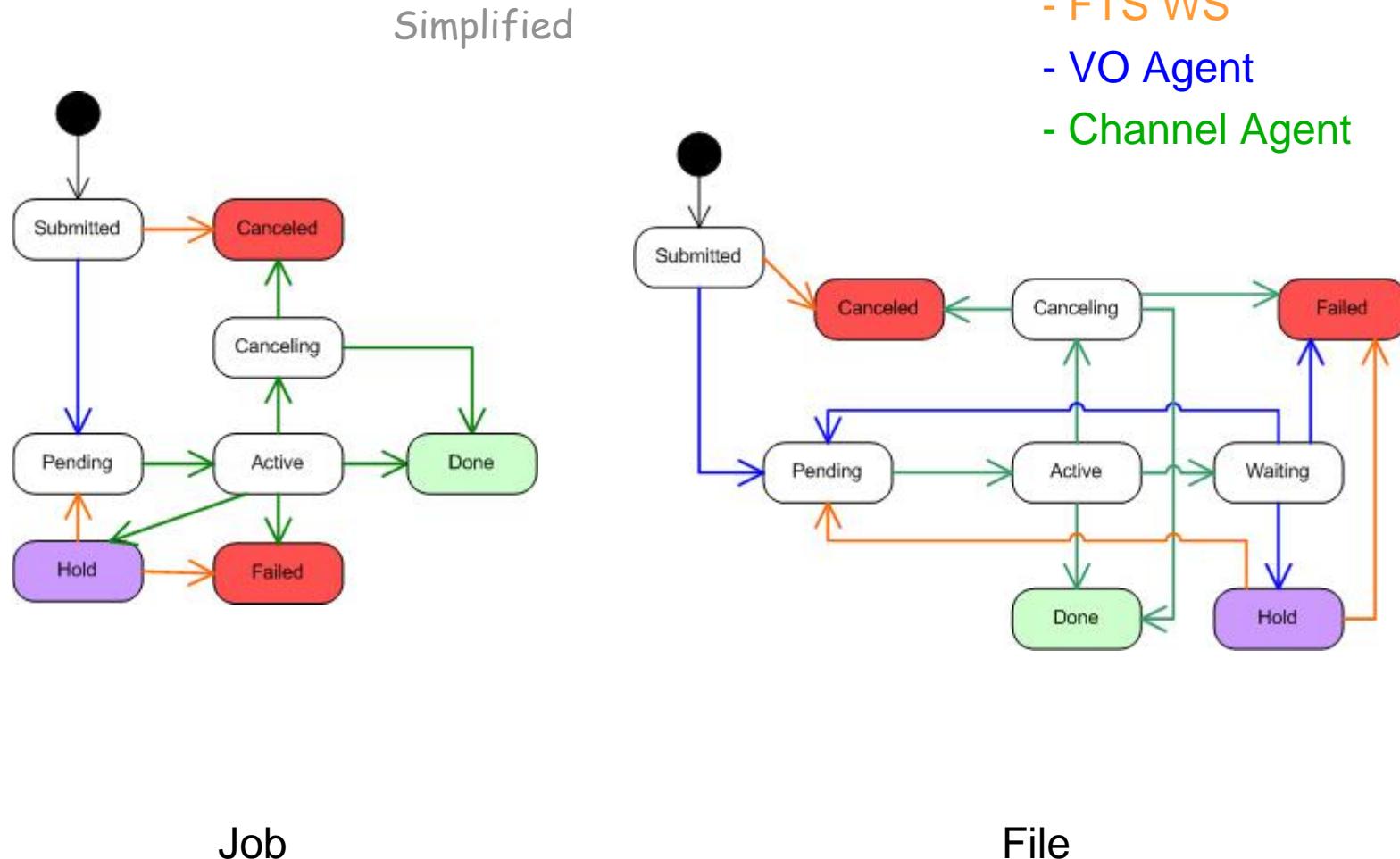
DB Schema



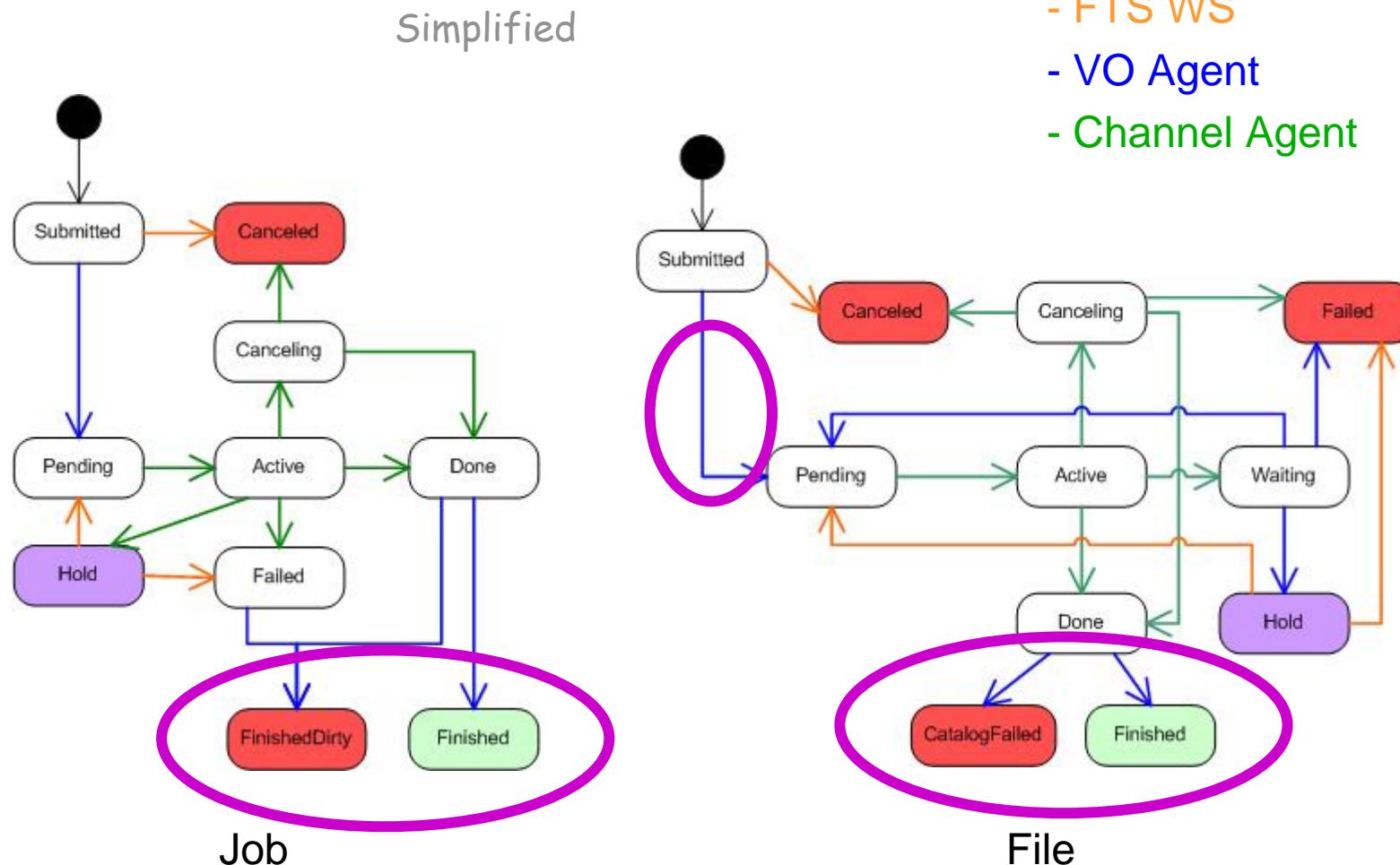
State Machines



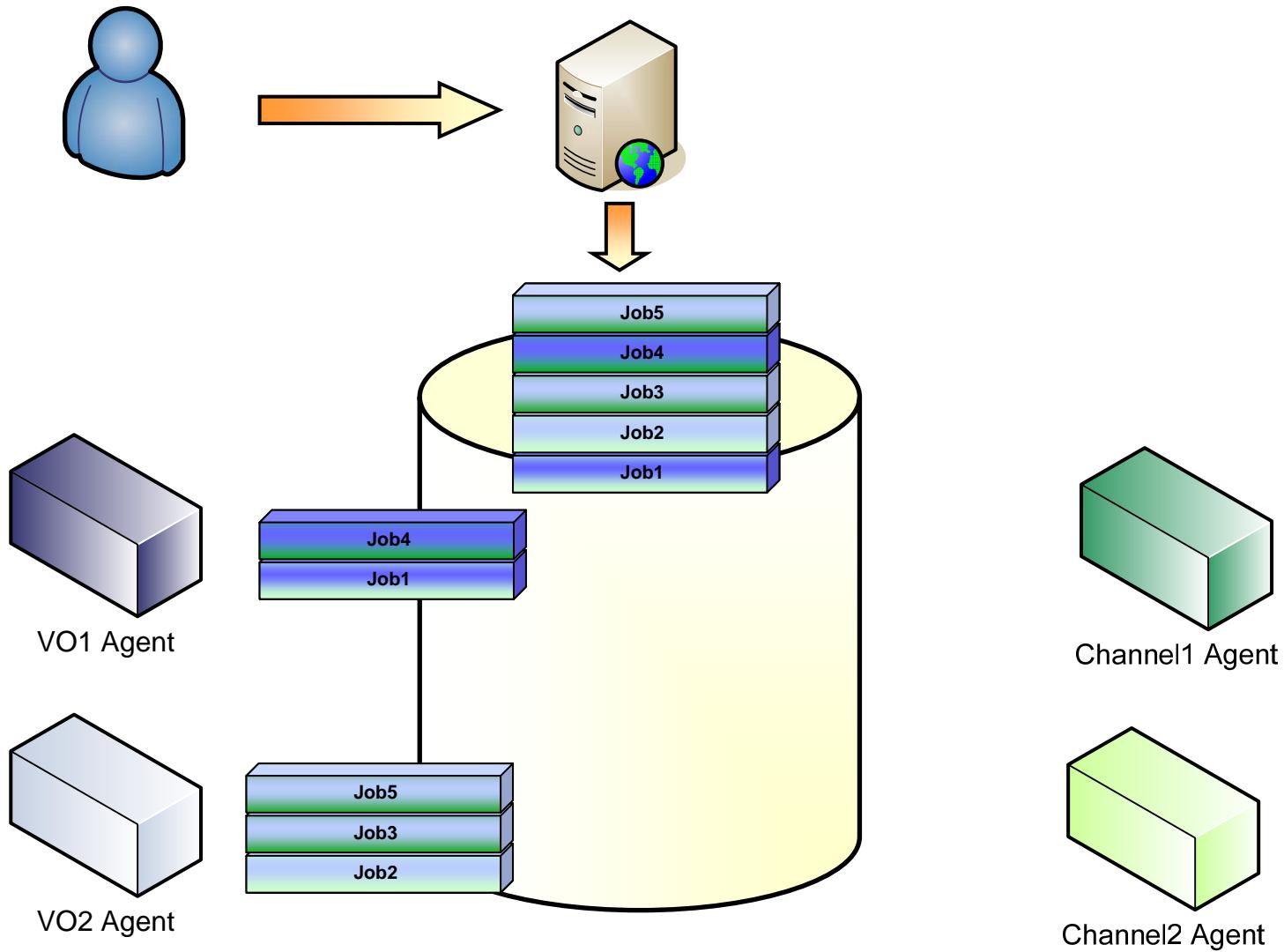
FTS State Machines



FPS State Machines



Inter-VO Scheduling



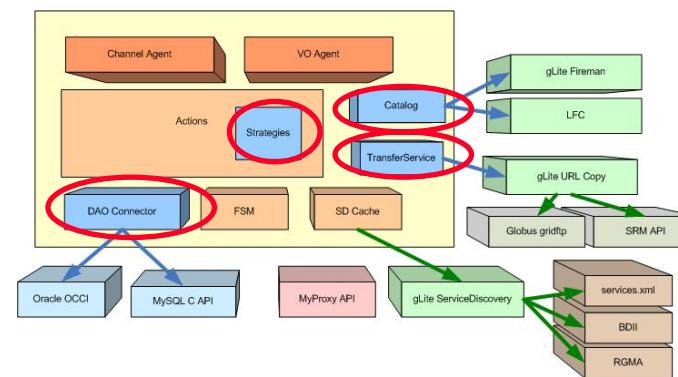


Intra-VO Scheduling

- Each job has a priority
 - 5 - High
 - 3 - Normal (Default)
 - 1 - Low
- Jobs are ordered within the same VO based on that priority and then the submit time
- Doesn't affect the scheduling of other VOs
- Priority can be modified by the VO Managers
- In the future, VOs will be able to modify the Jobs' priority on the queue

Agent Framework

- Framework where experiments can plug their own software to customize the Agent behavior
 - Catalog Interaction
 - Override Actions
- All the interaction with external libraries/services is handled using plug-ins
