



Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

EGEE middleware

Data Management





www.eu-egee.org

EGEE-II INFSO-RI-031688



Data services on NGS

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

Simple data files

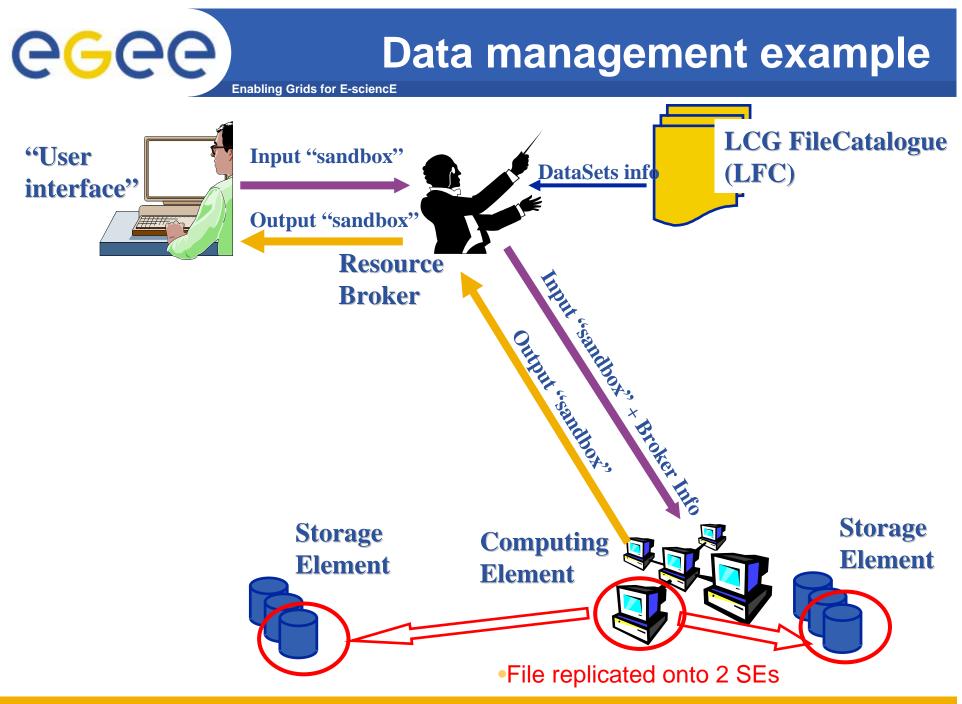
- Middleware supporting
 - Replicate files
 - to be close to where you want computation
 - For resilience
 - Logical filenames
 - Catalogue: maps logical name to physical storage device/file
 - Virtual filesystems, POSIX-like I/O
- Several solutions
 - gLite data service
 - Globus
 - Storage Resource Broker

