

What is Grid Computing?

Mike Mineter Training Outreach and Education National e-Science Centre

mjm@nesc.ac.uk

www.eu-egee.org





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- Introduction to
 - e-Research and e-Science
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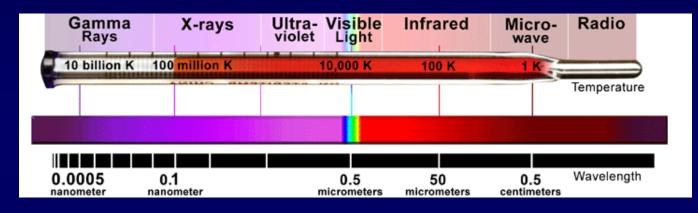


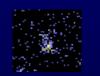
'e-Science is about global collaboration in key areas of science, and the next generation of infrastructure that will enable it.'

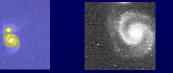
> John Taylor Director General of Research Councils Office of Science and Technology

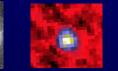
Virtual Observatories

Observations made across entire electromagnetic spectrum

















ROSAT ~keV DSS Optical 2MASS 2µ IRAS 25µ IRAS 100µ

GB 6cm NVSS 20cm

NVSS 20cm WENSS 92cm

 \Rightarrow e.g. different views of a local galaxy Need all of them to understand physics fully Databases are located throughout the world



Biomedical Research Informatics Delivered by Grid Enabled Services **CFG** Virtual **VO** Authorisation **Publically Curated Data** Ensembl **Organisation** OMIMO Glasgow SWISS-PROT Private dinburgh MGI data HUGO Team Bridges Diagnostic Private RGD ntegrato BRIDGE data **BRIDGES: Biomedical Research Informatics Delivered** by Grid Enabled Services DATA eicester A UK e-Science Core Programme project HUB Oxford Private **Project Staff** data Netherlands Westphere Pural plast Private data Private data Synteny London Grid Private Service <u>data</u> Start Postines on mount our pro-╋

http://www.brc.dcs.gla.ac.uk/projects/bridges/

DAME: Grid based tools and Inferstructure for Aero-Engine Diagnosis and Prognosis

Engine flight data London Airport Airline New York Airport office **Diagnostics Centre Maintenance Centre** American data center European data center