 - AbstractFactory Pattern
 - org.glite.data.config-service (ComponentConfigurator Pattern)





Catalog Interaction

- The CatalogService interface declares 3 methods
 - Expects bulk operations
 - Exists for gLite Fireman
 - Support for LFC has to be added

```
class CatalogService {  
public:  
    // Check if the user is authorized to replicate the file  
    virtual bool checkPermissions(const StringArray& logicals) /*throw (CatalogServiceException)*/ = 0;  
  
    // List the names of all the replicas associated to the given Logical Names  
    virtual void listSurls(const StringArray& logicals,  
                           std::vector<StringArray>& surls) /*throw (CatalogServiceException)*/ = 0;  
  
    // Register the name of new replicas  
    virtual void registerSurls(const StringPairArray& names) /*throw (CatalogServiceException)*/ = 0;  
};
```

- Support for multiple catalogs at the same time missing
 - Difficult to force consistency
 - Can be implemented by the experiment using the Delegation Pattern



Actions

- **VO Agent**
 - Allocate
 - Retry
 - Cancel Pending
 - Resolve
 - Register
 - Pre-stage
- **Channel Agent**
 - Fetch
 - Check State
 - Cancel Active
- All the actions are defined as C++ classes and can be overridden
 - Quite complex: requires to duplicate the code to get the relevant data from the DB
 - Not all actions need customization
 - ⇒ Adopt the Strategy Pattern



Retry Strategy

- Basic Retry Strategy
 - Retry each file up to a configurable number of times (default: 3)
 - Move it to Hold (configurable - Failed in case of LHCb)
 - Doesn't take into account the error reason
 - ...but we know this is not enough
- Possible improvements
 - Define a different policy for each user/group
 - Delete destination file if exists
 - Depending on the error reason, fail fast or wait more
- Too complex to define a generic policy that can be configured for all needs
 - ⇒ Let the experiments to specify their strategies



Retry Strategy: C++

Provide a C++ Action class

- Define a class that provide the logic to decide when a file should be retried
 - Inherits from abstract class *RetryStrategy*
 - Implements the *apply* method
- Define a class that overrides the default Retry:
 - Inherits from the *Retry* base class:
 - Specify an Action type name
 - Specify the RetryStrategy class to be used
- Define a class to load and configure the module dynamically
 - Inherits from *glite::data::config::ComponentConfiguration*