Structured data

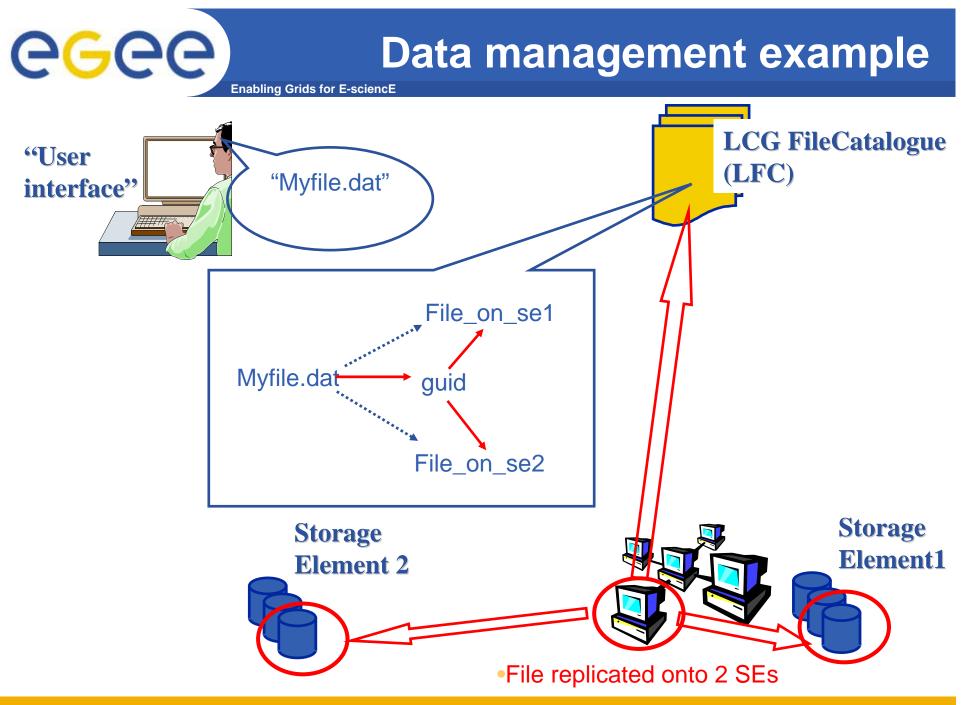
- RDBMS, XML databases
- Other data not created on/for grid services
- Require <u>extendable</u> middleware tools to support
 - Move computation near to database
 - easy access, controlled by AA
 - integration and federation
- OGSA –DAI
 - In Globus 4
 - Not (yet!...?) in gLite

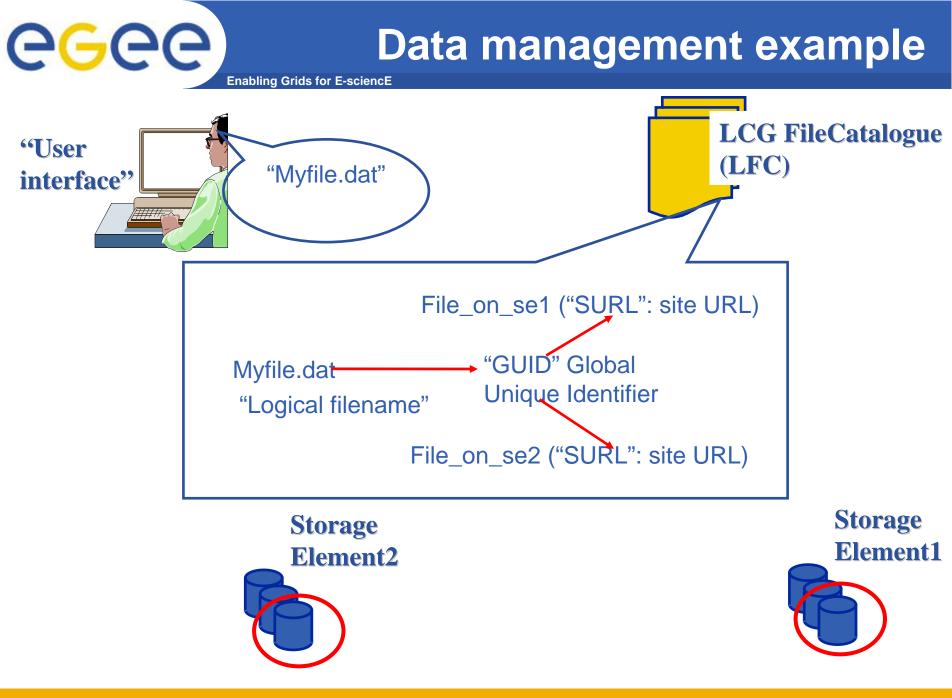


- Files that are write-once, read-many
 - If users edit files then
 - They manage the consequences!
 - Maybe just create a new filename!
 - No intention of providing a global file management system
- 3 service types for data
 - Storage
 - Catalogs
 - Transfer