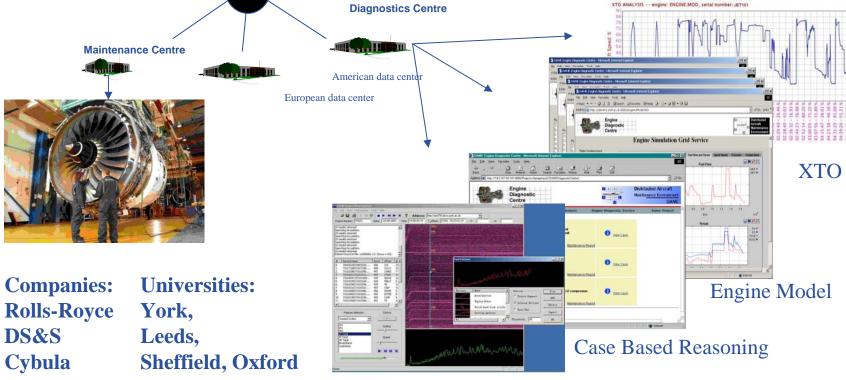
Distributed Aircraft

Maintenance Environment

DAME

iencE

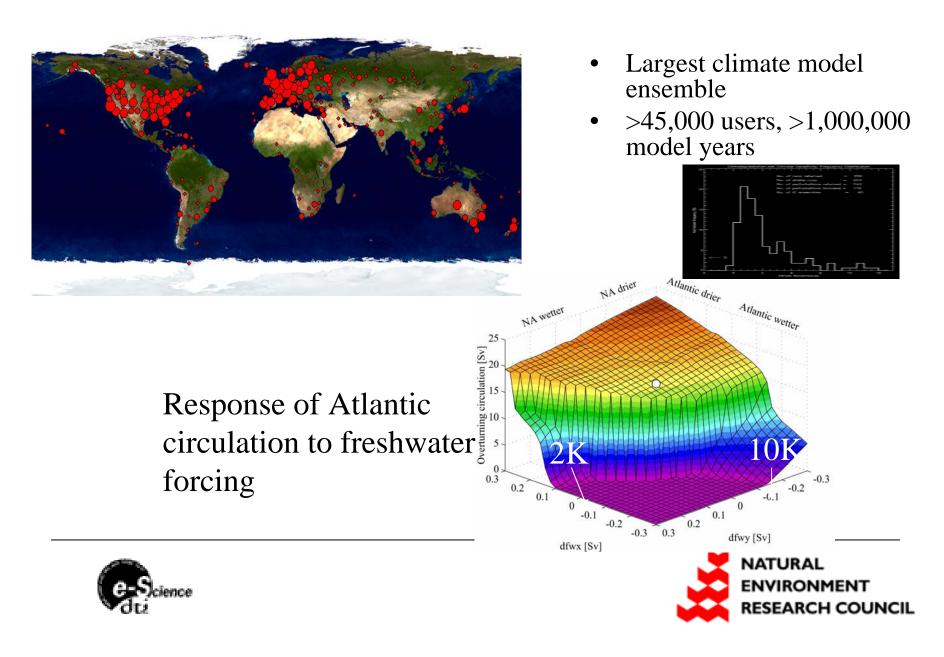
•"A Significant factor in the success of the Rolls-Royce campaign to power the Boeing 7E7 with the Trent 1000 was the emphasis on the new aftermarket support service for the engines provided via DS&S. Boeing personnel were shown DAME as an example of the new ways of gathering and processing the large amounts of data that could be retrieved from an advanced aircraft such as the 7E7, and they were very impressed", DS&S 2004