Retry Strategy: C++ Example

- Define the *RetryStrategy Class*

```
class MyRetryStrategy : public RetryStrategy {
public:
    // ... constructors & destructor

    // Apply the policy defined by this strategy object
    virtual RetryResult apply(const model::Job& job,
                             const model::File& file,
                             const TransferArray& transfers) /*throw (ExecuteException)*/;
};
```

```
// apply the strategy
RetryStrategy::RetryResult MyRetryStrategy::apply(const Job& job, const File& file,
                                                const TransferArray& transfers) /*throw (ExecuteException)*{
    RetryResult result = RetryStrategy::WAIT;
    time_t current;time(&current);
    if((file.finishTime + 600) > current){ // Check the elapsed time on last failure
        result = (0 == rand() % 2)?RetryStrategy::RETRY:RetryStrategy::HOLD;
    }
    return result;
}
```



Retry Strategy: C++ Example (2)

- Define the *Retry* Action Class

```
class MyRetry : public Retry {  
    // Declare Action Factory Method  
    DECLARE_FACTORY_METHOD( MyRetry , "my:myRetry" );  
public:  
    // ... constructors & destructor  
};
```

```
// Register ActionFactory Method  
REGISTER_FACTORY_METHOD( MyRetry );  
  
// Constructor  
MyRetry::MyRetry() : Retry("MyRetry", new MyRetryStrategy()) {}
```



Retry Strategy: C++ Example (3)

- Define the Module Configuration Class

```
class MyRetryConfig : public glite::config::ComponentConfiguration {
public:
    // Called during initialization
    virtual int init(const Params& params){return 0;}
    // Configure during configuration
    virtual int config(const Params& params){return 0;}
    // Called when the agents is started, stopped or finalized
    virtual int start(){return 0;}
    virtual int stop(){return 0;}
    virtual int fini(){return 0;}
    // ... constructors & destructor
};
```

```
extern "C" {
// Create Component instance
ComponentConfiguration * create_glite_component(){
    return new MyRetryConfig();
}
// destroy_glite_component
void destroy_glite_component(ComponentConfiguration * component){
    if(0 != r) delete r;
}
} // End extern "C"
MyRetryConfig::MyRetryConfig() : ComponentConfiguration("transer-agent-my-retryr-action") {}
```



Retry Strategy: C++ Example (4)

- Define a new configuration template

- Create a template files and store it in
/opt/glite/share/config/glite-data-transfer-agents

e.g.

```
cd /opt/glite/share/config/glite-data-transfer-agents/
cp glite-transfer-vo-agent-fts-oracle.config.xml glite-transfer-vo-agent-fts-myretry-
      oracle.config.xml
cp glite-transfer-vo-agent-fts-mysql.config.xml glite-transfer-vo-agent-fts-myretry-
      mysql.config.xml
```

- Add the lines to load your module

```
<!-- ... -->
<component name="transfer-agent-vo-actions">
<!-- ... -->
</component>
<component name="transfer-agent-my-retry-action">
  <config-template>
    <description>The module that contains my retry action</description>
    <lib>libmy_retry_action.so</lib>
  </config-template>
</component>
<!-- ... -->
```

- Set the new Action Type

- Edit the configuration file

```
<instance name="myvo" service="transfer-vo-agent-fts-myretry" description='Instance created by script'>
  <parameters>
    <transfer-vo-agent.Retry_Type value="my:MyRetry"/>
  </parameters>
</instance>
```



Retry Strategy: Python

Use a Python module

- Provide a python script that contains the retry logic
- The script is executed inside the VO-Agent process
- Configure the VO Agent in order to use the PythonRetry action
 - Few parameters to add to the XML configuration file:
 - PYTHONPATH
 - The name of the module