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Name conventions

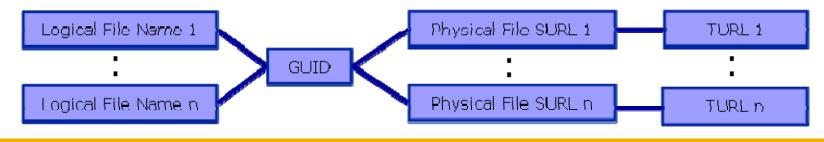
- Logical File Name (LFN)
 - An alias created by a user to refer to some item of data, e.g. "lfn:cms/20030203/run2/track1"
- Globally Unique Identifier (GUID)
 - A non-human-readable unique identifier for an item of data, e.g.
 "guid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6"

• Site URL (SURL) (or Physical File Name (PFN) or Site FN)

 The location of an actual piece of data on a storage system, e.g. "srm://pcrd24.cern.ch/flatfiles/cms/output10_1" (SRM)
 "sfn://lxshare0209.cern.ch/data/alice/ntuples.dat" (Classic SE)

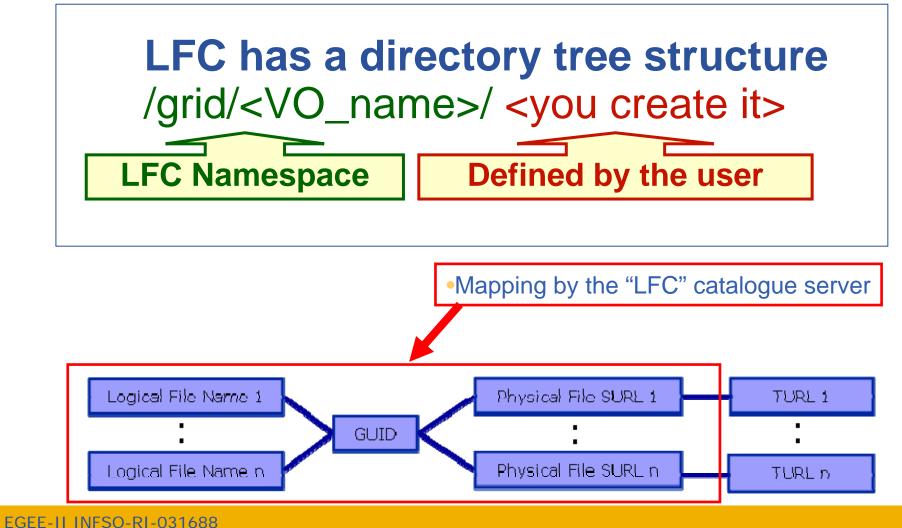
Transport URL (TURL)

Temporary locator of a replica + access protocol: understood by a SE, e.g.
 "rfio://lxshare0209.cern.ch//data/alice/ntuples.dat"





• Users primarily access and manage files through "logical filenames"





Two sets of commands

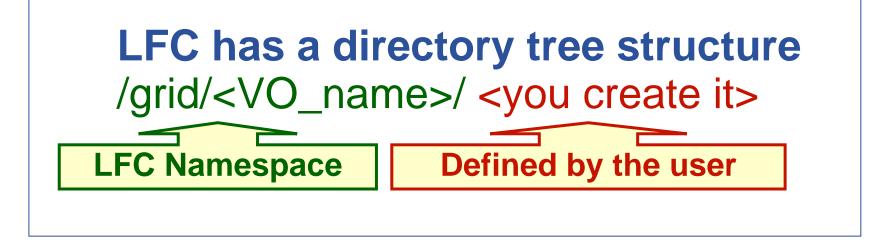
• LFC = LCG File Catalogue

- LCG = LHC Compute Grid
- LHC = Large Hadron Collider
- Use LFC commands to interact with the catalogue only
 - To create catalogue directory
 - List files
- Used by you and by lcg-utils

lcg-utils

- Couples catalogue operations with file management
 - Keeps SEs and catalogue in step!
- copy files to/from/between SEs
- Replicated





- All members of a given VO have read-write permissions in their directory
- Commands look like UNIX with "lfc-" in front (often)
- We will use /grid/gilda/training/sofia/...



