



Web Services, WSRF and GT4



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Goal of presentation

- An orientation to Web Services and to their role in Grid computing
- No prior knowledge assumed



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Outline

- “ Web Services are the way to build Grids”
- Web Services
- Relevance of Web Services to Grids
- Extending WS for grids
- So where are we now ?



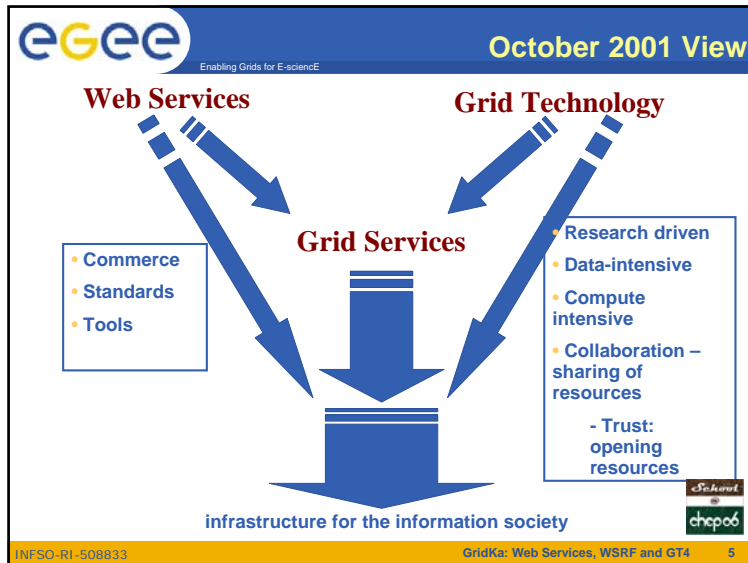
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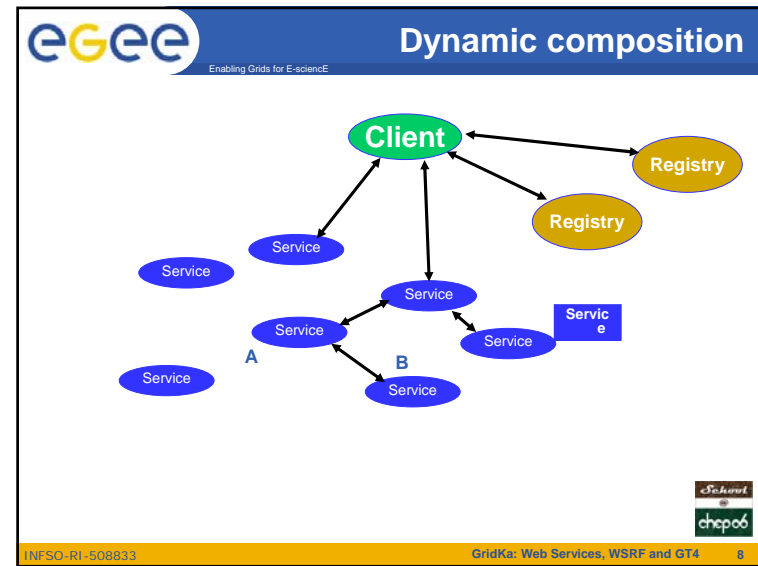
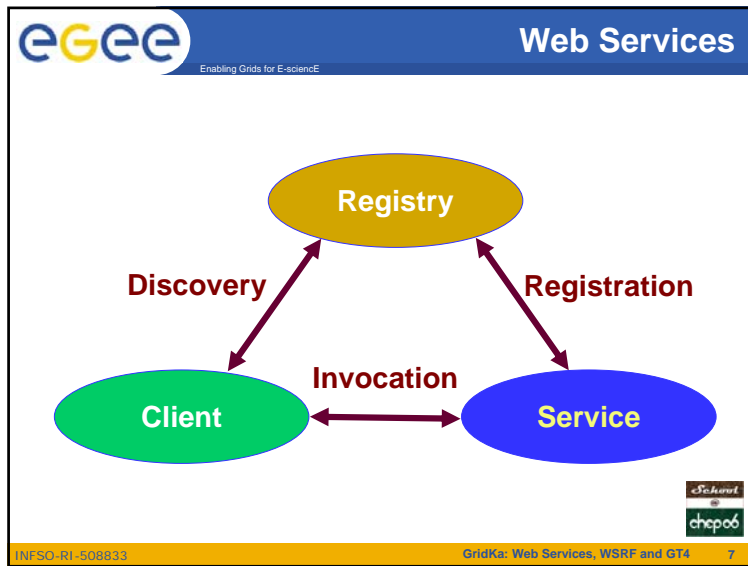
Infrastructure for the industrial society: The Forth Bridges