Only available in gLite 1.5
Expects Python 2.2

Retry Strategy: Python Example



- Define the Python script

```
import time
import glite.fts
import glite.fts.utils
# Declare the Retry Version supported by this script
def RetryVersion():
    return "1.0"
# Apply my Retry Strategy to the given File
def Retry(job,file,transfers):
    result = glite.fts.RetryResult.Wait
    glite.fts.utils.LogDebug("myretry","My Retry Script Called for file %s", % (file.id))
    # Check File Failures
    if(file.currentFailures >= 3) :
        glite.fts.utils.LogDebug("Too many failures (%d) for file %s" % (file.currentFailures,file.id))
        result = glite.fts.RetryResult.Hold
    else:
        transfer_time = 0
        current = time.time()
        # Check if it's time to resubmit the File
        if (current > (file.finishTime + 600)) :
            result = glite.fts.RetryResult.Retry
    return result;
```



Retry Strategy: Python Example (4)

- Use the new Retry Strategy
 - Edit the configuration file

```
<instance name="myvo" service="transfer-vo-agent-fts-python" description='Instance created by
script'>
  <parameters>
    <transfer-agent-python.PythonPath value="\${my.python.path}"/>
    <transfer-agent-vo-actions-python.RetryModule value="my_retry"/>
  </parameters>
</instance>
```



Python Retry

- The module should provide two methods:
 - **Retry**
 - Define the retry logic
 - Take as input the File instance to evaluate, the related Job and all the Transfers
 - Should return one of the following values:
 - `RetryResult.Retry`
 - `RetryResult.Hold`
 - `RetryResult.Fail`
 - `RetryResult.Wait`
 - **RetryVersion**
 - return the version associated to a given signature of the `Retry` method (now "1.0")
 - Needed in order to support legacy scripts
 - The FTA will call the `Retry` function with the proper parameters depending on the value returned by this function



FTS Python Modules

- Wraps some FTA functions
 - *glite.fts* provides the classes and enums corresponding the tables in the DB schema
 - *Job, File, Transfer, Agent* classes
 - *GetSchemaVersion* returns the version of the DB schema
 - *glite.fts.utils* wraps the log functions and provides some helpers
 - *Log, LogDebug, LogInfo, LogWarn,.LogError*
 - *URL* class: parse an SURL
 - *GetProxyFileName*: retrieve the name of the local file containing the proxy certificate of the user owning a given job
 - *glite.fts.sd* wraps some SD functions
 - *GetService, GetServiceByType, GetAssociatedService, GetServiceProperty, GetSiteName*
- Needs to be documented:(?)

Not intended to be used outside the FTA !



Extending the Agent

- Catalog Interaction
 - Replica Resolution
 - New Replica name generation
 - SURL Normalization
- Custom pre- and post-transfer actions
- Customize Prestaging
- Intra-VO Scheduling
 - Modify the jobs' priority dynamically
- State changes notification
 - Only for VO-Agent transitions:
 - Allocate → Pending
 - Done → Finished
 - Waiting → Pending
 - Otherwise requires IPC or distributed event notification
- ...
 - ⇒ We need to define priorities