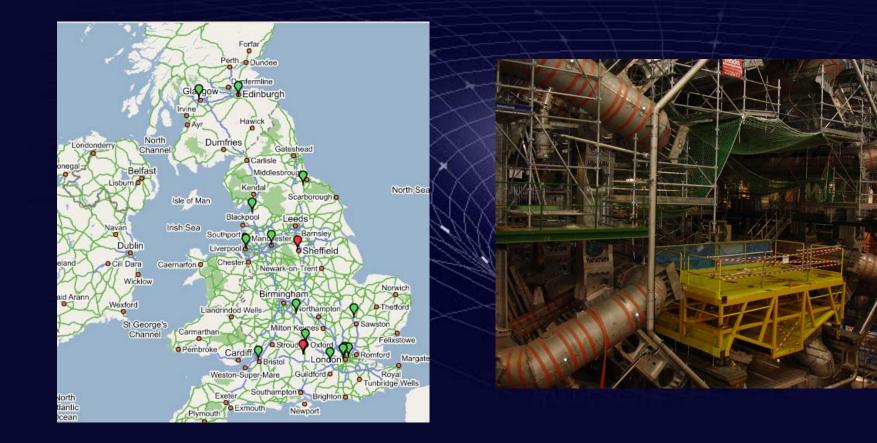
DS&S

Cybula

climateprediction.net and GENIE



UK Grid for Particle Physics



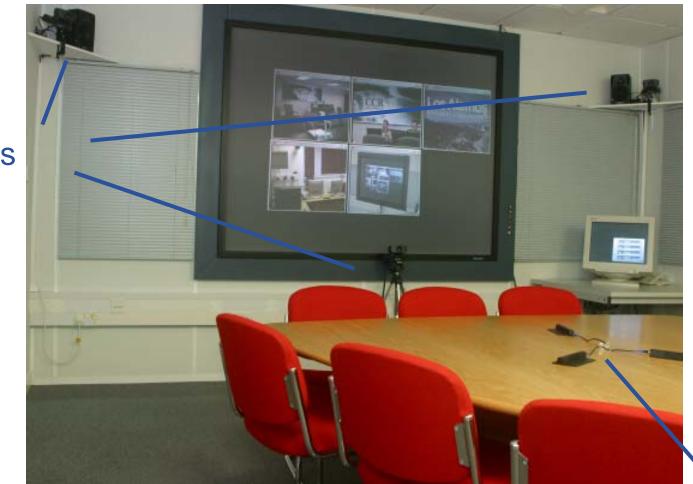
GridPP www.gridpp.ac.uk

PP\RC

ATLAS detectors, 2/3/06

Connecting people: Access Grid

http://www.accessgrid.org/

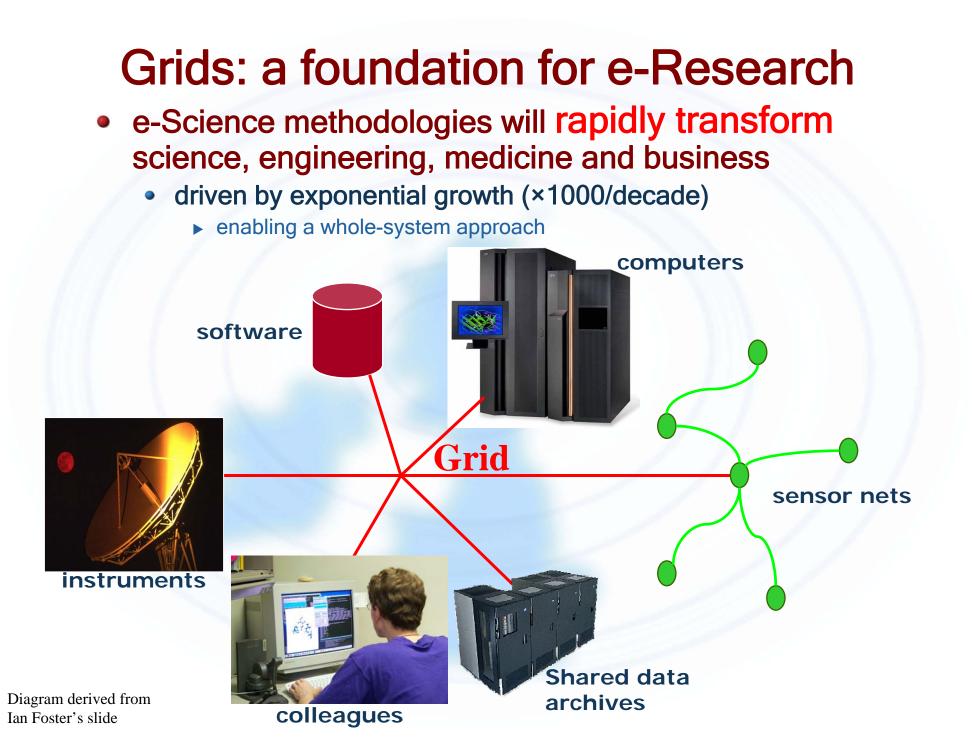


Microphones

Cameras



- Collaborative research that is made possible by the sharing across the Internet of resources (data, instruments, computation, people's expertise...)
 - Crosses organisational boundaries
 - Often very compute intensive
 - Often very data intensive
 - Sometimes large-scale collaboration
- Began with focus in the "big sciences" hence initiatives are often badged as "e-science"
- Relevance of "e-science technologies" to new user communities (social science, arts, humanities...) led to the term "e-research"



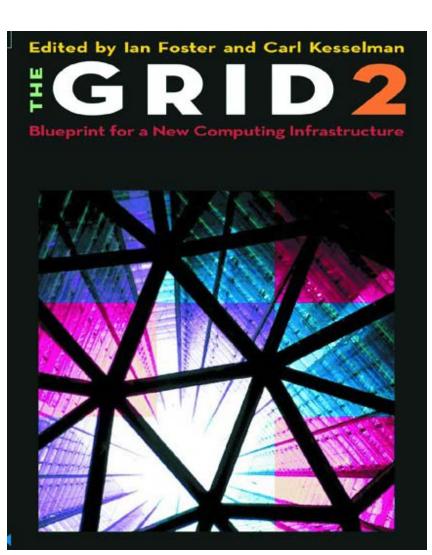
egee

What is Grid Computing?