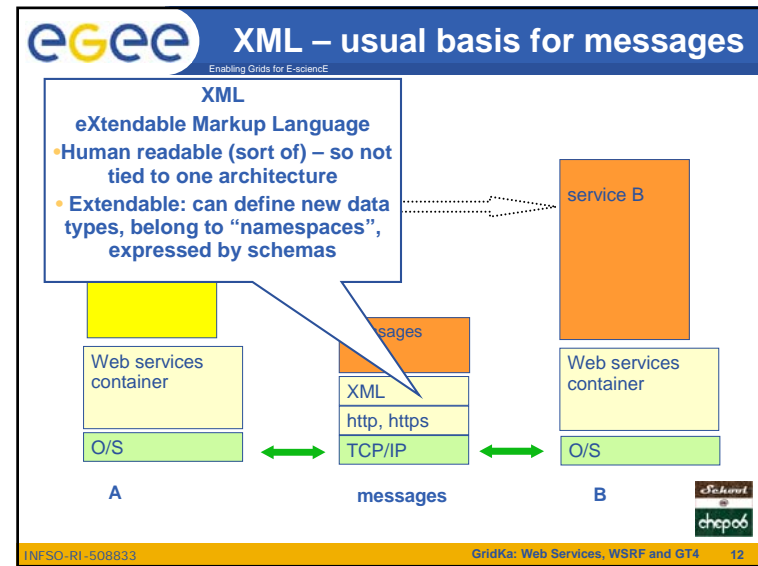
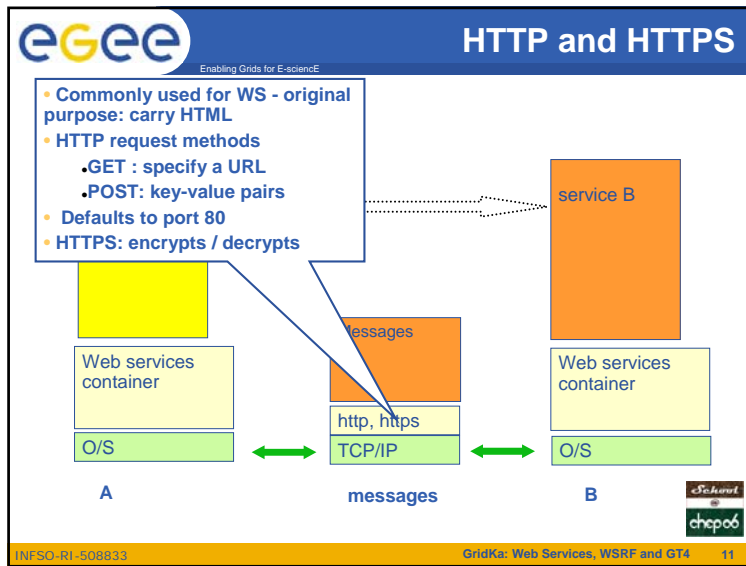