Storage Element

- Provides
 - Storage for files : massive storage system disk or tape based
 - Transfer protocol (gsiFTP) ~ GSI based FTP server
 - POSIX-like file access
 - Grid File Access Layer (GFAL)
 - API interface
 - To read parts of files too big to copy

Two types

- "Classic" SE
 - Not implementing SRM
- "SRM" SE
 - Storage Resource Manager
 - SEs are virtualised by common interface



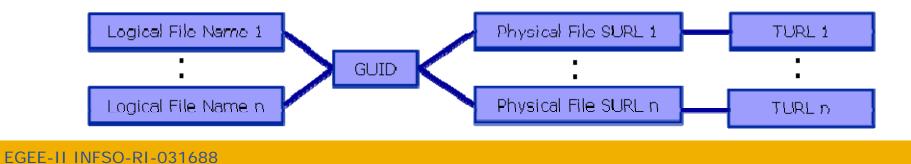
File Transfer Service

- FTS offer an important advance on client managed file transfers
 - Support for third party transfer
 - Creation of channels set
- FTS channel architecture offers very useful features to control transfers between sites or into a single site, though it may become overly complex in a grid without clear data flow patterns.
 - The ability to control VO shares and transfer parameters on a channel is important for sites.
 - Improved reliability for transfers
 - Asyncronous file transfer mode \rightarrow support to batch mode
- FTS agent architecture allows VOs to connect the transfer service closely with their own data management stacks, a useful feature for HEP experiments.
- No catalogue interactions yet $\otimes \rightarrow$ users have to handle SURL



- List directory
- Upload a file to an SE and register a logical name (Ifn) in the catalog
- Create a duplicate in another SE
- List the replicas
- Create a second logical file name for a file
- Download a file from an SE to the UI

• Please go to the web page for this practical





- Go to the agenda page for this event as follows:
 - Go to http://www.egee.nesc.ac.uk/schedreg/
 - Click on this event and bookmark it
- The practical is led by a web page
 - data management "more information"





• Practical – from agenda page



If a site acts as a central catalog for several VOs, it can either have:

- One LFC server, with one DB account containing the entries of all the supported VOs. You should then create one directory per VO.
- Several LFC servers, having each a DB account containing the entries for a given VO.

Both scenarios have consequences on the handling of database backups

- Minimum requirements (First scenario)
 - 2Ghz processor with 1GB of memory (not a hard requirement)
 - Dual power supply
 - Mirrored system disk



LFC Catalog commands

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Summary of the LFC Catalog commands

lfc-chmod	Change access mode of the LFC file/directory
lfc-chown	Change owner and group of the LFC file-directory
lfc-delcomment	Delete the comment associated with the file/directory
lfc-getacl	Get file/directory access control lists
lfc-In	Make a symbolic link to a file/directory
lfc-ls	List file/directory entries in a directory
lfc-mkdir	Create a directory
lfc-rename	Rename a file/directory
lfc-rm	Remove a file/directory
lfc-setacl	Set file/directory access control lists
lfc-setcomment	Add/replace a comment



<u>Replica Management</u>

lcg-cp	Copies a grid file to a local destination
lcg-cr	Copies a file to a SE and registers the file in the catalog
lcg-del	Delete one file
lcg-rep	Replication between SEs and registration of the replica
lcg-gt	Gets the TURL for a given SURL and transfer protocol
lcg-sd	Sets file status to "Done" for a given SURL in a SRM request

Summary of fts client commands

CGCC Summa Enabling Grids for E-science

FTS client

glite-transfer-submit	Submit a transfer job : needs at least source and destination SURL
glite-transfer-status	Given one or more job ID, query about their status
glite-transfer-cancel	Delete the transfer with the give Job ID
glite-transfer-list	Query about status of all user's jobs; support options for query restrictions
glite-transfer- channel-list	Show all available channel; detailed info only if user has admin privileges