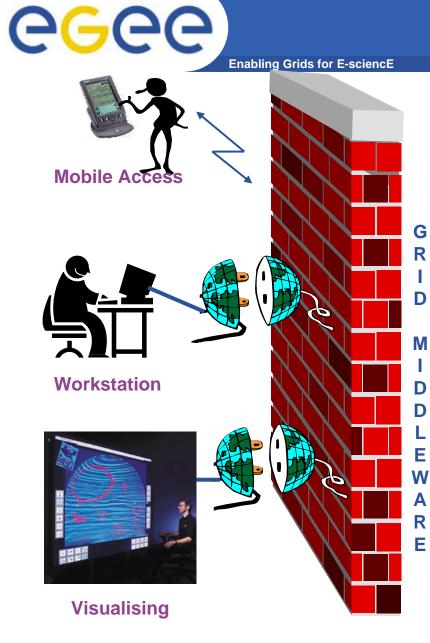
• The grid vision is of "Virtual computing" (+ information services to locate computation, storage resources)

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

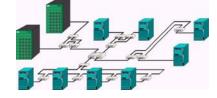
- Compare: The web: "virtual documents" (+ search engine to locate them)
- MOTIVATION: collaboration through sharing resources (and expertise) to expand horizons of
 - Research
 - Commerce engineering, ...
 - Public service health, environment,...



The Grid Metaphor







Supercomputer, PC-Cluster



Data-storage, Sensors, Experiments





What is e-Infrastructure? – Political view

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

- A shared resource
 - That enables science, research, engineering, medicine, industry, ...
 - It will improve UK / European / ... productivity
 - Lisbon Accord 2000
 - E-Science Vision SR2000 John Taylor
 - Commitment by UK government
 - Sections 2.23-2.25
 - Always there
 - c.f. telephones, transport, power, internet

Science & innovation investment framework 2004 - 2014

dti

July 2004

HM TREASURY

department for education and skills

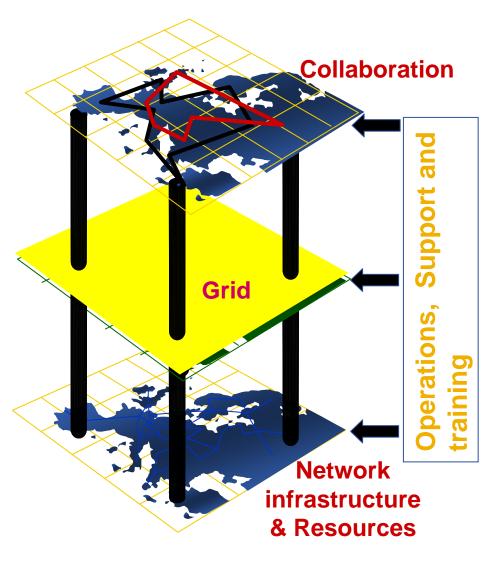
and Zue che Che F.

Gordon Brown	Charles Clarke	Patricia Hewitt
Chancellor of the	Secretary of State for	Secretary of State for
Exchequer	Education and Skills	Trade and Industry



What is e-Infrastructure?

- Grids: permit resource sharing across administrative domains
- Networks: permit communication across geographical distance
- Supporting organisations
 - Operations for grids, networks
- Resources
 - Computers
 - Digital libraries
 - Research data
 - Instruments
- Middleware
 - Authentication, Authorisation
 - Registries, search engines
 - Toolkits, environments
 - E.g. for collaboration





- Enabling Grids for E-sciencE
- Digital technology exponential growth e.g. bandwidth
- Opportunities for e-Infrastructure to support faster, better, different research
 - Sharing expertise
 - Support for cooperation and communication
 - Sharing computation services
 - E.g. to serve occasional peaks of high demand for computation (especially trivially parallelisable ones)
 - Sharing data
 - New sensors and instruments
 - Databases
- Based on an infrastructure that requires <u>and enables</u> multidisciplinary research
 - Requires: IT + domain specialists
 - Enables: New interdisciplinary research



- The term "Grid" has become popular!
 - Sometimes in Industry : "Grids" = clusters
 - Motivations: better use of resources; scope for commercial services
 - Also used to refer to the harvesting of donated, unused compute cycles
 - (SETI@home, Climateprediction.net)
 - These are e-Infrastructure but are not "grids" from the e-Research viewpoint!