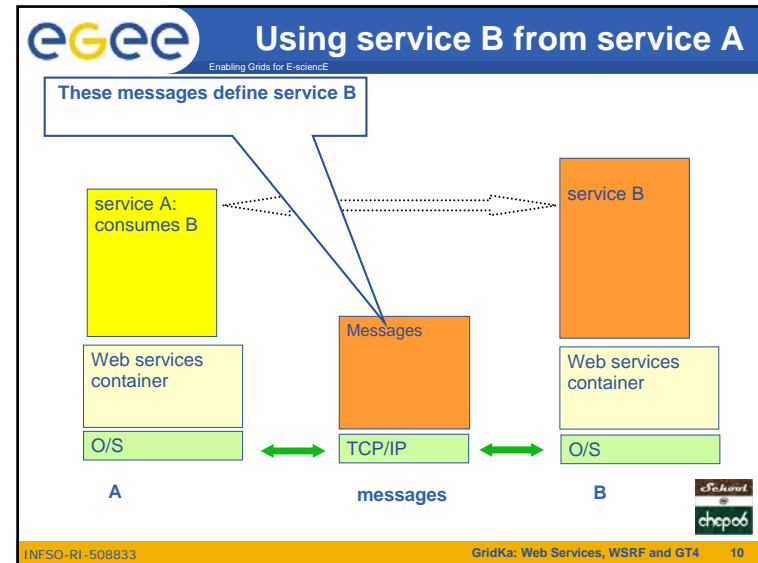
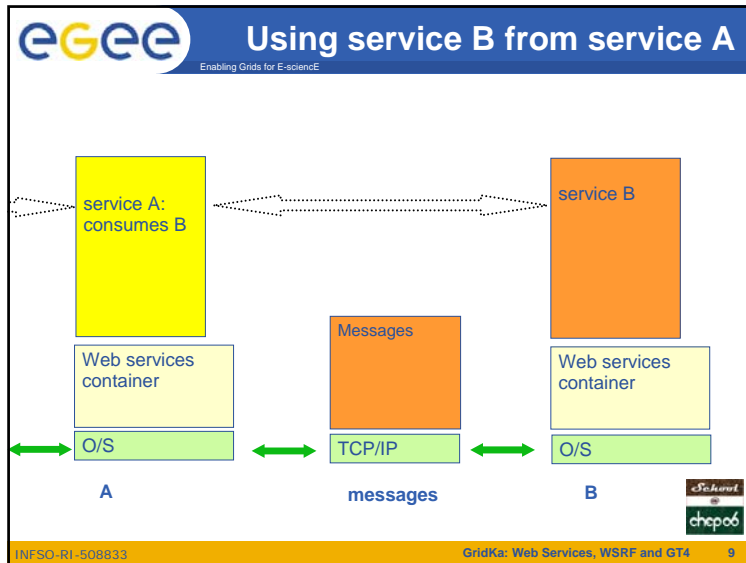


