

gPTM3D : Grid-Enabling Interactive Medical Analysis

EGEE 1st EU Review – 9th to 11th February 2005 CERN Cécile Germain, Romain Texier et al. LAL & LRI – CNRS NA4 Biomed





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Application Summary

- Goal: Grid-enable PTM3D
 - PTM3D (Poste de Travail Médical 3D) is
 - A medical images analysis software developed at LIMSI (CNRS)
 - With clinical usage: CHU Tenon, Sainte Anne, FMP,..., InfoRad RSNA Certificates of Merit (2002, 2003, 2004)
 - Step1 (this demo): interactive response time for CPU-intensive volume reconstruction
 - Next steps: interactive response time for all components

Contexts

- Grid computational steering
- Medical research and clinical requirements: <u>IMAGE'04 report</u>

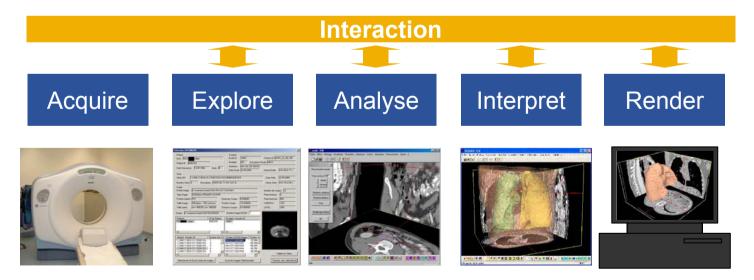
EGEE status

- NA4 internal application
- On a production grid
- Collaborations: CNRS STIC labs, French research programmes

PTM3D



- One data set is
 - DICOM files: 100MB 1GB
 - One radiological image: 20MB 500MB
- Complex interface: optimized graphics and medicallyoriented interactions
- Physician interaction is required at and inside all steps
 Poorly discriminant data, pathologies, medical windowing