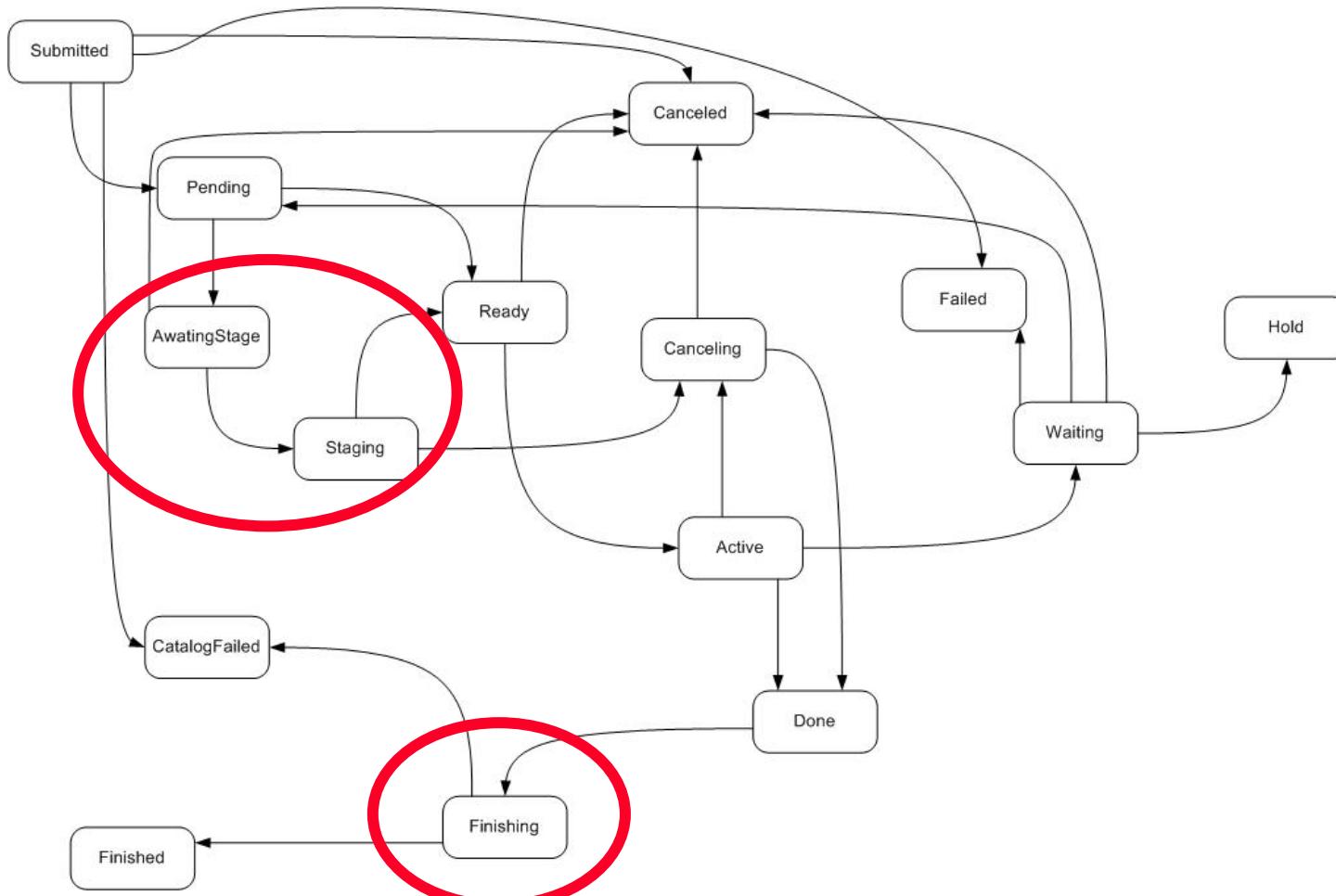


Known Issues

- Prestaging
 - Need additional states in the State Machines
 - Can we use SRM get?
- Catalog Registration
 - No retry on failures
 - Would require additional states
- FTS/FPS final state is different
 - In order to provide pre- and post-transfer hooks, FTS last transition should be performed by the VO-Agent

⇒ We need to modify the State Machines
- Evaluate how much the experiments' software depends on the actual states' names
 - Agree on names for final states

Next File State Machine



Documentation



- User & Developer Guides still missing ☹
- Together UML diagrams
 - `org.glite.data.transfer-agents/doc/uml`
 - Not completely up-to-date, but useful to understand the architecture
- README File
 - `/opt/glite/share/doc/glite-data-transfer-agents`
 - `/opt/glite/share/doc/glite-data-config-service`
- Source Code Comments

Questions