Grid concepts



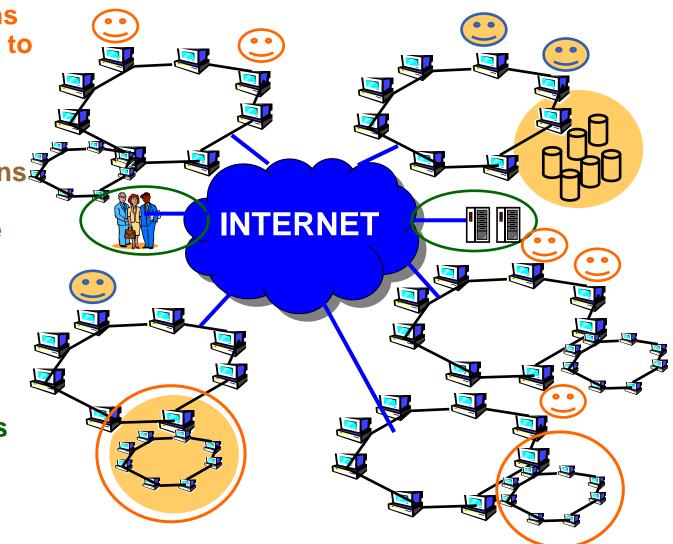
- What's a Virtual Organisation?
 - People in different organisations seeking to cooperate and share resources across their organisational boundaries E.g. A research collaboration
- Each grid is an infrastructure enabling one or more "virtual organisations" to share and access resources
- Key concept: The ability to negotiate resource-sharing arrangements among a set of participating parties (providers and consumers) and then to use the resulting resource pool for some purpose. (lan Foster)

Typical current grid



Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

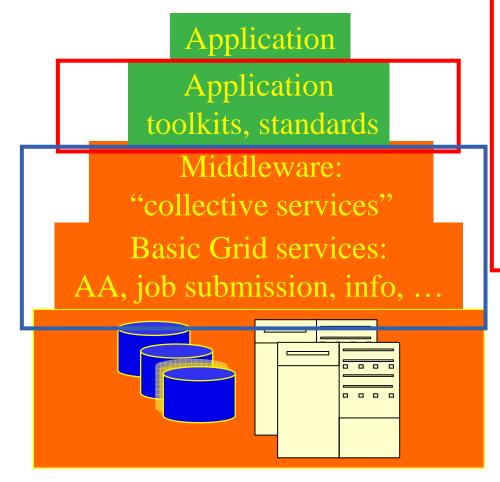
- Virtual organisations negotiate with sites to agree access to resources
- Grid middleware runs on each shared resource to provide
 - Data services
 - Computation services
 - Single sign-on
- Distributed services (both people and middleware) enable the grid







Enabling Grids for E-sciencE



Where computer science meets the application communities! VO-specific developments:

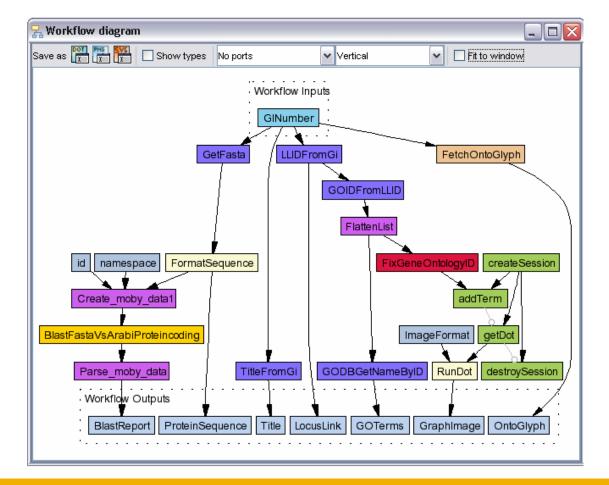
- Portals
- Virtual Research Environments
- Semantics, ontologies
- Workflow
- Registries of VO services

Production grids provide these services.