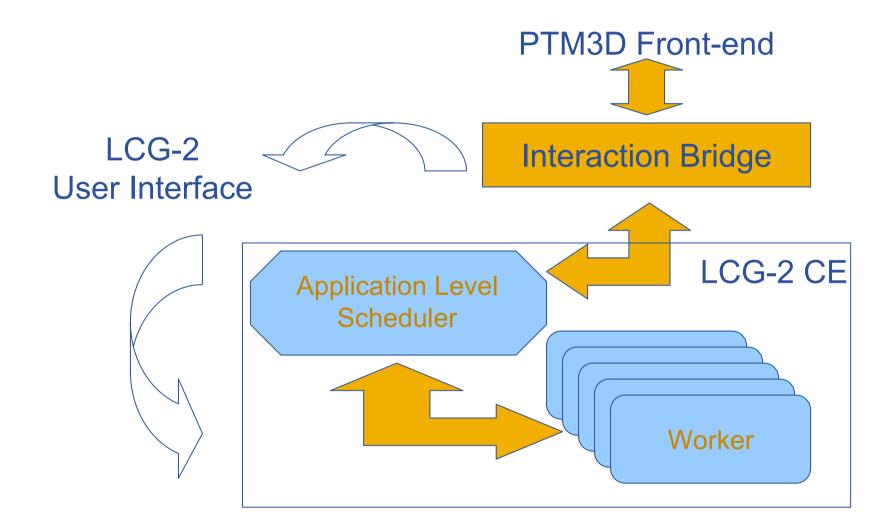




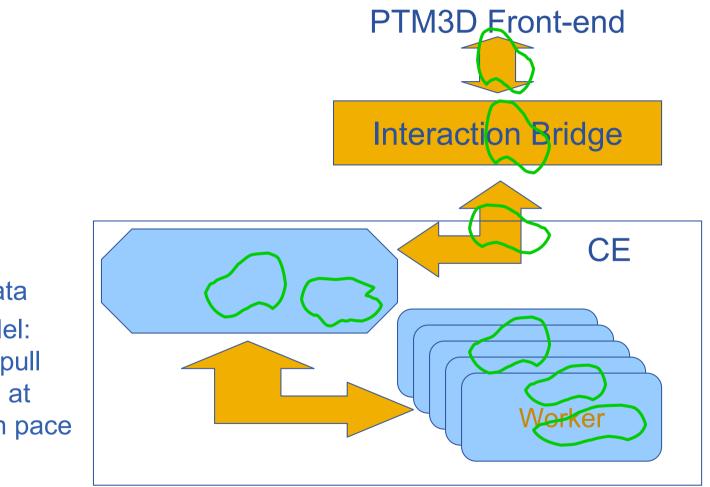


Dataset Output data Input data Tasks Standalone EGEE Execution Execution 14 procs. Small 87MB 169 3MB 6MB 5mn15s 37s body 18KB/slice 106KB/slice 1mn54s 18s Middle 210MB 9.6 MB **57MB** 378 33mn 2mn30s body 25KB/slice 151KB/slice 11mn5s 1mn15s Lungs **87MB** 410KB 2.3MB 95 36s 24s 4KB/slice 24KB/slice



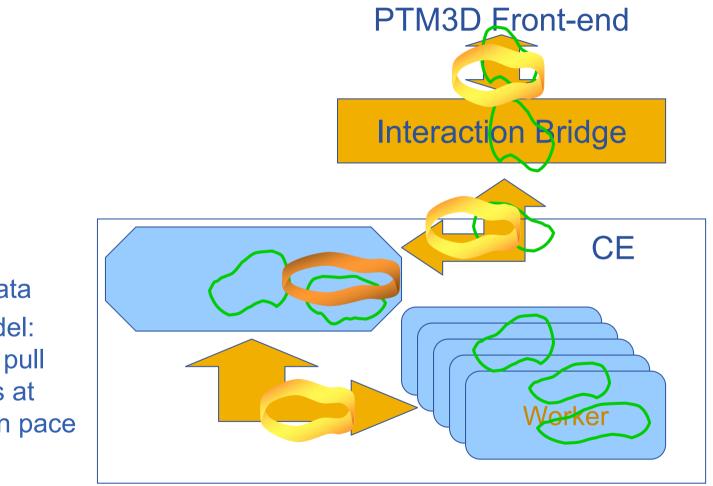






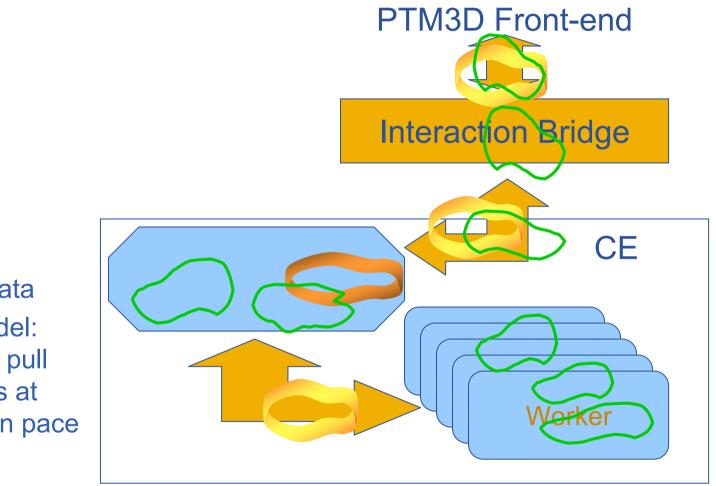
- Stage data
- Pull model: workers pull contours at their own pace