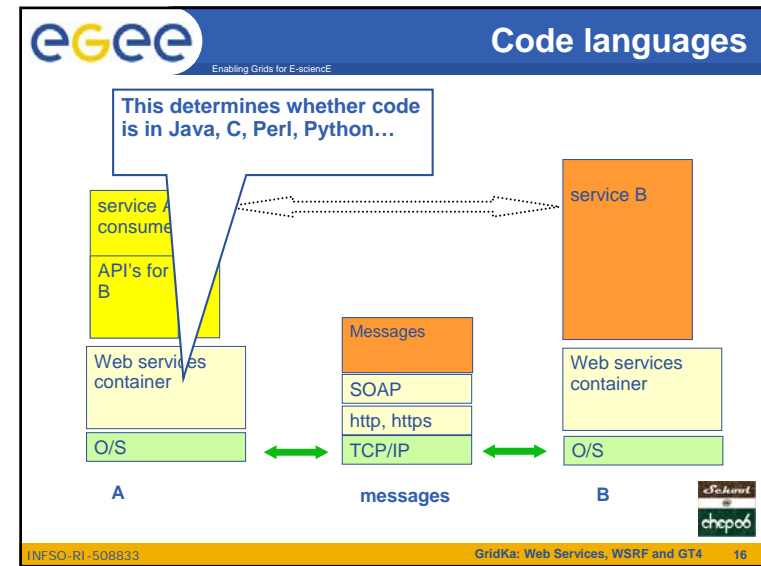
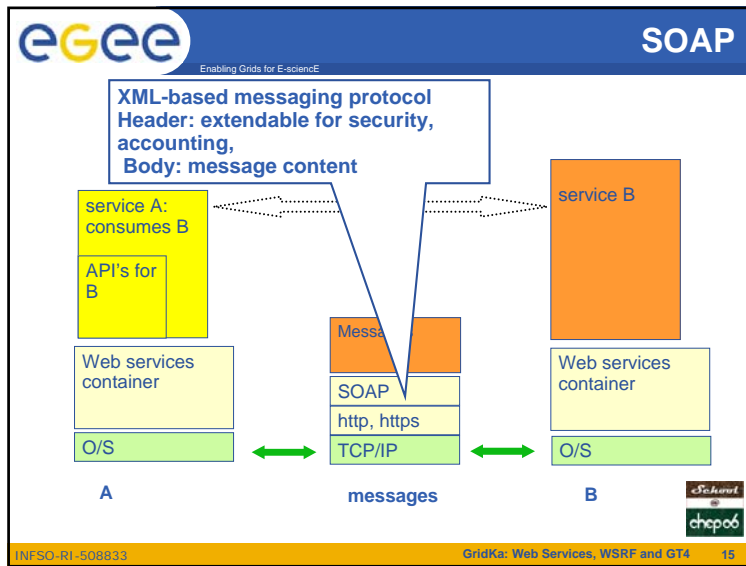
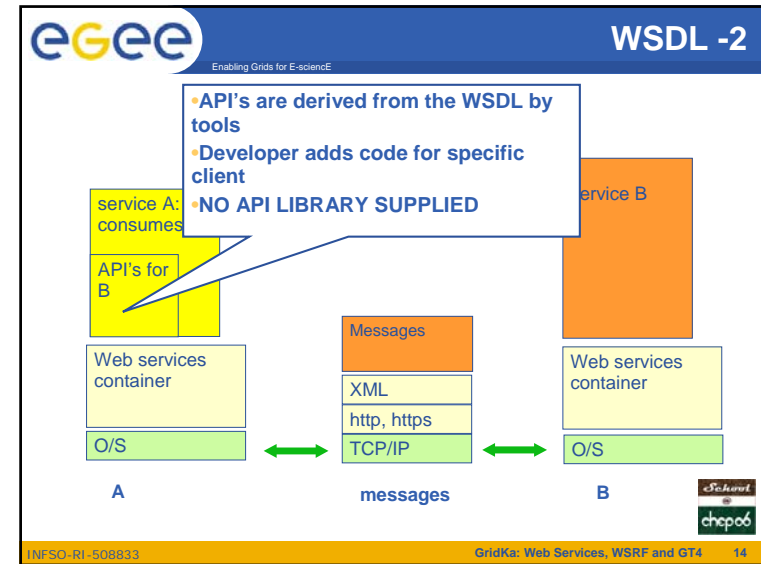
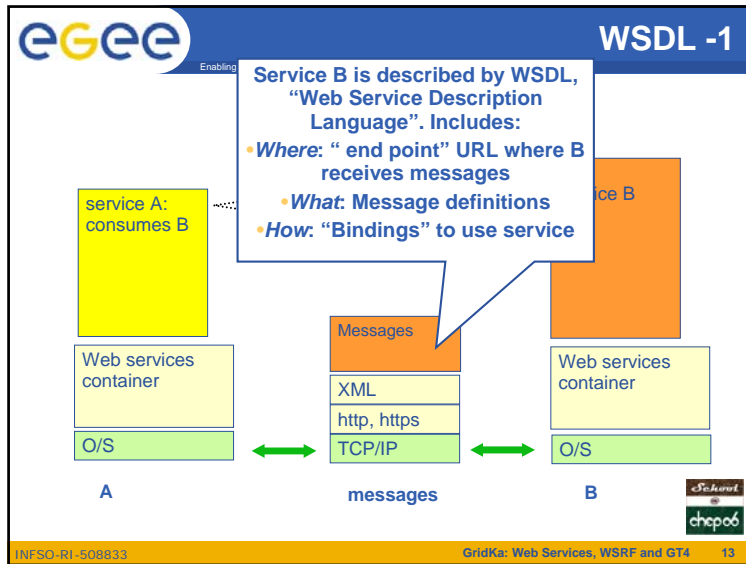