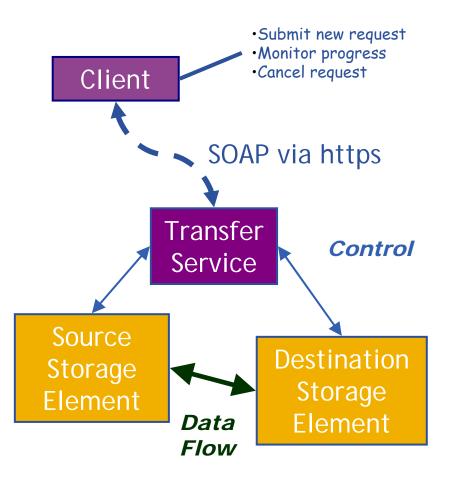
- FTS slides taken from EUChinagrid presentation given by *Yaodong Cheng*
- IHEP, Chinese Academy of Sciences
- EUChinaGRID tutorial
- Beijing, 15-16 June 2006
- http://agenda.euchinagrid.org/fullAgenda.php?ida=a06
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Transfer Service

• Clear need for a service for data transfer

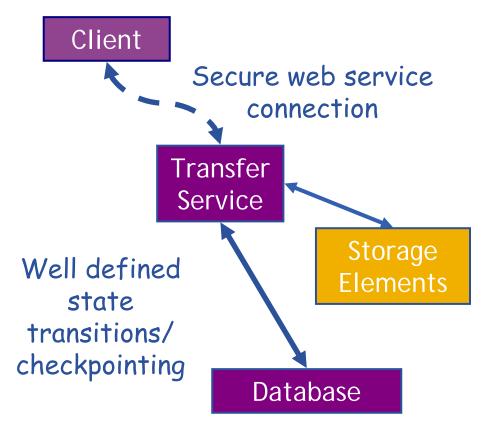
- Client connects to service to submit request
- Service maintains state about transfer
- Client can periodically reconnect to check status or cancel request
- Service can have knowledge of global state, not just a single request
 - Load balancing
 - Scheduling



CGCC Transfer Service Architecture

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

- Clear need of a service for (massive) data transfer
 - Client connects to service to submit request
 - Service maintains state about transfer
 - Client can periodically reconnect to check status or cancel request
- Jobs are lists of URLs in srm:// format. Some transfer parameters can be specified (streams, buffer sizes).
- Clients cannot subscribe for status changes, but can poll.
- C command line clients. C, Java and Perl APIs available.
- Web service runs in Tomcat5 container, agents runs as normal daemons.



eGee

gLite FTS: Channels

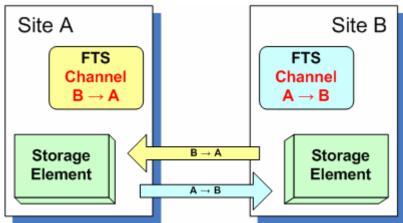
• FTS Service has a concept of channels

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- A channel is a *unidirectional* connection between two sites
- Transfer requests between these two sites are assigned to that channel
- Channels usually correspond to a dedicated network pipe associated with production
- But channels can also take wildcards:
 - * to MY_SITE : All incoming
 - MY SITE to * : All outgoing
 - * to * : Catch all



• Channels can be controlled independently: started, stopped, drained.





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gLite FTS: Agents

- VO Agents
- Any job submitted to FTS is first handled by the VO agent
- VO agent authorises job and changes its state to "Pending"
- VO agents can perform other tasks – naturally these can be VO specific:
 - Scheduling
 - File catalog interaction

Channel Agents

- Transfers on channel are managed by the channel agent
 - Channel agents can perform inter-VO scheduling