Workflow example

- Taverna in MyGrid <u>http://www.mygrid.org.uk/</u>
- "allows the e-Scientist to describe and enact their experimental processes in a structured, repeatable and verifiable way"
- GUI
- Workflow language
- enactment engine





The many scales of grids

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

International instruments,... International grid (EGEE) Wider collaboration greater resources National datacentres, National grids (e.g. **HPC**, instruments **National Grid Service) Regional grids (e.g.** White Rose Grid) Institutes' data; **Campus grids Condor pools Desktop**



Main components

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

Access service How users logon to a Grid



<u>Resource Broker (RB)</u>: Service that matches the user's requirements with the available resources on a Grid



Information System: Characteristics and status of resources



Computing Element (CE): A batch queue on a site's computers where the user's job is executed



Storage Element (SE): provides (large-scale) storage for files

eGee

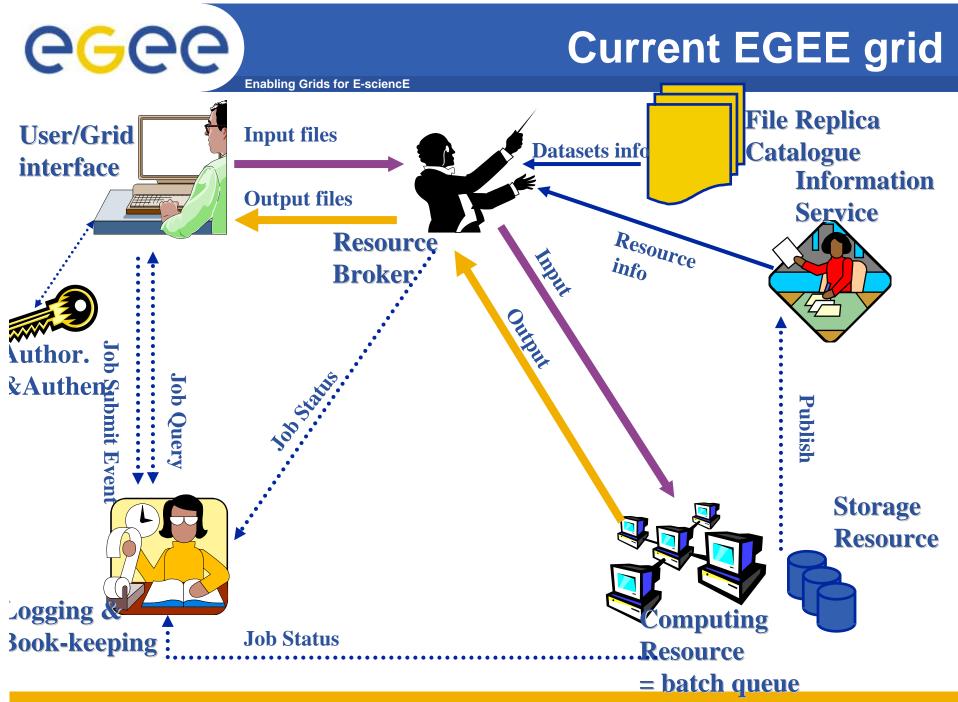
Who provides the resources?!