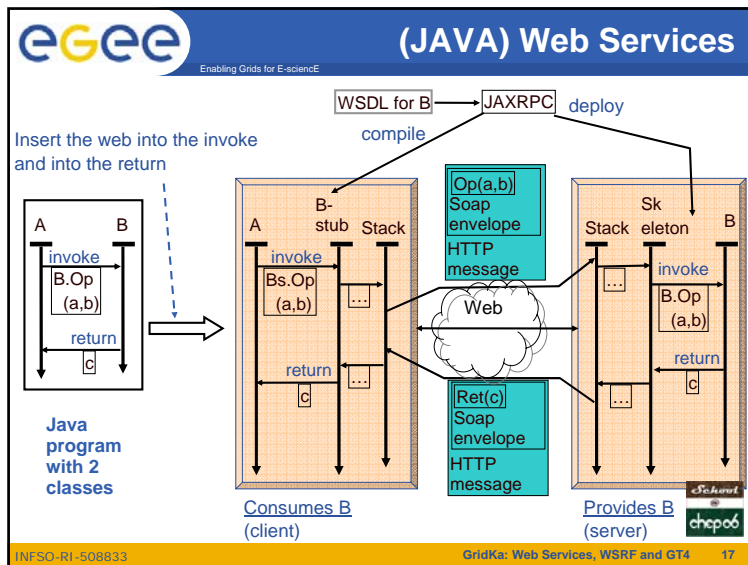


- eGee** Enabling Grids for E-scienceE **What are “Web Services?”**
- **History**
 1. Web browsing
 2. Web pages with content from applications
 3. Applications that are useable by software clients
 - **Web Services are software components that are..**
 - Accessible across a network
 - Loosely coupled
 - Defined by the messages they receive / send
 - Modular and self-contained
 - So can change service implementation without changing interfaces
 - Interoperable: each service has a description that is accessible and can be used to create software to invoke that service
 - **... and based on standards**
 - Usually built on (extensions of) standards made ubiquitous by the Web: http(s), XML, ... and for which tools are already built.
 - Developed in anticipation of new uses – e.g. can compose workflow
 - Encouraging adoption
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WS-I core of Web Services

- WS-I (Interoperability) delivers practical guidance, best practices and resources for developing interoperable Web services solutions.
 - <http://www.ws-i.org/>
- Open standards:
 - SOAP: protocol for message passing
 - Web Service Description Language: to describe services
 - UDDI: Universal Description, Discovery and Integration
 - WS-Security: incorporates security

Discovery

Registration

Invocation

Client

Service

Registry

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Outline

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- So where are we now ?

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Grids need...


- Software components that are..
 - Accessible across a network
 - Loosely coupled
 - Defined by the messages they receive / send
 - Modular and self-contained
 - So can change service implementation without changing interfaces
 - Interoperable: each service has a description that is accessible and can be used to create software to invoke that service
- ... and based on standards
 - Tools, interoperability, ...
 - Developed in anticipation of new uses – e.g. can compose workflow
- i.e. what web services exist for!
- So now building grid architecture based on WS
- But there are additional challenges!!!!

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WS & Grid Goals

<p>Web Services</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Goals <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Computational presentation & access of Enterprise services – Marketing integrated large scale software and systems – Model for independent development – Model for independent operation 	<p>Grids</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Goals <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Inter-organisational collaboration – Sharing information and resources – Framework for collaborative development – Framework for collaborative operation
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WS & Grid Usage

<p>Web Services</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Complex services created & delivered persistently by owner organisation • Client interactions short-lived • Multi-organisation integration responsibility of client <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Workflow enactment – Transaction coordination – May be by an intermediate service 	<p>Grid Services</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All of WS patterns + Dynamic services / resources • Long-lived interactions • Persistent computational integration <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Data management – Computation management • Persistent operational infrastructures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – EGEE managing European-scale grid • System organised optimisation • End-to-end security (goal) • Virtual Organisations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Establish multi-organisation security policies
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WS & Grid Standards

<p>Web Services</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • WS-I <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Core agreed & provided – WSDL, SOAP, UDDI, WS-Security • Many others under way <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – WS-* are important – Competition & synthesis • Commercial battleground 	<p>Grids</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None • Many exist as proposals • Continuum from requirements & research to well specified standards proposals • Building on & influencing WS • Transfer from OGSi to WS-Resource Framework & WS-Notification
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Operational status

<p>Web Services</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Commercially successful operational applications • Several good toolsets available <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Mostly costly to use outside academia • Workflow enactment <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – BPEL4WS • Scale, usability & reliability problems in free-ware <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Many fixes were needed to Apache Tomcat • Much momentum <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Very high levels of investment 	<p>Grids</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Operational research projects and grids <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – >100 projects use GT2 or GT3 • No toolsets • Scientific workflow <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – High-level work-load generators – Chimera, Pegasus, Taverna, ... • Some very robust and well tested technologies <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Condor, GT2, VDT, GT3.2, LCG2, EGEE1 • All free-ware • Performance, usability and reliability problems • Much momentum • High levels of investment
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Grids – and resources