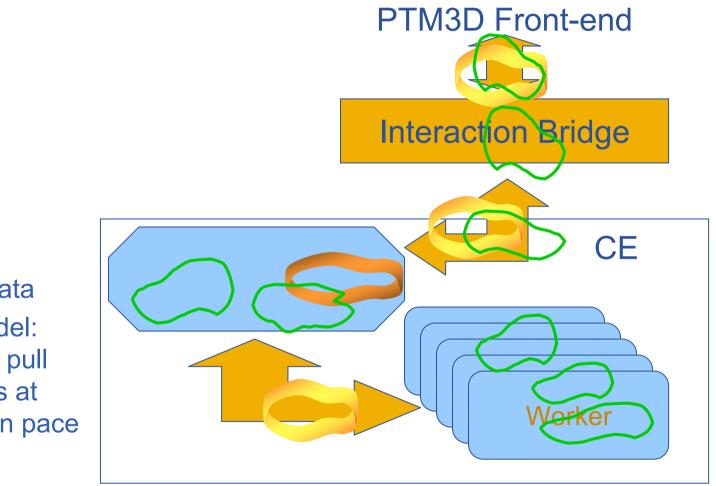
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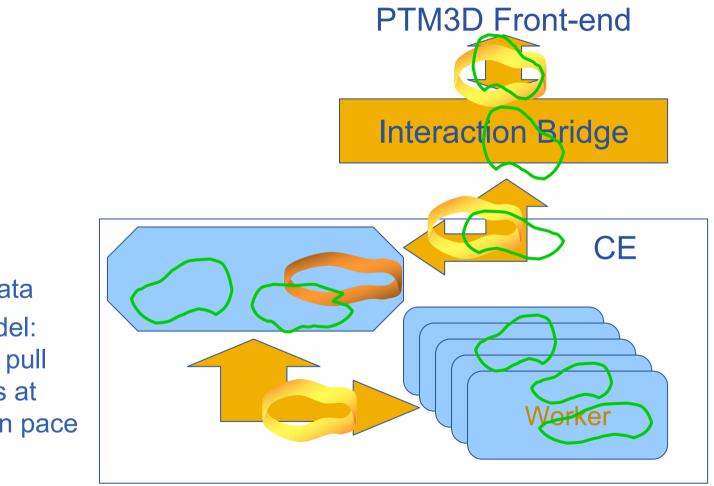
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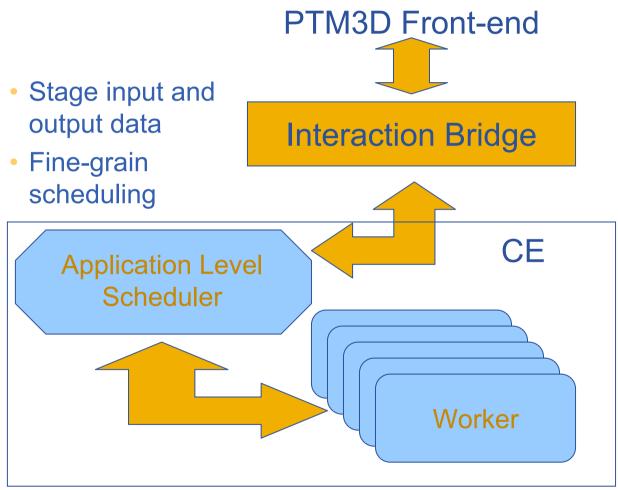




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Next step: scheduling



- Stage input and output data
- Negociate for interactive vs batch
- Admission control
- Schedule interactive jobs
 - No reservation
 - Soft real-time scheduling



- Technical
 - Convergence with other EGEE applications : AliEn, DiRac
 - Port to gLite
 - Scheduling policy: Time-sharing and QoS across the scheduling stack
 - GGF GRAAP and GSA
 - Admission control from sensors
 - Interact with remote data
 - Clinical research: evaluate registration algorithms on large existing databases – <u>ACI AGIR</u>

Dissemination: demonstrations at

- HealthGrid 2005
- Journées de la Société Française de Radiologie 2005
- InfoRad-RSNA 2005



Use case

Planning percutaneous nephrolithotomy