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

<u>Service</u>	<u>Provider</u>	Note
<u>Access service</u>	User / institute/ VO / grid operations	Computer with client software
<u>Resource Broker</u> (RB)	VO / grid operations	(No NGS-wide RB exists)
Information System	Grid operations	
<u>Computing Element</u> (CE)	VO / sometimes centralised provision also	Scalability requires that VOs provide resources to match average need
<u>Storage Element</u> (SE)	ditto	ditto

"VO": virtual organisation

"Grid operations": funded effort



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- EU-funded project that has established the largest multi-VO production grid in the world!
- What's happening now?
 <u>http://gridportal.hep.ph.ic.ac.uk/rtm/</u>

What resources are connected?
 http://goc.grid-support.ac.uk/gridsite/monitoring/



- Enabling Grids for E-sciencE
- Providers of resources (computers, databases,...) need risks to be controlled: they are asked to trust users they do not know
 - They trust a VO
 - The VO trusts its members
- User's need
 - single sign-on: to be able to logon to a machine that can pass the user's identity to other resources
 - To trust owners of the resources they are using
- Build middleware on layer providing:
 - Authentication: know who wants to use resource
 - Authorisation: know what the user is allowed to do
 - Security: reduce vulnerability, e.g. from outside the firewall
 - Non-repudiation: knowing who did what
- The "Grid Security Infrastructure" middleware is the basis of (most) production grids



- Achieved by Certification:
 - -User's identity has to be certified by one of the national *Certification Authorities* (CAs)
 - mutually recognized <u>http://www.gridpma.org/</u>
 - In UK go to <u>http://www.grid-support.ac.uk/ca/ralist.htm</u> to find CA's local "Registration Authorities"
 - Resources are also certified by CAs
- User
 - -User joins a VO
 - -Digital certificate is basis of AA
 - Identity passed to resources you use, where it is mapped to a local account
- Policies express the rights for a Virtual Organization to use resources



we now?



Grid projects - ~ 2003

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

Many Grid development efforts — all over the world



NASA Information Power Grid
DOE Science Grid
NSF National Virtual Observatory
NSF GriPhyN
DOE Particle Physics Data Grid
NSF TeraGrid
DOE ASCI Grid
DOE Earth Systems Grid
DARPA CoABS Grid
Data
NEESGrid
Euro
DOH BIRN
Data
SF iVDGL
Astro-GRIF

•DataGrid (CERN, ...) •EuroGrid (Unicore) •DataTag (CERN,...) •Norway, S •Astrophysical Virtual Observatory •GRIP (Globus/Unicore) •GRIA (Industrial applications) •GridLab (Cactus Toolkit) •CrossGrid (Infrastructure Components) •EGSO (Solar Physics)

•UK – OGSA-DAI, RealityGrid, GeoDise, Comb-e-Chem, DiscoveryNet, DAME, AstroGrid, GridPP, MyGrid, GOLD, eDiamond, Integrative Biology, ...
•Netherlands – VLAM, PolderGrid
•Germany – UNICORE, Grid proposal
•France – Grid funding approved
•Italy – INFN Grid
•Eire – Grid proposals
•Switzerland - Network/Grid proposal
•Hungary – DemoGrid, Grid proposal
•Norway, Sweden - NorduGrid

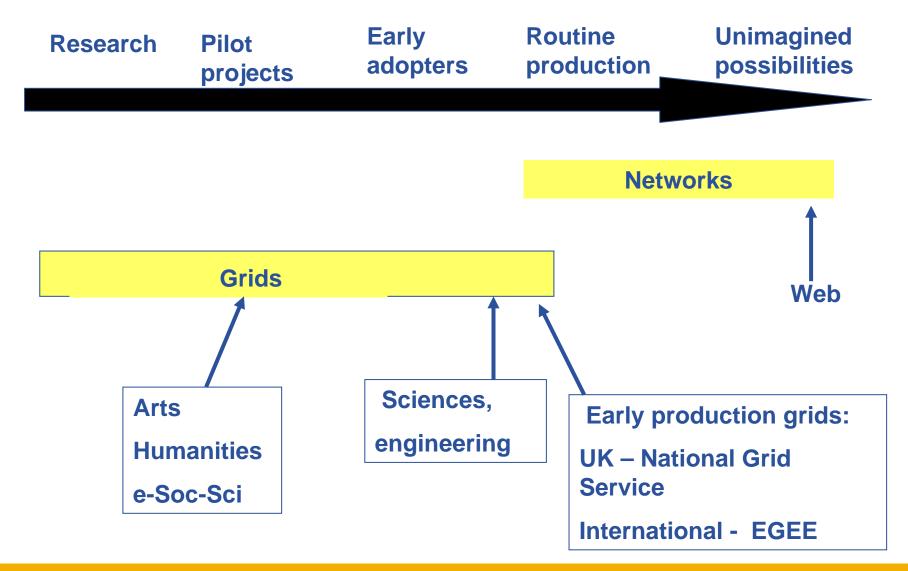
din.