AuthN and AuthZ

Need "stateful services"

Resources

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A bit of history

- "Open grid services architecture" OGSA– proposed in 2001
- Open Grid Services Infrastructure
 - Globus Toolkit 3 resulted
 - Specified in 2003
- Then in January 2004
 - OGSI to be replaced by emerging WS-RF (Web Services Resource Framework)
- **NOTE:**
 - OGSA still under development (GGF)
- **Imbalances in OGSI that are addressed by WS-RF(OASIS)**
 - Over O-O, megalithic, WS community not engaged
 - Focus onto state and resources

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Stateful Resources

Web service itself is stateless

Front end Freely t multiple instances of back-end for each resource

Maintains state in a back-end

Service request identifies the specific resource

Service Consumer Front end A/C 7 global state

-----Back end-----

Factory function

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Component Standards

- **WSRF builds on**
 - WS-Addressing – W3C submission Aug 2004
 - WS-Notification
- **WSRF comprises standards**
 - WS-ResourceLifetime
 - WS-ResourceProperties
 - WS-RenewableReferences
 - WS-ServiceGroup
 - WS-BaseFaults
- **WSRF supports –**
 - WS-Notification
 - WS-BaseNotification
 - WS-BrokeredNotification
 - WS-Topics

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Where are we now?!

- Standards are emerging... some near acceptance and some being discarded
 - Standards bodies:
 - W3C <http://www.w3c.org/>
 - GGF <http://www.ggf.org/>
 - OASIS <http://www.oasis-open.org/home/index.php>
 - IETF <http://www.ietf.org/>
 - For a summary see <http://www.innoq.com/soa/ws-standards/poster/>
- Production grids are based on de-facto standards at present
 - Inevitably!
 - GT2 especially
 - But locks a grid into one middleware stack unable to benefit from the diverse developments of new services
- Some confusion remains after the OGSI era
 - Many projects sidestepped this by using "pure" WS
- Globus Toolkit 4 has been released

Diagram from Globus Alliance

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GT4-view of OGSA and WSRF -1

Grid applications are based on the high-level services defined by OGSA (i.e. not implemented from scratch using WSRF)

Standards in the works (GGF)

- VO management
- Security
- Resource management
- Job Management
- Data services
- etc.

GT4 includes many of the services required by OGSA

Standardized (Oasis) and implemented (GT4)

Standardized (W3C) and implemented (e.g. Apache Axis)

Diagram from Globus Alliance

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Diagram illustrating the relationship between Globus Toolkit 4, High-level services, OGSA, WSRF, Stateful Web Services, and Web Services.

- Globus Toolkit 4 implements High-level services and WSRF.
- High-level services meet requirements of OGSA and are implemented on top of WSRF.
- WSRF implements High-level services and Stateful Web Services.
- Stateful Web Services requires OGSA and specifies Web Services.
- Web Services extends Stateful Web Services.

Diagram from Globus Alliance

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GT4 and VDT

- VDT: Virtual Data Toolkit**
 - ensemble of grid middleware that can be easily installed and configured
 - Been used by LCG and EGEE with GT2, Condor, MyProxy,...
- Pre-requisite for using GT4 in gLite and other production grids has been achieved:
- "VDT 1.3.7 introduces the Globus Toolkit 4.0 (GT4) series – both pre-web services and some web services."

http://vdt.cs.wisc.edu/globus_3.2_vs_4.0.html

Diagram from Globus Alliance

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- **The Grid Core Technologies**, Maozhen Li and Mark Baker, Wiley, 2005
- **The Globus Toolkit 4 Programmer's Tutorial**
Borja Sotomayor, Globus Alliance,
<http://gdp.globus.org/gt4-tutorial/multiplehtml/index.html>
- **The Web Services Grid Architecture (WSGA)**
www.nesc.ac.uk/technical_papers/UKeS-2004-05.pdf
- <http://java.sun.com/xml/webservices.pdf>



- **Current way people try to create grid middleware is using Service Oriented Architectures based on WS**
- **An abundance of standards is en route**
 - Extensions to manage resources are in WS-RF framework
 - Workflow – service composition
 - Also portals/portlets to expose services
- **Initial implementation based on WS-RF and OGSA is in Globus Toolkit 4**
- **We'll soon have experience to test the perception that this is the way to go!**