- Many key concepts identified and known
- Many grid projects have tested, and benefit from, these
- Major efforts now on establishing:
 - Production Grids for multiple VO's
 - "Production" = Reliable, sustainable, with commitments to quality of service
 - In Europe, EGEE
 - In UK, National Grid Service
 - In US, Teragrid and OSG
 - One stack of middleware that serves many research communities
 - Establishing operational procedures and organisation
 - Standards (a slow process)
 - (e.g. Global Grid Forum, http://www.gridforum.org/)
- Service orientation "the way to build grids"

Where are we now? –user's view

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE



eeee



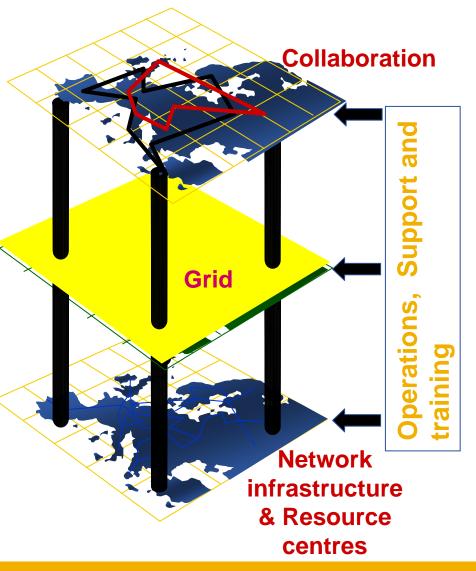
- Standards are emerging... some near acceptance and some being discarded
 - Standards bodies:
 - W3C http://www.w3c.org/
 - GGF http://www.ggf.org/
 - OASIS http://www.oasis-open.org/home/index.php
 - IETF http://www.ietf.org/
 - For a summary see http://www.innoq.com/soa/ws-standards/poster/
- Production grids are based on de-facto standards at present
 - Inevitably!
 - GT2 especially
 - But locks a grid into one middleware stack unable to benefit from the diverse developments of new services
- Globus Toolkit 4 has been released

CGCC National grid initiatives now include...



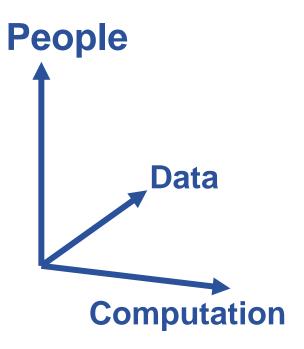


- Grids: collaboration across administrative domains
- Networks: collaboration across geographical distance
- Semantics, ontologies: collaboration across disciplines / groups
- Storage, ("curation"): collaboration across time





- Ask not what "the Grid" can do for you
- BUT
- With whom do you collaborate?
- What resources / services can you provide?
- What resources would empower your research?



Summary -2



- The Grid Core Technologies, Maozhen Li and Mark Baker, Wiley, 2005
- The Globus Toolkit 4 Programmer's Tutorial Borja Sotomayor, Globus Alliance, <u>http://gdp.globus.org/gt4-tutorial/multiplehtml/index.html</u>
- <u>The Web Services Grid Architecture (WSGA)</u> www.nesc.ac.uk/technical_papers/UKeS-2004-05.pdf
- http://java.sun.com/xml/webservices.pdf
- Global Grid Forum http://www.ggf.org/ (see GGF16)